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Preface to the Third and Fourth Volumes.

THE Two former Volumes of Pamela met with a success greatly exceeding the most sanguine expectations: and the Editor hopes, that the Letters which compose these, will be found equally written to Nature, avoiding all romantick slights, improbable surprises, and irrational machinery; and that the passions are touched, where requisite, and rules, equally new and practicable, inculcated, throughout the whole, for the general conduct of life: and, therefore, he slatters himself, that they may expect the good fortune, which few continuations have met with, to be judged not unworthy the first part; nor disproportioned to the more exalted condition in which Pamela was destined to shine, as an affectionate wise, a faithful friend, a polite and kind neighbour, an indulgent mother, and a beneficent missers; after having in the two former volumes supported the character of a dutiful child, a spotless virgin, and a modest and amiable bride.

The reader will easily see, that in so great a choice of materials, as must arise from a multitude of important subjects, in a married life, to such geniuses and friendships as those of Mr. and Mrs. B. the Editor's greatest difficulty was, how to bring them within the compass which he was determined not to exceed. And it having been left to his own choice, in what manner to digest and publish the letters, and where to close the work, he had intended, at first, in regard to his other avocations, to have carried the piece no farther than the two former volumes.

It may be expected, therefore, that he should enter into an explanation of the reasons whereby he was provoked into a necessity of altering his intention. But he is willing to decline saying any-thing upon so well-known a subject.

The Editor has been much pressed with importunities and conjectures, in relation to the person and family of the gentlemen, who are the principal persons in the work: all he thinks himself at liberty to say, or is necessary to be said, is only to repeat what has been already hinted, that the story has it's foundation in truth: and that there was a necessity, for obvious reasons, to vary and disguise some facts and circumstances, as also the names of persons, places, &c.

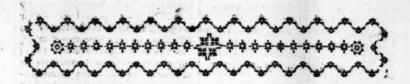
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VIRTUE REWARDED.



VOLUME THE THIRD.

LETTER I.

EAR FATHER AND MOTHER,

E arrived here last night, highly pleased with our journey, and the occasion of it. May God bless you both with long life and health, to enjoy your sweet

farm, and pretty dwelling, which is just what I wished it to be. And don't make your grateful hearts too uneasy in the possession of it, by your modest distidence of your own worthiness : for, at the same time, that it is what will do honour to the best of men, it is not so very extraordinary, confidering his condition, as that it will give any one cause to censure it as the effect of a too partial and injudicious kindness for the parents of one whom he delighteth to bonour.

My dear mafter (why should I not still call him fo, bound to reverence him as I am, in every light that he can shine in to the most obliged and sensible heart?) holds his kind purpose of fitting up the large parlour, and three apartments in the commodious dwelling he calls yours, for his entertainment and mine, when he shall permit me to pay my duty to you both, for a few happy days together; and he has actually given orders for that purpose; and that the three apartments be fo fitted up, as to be rather fuitable to your

condition, than his own; for, he fays, the plain simple elegance which he will have to be observed in the rooms, as well as the furniture, will be a variety in his retirement to this place, that will make him return to his own with the greater pleafure; and, at the fame time, when we are not there, will be of use for the reception of any of your friends; and so he shall not, as he kindly fays, rob the good couple of any of their accommo-

The old bow-windows he will have preserved, but will not have them sashed; nor the woodbines, jeffamines, and vines, that run up against them destroyed; only he will have larger panes of glass, and convenienter calements, to let in more of the fweet air and light, to make amends for that obstructed by the shades of those fragrant climbers. For he has mentioned three or four times, how gratefully they difpenfed their intermingled cdours to us, when, the last evening we stood at the window in our bed-chamber, to hear the responsive songs of two warbling nightingales, one at a distance, the other near, which took up our delighted attention for above two hours, and charmed us the more, as we thought their fea-fon had been over. And when they had done, he made me fing him one, for which he rewarded me with a kifs, faying-How greatly do the innocent pleasures

I now hourly tafte, exceed the guilty Pp

" tumults that used formerly to agitate my unequal mind !- Never talk, my Pamela, as you frequently do, of obligation to me : one such hour as I nowenjoy is an ample reward for all the benefits I can confer on you and your's

in my whole life!

The parlour indeed will be more elegant; though that is to be rather plain than rich, as well in it's wainfcot as furs niture, and to be new floored. The dear gentleman has already given orders about it, and you will foon have workmen with you to put them in execution. The parlour-doors are to have brass hinges and locks, and to fhut as close, he tells them, as a watch-cafe: 'For who knows,' faid he, 'my dear, but we shall have still added blessings, in two or three charming boys and girls, to place there in their infancy, before they can be of age to be benefited by your leffons and example? And bendes, I make no doubt, but I shall entertain there some of my chosen friends, in their excurfions, for a day or fo.'

How am I, every hour of nry life, overwhelmed with instances of God Alinighty's goodness and his!-O spare, bleffed Father of Mercies, the precious life of this excellent man, and increase my thankfulnels, and my worthinels; and then-But what shall I fay ?-Only, that then I may continue to be what I am; for more bleffed, and more happy, in my

own mind, furely I cannot be

The beds he will have of cloth, because he thinks the situation a little cold, especially when the wind is easterly, and because he purposes to be down in the early fpring feafon, now-and-then, as well as in the latter autumn, and the windowcurtains of the fame, in one room red, in the other green; but plain, left you should be afraid to use them occasionally. The carpets for them will be fent with the other furniture; for he will not alter the old oaken floors of the bedchamber, nor yet of the little room he intends for my afe, to withdraw to, when I choose not to join in fuch company as may happen to fall in: 'Which, my dear,' fays he, shall be as little as is possible, only par-ticular friends, who may be disposed once in a year or two to see, when I am there, how I live with my Pamela, and her parents, and how I pass my time in my retirement, as I shall call this: for otherwise, perhaps, they will be

apt to think I am afhamed of company I shall always be pleased with .- Nor are you, my dear,' continued he, ' to take this as a compliment to yourfelf, but a piece of requifite policy in me; for who will offer to reproach me for marrying, as the world thinks, below me, when they shall see, that such a reproach, as they intend it, is fo far from being so to me, that I not only pride myself in my Pamela, but take pleasure in owning her relations as mine, and vifiting them, and receiving vifits from them; and yet offer not to fet them up in fuch a glaring light, as if I would have the world forget (who in that cafe would always take the more pleasure in remembering) what they were? And how will it anticipate low reflection, when they shall fee, I can bend my mind to partake with them the pleasures of their humble but decent life?—Ay, continued he, and be rewarded for it too, with better health, better spirits, and a better mind; fo that, my dear,' added he, 'I shall reap more benefit by what I propose to do, than I shall confer.'

In this generous manner does this best of men endeavour to disclaim, (though I must be very ungrateful, if, with me, it did not inhance) the proper merit of a beneficence which is natural to him; and which, indeed, as I tell him, may be in one respect depreciated, inasmuch as (fo excellent is his nature) he cannot help it if he would .- O that it was in my power to recompense him for it! But I am poor, as I have often faid, in every thing but will-and that is wholly his: and what a happiness is it to me, a happiness I could not fo early have hoped for, that I can fay fo without refer ve; fince the dear object of my happiness requires nothing of me but what is confiftent with my duty to the Supreme Benefactor, the first mover and cause of all his own happiness, of my happinels, and of that of my dear, my

ever-dear parents!

But whither does the inchanting fubject lead me! I am running on to my usual length, though I have not the fame excuse for it; for heretofore I had nothing to do but to write. Yet, I am sure, if I do exceed a little, you will be pleased with it; and you have moreover a right to rejoice with me in the days of my felicity, after your indulgent hearts had been fo much pained by a long fuecession

of my fears and my dangers, which only ought to be remembered now, as subjects of thankful exultation, by your dutiful and happy daughter.

LETTER II.

MY DEAREST DAUGHTER,

Need not repeat to you the sense your good mother and I have of our happiness, and of our obligations toyourhonoured spouse: you both were pleased witnesses of it every hour of the happy fortnight you passed with us. But still, my dear, we hardly know to address ourselves even to you, much less to the 'Squire, with the freedom he so often invited us to take : for, I don't know how it is, but though you are our daughter, and are so far from being lifted up by your high condition, that we see no difference in your behaviour to us, your poor parents, yet when we look upon you as the lady of fo fine a gentleman, we cannot forbear having a kind of respect, and-I don't know what to call it-that lays a little restraint upon us. And, yet we would not, methinks, let our minds be run away with the admiration of worldly grandeur, so as to

fet too much by it,

But your merit, and your prudence, my dear daughter, is so much above all we could ever have any notion of : and to have gentry come only to behold you, and admire you, not so much for your genteelness, and amiableness neither, as for your behaviour, and your affability to poor as well as rich, and to hear every one calling you an angel, and faying, you deserve to be what you are, makes us hardly know how to look upon you, but as an angel indeed! I am fure you have been a good angel to us; fince, for your fake, God Almighty has put it into your honoured husband's heart to make us the happiest couple in the world. But little less, indeed, we should have been, had we only, in some far distant land, heard of our dear child's happiness, and never partaken of the benefits of it ourselves. But thus to be provided for! Thus kindly to be owned, and called Father and Mother by fuch a bravegentleman! and thus to be placed, that we have nothing to do but to bless God, and bless him, and bless you, and hourly pray for you both, is fuch a providence, my dear child, as is

too mighty to be barne by us, with equalness of temper; and we kneel together every morning, noon, and night, and weep and rejoice, and rejoice and weep, to think how our unworthiness is distinguished, and how God has provided for us in our latter days, when all that we had to fear was, that, as we grew older and more infirm, and worn out by hard labour, we should be troublesome where, not our pride, but our industrious wills, would have made us wish not to be so; -but to be intitled to a happier lot: for this would have grieved us themore, for the fake of you, my dear child, and your unhappy brother's children: for it is well known, that, though we pretend not to boast of our family, and indeed have no reason, yet none of us were ever funk fo low as I was: to be fure, partly by my own fault; for, had it been for your poor aged mother's fake only, I ought not to have done what I did for John and William; for, so unhappy were they, poor lads! that what I could do, was but as a drop of water to a bucket.

But yet theiffue has thewn, that, (if I may presume to say so) what I did was not displeasing to God; inasmuch as I have the comfort to fee that my reliance on him, while I was doing what though fome thought imprudent things, . yet not surong things, is foabundantly rewarded, beyond expectation and defert. Bleffed

be his holy name for it!

You command me-Letme, as writing to Mr. B's lady, fay command, though as to my dear daughter, I will only fay defire: and, indeed, I will not, as you wish me not to do, let the one condition, which was accidental, put the other, which was natural, out of my thought : you spoke it in better words, but this was the sense. - But you have the gift of utterance; and education is a fine thing, where it meets with fuch talents to unprove upon as God has given you .- But let me not forget what I was going to fay-You command-or, if you pleafeyou defire me to write long letters, and often-And how can I help it, if I would? For when here, in this happy dwelling, and this well-stocked farm, in these rich meadows, and well-cropt acres, we look around us, and which way foever we turn our heads, see bleffings upon bleffings, and plenty upon plenty; fee barns wellftored, poultry increasing, the kine lowing and crouding about us, and all fruitful; and are bid to call all these our own.

And then think, that all is the reward of our child's virtue!—O my dear daughter, who can bear these things!—Excuse me!—I must break off a little! For my eyes are as full as my heart; and I will retire to bless God, and your honoured husband,

'ther?'—'I can tell you; said he, the 'fquire will not receive any thing from you, Goodman Andrews.—Why, man, he has no occasion for it: he's worth a power of money, besides a noble and clear estate in land.—Ad's heart-likins, you must not affront him, I can tell you that: for he's as generous as a prince, where he takes; but he is halty,

So, my dear child, I now again take up my pen: but reading what I had written, in order to carry on the thread, I can hardly forbear again being in one fort affected. But do you think I will call all these things my own ?- Do you think I will live rent-free?-Do you think I would? Can the honoured 'fquire believe, that having fuch a generous example before me, if I had no gratitude in my temper before, I could help being touched by fuchan one as he fots me? If his goodness makes him know no mean in giving, shall I be so greedy as to know none in receiving?—Come, come, my dear child, your poor father is not fo fordid a wretch neither. He will shew the world, that all these benefits are not thrown away upon one, who will difgrace you as much by his temper, as by his condition: what though I cannot be as worthy of all these favours as I with, I will be as worthy as I can. And let me tell you, my dear child, if the king and his royal family (God blefs 'em!) be not ashamed to receive taxes and duties from his subjects; if dukes and earls, and all the top gentry, cannot support their bravery, with-out having their rents paid; I hope I shall not affront the squire, to pay to his fleward, what any other person would pay for this noble stock, and improving farm: and I will do it, if it please God to bless me with life and health. I should not be worthy to crawl upon the earth, if I did not. And what did I fay to Mr. Longman, the faithful Mr. Longman? Sure no gentleman had ever a more worthy fleward than he: it was as we were walking over the grounds together-and observing in what good order every thing was, he was praising some little contrivances of my own, for the improvement of the farm, and faying, how comfortably he hoped we might live upon it. Ay, Mr. Longman, faid I, 'comfortably indeed: but do you think I could be properly faid to live, if I was not to pay as much rent for it as ano' 'fouire will not receive any thing from you, Goodman Andrews. - Why, man, he has no occasion for it: he's worth a power of money, besides a noble and clear estate in land .- Ad's heartlikins, you must not affront him, I can tell you that: for he's as generous as a prince, where he takes; but he is hafty, and will have his own way. - Why, for that reason, Mr. Longman, said 'I was thinking to make you my friend!' - ' Make me your friend! You have not a better in the world, to my power, I can tell you that; nor your dame neither; for I love such honest hearts: I wish my own brother would let me love him as well; but let that pass .- What I can do for you, I will, and here's my hand upon it.'

Well then,' faid I, 'it is this : let me account to you at the rent Farmer Dickens offered, and let me know what the flock coft, and what the crops are valued at; and pay the one as I can, and the other quarterly; and not let the 'fquire know it till you can't choose; and I shall be as happy as a prince; for I doubt not, by God's bleffing, to make a comfortable livelihood of it befides.'- Why, doft believe, Goodman Andrews,' faid he, 'that I would do fuch a thing ?-Would not his honour think if I hid one thing from him, I might hide another !- Go to, go to, honest heart, I love thee dearly : but can Mr. B. do too much for his lady, think'st thou? Come, come,' (and he jeer'd me so, I could not tell what to say to him) 'I wish at bottom there is not fome pride in this .- What, I warrant, you would not be too much beholden to his honour, would you?'—' No, good Mr. Longman,' faid I, ' it is not that, I'm fure. If I have any pride, it is only in my dear child—to whom, under God, all this is owing.—But some how or other it shall be so.

And fo, my dear daughter, I refolve it fhall; and it will be, over and above, one of the greatest pleasures to me, to do the good 'squire service, as well as to be so much benefited and obliged by him.

Our eldest grandson Thomas is very desirous to come and live with us; the boy is honest, and, they tell me, industrious. And cousin Burroughs wants me to employ his son Roger, who understands the business of a farm very well,

It is no wonder, that all one's relations should wish to partake of our happy lot; and if they can and will do their business as well as others, I see not why relationship should be an objection: but yet, I think, one would not beleaguer, as one may say, your honoured husband with one's relations. You, my best child, will give me always your advice, as to my carriage in this my new lot; for I would not for the world be thought an incroacher. And I am sure you have so much prudence, that there is nobody's advice fitter to be followed than your's.

Our bleffing (I am fure you have bleffed us!) attend you, my dearest child; and may you be as happy as you have made us, (I cannot wish you to be happier, because I have no notion how it can be, in this life) conclude us, your everloving father and mother,

JOHN and ELIZ. ANDREWS.

May we hope to be favoured now-andthen with a letter from you, my dear child, like some of your former, to let us know how you go on? It would be a great joy to us: indeed it would.— But we know you'll have enough to do without obliging us in this way. So must acquiesce,

LETTER III.

MY DEAR FATHER AND MOTHER,

I have shewed your letter to my beloved.—Don't be uneasy that I have; for you need not be ashamed of it, since it is my pride to have such honest and grateful parents: and I'll tell you what he said to it, as the best argument I can use, why you should not be uneasy, but enjoy without pain or anxiety all the benesses of your happy lot.

Dear, good fouls! faid he, 'how does every thing they fay, and every thing they write, manifest the worthiness of their hearts! No wonder, Pamela, you love and revere such honest minds; for that you would do, were they not your parents: and tell them, that I am so far from having them believe, that what I have done for them is only the effect of my affection for their daughter, that let 'em find out another couple as worthy as themselves, and I will do as much for them. Indeed I would not place them,' conti-

nued the dear obliger, in the fame county, because I would wish true counties to be bless'd for their sakes. Tell them, my dear, that they have a right to what they enjoy on the foot of their own proper merit; and bid them enjoy it as their patrimony: and if there can any thing arife, that is more than they themselves can wish for, in the way of life they choose to live, let them look round among their own relations, where it may be acceptable, and communicate to them the like folid reasons for rejoicing in the situation they are pleased with: and do you, my dear, continued he, 'still farther enable them, as you shall judge proper, to gratify their inlarged hearts, for fear they should deny any comfort to themselves in order todo good to others."

I could only fly to his generous bosom, (for this is a fubject which most affects me) and, with my eyes fwimming in tears of grateful joy, and which overflowed as foon as my bold lips touched his dear face, bless God, and bless him, with my whole heart; for speak I could not! But, almost choak'd with my joy, fobb'd to him my grateful acknowledg4 ments.—He clasped me in his arms, and faid-' How, my dearest, do you over-pay me for the little I have done for your parents! If it be thus to be blefs'd for conferring benefits fo infignificant to a man of my fortune, what joys is it not in the power of rich men to give themselves, whenever they please!-Foretastes, indeed, of those we are bid to hope for; which can furely only exceed thefe, as then we shall be all intellect, and better fitted to receive them. 'Tis too much!-too much,' faid I, in broken accents :- " How am I oppreffed with the pleasure you gave me !-O, Sir, bless me more gradually, and more cautiously-for I cannot bear it! And, indeed, my heart went flutter, flutter, flutter, at his dear breaft, as if it wanted to break it's too narrow prison, to mingle still more intimately with his own.

Surely, furely, my dear, my beloved parents, nobody's happiness is so great as mine!—If it proceeds thus from degree to degree, and is to be augmented by the hope, the charming hope, that the dear fecond author of your bleffings and mine; be the uniformly good as well as the partially kind man to us, what a felicity will this be! and if our prayers shall be heard,

and we shall have the pleasure to think, that his advances in piety are owing not a little to them, and to the example God shall give us grace to set; then, indeed, may we take the pride to think, we have repaid his goodness to us, and that we have satisfied the debt, which nothing

less can discharge.

Thus, then, do I fet before you imperfectly, as I am forced to do, the de-light your grateful, your honest hearts give us; I say, imperfectly, and well I may; for I might as eafily paint found, as describe the noble, the sublime pleafores, that wind up my affections to even a painful height of rapture on fuch occafions as this : and I defire, as he often bids me, that you will take to yourselves the merit of thus delighting us both, and then think with less uneafiness, of the obligation you are under to the best of friends .- And indeed it is but doing juftice to his beneficent temper, to think, that we have given him an opportunity of exercifing it, in a way fo agreeable to it; and I can tell by the ardour of his speech, by the additional lustre that it fights up in his eyes, naturally fo lively, and by the virtuous endearments, refined on these occasions above what sense can know, that he has a pleafure, a joy, a transport, in doing what he does of this fort, that is it's own reward; as every virtuous and noble action must be to a mind that can be delighted with virtue for it's own fake, and can find itself enlarged by the power of doing good to worthy objects. Even I, my dear parents, know this by experience, when I can be an humble means to make an honest creature happy, though not related to myself; and yet I am but a third-hand difpenser, as I have elsewhere said, of these comforts; and all the light I com-municate, as, I once before observed †, like that of the moon, is but borrowed from his funny radiance.

Forgive me, my dear, my worthy parents, if my file on this subject be raised above that natural simplicity, which is more suited to my humble talents. But how can I help it! For when the mind is elevated, ought not the sense we have of our happiness to make our expressions foar equally? Can the affections be so highly raised as mine are on these occasions, and the thoughts creep groveling, like one's ordinary self? No, indeed!

Call not this, therefore, the gift of uitterance, if it should appear to you in a better light than it deferves. It is the gift of gratitude; a gift which makes you, and me too, speak and write, as I hope it will make us all, above ourselves .-And thus will our gratitude be the inspirer of joy to our common benefactor; and his joy will heighten our gratitude; and fo we shall proceed, as cause and effect to each other's happiness, to bless the dear man who bleffes us .- And will it be right then to fay, you are uneafy under fuch (at least as to your wills) returned and discharged obligations? God Almighty requires only a thankful heart for all the mercies he heaps upon the children of men: my dear Mr. B. who. in these particulars, imitates Divinity, defires no more: - You bave this thankful heart; -yes, you have; and that to fuch a high degree of gratitude, that nobody can exceed you.

But yet, my dear parents, when your worthy minds would be too much affected with your gratitude, fo as to lay you under the reftraints you mention, to the dear gentleman, and for his fake, to your dependent daughter; then let me humbly advise you, that you will at fuch times, with more particular, more abftracted aspirations, than at others, raise your thoughts upwards, and confider who it is that gives bim the opportunity; and pray for him and for me; for bim, that all his future actions may be of a piece with this noble disposition of mind; for me, that I may continue humble, and consider myself blest for your sakes, and in order that I may be, in some fort, a rewarder in the hands of Providence, of this it's dear excellent agent; and then we shall look forward, all of us, with pleasure indeed to that state, where there is no distinction of degree, and where the humble cottager shall be upon a par with the proudest monarch.

O my dear, dear parents, how can you, as in your postfeript, say—' May we' not be favoured now-and-then with a 'letter?' Call me your daughter, your Pamela—I am no lady to you.—I have more pleasure to be called your comfort, and to be thought to act worthy of the fentiments with which your examples, cautions, and instructions, have inspired me, than in any other thing in this life; my determined duty to our common be-

mefactor, the best of gentlemen and husbands, excepted. And I am fure, God has bleffed me for your fakes, and has thus answered for me all your prayers; nay, more than answered all you or I could have wished or hoped for. We only prayed, only hoped, that God would preferve you honest, and me virtuous :and fee, O fee, my excellent parents, how we are crown'd with bleffings upon bleffings, till we are the talk of all that know us :-- You for your honesty; I for my humility and virtue |-that virtue which God's grace inspired, and your examples and lessons, with those of my dear good !ady, cultivated; and which now have left me nothing to do but to reap all the rewards which this life can afford; and if I walk humbly, and improve my bleffed opportunities, will heighten and perfect all in a still more joyful futurity.

Hence, my dear parents, (I mean, from the delight I have in writing to you, a delight which transports me so far above my own sphere) you'll see, that I must write to you, and cannot help it, if I would, And will it be a great joy to you!—And is there any thing that can add to your joy, think you, that is in the power of your Pamela, that she would not do?—O that the lives and healths of my dearest Mr. B. and my dearest parents, may be continued to me! And who then can be so blest as your

I will write; depend upon it, I will—on every occasion:—and you augment my joys, to think it is in my power to add to your comforts. Nor can you conceive the pleasure I have in hoping that this your new happy lot may, by relieving you from corroding care, and the too wearing effects of hard labour, add, in these your advanced years, to both your days.—For, so happy am I, I can have no grief, no pain, in looking forward, but from such thoughts as remind me, that one day either you from me, or I from you, must be separated.

But it is fit, that we so comport ourfelves, as that we should not imbitter our present happiness with prospects too gloomy—but bring our minds to be cheerfully thankful for the present, wisely to enjoy that present as we go along and at last, when all is to be wound up,

lie down, and fay- Not mine, but Thy

I have written a great deal; yet have much fill to fay relating to other parts of your kind, your acceptable letter; and fo will foon write again: for I must think every opportunity happy, whereby I can assure you, how much I am, and will ever be, without any addition to my name, if that will make you easier, your dutiful

PAMELA.

LETTER IV.

MY DEAREST FATHER AND MOTHER,

Now write again, as I told you I should in my last :- but I am half afraid to look back on the copy of it; for your worthy hearts, so visible in your letter and my beloved's kind deportment upon shewing it to him, raised me into the frame of mind that was bordering on extacy : yet am I fure, I wrote my heart. But you must not, my dear father, write to your poor Pamela so affectingly. Your fleadier mind could hardly bear your own moving strain, and you were forced to lay down your pen, and retire: how then could I, who love you so dearly, if you had not, if I may so say, increased that love by fresh and stronger instances of your worthiness, forbear being affected, and raised above myself!-But I will not again touch upon this subject.

You must know then, that my dearest spoule commands me, with his kind respects, to tell you, that he has thought of a method to make your worthy bearts easy; those were his words: 'And this is,' faid he, ' by putting that whole estate, with the new purchase, under your father's care, as I at first intended"; and he shall receive and pay, and order every thing as he pleases; and Longman, who grows in years, shall be eased of that burden. Your father, faid he, writes a very legible hand, and he shall take what affistants he pleases > and do you, Pamela, see to that, that this new talk may be made as easy and pleasant to him as possible. He shall make up his accounts only to you, my dear. And there will be several pleafures arise to me upon it, continued he: ' first, that it will be a relief to honeit Longman, who has bufiness enough on his hands besides. Next, it will make the good couple easy, that they have an opportunity of enjoying that as their due, which now their too grate-• ful hearts give them so many causeless • scruples about. Thirdly, it will employ your father's time, more fuitably to your liking and mine, because with · more ease to himself; for you see his industrious will cannot be fatisfied without doing fomething. In the fourth place, the management of this estate will gain him more respect and reverence among the tenants and his neigh-· bours; and yet be all in his own way. For, my dear, added he, you'll fee, that it is always one point in view with · me, to endeavour to convince every one, that I efteem and value them for their own intrinsick merit, and want * not any body to diftinguish them in any other light, than that in which they * have been accustomed to appear.'

So, my dear father, the instrument will be drawn, and brought you by honest Mr. Longman, who will be with you in a few days, to put the last hand to the new purchase, and to give you postellion of your new commission, if you please to accept of it; as I hope you will; and the rather, for my dear Mr. B.'s third reason; and because I know that this trust will be discharged as worthily and as fufficiently, after you are used to it, as if Mr. Longman himself was in it -And better it cannot be. Mr. Longman is very fond of this relief, and longs to be down to fettle every thing with you, as to the proper powers, the me-thod, &c.—And he fays, in his usual way of phrasing, that he'll make it as easy

to you as a glove.

If you do accept it, my dear Mr. B. will leave every thing to you, as to rent, where not already fixed, and likewife, as to acts of kindnefs and favour to be done where you think proper; and he is pleafed to fay, that with his bad qualities, he was ever deemed a kind landlord; and this I can confirm in fifty inflances to his honour: 'So that the old gentleman,' faid he, 'need not be afraid of being put 'upon fevere or harfh methods of proceeding, where things will do without;

ceeding, where things will do without; and he will always have it in his power to befriend an honest man; by which

means the province will be intirely such
a one as suits with his inclination. If

any thing difficult or perplexing arifes, continued he, or where a little know-ledge in law-matters is necessary, Longman shall do all that: and your sather will see, that he will not have in those points a coadjutor that will be too hard-hearted for his wish: for it was a rule my father set me, and I have strictly followed, that although I have a lawyer for my steward, it was rather

to know how to do right things, than oppressive ones; and Longman has so well answered this intention, that he was always more noted for composing

differences, than promoting law-fuits. I dare fay, my dear father, this will be an acceptable employment to you, on the feveral accounts my dearest Mr. B. was pleased to mention: and what a charming contrivance is here! God forever bless his considerate heart for it!-To make you useful to him, and easy to yourfelf: as well as respected by, and even a benefactor to all around you! What can one fay to all these things!-But what figuifies exulting in one's gratitude for one benefit; -every hour the dear man heaps new ones upon us, and we have hardly time to thank him for one, but a fecond, and a third, and so on to countless degrees, confound one, and throw back one's words upon one's heart before they are well formed, and oblige one to fit down under all with profound filence and admiration.

As to what you mentioned of the defire of cousin Thomas, and Roger, to live with you, I endeavoured to sound what our dear benefactor's opinion was. He was pleased to say—'I have nothing to choose in this case, my dear. Your father is his own master: he may employ whom he pleases; and, if they are not wanting in respect to him and your mother, I think, as he rightly observes, relationship should rather have the preference; and as he can remedy incomivenincies, if he finds any, by all means let every branch of your family have reason to rejoice with him.'

But I have thought of this matter a good deal, fince I had the favour of your letter; and I hope, fince you condefcend to ask my advice, you will excuse me, if I give it freely; yet entirely submitting all to your liking.

In the first place, then, I think it would be better to have any body than relations; and that for these reasons;

One is apt to expect more regard from relations, and they more indulgence, than strangers can have reason for.

That where there is fuch a difference in the expectations of both, it is hardly possible but uneafiness must arise.

That this will subject you to bear it, or to refent it, and to part with them. If you bear it, you will know no end of impositions: if you dismiss them, it will occasion ill-will. They will call you unkind; and you them ungrateful; and as, it may be, your prosperous lot will raise your enviers, fuch will be apt to believe

them rather than you.

Then the world will be inclined to think that we are crouding upon a generous gentleman a numerous family of indigent people; and though they may be ever so deferving, yet it will be said—' The girl is filling every place with her relations, and beleaguering, as you fignificantly express it, a worthy gentleman. And this will be faid, perhaps, should one's kindred behave ever fo worthily. And

In the next place, one would not, for their fakes, that this should be done; who may live with less reproach, and equal benefit, any-where elfe: for I would not wish any one of them to be lifted out of his station, and made independent, at Mr. B.'s expence, if their industry will not do it; although I would never scruple to do any thing reasonable to promote or affift that industry, in the way of their callings.

Then it will possibly put others of our relations upon the same expectations of living with you; and this may occasion ill-will among them, if some be preferred

to others in your favour.

Then, my dear father, I apprehend, that our beloved and honoured benefactor would be under some difficulty, from his natural politeness, and regard for you and me.-You fee how kindly, on all occasions, he treats you both, not only as the father and mother of his Pamela, but as if you were his own father and mother: and if you had any-body as your fervants there, who called you coufin, or grandfather, or uncle, he would not care, when he came down, to treat them on the foot of common servants, though they might nevertheless think themselves honoured (as they would be, and as I am fure I shall always think myself) with his commands. And would it not, if they are modest and worthy, be

as great a difficulty upon them, to be thus distinguished, as it would be to him and to me, for his fake? For otherwise, (believe me, I hope you will, my dear father and mother) I could fit down and rejoice with the meanest and remotest relation I have. But in the world's eye, to every body but my best of parents, I must, if I have ever so much reluctance to it, appear in a light that may not give discredit to his choice.

Then again, as I hinted, you will have it in your power, without the least injury to our common benefactor, to do kinder things by any of our relations, when met with you, than you can do, if they live

with you.

You may lend them a little money to put them in a way, if any thing offers that you think will be to their advantage. You can fit out my she-coufins to good reputable places.—The younger you can put to school, or, when fit, to trades, according to their talents; and fo they will be of course in a way to get an honest and creditable livelihood.

But, above all things, one would as much discourage, as one could, such a proud and ambitious spirit in any of them, as should want to raise itself by favour instead of merit; and this the rather, for that, undoubtedly, there are many more happy perfons in low than in high life, take number for number all the world over.

I am fure, although four or five years of different life had passed with me, I had so much pride and pleasure in the thought of working for my living with you, my dear parents, if I could but get honest to you, that it made my confinement the more grievous to me, and even, if possible, aggravated the apprehensions

attending it.

But I must beg of you, not to harbour a thought, that these my reasons proceed from the bad motives of a heart tainted with pride on it's high condition. Indeed there can be no reason for it, to one who thinks after this manner: -the greatest families on earth have fome among them who are unhappy and low in life; and shall fuch a one reproach me with having twenty low relations, because they have, peradventure, not above five? or with ten, because they have but one, or two, or three?-Or should I, on the other hand, be ashamed of relations who had done nothing blame-worthy, and whose poverty (a very necessary state in the scale of beings) was all their crime, when there is hardly any great family but has produced inftances of persons guilty of bad actions, really bad, which have reduced them to a distress we never knew? Let the person who would reproach me with low birth, which is no disgrace, and what I cannot belp, give me no cause to retort upon him low actions, which are a disgrace to any station, the more so the higher it is, and which he can help, or else I shall smile with contempt at his empty reproach: and could I be half so proud with cause, as he is without, glory in my advantage over him.

Let us then, my dear father and mother, endeavour to judge of one another, as God, at the last day, will judge of us all: and then the honest peasant will stand fairer in our esteem than the guilty peer.

In fhort, this shall be my own rule-Every one who acts justly and honestly, I will look upon as my relation, whether he be fo or not; and the more he wants my affiftance, the more intitled to it he shall be, as well as to my esteem : while those who deserve it not, must expect nothing but compassion from me, and my prayers, were they my brothers or fif-'Tis true, had I not been poor and lowly, I might not have thought thus: but if it be a right way of thinking, it is a bleffing that I was fo; and that shall never be matter of reproach to me, which one day will be matter of justification.

Upon the whole then, I should think it adviseable, my dear father and mother, to make such kind excuses to the offered fervices of my cousins, as your better reason shall suggest to you; and to do any thing else for them of more value, as their circumstances may require, or occasions offer to serve them.

But if the employing them, and having them about you, will add any one comfort to your lives, I give up intirely my own opinion, and doubt not everything will be thought well of, that you thall think fit to do.

And so I conclude with affuring you, that I am, my ever-dear parents, your dutiful and happy daughter.

The copy of this letter I will keep to myfelf, till I have your answer to it, that you may be under no difficulty how to act in either of the cases mentioned in it.

LETTER V.

MY DEAREST DAUGHTER,

OW shall I do to answer, as they deserve, your two last letters? Surely no happy couple ever had fuch a child as we have! But it is in vain to aim at words like your words; and equally in vain for us to offer to fet forth the thankfulness of our hearts, on the kind office your honoured husband has given us; for no reason but to favour us still more, and to quiet our minds in the no tion of being useful to him. God grant I may be able to be fo!-Happy shall I be, if I can! But I fee the generous drift of his propofal; it is only to make me more easy from the nature of my employment, and in my mind too, overloaden, as I may fay, with benefits; and at the fame time to make me more respected in my new neighbourhood.

I can only fay, I most gratefully accept of the kind offer; and fince it will ease the worthy Mr. Longman, shall with still greater pleasure do all I can in it. But I doubt I shall be wanting in ability; I doubt I shall: but I will be just and honest however. That, by God's grace, will be within my own capacity; and that, I hope, I may answer for.

It is kind, indeed, to put it in my power to do good to those who shall deferve it: and I will take double pains to find out the true merit of such as I shall recommend to favour, and that their circumstances be really such as I shall represent them.

But one thing, my dear daughter, let me defire, that I may make up my accounts to Mr. Longman, or to his honour himfelf, when he shall make us so happy as to be here with us. I don't know how—but it will make me uneasy, if I am to make up my accounts to your for so well known is your love to us, that though you would no more do an unjust thing, than, by God's grace, we should desire you; yet this same ill-willing world might think it was like making up accounts to one's felf.

Do, my dearest child, get me off of this distinctly, and I can have no other; for already I am in hopes I have hit upon a contrivance to improve the estate, and to better the condition of the tenants at the same time, at least not to worst them, and which, I hope, will please every body;

but

but I will acquaint Mr. Longman with this, and take his advice; for I will not be too troublefome either to you, my dear child, or to your fpouse.—If I could ack fo for his interest, as not to be a burden, what happy creatures should we both be in our own minds!—We find ourselves more and more respected by every one; and so far as shall be consistent with our new trust, we will endeavour to deserve it, that we may interest as many as know us in our own good wishes and prayers for the happiness of you both.

But let me fay, how much convinced I am by the reasons you give for not taking to us any of our relations. Every one of those reasons has it's force with us. How happy are we to have fo prudent a daughter to advise with! And I think myfelf obliged to promise this, that whatever I do for any of them above the amount of forty shillings at one time, I will take your direction in it, that your wife hints, of making every one continue their industry, and not to rely upon fa-vour instead of merit, may be followed. I am fure this is the way to make them bappier, as well as better men and women; for, as I have often thought, if one were to have a hundred pounds a year in good comings-in, it would not do without industry: and with it, one may do with a quarter of it, and less.

In short, my dear child, your reasons are so good, that I wonder they came not into my head before, and then I needed not to have troubled you about the matter: but yet it ran in my own thought, that I could not like to be an incroacher:—for I hate a dirty thing; and in the midst of my distresses, never could be guilty of one. Thank God for it.

You rejoice our hearts beyond expression at the hope you give us of receiving letters from you now-and-then: to be fure it will be the chief comfort of our hives, next to seeing you, as we are put in hope we sometimes shall. But, yet, my dear child, don't let us put you to inconvenience neither. Pray don't: you'll have enough upon your hands without—to be sure you will.

The workmen have made a good progress, and with for Mr. Longman to come down; as we also do.

You need not be afraid we flould think you proud, or lifted up with your condition. You have weathered the first

dangers, and but for your fine clothes and jewels, we should not see any difference, indeed we should not, between our dear Pamela, and the much respected Mrs. B--. But God has given you too much sense to be proud or lifted up. I remember in your former writings, a faying of the fquire's, fpeaking of you, my dear child, that it was for persons who were not used to praise, and did nor deferve it, to be proud of it*: in like fort one may fay, it is for persons of little sense to be proud; but you, my dear child, every one fees, are above it: and that, methinks, is a proud word; is it not? If one was not-I don't know how, -half stupid, I believe-one would be raised by your high stile of writing. But I should be more than half stupid, I'm fure, to aim at it.

Every day brings us instances of the good name his honour and you, my dear child, have left behind you in this coun-Here comes one, and here comes another, and a third, and a fourth; and-Goody Andrews,' cries one, and, Goody Andrews,' cries another—(and fome call us Mr. and Mrs. but we like the other full as well) ' when heard you from his honour? How does his lady do?-What a charming couple are they?-How lovingly they live!-What an example do they give to all about them!' Then one cries-God bless 'em both;' and another cries-Amen;' and so says a third and a fourth; and all fay- But when do you expect them down again?'-Such-aone longs to fee 'em' -and 'fuch-a-one will ride a day's journey, to have but a fight of 'em at church.' And then they fay- How this gentleman praifes them, and that lady admires them.'-O my dear child, what a happiness is this! How do your poor mother and I stand fixed to the earth to hear both your praifes, our tears trickling down our cheeks, and our hearts heaving as if they would burft with joy, till we are forced to take leave in half words, and hand-in-hand go in together to bless God, and bless you both! O my daughter, what a happy couple have God and you madeus!

Your poor mother is very anxious about her dear child. I will not touch upon a matter fo very irksome to you to hear of. But, though the time may be some months off, she every hour prays

for your fafety and happiness, and for all the increase of felicity that his honour's generous heart can wish for. That is all we will say at present: only, that we are, with continued prayers and bleffings, my dearest child, your loving father and mather,

J. and E. ANDREWS.

Yet one word more !- and that is-our duty to your honoured husband. We must say so now; though he forbad · us fo often before. You cannot, my dear child, imagine how ashamed I was to have my poor letter shewn to him. I hardly remember what I wrote; but it was from my heart, I'm fure; fo I needed not to keep a copy: for an honest mind must always be the fame, in cases that cannot admit of change, fuch as those of my thankfulness to God and to him. don't shew him all I write: for I shall be afraid of what I say, if I think any body but our daughter fees it, who knows how to allow for her poor parents defects.

LETTER VI.

.FROM LADY DAVERS TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR PAMELA,

Had intended to have been with you before this; but my lord has been a little indisposed with the gout, and Jackey has bad an intermitting fever; but they are pretty well recovered, and it shall not be long before I see you, now I understand you are returned from your Kentish expedition.

We have been exceedingly diverted with your papers. You have given us, by their means, many a delightful hour, that otherwise would have hung heavy upon us; and we are all charmed with you. Lady Betty, as well as her noble mamma, has always been of our party, whenever we have read your accounts. She is a dear generous lady, and has shed many a tear over them, as indeed we all have; and my lord has not been unmoved, nor Jackey neither, at some of your differestes and reflections. Indeed, Pamela, you are a charming creature, and an ornament to your sex. We wanted to have had you among us a hundred times, as

we read, that we might have loved, and kiffed, and thanked you.

But after all, my brother, generous and noble as he was, when your trials were over, was a ftrange wicked young fellow; and happy it was for you both, that he was so cleverly caught in the trap he had laid for your virtue.

I can affure you, my lord longs to fee you, and will accompany me; for, he fays, he has but a faint idea of your person. I tell him, and tell them all, that you are the finest girl, and the most improved in person and mind, I ever beheld; and I am not afraid, although they should imagine all they can in your favour, from my account of you, that they will be disappointed when they see you, and converse with you. But one thing more you must do for us, and then we will love you still more; and that is, you must fend us the rest of your papers, down to your marriage at least; and farther, if you have written farther; for we all long to fee the rest, as you relate it, though we know

in general what has passed.

You leave off* with an account of an angry letter I wrote to my brother, to persuade him to give you your liberty, and a sum of money; not doubting but his designs would end in your ruin, and, I own it, not wishing he would marry you; for little did I know of your merit and excellence, nor could I, but for your letters so lately sent me, have had any notion of either. I don't question but, if you have recited my passionate behaviour to you, and when I was at the hall, I shall make a ridiculous figure enough; but I will forgive all that, for the sake of the pleasure you have given me, and will still farther give me, if you comply with

my request. Lady Betty fays, it is the best story she has heard, and the most instructive; and she longs to have the conclusion of it in your own words. She fays now-andthen-'What a hopeful brother you have, Lady Davers! O these intriguing gentlemen!-What rogueries do they not commit! I should have had a fine husband of him, had I received your propofat! The dear Pamela would have run in his head, and had I been the first lady in the kingdom, I should have stood but a poor chance in his efteen; for, you see, hie designs upon her began t early.

She fays, you had a good heart to go back again to him, when the violent wretch had driven you from him on fuch a flight occasion: but yet, she thinks the reasons you give in your relation, and your love for him, (which then you began to disover was your case) as well as the event, shewed you did right.

But we'll tell you all our judgments, when we have read the rest of your accounts. So pray send them as soon as you can, to (I won't write myself sister till then) your affectionate, &c.

B. DAVERS.

LETTER VII.

MY DEAR GOOD LADY,

OU have done me great honour in the letter your ladyship has been pleased to send me; and it is a high pleafure to me, now all is so happily over, that my poor papers were in the leaft diverting to you, and to fuch honourable and worthy perfons as your ladyship is pleased to mention. I could wish, my dear lady, I might be favoured with fuch remarks on my conduct, so nakedly set forth, (without any imagination that they would ever appear in fuch an affembly) as may be of use to me in my future life, and make me, by that means, more worthy than it is otherwise possible I can be, of the honour to which I am raifed. Do, dearest lady, favour me so far. I am prepared to receive blame, and to benefit by it, and cannot expect praise so much from my actions as from my intentions; for, indeed, these were always just and honourable: but why, even for these, do I talk of praise, since, being prompted by impulses I could not resist, it can be no merit in me to have been governed by them?

As to the papers following those in your ladyship's hands, when I say, that they must needs appear impertinent to such judges, after what you know, I dare say your ladyship will not insist upon them: yet I will not scruple briefly to mention what they contain.

All my dangers and trials were happily at an end: so that they only contain the conversations that passed between your ladyship's generous brother and me; his kind assurances of honourable love to me; my acknowledgments of unworthiness to him; Mrs. Jewkes's respectful change

of behaviour towards me; Mr. B.'s reconciliation to Mr. Williams; his introducing me to the good families in the neighbourhood, and avowing before them his honourable intentions. A vifit from my honest father, who (not knowing what to conclude from the letter I wrote to him before I returned to your honoured brother, defiring my papers from him) came in great anxiety of heart to know the worst, doubting I had at last been caught by a stratagem, that bad ended in my ruin. His joyful furprize to find how happy I was likely to be. All the hopes given me, answered, by the private celebration of our nuptials—an honour fo much above all that my utmost ambition could make me aspire to, and which I never can deserve! Your ladyship's arrival, and anger, not knowing I was actually married, but supposing me a vile wicked creature; in which case I should have deserved the worst of usage. Mr. B.'s angry lessons to me, for daring to interfere, though I thought in the tenderest and most dutiful manner, between your lady ship and himself. The most acceptable goodness and favour of your ladyship afterwards to me, of which, as becomes me, I shall ever retain the most grateful sense. My return to this sweet mansion in a manner so different from my quitting it, where I had been so happy for four years, in paying my duty to the best of mistresses, your ladyship's excellent mother, to whose goodness, in taking me from my poor honest parents, and giving me what education I have, I owe, under God, my happiness. The joy of good Mrs. Jervis, Mr. Longman, and all the fervants, on this occasion. Mr. B.'s acquainting me with Miss Godfrey's affair, and presenting to me the pretty Mis Goodwin, at the dairy-house. Our appearance at church, the favour of the gentry in the neighbourhood, who, knowing your ladyship had not distained to look upon me, and to be favourable to me, came the more readily into a neighbourly intimacy with me, and still so much the more readily, as the continued kindness of my dear benefactor, and his condescending deportment to me before them, (as if I had been worthy of the honour done me) did credit to his own generous act.

These, my lady, down to my good parents setting out to this place, in order to be fettled by my honoured benefactor's bounty, in the Kentish farm, are the most material contents of my remaining papers: and though they might be the most agreeable to those for whom only they were written, yet, as they were principally matters of course, after what your ladyship has with yon; as the joy of my fond heart can be better judged of by your ladyship, than described by me; and as your ladyship, than described by me; and as your ladyship is acquainted with all the particulars that can be worthy of any other's person's notice but my dear parents; I am sure your ladyship will dispense with your commands; and I make at my humble request, that you will.

For, Madam, you must needs think, that when my doubts were difpelled; when I was confident all my trials were over; when I had a prospect before me of being so abundantly rewarded for what I had suffered; when every hour role upon me with new delight, and fraught with fresh instances of generous kindness from such a dear gentleman, my malter, my benefactor, the fon of my honoured lady; your ladyship must needs think, I fay, that I must be too much affected, my heart must be too much opened; and especially as it then (relieved from it's past anxieties and fears, which had kept down and damped the latent flame) first discovered to me impressions of which before I hardly thought it fusceptible,-So that it is scarce possible, that my joy and my prudence, if I were to be tried by such judges of delicacy and decorum as Lord and Lady Davers, the honoured countefs, and Lady Betty, could be fo intimately, so laudably coupled, as were to be wifhed: although, indeed, the continued fenfe of my unworthiness, and the difgrace the dear gentleman would bring upon himself by his generous goodness to me, always went hand-in-hand with my joy and my prudence; and what these considerations took from the former, being added to the latter, kept me steadier and more equal to myfelf, than otherwife it was possible such a young creature as I could have been.

Wherefore, my dear good lady, I hope I ftand excufed, and fhall not bring upon myfelf the centure of being disobedient to your commands.*

Besides, Madam, since you inform me, that my good Lady Davers will attend your ladyship hither, I should never dare to look his lordship in the face, if all the emotions of my heart on such affecting occasions, stood confessed to his lordship; and indeed, if I am ashamed they should to your ladyship, and to the countess, and Lady Betty, whose goodness must induce you all three to think favourably, in fuch circumstances, of one who is of your own fex, how would it concern me, that the fame should appear before such gentlemen as my lord and his nephew ?- Indeed I could not look up to either of them in the fense of this .- And give me leave to hope, that some of the scenes, in the letters your ladyship had, were not read to gentlemen: your ladyship must needs know which I mean, and will think of my two grand trials of all. For though I was the innocent subject of wicked attempts, and fo cannot, I hope, fuffer in any one's opinion for what I could not help; yet, for your dear brother's fake, as well as for the decency of the matter, one would not, when one shall have the honour to appear before my lord and his nephew, be looked upon, methinks, with that levity of eye and thought, which, perhaps, hardhearted gentlemen may pass upon one, by reason of those very scenes, which would move pity and concern in a good lady's . breaft, for a poor creature fo attempted.

So, my dear lady, be pleased to let me know, if the gentlemen bave heard all.—I hope they have not.—And be pleased also to point out to me such parts of my conduct as deserve blame: indeed, I will try to make a good use of your censure; and am sure I shall be thankful for it;—for it will make me hope to be more and more worthy of the honour I have, of being exalted into such a distinguished family, and the right the best of gentlemen has given me to still myself your lady-ship's most bumble, and most obliged servant,

P. B.

LETTER VIII.

FROM LADY DAVERS, IN REPLY,

MY DEAR PAMELA,

Y OU have given us all a great difappointment in declining to oblige me with the fequel of your papers. I was a little out of humour with you at first; —I must own I was:—for I cannot bear denial, when my heart is set upon any thing. But Lady Betty became your advocate, and said, she thought you very excusable; since, no doubt, there might be many tender things, circumstanced as you were, which might be well enough for your parents to fee, but for nobody elfe; and relations of our fide leaft of all, whose future intimacy, and frequent visits, might give occasions for raillery and remarks, that might not be otherwise agreeable. I regarded her apology for you the more, because I knew it was a great baulk to her, that you did not comply with my request. But now, child, when you know me more, you'll find, that if I am obliged to give up one point, I always infift on another, as near it as I can, in order to fee if it be only one thing I am to be refused, or every thing; in which last case, I know how to take my mea-

fures, and refent. Now, therefore, this is what I infift upon; that you correspond with me in the same manner that you did with your parents, and acquaint me with every paffage that is of concern to you; beginning with your accounts how you fpent your time, both of you, when you were in Kent; for, you must know, we are all taken with your duty to your parents, and the discretion of the good couple, and think you have given a very edifying example of filial piety to all who shall hear your story; for if so much duty is owing to parents, where nothing can be done for one, how much more is it to be expected, where there is a power to add to the natural obligation, all the comforts and conveniences of life? We people in upper life, you must know, love to hear how gratitude and unexpected benefits operate upon honest minds, who have little more than plain artless nature for their guide; and we flatter ourselves with the hopes of many a delightful hour, by your means, in this our folitary fituation, as it will be, if we are obliged to pass the next winter in it, as my lord and the earl threaten me, and the counters, and Lady Betty, that we shall. Then let us hear of every thing that gives you joy or trouble: and if my brother carries you to town, for the winter, while he attends parliament, the advices you will be able to give us of what passes in London, and of the publick entertainments and diverfious he will take you to, as you will relate them in your own artless and natural observations, will be as diverting to us, as if we were at them ourselves. For a young creature of your good understand-ing, to whom all these things will be quite new, will give us, perhaps, a better talte

of them, their beauties, and defects, than we might have before. For we people of quality go to those places, dreffed out and adorned, in fuch manner, outvying one another, as if we confidered ourselves as fo many parts of the publick entertainment, and are too much pleafed with ourselves to be able so to attend to what we fee, as to form a right judgment of .. it: and, indeed, we, fome of us, behave with fo much indifference to the entertainment, as if we thought ourselves above being diverted by what we come to fee, and as if our view was rather to trifle away our time, than to improve ourselves by attending to the story or the action.

See, Pamela, I shall not make an unworthy correspondent altogether, for I can get into thy grave way, and moralize a little now-and-then: and if you'll promise to oblige me by your constant correspondence in this way, and divest yourfelf of all restraint, as if you were writing to your parents, (and I can tell you, you'll write to one who will be as candid and as favourable to you as they can be) then I am sure we shall have truth and nature from you; and thesare things which we are generally so much listed above, by our conditions, that we hardly know what they are.

But I have written enough for one letter; and yet, having more to fay, I will, after this, fend another, without waiting for your answer, which you may give to to both together; and am, mean time, your's, &c.

B. DAVERS.

LETTER IX.

DEAR PAMELA,

Am very glad thy honest man has let thee into the affair of Sally Godfrey. But pr'ythee, Pamela, give us an account of the manner in which he did it, and of thy thoughts upon it; for that is a critical case; and according as he has represented it, so shall I know what to say of it before you and him: for I would not make mischief between you for the world.

This, let me tell you, will be a trying part of your conduct. For he loves the child; and will judge of you by your conduct towards it. He dearly loved her mother; and, notwithstanding her fault, she well deserved it: for she was a sensible, ay, and a modest lady, and of an

ancient

ancient and genteel family. But he was heir to a noble estate, was of a bold and enterprizing spirit, fond of intrigue-Don't let this concern you-You'll have the greater happiness and merit too, if you can hold him-And, 'tis my opinion, if any-body can, you will .- Then he did not like the young lady's mother, who fought artfully to intrap him. So that the poor girl, divided between her inclination for him, and her duty to her defigning mother, gave into the plot upon him; and he thought himself-vile wretch as he was for all that !- at liberty to fet up plot against plot, and the poor lady's honour was the facrifice.

I hope you spoke well of her to him. I hope you received the child kindly .- I hope you had presence of mind to do this. -For it was a nice part to act; and all his observations were up, I dare fay, on the occasion .- Do, let me hear how it was: there's my good Pamela, do. And write, I charge you, freely, and without restraint; for although I am not your mother, yet am I bis eldest fister, you know-and as fuch-come I will fay fo, in hopes you'll oblige me-your fifter, and so mittled to expect a compliance with my request: for is there not a duty in degree, to elder fifters from younger?

As to our remarks upon your behaviour, they have been much to your eredit, I can tell you that: but, nevertheles, I will, to encourage you to enter into this requested correspondence with me, consult Lady Betty, and will go over your papers again, and try to find fault with your conduct; and if we can fee any thing censurable, will freely let you know our minds.

But, before-hand, I can tell you, we hall be agreed in one opinion; and that is, that we know not who would have acted as you have done, upon the whole.

So, Pamela, you see I put myself upon the same foot of correspondence with you. -Not that I will promise to answer every letter: no, you must not expect that .-Your part will be a kind of narrative, purposely defigned to entertain us here; and I hope to receive fix, feven, eight, or ten letters, as it may happen, before I return one: but fuch a part I will bear in st, as shall let you know our opinion of your proceedings and relations of things. -And as you wish to be found fault with, as you fay, you shall freely have it, (though not in a splenetick or ill-natured way) as often as you give occasion. Now,

you must know, Pamela, I have two views in this. One is, to fee how a man of my brother's spirit, who has not denied himself any genteel liberties, (for it must be owned he never was a common town rake, and had always dignity in his roguery) will behave himself to you, and in wedlock, which used to be freely fneered by him: the next, that I may love you more and more, which it will be enough to make me do, I dare fay, as by your letters I shall be more and more acquainted with you, as well as by converfation; so that you can't be off, if you

would.

I know, however, you will have no objection to this; and that is, that your family affairs will require your attention, and not give you the time you used to have for this employment. But confider, child, the station you are raised to does not require you to be quite a do-mestick animal. You are lifted up to the rank of a lady, and you must act up to it, and not think of fetting fuch an example, as will derive upon you the illwill and censure of other ladies .- For will any of our fex visit one who is continually employing herself in such works as either must be a reproach to herself, or to them? - You'll have nothing to do but to give orders. You will confider yourfelf as the task-mistress, and the common herd of female-fervants, as fo many negroes directing themselves by your nod; or yourfelf as the mafterwheel, in some beautiful piece of mechanifm, whose dignified grave motions is to let a-going all the under-wheels, with a velocity fuitable to their respective parts.-Let your fervants, under your direction, do all that relates to household management: they cannot write to entertain and instruct, as you can: fo what will you have to do? - I'llanswer my own question: in the first place, endeavour to please your fovereign lord and master; and let me tell you, any other woman in England, be her quality ever fo high, would have found enough to do to fucceed in that. Secondly, to receive and pay visits, in order, for his credit as well as your own, to make your fafhionable neighbours fond of you. Then, thirdly, you will have time upon your hands (as your monarch himself rifes early, and is tolerably regular for such a brazen face as he has been) to write to me in the manner I have mentioned, and expect; and I see plainly, by your stile,

that nothing can be easier for you, than

And thus, and with reading, may your time be filled up with reputation to yourself, and delight to others, till a fourth employment puts itself upon you; and that is (shall I tell you in one word, without mincing the matter?) a fucceffion of brave boys, to perpetuate a family that has for many hundred years been efteemed worthy and eminent, and which, being now reduced, in the direct line, to him and me, expects it from you; or else, let me tell you, (nor will I baulk it) my brother, by descending to the wholesome cot-Excuse me, Pamela,-will want one apology for his conduct, be as excellent as you may.

I fay this, child, not to reflect upon you, fince the thing is done; for I love you dearly, and will love you more and more-but to let you know what is expected from you, and to encourage you in the prospect that is already opening to you both, and to me, who have the welfare of the family I sprung from so much at heart, although I know this will be attended with some anxieties to a mind so thoughtful and apprehensive as your's

feems to be.

O but this puts me in mind of your folicitude for fear the gentlemen should have feen every thing contained in your letters-But this I will particularly speak to in a third letter, having filled my paper on all fides : and am, till then, your's, &cc.

B. DAVERS.

You see, and I hope will take it as a favour, that I break the ice, and begin first in the indispensibly expected correspondence between us.

LETTER

FROM THE SAME.

ND fo, Pamela, you are very foli-A citous to know, if the gentlemen have feen every part of your papers? I can't fay but they have: nor, except in regard to the reputation of your faucy man, do I fee why the part you hint at might not by read by those to whom the rest might be shewn.

I can tell you, Lady Betty, who is a very nice and delicate lady, had no objection to any part, though read before men: only now-and-then, crying out-O the vile man !- See, Lord Davers, what wretches you men are!' And, commiserating you- Ah! the poor Pamela!' And expressing her impatience to hear on, how you escaped at this time, and at that, and rejoicing in your escape. And now-and-then-'O Lady Davers,

what a vile brother you have! I hate him perfectly .- The poor girl cannot be made amends for all this, though he

has married her. Who, that knows these things of him, would wish him to be hers, with all his advantages of per-

fon, mind, and fortune?' And fuchlike expressions in your praise, and condemning him, and his wicked attempts.

But I can tell you this, that except one had heard every tittle of your danger; how near you were to ruin, and how little he stood upon taking any measures to effect his vile purposes, even daring to attempt you in the presence of a good woman, which was a wickedness that every wicked man could not be guilty of; I fay, except one had known thefe things, one should not have been able to judge of the merit of your refistance, and how fhocking those attempts were to your virtue, insomuch that life itself was endangered by them: nor, let me tell you, could I in particular, have so well justified him for marrying you, (I mean with respect to his own proud and haughty temper of mind) if there had been room to think he could have had you upon easier terms.

It was necessary, child, on twenty accounts, that we, your and his well-wishers and his relations, should know that he had tried every stratagem, and made use of every contrivance, to subdue you to his purpose, before he married you: and how would it have answered to his intrepid character, and pride of heart, had we not been particularly led into the nature of those attempts, which you fo nobly refifted, as to convince us all, that you have deserved the good fortune you have met with, as well as all the kind and respectful treatment he can possibly shew

Nor ought you to be concerned who fees any the most tender parts of your story, except, as I said, for his sake; for it must be a very unvirtuous mind, that can form any other ideas from what you relate, than those of terror and pity for you. Your expressions are too delicate to give the nicest ear offence, except at him .-

You paint no scenes but such as make his wickedness odious; and that gentleman, much more lady, must have a very corrupt heart, who could, from fuch circumstances of distress, make any reflections, but what should be to your honour, and in abhorrence of such actions. Indeed, child, I am so convinced of this, that by this rule I would judge of any man's heart in the world, better than by a thoufand declarations and protestations. I do affure you, rakish as Jackey is, and freely as I doubt not that Lord Davers has formerly lived, (for he has been a man of pleafure) they gave me by their behaviour on these tenderer occasions, reason to think they had more virtue, than not to be very apprehensive for your fafety; and my lord feveral times exclaimed, that he could not have thought his brother fuch a libertine neither.

Befides, child, were not these things written in confidence to your mother? And, bad as his actions were to you, if you had not recited all you could recite, could there not have been room for any one, who should have feen what you wrote, to imagine they had been still worse?-And how could the terror be supposed to have had fuch effects upon you, as to endanger your life, without imagining you had undergone the worst that a vile man could offer, unless you had told us, what that was which he did offer, and fo put a bound, as it were, to one's apprehensive imaginations of what you fuffered, which otherwise must have been injurious to your purity, though you could not help

Moreover, Pamela, it was but doing justice to the libertine himself to tell your mother the whole truth, that the might know he was not fo very abandoned, but that he could flop short of the execution of his wicked purposes, which he apprehended, if purfued, would destroy the life, that, of all lives, he would choose to preferve; and you owed also thus much to your parents peace of mind, that after all their distracting fears for you, they might fee they had reason to rejoice in an uncontaminated daughter. one cannot but reflect, now all is over, and he has made you his wife, that it must be a satisfaction to the wicked man, as well as to yourfelf, that he was not more guilty than he was, and that he took no more liberties than he did.

For my own part, I must say, that I could not have accounted for your fits, by any descriptions that of those you give; and had you been less particular in the circumstances. I should have judged the had been still worse, and your person though not your mind less pure, than his pride would expect from the woman he should marry; for this is the case of all rakes, that though they indulge in all manner of libertinism themselves, there is no class of men who exact greater delicacy than they, from the persons they marry; though they care not how bad they make the wives, the sisters, and daughters of others.

I have run into length again; so will only add, (and send all my three letters together) that we all blame you in some degree for bearing the wicked Jewkes in your sight, after the most impudent as fistance she gave to his level attempt; much less, we think, ought you to have left her in her place, and rewarded her: for her vileness could hardly be equalled by the worst actions of the most aban-

doned procurefs.

I know the difficulties you labour under, in his arbitrary will, and in his intercession for her: but Lady Betty rightly observes, that he knew what a vile woman she was, when he put you into her power, and no doubt employed her, because he was sure she would answer all his purposes; and that therefore she should have had very little opinion of the sincerity of his reformation, while he was so so solicitous in keeping her there, and in having her put upon a foot, in the present on your nuptials, with honest Jervis.

She would, the fays, had the been in your cafe, have had one thruggle for her difinifion, let it have been taken as it would; and he that was fo well pleased with your virtue, must have thought this a natural consequence of it, if he was in

earnest to reclaim.

I know not whether you shew him all I write, or not: but I have written this last part in the cover, as well for want of toom, as that you may keep it from him, if you please. Though if you think it will serve any good end, I am not against shewing to him all I write. For I must ever speak my mind, though I were to smart for it; and that nobody can or has the heart to make me do, but my bold brother. So, Pamela, for this time, Adien.

LETTER XI.

MY COOD LADY,

Am honoured with your ladyship's three letters, the contents of which are highly obliging to me: and I should be injunctions, and be very proud and thankful for your ladyship's condescension in accepting of my poor scribble, and promiling me fuch a rich and invaluable return; of which you have given me already fuch simple and fuch delightful instances. I will not plead my defects, to excuse my obedience. I only fear, that the awe which will be always upon me, when I write to your ladyship, will lay me under so great a restraint, that I shall fall short even of the merit my papers have already made for me, through your kind indulg-ence. But nevertheless, the tering myself under your goodness, I will chearfully. comply with every thing your ladyship expects from me, that is in my power to

You will give me leave, Madam, to put into some little method, the particulars of what you defire of me, that I may speak to them all: for, since you are so good as to excuse me from fending the rest of my papers, (which indeed would not bear in many places) I will omit nothing that shall tend to convince you of my readiness to obey you in every thing

elfe.

First then, your ladyship would have the particulars of the happy fortnight we passed in Kent, on one of the most agreeable occasions that could befal me.

Secondly, an account of the manner in which your dear brother acquainted me with the affecting story of Miss Godfiey, and my behaviour upon it.

And, thirdly, I prefume your ladyship, and Lady Betty, expect that I should say fomething upon your welcome remarks on my conduct towards Mrs. Jewkes.

The other particulars contained in your ladyship's kind letters will naturally fall under one or other of these three heads-But expect not, my lady, though I begin in method thus, that I shall keep up to it. If your ladyfhip will not allow for me, and keep in view the poor Pamela Andrews in all I write, but will have Mrs. B. in your eye, what will become of me?
But, indeed, I promise myself so much improvement from this correspondence. that I enter upon it with a greater delight than I can express, notwithstanding the mingled awe and diffidence that will accompany me, in every part of the agreeable talk.

To begin with the first article;

Your dear brother and my honest parents-(I know your ladyship will expect from me, that on all occasions I should speak of them with the duty that becomes a good child)-I fay, then, your dear brother, and they, and myfelf, fet out on the Monday morning for Kent, paffing through St. Albans to London, at both which places we stopped a night; for our dear benefactor would make us take eafy journies; and on Wednesday evening we arrived at the fweet place allotted for the good couple. We were attended only by Abraham and John, on horfeback; for Mr. Colbrand, having sprained his foot, was in the travelling-coach with the cook, the house-maid, and Polly Barlow, a genteel new fervant, whom Mrs. Brooks recommended to wait on me.

Mr. Longman had been down there for a fortnight, employed in fettling the terms of an additional purchase to this pretty well wooded and well watered estate; and the account he gave of his proceedings was very fatisfactory to his honoured principal. He told us, he had much ado to diffuade the tenants from purfuing a formed resolution of meeting their landlord on horseback, at some miles distance; for he had informed them when he expected us: but knowing how defirous Mr. B. was of being retired while he staid here this time, he had ventured to affure them, that when every thing was fettled, and the new purchase actually entered upon, they would have his prefence among them now-and-then; and that he would introduce them all at different times to their worthy landlord, before we left the country.

The house is large and very commodious; and we found every thing about it, and in it, exceeding neat and convenient; which was owing to the worthy Mr. Longman's care and direction. The ground is well stocked, the barns and outhouses in excellent repair, and my poor father and mother have only to wish, that they and I may be deferving of half the goodness we experience from the bountiful mind of your good brother.

Rrz

But indeed, Madam, I have the pleafure of discovering every day more and more, that there is not a better disposed, and more generous man in the world than himself, insomuch that I verily think he has not been so careful to conceal his bad actions as his good ones. His heart is naturally beneficent, and his beneficence is the gift of God to him for the most excellent purposes, as I have often been so free as to tell him.—Pardon me, my dear lady: I wish I may not be impertmently grave: but I find a great many instances of his confiderate charity, which hardly any body knew of, and which, fince I have been his almoner, could not avoid coming to my knowledge. - But this poffibly, is no news to your ladythip. Every body knows the generous goodness of your own heart: every one that wanted relief tafted the bounty of your excellent mother, my late honoured lady: fo that tis a family grace, and I have no need to speak of it to you, Madam.

This cannot, my dear lady, I hope, be confirmed as if I would hereby suppose ourselves less obliged. Indeed I know nothing fo God-like in human nature as this disposition to do good to our fellowcreatures; for is it not following immediately the example of that gracious Providence which every minute is conferring bleffings upon us all, and by giving power to the rich, makes them but the dispensers of it's benefits to those that want them? But yet as there are but too many objects of compassion, and as the most beneficent mind in the world cannot, like Omnipotence, do good to all, how much are they obliged who are diftinguished from others? And this, kept in mind, will always contribute to make the benefited receive, as thankfully as they ought, the

favours of the obliger.

I know not if I write to be understood in all I mean; but my grateful heart is so over-filled when it is employed on this subject, that methinks I want to say a great deal more at the same time that I am apprehensive I say soo much.—Yet, perhaps, the copies of the letters I here inclose to your ladyship, (that marked [I.] written by me to my father and mother, on our return hither from Kent; that marked [II.] from my dear sather in answer to it, and that marked [III.] mine in reply to his will, (at the same time that they may convince your ladyship,

that I will conceal nothing from you in the course of this correspondence, that may in the least amuse and divert you, or that may better explain our grateful sentiments) in a great measure, answer what your ladyship expects from me, as to the happy fortnight we passed in Kent.

And here I will conclude this letter, choosing to suspend the correspondence, till I know from your ladyship, whether it will not be too low, too idle for your attention; whether you will not dispense with your own commands for my writing to you when you see I am so little likely to answer what you may possibly expect from me; or whether, if you infift upon my scribbling, you would have me write in any other way, be less tedious, less serious—in short, less or more any thing. For all that is in my power, your ladyship may command from, Madam, your obliged and faithful servant,

P.B.

Your dearest brother, from whose knowledge I would not keep any thing that
shall take up any considerable portion
of my time, gives me leave to proceed
in this correspondence, if you command
it: and is pleased to fay, he will content himself to see such parts of it, and
only such parts, as I shall shew him, or
read to him—Is not this very good,
Madam?—O my lady, you don't know
how happy I am!

LETTER XII,

FROM LADY DAVERS TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR PAMELA,

OU very much oblige me by your chearful compliance with my re-I leave it intirely to you to write in what manner you please, and as you shall be in the humour to write, when you take up your pen; for then I shall have you write with less restraint: for, you mult know, that what we admire in you, are truth and nature, and not fludied or elaborate epistles. We can hear at church, or we can read in our closets, fifty good things that we expect not from you; but we cannot receive from any-body elfe the pleafure of fentiments flowing with that artless ease, which so much affects us when we read your letters. Then, my Sweet girl, your gratitude, your prudence, your integrity of heart, your humility, thine so much in all your letters and thoughts, that no wonder my brother

loves you as he does.

But I shall make you proud, I doubt, and so by praise ruin those graces which we admire, and, but for that, cannot praise you too much .- In my conscience, if thou can't hold as thou hait begun, I believe thou wilt have him all to thyfelf; and that was once, more than I thought ever any woman on this fide the feventieth year of his age would ever be able to fay. The letters to and from your parents we are charmed with, and the communicating of them to me, I take to be as great an instance of your confidence in me, as it is of your judgment and prudence; for you cannot but think, that we, his relations, are a little watchful. over your conduct, and have our eyes upon you, to observe what use you are likely to make of the power you have over your man, with respect to your own relations.

Hitherto all is unexampled prudence, and you take the right method to reconcile even the proudest of us to your marriage, and make us not only love you, but respect your parents, because their honesty will, I perceive, be their distinguishing character, and they will not forget themselves, nor their former condi-

tion.

I can tell you, you are exactly right; for if you were to be an increacher, as the good old man calls it, my brother would be one of the first to see it, and he would gradually think less and less of you, till possibly he might come to despise you, and to repent of his choice: for the least shadow of an imposition, or low cunning, or mean selfishness, he cannot bear.

In short, you're a charming girl; and Lady Betty says so too; and moreover adds, that if he makes you not the best and faithfulless of husbands, he cannot deserve you, for all his fortune and birth. And in my heart, I begin to think so

too.

But won't you oblige me with the fequel of your letter to your father? For, you promife, my dear charming scribbler, in that you sent to me, to write again to his letter; and I long to see how you answer the latter part of it, about your relations desiring already to come and live with him. I know what I expect from you. But let it be what it will, send it to me

exactly as you wrote it; and I shall see whether I have reason to praise or reprove you. For surely, Pamela, you must leave one room to blame you for something. Indeed I can hardly bear the thought, that you should so much excel as you do, and have more prudence, by nature, as it were, than the best of us get in a course of the genteelest education, and with fifty advantages, at least, in conversation, that you could not have, by reason of my mother's retired life, while you were with her, and your close attendance on her

person.

But I'll tell you what has been a great improvement to you: it is your own writings. This itch of feribbling has been a charming help to you. For here, having a natural fund of good fense, and a prudence above your years, you have, with the observations these have enabled you to make, been flint and steel too, as I may fay, to yourfelf: fo that you have struck fire when you pleased, wanting nothing but a few dry leaves, like the first pair in old Du Bartas, to serve as tinder to catch your animating sparks. So that reading constantly, and thus using yourself to write, and enjoying besides the benefit of a good memory, every thing you heard or read became your own; and not only fo, but was improved by paffing through more falubrious ducts and vehicles; like some fine fruit grafted upon a common free-stock, whose more exitberant juices ferve to bring to quicker and greater perfection the downy peach, or the fmooth nectarine with it's crimien blufh.

Really, Pamela, I believe, I, too, shall improve by writing to you—Why, you dear saucy-face, at this rate, you'll make every one that converses with you, better, and wifer, and wittier too, as far as I know, than they ever before thought there

was room for 'em to be.

As to my own part, I begin to like what I have written myself, I think! and your correspondence will possibly revive the poetical ideas that used to fire my mind, before I enteredinto the drowly married life; for my good Lord Daver's turn happens not to be to books; and so by degrees, my imagination was in a manner quenched, and I, as a dutiful wise should, endeavoured to formmy taste by that of the man I chose. But after all, Pamela, you are not to be a little proud (I can tell you that) of my correspondence; and I could not have

though

thought it e'er would have come to this: but you'll have the penetration to obferve, that I am the more free and unreferved, to encourage you to write without restraint: for already you have made us a family of writers and readers; so that Lord Davers himself is become enamoured of your letters, and defires of all things he may hear read every one that passes between us. Nay, Jackey, for that matter, who was the most thoughtless; whistling, fauntning, fellow you ever knew, and whose delight in a book ran no higher than a fong or a catch, now comes in with an inquiring face, and vows he'll fet pen to paper, and turn letter-writer himself; and intends (if my brother won't take it amifs, he fays) to begin to you, provided he could be fure of an

I have twenty things still to say; for you have unlocked all our bosoms. And yet I intended not to write above ten or a dozen lines when I began;—only to tell you, that I would have you take your own way, in your subjects, and in your stile.—And if you will but give me hope, that you are in the way I so much wish to have you in, I will then call myfelf your affectionate sister; but till then, it shall only barely be your correspondent,

B. DAVERS.

You'll proceed with the account of your Kentish affair, I doubt not.

LETTER XIII.

MY DEAR GOOD LAPY,

things are you pleased to say of your happy correspondent! And what reason have I to value myself on such an advantage as is now before me, if I am capable of improving it as I ought, from a correspondence with so noble and so admired a lady! I wish I be not now proud indeed!—To be praised by such a genius, and my honoured benefactor's worthy sister, whose favour, next to his, it was always my chief ambition to obtain, is what would be enough to fill with vanity a steadler and a more equal mind than mine.

I have heard from my late honoured lady, what a fine pen her beloved daughter was miftress of, when she pleased to take it up. But I never could have had

the prefumption, but from your ladyfhip's own motion, to hope to be in any manner the subject of it, much less to be called your correspondent.

Indeed, Madam, I am proud, very proud of this honour, and confider it as fuch a heightening to my pleafures, as only that could give; and I will fet about obeying your ladyfhip without referve.

But permit me, in the first place, to disclaim any merit, from my own poor writings, to that improvement which your goodness imputes to me. What I have to boat, of that fort, is owing principally, if it deserves commendation, to

my late excellent lady.

It is hardly to be imagined what pains her ladyship took with her poor fervant, Besides making me keep a book of her charities dispensed by my hands, she caused me always to set down, in my way, the cases of the distressed, their griefs from their missortunes, and their joys in her bountiful relief; and so I was entered early into the various turns that affected worthy hearts, and was taught the better to regulate my own, especially by the help of the fine observations which my good lady used to make to me, when I read to her what I wrote. For many a time has her generous heart overflowed with pleasure at my remarks, and with praises; and I was her good girl, her dear Pamela, her hopeful maiden; and the would fometimes fnatch my hand with transport, and draw me to her, and vouchfafe to kifs me; and always was faying, what the would do for me, if God spared her, and I continued to be deserve

O my dear lady! you cannot think what an encouragement this condescending behaviour and goodness was to me. Indeed, Madam, you cannot think it.

I used to throw myself at her feet, and embrace her knees; and, my eyes finaming with tears of joy, would often cry. O continue to me, my dearest lady, the bleffing of your favour, and kind in. structions, and it is all your happy,

' happy Pamela can wish for.'

But I will proceed to obey your ladyfhip, and write with as much freedom as
I possibly can: for you must not expect,
that I can entirely divest myself of that
awe which will necessarily lay me under
a greater restraint, than if I was writing
to my father and mother, whose partiality for their daughter made me, in a
manner, secure of their good opinions.

And

before me, in the account I am to give of the fweet fortnight that we passed in Kent, I inclose not only the copy of the letter your ladyship delired me to send you, but my father's answer to it, which, with those you have already, will set before your ladyship all you want to see in relation to the delire some of my kindred had to live with my father, and my own opinion on the occasion. And I am humbly confident you will join in fentiment with me : for perfons are less doubtful of approbation, when their minds are incapable of dark referves, or fuch views as they would be afraid should be detected by any watchful observer of their conduct : and your ladyship gives me double pleasure, that you are pleased to have an eye upon mine; first, because I hope it will be fuch as will generally bear the ftricteft fcrutiny; and next, because, when my actions fall fort of my intentions, I presume to hope your ladyship will be as kind a monitor to me, as you are a correspondent; and then I shall have an opportunity to correct myfelf, and be, as near as my flender talents will permit, what your ladyship would have me to be.

As the letters I fent before, and those I now send, will let your ladyship into several particulars; such as a brief description of the house and farm, and your honoured brother's intentions of retiring thither now-and-then; of the happiness and gratitude of my dear parents, and their wishes to be able to deserve the comforts his goodness has heaped upon them; and that in stronger lights than I am able to set them; I will only, in a summary manner, mention the rest: and particu-

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That the behaviour of my dear benefactor to me, to my parents, to Mr. Longman, and to the tenants, was one continued feries of benignity and condeften-tion. He endeavoured, in every kind and generous way, to encourage the good couple to he free and chearful with him; and feeing them unable to get over that awe and respect, which they owe him above all mankind, and which they fought to pay him on all occasions, he would take their hands, and more than once called them by the nearest and dearest names of relationship, as if they were his own parents; and I believe would have diftinguished them oftener in this manner, but that he faw them too much affected with his goodness to bear the honour (as my

And now, that I may shorten the work fore me, in the account I am to give the sweet fortnight that we passed in ent, I inclose not only the copy of the terr your ladyship delired me to send on, but my stather's answer to it, which, ith those you have already, will set before your ladyship all you want to see in clation to the desire some of my kindred ad to live with my father, and my own pinion on the occasion. And I am father and mother to decline the invita-

tion of those worthy families.

Judge you, my dear lady, with what a joy these kind distinctions, and his sweet behaviour, must fill their honest hearts. Judge of my grateful fentiments and acknowledgments, of these hourly instances of his goodness; and judge of the respect with which this must inspire every one for the good couple. And when once Mrs. Bennet had like to have faid fomething of their former condition, which the would have recalled in some confufion, and when the could not, apologized for it, the dear gentleman faid- All is well, Mrs. Bennet: no apologies are necessary; and to assure you they are not, I'll tell you myself what you cannot have heard fo particularly from others, and which were I to endeavour . to conceal, would be a piece of pride as stupid as despicable.' So, in a concife manner, he gave them an account of my story, so much to my advantage, and so little to his own, in the ingenuous relation of his attempts upon me, that you can't imagine, Madam, how much the gentry were affected by it, and how much, in particular, they applauded him for the generofity of his actions to me, and to my dear parents. And your ladyship will permit me to observe, that since the matter is circumstanced as it is, policy, as well as nobleness of mind, obliged him to this frankness and acknowledgment; for having faid worfe of himfelf, and as mean of my parents fortunes, as any one could think, what remained for the hearers but to applaud, when he had left them no room to repreach, not fo much as in thought?

Every day we rode out, or walked a little about the grounds; and while we were there, he employed hands to cut a vifta through a coppice as they call it, or rather a little wood, to a rising ground, which fronting an old-faffaioned balcony in the middle of the house, he ordered it to be planted like a grove, and a pretty alsove to be erected on it's summit, of

which

which he has fent them a draught, drawn by his own hand. And this, and a few other alterations, mentioned in my letter to my father, are to be finished against

e go down next.

The dear gentleman was every hour preffing me, while there, to take one diversion or other, frequently upbraiding me, that I feemed not to choose any thing; urging me to propose sometimes what I could wift he should oblige me in, and not always to leave it to him to choose for me: faying, he was half-afraid, that my constant compliance with every thing he proposed, laid me sometimes under a reftraint; and he would have me have a will of my own, fince it was impossible, that it could be fuch as he should not take a delight in conforming to it.

But, when (as I told him) his goodness to me made him rather study what would oblige me than himfelf, even to the prevention of all my wishes, how was it possible for me not to receive with pleafure and gratitude every intimation from him, in fuch a manner as that, though it might feem to be the effect of an implicit obedience to his will, yet was it (nor could it be otherwise) intirely agree-

able to my own?

I will not trouble your ladyfhip with any further particulars relating to this happy fortnight, which was made up all of white and unclouded days, to the very last; and your ladyship will judge better than I can describe, what a parting there was between my dear parents, and their honoured benefactor and me.

We fet out, attended with the good wishes of crowds of persons of all degrees; for your dear brother left behind him noble instances of his bounty; it being the first time, as he bid Mr. Longman fay, that he had been down among them fince that estate had been in his hands.

But permit me, Madam, to observe, that I could not forbearoften, very often, in this happy period, to thank God in private, for the bleffed terms upon which I was there, to what I should have been, had I gracelessly accepted of those which formerly were tendered to me; for your Indyship will remember, that the Kentish estate was to be part of the purchase of my infamy *:

We returned through London again, by the like easy journes, but tarried not to fee any thing of that vaft metropolis, any more than we did in going through it before; your beloved brother only stopping at his banker's, and defiring him to look out for a handsome house, which he purposes to take for his winter refidence. He chooses it to be about the new buildings called Hanover Square; and he left Mr. Longman there to fee one, which his banker believed would be fit for him.

And thus, my dear good lady, I have answered your first commands, by the help of the letters which paffed between my dear parents and me; and conclude this, with the affurance that I am, with high respect, your ladyship's most obliged, and faithful servant,

P. B.

LETTER XIV.

MY DEAREST LADY,

Now fet myfelf to obey your lady-I ship's second command, which is, to give an account in what manner your dear brother broke to me the affair of the unfortunate Miss Godfrey, with my behaviour upon it: and this I cannot do better, than by transcribing the relation I gave at the time, in letters to my dear parents, which your ladyship has not feen, in these very words.

[See Vol. II. p. 277, beginning My dear Mr. B. down to p. 283.] Thus far, my dear lady, the relation. I gave to my parents, at the time of my being first acquainted with this melan-

choly affair.

It is a great pleafure to me, that I can already flatter myself, from the hints you kindly give me, that I behaved as you wished I should behave. Indeed, Madam, I could not help it; for I pitied most fincerely the unhappy lady; and though I could not but rejoice, that I had had the grace to escape the dangerous attempts of the dear intriguer, yet never did the flory of any unfortunate lady make fuch: an impression upon me as her's did: fhe loved bim, and believed, no doubt, he loved ber too well to take ungenerous advantages of her foft passion for him; and fo, by degrees, put herfelf into his power; and too feldom, alas! have the noblestminded of the feducing fex the mercy or the goodness to spare the poor creatures that do !- And then this love, to be fure, is a fad thing, when once it is suffered to reign;—a perfect tyrant!—requiring an unconditional obedience to it's arbitrary dictates, and deeming every inftance of differetion and prudence, and virtue itself, too often, but as so many acts of rebellion to it's usurped authority.

attempts; much less to have left her in her place, and rewarded her. Alas! my dear lady, what could I do? a poor prisoner, as I was made, for weeks together, in breach of all the laws of civil society; without a soul who durst be my friend;

And then, how do even blemishes become perfections in those we love? Crimes themselves too often, to inconsiderate minds, appear but as human failings; and human failings are a common cause, and every frail person excuses them for his or her own sake.

Then 'fis another misfortune of people in love; they always think highly of the beloved object, and lowly of themfelves; fuch a difinal mortifier is love!

I fay not this, Madam, to excuse the poor lady's fall: nothing can do that; because virtue is, and ought to be, preferable to all confiderations, and to life itself. But, methinks, I love this dear lady so well for the sake of her edifying penitence, that I would fain extenuate her crime, if I could; and the rather, as, in all probability, it was a first love on both sides; and so he could not appear to her as a prassifed deceiver.

Your ladyship will see by what I have transcribed, how I behaved myself to the dear Mis Goodwin; and I am so fond of the little charmer, as well for the sake of her unhappy mother, though personally unknown to me, as for the relation she bears to the dear gentleman whom I am bound to love and honour, that I must beg your ladyship's interest to procure her to be given up to my care; when it shall be thought proper. I am sure I shall be thought proper. I am sure I shall act by her as tenderly as if I was her own mother. And glad I am, that the poor unfaulty baby is so justly beloved by Mr. B.

But I will here conclude this letter, with affuring your ladyship, that I am your obliged and bumble fervant, P. B.

LETTER XV.

MY GOOD LADY,

I Now come to your ladyship's remarks on my conduct to Mrs. Jewkes; which you are pleased to think too kind and forgiving, considering the poor woman's baseness.

Your ladyship says, that I ought not to have borne her in my sight, after the impudent assistance she gave to his lewd

place, and rewarded her. Alas! my dear lady, what could I do? a poor prisoner, as I was made, for weeks together, in breach of all the laws of civil fociety; without a foul who durft be my friend; and every day expecting to beruined and undone, by one of the haughtieft and most determined spirits in the world !-And when it pleased God to turn his heart, and incline him to abandon his wicked attempts, and to profess honourable love to me, his poor fervant, can it be thought I was to infift upon conditions with fuch a gentleman, who had me in his power; and who, if I had provoked him, might have refumed all his wicked purposes against me?

Indeed, I was too much overjoyed, after all my dangers paft, (which were so great, that I could not go to rest, nor rise, but with such apprehensions, that I wished for death rather than life) to think of refusing any term that I could yield to,

and keep my honour.

And though such noble ladies, as your ladyship and Lady Betty, who are born to independency, and are hereditarily, as I may fay, on a foot with the highestdescended gentleman in the land, might have exerted a spirit, and would have had a right to have chosen your own servants, and to have distributed rewards and punishments to the deserving and undeserving, at your own good pleafure; yet what had I, a poor girl, who owed even my title to common notice to the bounty of my late good lady, and had only a kind of imputed fightliness of person, though enough to make me the subject of vile attempts; who, from a fituation of terror and apprehension, was lifted up to an hope, beyond my highest ambition, and was bid to pardon the bad woman, as an instance, that I could forgive his own hard usage of me; who had experienced fo often the violence and impetuofity of his temper, which even his beloved mother never ventured to oppose till it began to fubfide; and then, indeed, he was all goodness and acknowledgment; of which I could give your ladyship more than one

What, I fay, had I to do, to take upon

me lady-airs, and to refent?

But, my dear ladies, det me in the infrance, befpeak the attention of you both) I faould be me tell you all the truth; and that is, that I not only forgave the poor wretch,

in regard to bis commands, but from my own inclination alfo.

If I am wrong in faying this, I must submit it to your ladyships; and, as I pretend not to perfection, am ready to take the blame I shall be found to deserve in your ladyships judgments: but indeed, were it to do again, I verily think, I could not help forgiving her. And were I not able to fay this, I should be thought to have made a mean court to my master's paffions, and to have done a wrong thing with my eyes open: which, I humbly conceive, no one should do.

When full power was given me over this poor creature, (feemingly at least, though it might possibly have been resumed, and I might have been re-committed to her's, had I given him reason to think I made an arrogant use of it) you cannot imagine what a triumph I had in my mind over the mortified guilt, which (from the highest degree of insolence and imperiousnels, that before had hardened her masculine features) appeared in her countenance, when she found the tables likely to be foon turned upon her.

This change of behaviour, which at first discovered itself in a sullen awe, and afterwards in a kind of filent respect, fhewed me, what an influence power had over her; and that when she could treat her late prisoner, when taken into favour, fo obsequiously, it was the less wonder the bad woman could think it her duty to obey commands fo unjust, when her obedience to them was required from her

To be fure, if a look could have killed her, after some of her bad treatment, she had been flain over and over, as I may fay: but to me, who was always taught to diftinguish between the person and the action, I could not hold my refentment against the poor passive machine of mischief one day together, though her ac-

I should indeed except that time of my grand trial, when the appeared fo h,a wretch to me, that I faw her not (even after * two days that she was kept from me) without great flutter and emotion of heart; and I had represented to your brother before, how hard a condition it was for me to forgive fo much unwomanly wickedness +.

But, my dear ladies, when I confidered he matter in one particular light, I could

the more easily forgive her; and having forgiven her, bear her in my fight, and act by her (as a consequence of that forgiveness) as if she had not so horridly offended .- Else how would it have been forgiveness? especially as the was ashamed of her crime, and there was no fear of her repeating it.

Thus then I thought on the occasion : Poor wretched agent, for purposes ' little less than infernal! I will forgive thee, fince thy master and my master will have it fo. And indeed thou art beneath the resentment even of such a poor girl as I. I will pity thee, base and abject as thou art. And she who is the object of my pity, is surely be-My eye, that used neath my anger. to quiver and tremble at thy haughty eye, shall now, with conscious worthiness, take a superior steadiness, and look down thy fcowling guilty one into felf-condemnation, the state thou couldst never cast mine into, nor from it wilt be able to raise thine own! Bear the reproach of thine own wicked heart, low, vile, woman, unworthy as thou art of the name, and chosen, as it should feem, for a foil to the innocent, and to make purity shine forth the brighter, the only good we fuch wretches as thou can be of to others (except for examples of penitence and mercy:) This will be punishment enough for thee, with-out my exposing myself to the imputa-tion of descending so near to a level with thee, as to refent thy baseness, when thou hast no power to hurt me!

Such were then my thoughts, my proud thoughts, fo far was I from being guilty of intentional meanness in forgiving, at Mr. B.'s interpolition, the poor, low, creeping, abject, felf-mortified and mafler-mortified Mrs. Jewkes!

And do you think, ladies, when you revolve in your thoughts, who I was, and what I was, and what I had been defigned for; when you revolve the amazing turn in my favour, and the prospects be-fore me (prospects so much above my hopes, that I left them intirely to Providence to direct for me, as it pleased, without daring to look forward to what those prospects seemed naturally to tend;) when I could fee my haughty perfecutor become my repentant protector; the lofty spirit that used to make me tremble, and to which I never could look up without

awe, except in those animating cases, where his guilty attempts, and the concern I had to preserve my innocence, gave a courage more than natural to my otherwife dastardly heart: when this impetuous spirit could stoop to request one whom he had funk beneath even her usual low character of his fervant, who was his prifoner, under sentence of a ruin worse than death, as he had intended it, and had feized her for that very purpose; could stoop to acknowledge the vileness of that purpose; could say, at one time, that my forgiveness of Mrs. Jewkes should stand me in greater stead than I was aware of. Could tell her, before me, that she must for the future flew me all the respect that was due to one he must love*: at another, acknowledged before her, that he had been flark naught, and that I was Again t, to Mrs. very forgiving +. Jewkes, putting himself on a level with her, as to guilt- We are both in generous hands : and indeed, if Pamela did not pardon you, I should think she but half forgave me, because you acted by my instructions:' another time to the fame §- 'We have been both finners, and must be both included in one act

of grace.' When, I fay, I was thus lifted up to the state of a sovereign forgiver, and my lordly master became a petitioner for himfelf, and for the guilty creature, whom he put under my feet; what a triumph was here for the poor Pamela! And could I have been guilty of so mean a pride, as to trample upon the poor abject creature, when I found her thus lowly, thus mortified, and wholly in my power? For so she seemed actually to be, while I really thought so: and would it have been good manners with regard to my master, or policy with respect to myself, to doubt it, after he had so declared?

Then, my dear ladies, while I was enjoying the foul-charming fruits of that innocence which the Divine Grace had enabled me to preferve, in spite of so many plots and contrivances on my master's side, and such wicked instigations and affistances on hers, and all my prospects were improving upon me beyond my wishes; when all was sunshine, unclouded

funshine, and I possessed my mind in peace, and had nothing to do but to be thankful to Providence, which had been fo gracious to my unworthiness, when I faw, as I said above, my persecutor become my protector, my active enemy, no longer my enemy, but creeping with flow, doubtful feet, and speaking to me with awful hefitating doubt of my acceptance; a stamp of an infolent foot, now turned into curtfeying half-bent knees; threatening hands into supplicating folds; and the eye unpitying to innocence, running over with the sense of her own guilt; a faultering accent on her late menacing tongue, and uplifted handkerchief- I fee fhe will be 'my lady: and then I know how it will go with mel; -Was not this, my ladies, a triumph of triumphs to the late miferable, now exalted Pamela?-Could I do less than pardon her? And having declared that I did fo, was I not to shew the fincerity of my declaration?

Indeed, indeed, my dear good ladies, I found fuch a fubject for exultation in this providential change of my condition, that I had much ado to fubdue my rifing pride, and thought there was more danger of being lifted up, (every moment, to fee fuch improving contrition on the poor creature's part) than to be supposed guilty of a meannels of heart, in flooping (yes, Madam, that was then the proudly proper word, in the elevation wherein I found myself) to forgive her!-And, what!should I not forgive a creature for that very baseness which, happily withstood, had so largely contributed to exalt me? Indeed, my dear good ladies, permit me to repeat, I could not choose but to forit not have been out of character in me, and against all expectation of my highfouled (though fometimes, as in my cafe, for a great while together, meanly-acting) master, if I had not?

Would it not have shewn him, that the low-born Pamela was incapable of a generous action, had she refused the only request her humble condition had given her the opportunity of granting, at that time, with innocence? Would he not have thought the humble cottager as capable of infolence, and vengeance too, in her

^{*} See Vol. I. page 127. † Vol. II. page 164.

¹ Vol. II. page 165.

Vol. I. page 130.

turn, as the better born? and that she wanted but the power, to shew the like unreleating temper, by which she had so grievoully suffered?—And might not this have given him room to think me (and to have resumed and-prosecuted his purposes accordingly) fitter for an arrogant kept mistress, than an humble and obliged wise?

'I fee,' (might he not have faid?) 'the girl has strong passions and resentments; and the that has, will be acted, and sometimes governed, by them.—
I will improve upon the hint she herself thas now given me, by her inexorable temper:—I will gratify her revenge, till I turn it upon herself: I will indulge

her pride, till I make it administer to her fall: for a wife I cannot think of in the low-born cottager; especially when the has lurking in her all the pride and arrogance,' (you know, my ladies, his haughty way of speaking of our sex) of

the better defeended.—And by a little
perfeverance, and watching her unguarded hours, and applying temptations to her paffions, I shall first disco-

ver them, and then make my advantage

of them.

Might not this have been the language, and this the resolution, of such a dear wicked intriguer?-For, my lady, you can hardly conceive the struggles he apparently had to bring down his high spirit. to fo humble a level. And though, I hope, all would have been, even in this quarfi case, ineffectual, through Divine grace, yet how do I know what lurking vileness might have appeared by degrees in this frail heart, to have encouraged his defigns, and to have augmented my trials and my dangers? And perhaps downright violence might have been used, if he could not, on one hand, have subdued his passions, nor, on the other, have over-come his pride. A pride, that every one, reflecting upon the disparity of birth and condition between us, would have dignified with the name of decency; a pride that was become fuch an effential part of the dear gentleman's character, in this instance of a wife, that although he knew he could not keep it up, if he made me happy, yet it was no small motive in his choosing me, in one respect, because he

expected from me more humility, more fubmission, than he thought he had reafon to flatter himself would be paid him by a lady equally born and educated: and of this I will fend your ladyship an instance, in a transcription from that part of * my journal you have not feen, of his lessons to me, on the occasion your ladyship so well remembers, of my incurring his displeasure by interposing between yourfelf and him t in your misunderstanding at the Hall; for, Madam, I intend to fend, at times, any thing I think worthy of your ladyship's attention, out of those papers you were so kind as to excuse me from sending you in the lump, and many of which must needs have appeared very impertinent to fuch judges.

Thus, could your lady ship have thought it?-have I ventured upon a strange paradox, that even this strongest instance of his debasing himself, is not the weakest of his pride; and he ventured once at Sir Simon Darnford's to fay, in your ladyship's hearing, as you may remember, that, in his conscience, he thought he should hardly have made a tolerable husband to any body but Pamela 1: and why? For the reasons you will see in the inclosed papers, which give an account of the nobleft and earliest curtain-lecture that ever girl had: one of which is, that he expects to be borne with, (complied with, he meant) even when in the wrong: another. that a wife should never so much as expostulate with him, though he was in the wrong, till by complying with all he infifted upon, the should have shewn him, the defigned rather to convince him for his own fake, than for contradiction's fake: and then another time, perhaps he might take better resolutions

I hope, from what I have faid, it will appear to your ladyship, and to Lady Betty too, that I am justified, or at least excused, in pardoning Mrs. Jewkes: and I have yet another reason behind, for doing so, had she been as absolutely in my power, as the wish of the most refenting person in the world could have made her; and that is, the hope I had, that the poor creature, by being continued in a family where the gentleman gave hopes of so desirable a reformation, and where the example of the person he

See Vol. II. page 258, & feq. † Ibid. page 260. 1 See Vol. II. page 257. \$ Ibid. page 260.

was about to honour in fo eminent a degree, beyond all that could have been hoped for by her a few days before, might possibly contribute to make her change her manner of thinking, as well as act-

I looked upon the poor wretch, in all her deportment to me, in my days of trial, as one devoted to perdition; as one who had no regard to a future state; but while she could live in ease and plenty for a poor remainder of years, cared not what she did, and was ready to undertake any thing which persons of power and riches would put her upon; and who, were she to be turned off disgracefully, at my defire, befides that I should thereby shew myself to be of an implacable spirit, might have been entertained by fome profligate persons, to whose baseness such a woman might be useful; and that then her power to do mischief would have been augmented, and she would have gone on more fuccefsfully to do the devil's work; and feveral innocent creatures might have been entangled, like fo many thoughtless fles, in the infnaring web of this venomous-hearted spider, which I had so happily escaped. 'Is it not better then,' thought I, ' if I can imprint conviction ' upon the poor wretch,' whom it's hopeful forerunner spame had already taken hold of, ' and add the delightful hope of mischiefs prevented, to that of " a foul reclaimed?" And may not I, who have been so hardly used by her, for that very reason, have more influence upon her than any other person, even the best of divines, could have?

Nay, would not this behaviour of mine, very probably, operate ou a much higher and nobler subject, her dear naughty mafter, and let him fee the force and amiableness of conquering one's self? that there must be something in that duty which could make so young a creature regard it, in an instance so difficult to some minds, (and especially to the passionate and high-born) that of forgiving injuries, where there is a power to revenge,

and of returning good for evil?

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And then, when no fullen behaviour to the poor wretch, on my fide, took place; no diftant airs were affected, no angry brow put on, nor sharpness of speech used, towards one who might expect all these from me; would it not shew him, that I was fincere in my forgivenefs? that I was not able to bear malice? was a stranger to revenge? had truly that

foftness of nature, and placableness of difpolition, which he holds to be the greatest merit in our fex; and which, I dare fay, your ladyship will join with me in opinion, is indifpenfably necessary to the happy life of the person who is his wife?

Then I have no notion of that flight distinction I have so often heard between forgive and forget, when persons have a mind to split hairs, and to distinguish away their Christian duties by a word, and fay- I must forgive such an action, but I will never forget it:' when I would rather fay- 'I will remember fuch an action, in order for my future guard, but I will forgive it as-often as I re-' member it: or else I will try to forget ' it for ever, if it will occasion a breach ' in my Christian charity.

I will only add, that I thought it would not be wrong to keep her, as, befides what I have mentioned, it would induce the world to think, that Mr. B. had not gone fuch very wicked lengths, as might have been imagined, if the had not beer supportable to me in the same house. And who knows, moreover, what she might have reported of both, had she been

difmiffed ?

How, then, dearest ladies, if these confiderations have any weight, could I act any otherwise than I did, either with respect to your honoured brother, myself, or the poor woman? And when I tell your ladyships, that I have all the reason in the world to be pleafed with this manner of acting, when I consider the confidence it hath given me with Mr. B. and (what I was very defirous of) the good effects it hath had upon the woman herfelf, I dare fay, both your ladyships opinions will be in my favour on this

But your dear brother has just fent me word, that supper waits for me; and the polt being ready to go off, I defer till the next opportunity what I have to fay as to these good effects; and am, in the mean time, your ladysbip's most obliged and faithful fervant,

P. B.

LETTER XVI.

MY DEAR LADY,

Will now acquaint you with the good effects my behaviour to Mrs. Jewkes has had upon her, as a farther juffification of my conduct towards the poor woman.

That the began to be affected as I wished, appeared to me before I left the Hall, net only in the conversations I had with her after my happinels was completed; but in her general demeanour also to the fervants, to the neighbours, and in her devout behaviour at church : and this still further appears by a letter I have received from Miss Darnford. I dare say your ladyship will be pleased with the perusal of the whole letter, although a part of it would answer my present design : and in confidence, that you will excuse, for the fake of it's other beauties, the high and undeferved praifes which she so lavishly bestows upon me, I will transcribe it all.

FROM MISS DARNFORD TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR NEIGHBOUR THAT WAS,

I Must depend upon your known goodness to excuse me for not writing before now, in answer to your letter of compliment to us, for the civilities and favours, as you call them, which you received from us in Lincolnshire, where we were infinitely more

obliged to you, than you to us. The truth is, my papa has been much disordered with a kind of rambling * rheumatism, to which the physicians, e learnedly fpeaking, give the name of antbritica waga, or the flying gout; and when he ails ever so little, (it fignifies nothing concealing his infirmities, where they are fo well known, and when he cares not who knows them) he is fo peevish, and wants so much attendante, that my mamma, and her two girls (one of which is as waspish as her papa; you may be fure I don't mean myfelf) have much ado to make his worthip keep the peace: and I being his favourite, when he is indisposed, because I have most patience, if I may give myself a good word, he calls upon me continually, to read to him when he is grave, which is not often indeed, and to tell him stories and sing to him, when he is merry; and fo I have been employed as a principal person about him, till I have frequently become fad to make him chearful, and happy when I could do it at any rate. For once in a pet, he flung a book at my head, because I had not attended him for two hours, and he could not bear to be flighted by little baftards, that was his word, that were fathered upon him for

his vexation! O these men! Fathers or husbands, much alike! the one tyranincal, the other insolent; so that, between one and t'other, a poor girl has nothing for it, but a few weeks courtship, and perhaps a first month's bridalry, if that; and then she is as much
a slave to a husband, as she was a vasfal
to her father—I mean, if the father be
a Sir Simon Darnford, and the spouse
a Mr. B.

'But I will be a little more grave; for a graver occasion calls for it, and yet an occasion that will give you real pleasure. It is the very great change that the example you have left behind you has had upon your housekeeper.

You defired her to keep up as much regularity as the could among the fervants there; and fhe is next to exemplary in it, so that she has every one's good word. She speaks of her lady not only with respect, but reverence; and calls it a bleffed day for all the family, and particularly for herfelf, that you came into Lincolnshire. She reads prayers, or makes one of the fervants read them, every Sunday night; and never misses being at church, morning and afternoon; and is preparing herfelf, by Mr. Peters's advice and direction, for receiving the facrament; which she earnestly longs to receive, and fays it will be the feal of her refor-

Mr. Peters gives us this account of her, and fays the is full of contrition for her path mif-fpent life, and is often asking him, if fuch and fuch fins can be forgiven? and among them, names her vile behaviour to her angel-lady, as

the calls you.

It feems the has written a letter to you, which passed Mr. Peters's revisal, before the had the courage to fend it; and prides herfelf that you have favoured her with an answer to it, which, she fays, when she is dead, will be found ina cover of black filk next her heart; for any thing from your hand, she is fure, will contribute to make her keep her good purposes; and for that reafon the places it there; and when the has any bad thoughts, or is guilty of any faulty word, or passionate expresfion, the recollects her lady's letter, and that recovers her to a calm, and puts her again into a better frame.

'As the has written to you, 'tis pof-

· ble of reading this account of her; but yet you will not be displeased, that so free a liver and speaker should have some testimonial besides her own affurances, to vouch for the fincerity of her reformation.

What a happy lady are you, that perfuafion dwells upon your tongue, and reformation follows your example! We all hear continually of your excellences. Every body is proud of speaking of you, and of having fomething to fay of what they observe in you. This makes us long more and more to fee you here again. My papa t'other day faid, he wished you'd undertake him. ' This is not the least of what is admirable in you, that professed rakes and libertines, who take upon themselves to ridicule feriousness in every body elfe, speak of you with reverence; and while they attribute pharifaical pride, or affectation, or hypocrify, to other good persons, they say, you are a credit "to religion, and that adorns you, and you that.

' Happy, thrice happy Mrs. B.! May you long live the ornament of your fex, and a credit to all your acquaintance! Such examples as you fet, how are they wanted in an age so depraved? I fear not making you proud, fince praise but puts the worthy upon enlarging their defervings: for who, as I heard you once fay, can fit down eafy under imputed commendations they do not deferve? If they will not disclaim the praise they have not merited, when applied to their conduct, they give an earnest, by receiving it, that they will endeavour to do it, and ought never to rest till they have made themselves a title to it.

' Happy Mr. B. !-But why fay I fo? fince with more propriety, I may fay, happy every one who fees, who knows, who converses with Mrs. B. not more the glory of the humble cot, than the

ornament of the stately palace!
' If you knew how I love you, you would favour me with your presence and conversation, if it was in your own power to do fo; and then I would rank myfelf among the bappies, and call myself, The bappy

' POLLY DARNFORD.'

Your ladyship will, as I said, forgive me what may appear like vanity in this communication. Miss Darnford is a charming young lady. I always admired her; but her letters are the fweetest, kindest!-But I am too much the subject of her encomiums, and fo will fay no more; but add here a copy of the pour woman's letter to me; and your ladyship will fee what an ample correspondence you have opened to yourfelf, if you go on to countenance it.

HONOURED MADAM,

I Have been long labouring under ' two difficulties; the defire I had to write to you, and the fear of being thought prefumptuous, if I did. But I will depend on your goodness, so often tried; and put pen to paper, in that very closet, and on that very desk, which once were so much used by your dearfelf, when I was acting a part, that now cuts me to the heart, to think of. But you forgave me, Madam, and shewed me you had too much goodness to revoke your forgiveness. And could I have filenced the reproaches of my own heart, I should have had no cause to think I had ever offended.

But, Oh! Madam, how has your goodness to me, which once filled me with fo much gladness, now, on reflection, made me forrowful, and at times miserable-To think, I should act so barbaroufly as I did, by fomuch fweet+ ness, and so much forgiveness! Every place that I remember to have used you hardly in, how does it now fill me with fadness, and makes me often smite my breaft, and fit down with tears and groans, bemoaning my vile actions, and my hard heart! How many places are there in this melancholy fine house, that call one thing or other to my remembrance, that give me remorfe! But the pond and the woodhouse, whence I dragged you so mercilessly, after I had driven you to defpair almost, what thoughts do they bring to my remembrance! - Then my wicked in Rigations -What an odious wretch was I!

' Had his honour been as abandoned as myfelf, what virtue had been deftroyed between bis orders and my too rigorous execution of them; nay, ftretching them, to shew my wicked zeal, to serve a master, whom, though I honoured, I should not (as you more than once hinted to me, but with no effect at all, so resolutely wicked was my heart) have so well obeyed in his unlawful commands!

His honour has made you amends,
has done justice to your merits, and so
atoned for his fault. But as for me, it
is out of my power ever to make reparation. All that is left me, is, to let
your ladyship see, that your pious example has made such an impression
upon me, that I am miserable now in
the ressection upon my past guilt.

* You have forgiven me, and GOD
will, I hope; for the creature cannot
be more merciful than the Creator;
that is all my hope!—Yet fometimes,
I dread that I am forgiven here, at
leaft not punished, in order to be pumished the more hereafter!—What then
will become of the unhappy wretch,
that has thus lived in a state of fin, and
had so qualified herself by a course of
wickedness, as to be thought a proper
instrument for the worst purposes that
any one could be employed in?
Good your ladyship, let not my ho-

noured master see this letter. He will think I have the boldness to reflect upon him; when, God knows my heart, . I only write to condemn myfelf, and my unawomanly actions, as you were pleafed often most justly to call them. But I might go on thus for ever accufing myfelf, not confidering whom · I am writing to; and whose precious time I am taking up. But what I chiefly write for, I am not come to yet; that is, to beg your ladyship's prayers for me. For oh, Madam, I fear I shall else be for ever miserable! We every week hear of the good you do, and the charity you extend to the bodies of the miserable. Extend, I beseech you, good Madam, to the unhappy Jewkes, the mercy of your prayers, and tell me if you think I have not finned beyond hope of pardon; for there is a woe denounced against the presumptuous finner.

departure, on the confession of my remore for my missions, and my promise of amendment, that you would take it for a proof of my being in earnest, if I would endeavour to keep up a regularity among the servants here; if I would subdue them with kindness, as I had owned myself subdued; and if I would endeavour to make every one think, that the best fecurity they could give of their doing their duty to their master in his absence, was by doing it

to God Almighty, from whose all-seeing eye nothing can be hid. This, I remember, your ladyship told me, was the best test of fidelity and duty, that any servants could shew; since it was impossible without religion, but that worldly convenience, or self-interest, must be the main tie; and so the worst actions might succeed, if servants thought they should find their fordid advantage in facrificing their duty.

'So well am I convinced of this truth,
that I hope I have begun the example
to good effect; and as no one in the family was so wicked as I, it was therefore less difficult to reform them; and
you will have the pleasure to know, that
you have now servants here, whom you
need not be ashamed to call yours.

need not be ashamed to call yours.
Tis true, I found it a little difficult at first to keep them within sight of their duty, after your ladyship departed but when they saw I was in earnest, and used them courteously, as you advised, and as your usage of me convinced me was the rightest usage; when they were told I had your commands to acquaint you how they conformed to your injunctions; the task became easy; and I hope we shall all be still more and more worthy of the favour of so good a lady, and so bountiful a master.

'I dare not prefume upon the honour of a line to your unworthy fervant. 'Yet it would pride me much, if I could have it. But I shall ever pray for your ladyship's and his honour's telicity, as becomes your undeferving fervant,

' K. JEWKES.'

I have already, with these transcribed letters of MissDarnford and Mrs. Jewkes, written a great deal: but nevertheless, as there yet remains one passage in your ladyship's letter, relating to Mrs. Jewkes, that seems to require an answer, I will take notice of it, if I shall not quite tire your patience.

That passage is this; Lady Betty rightly observes, says your ladyship, that he knew what a vile woman she [Mrs. Jewkes] was, when he put you into her power; and, no doubt, employed her, because he was sure she would answer all his purposes; and that therefore she should have had very little opinion of the since-rity of his reformation, while he was so so solicitous in keeping her there,

She

She would, she fays, had she been in your case, have had one struggle for her dismission, let it have been taken as it would; and he that was so well pleased with your virtue, must have thought this a natural consequence of it, if he was in carnest to become virtuous himself.

But alas! Madam, he was not fo well pleafed with my virtue for fake's fake, as Lady Betty thinks he was. He would have been glad at that very time, to have found me lefs refolved on that fcore. He did not fo much as pretend to any dispo-

fition to virtue. No, not he!

He had entertained, as it proved, a strong passion for me. This passion had been heightened by my refisting of it. His pride, and the advantages he had both of person and fortune, would not let him brook controul; and when he could not have me upon his own terms, God turned his evil purpoles to good ones; and he refolved to fubmit to mine, or rather to fuch as he found I would not yield to him without. For all this time I had no terms to propole. Neither my low fortunes, my unjust captivity, nor my fex, nor unexperienced youth, (not a foul near me whom I could call my friend, or whose advice I could ask) permitted me to offer any terms to him, had I been difposed to have disputed his will, or his intercession for the woman; which, as I have faid, I was not. I had but one steady purpose to adhere to, and having grace given me to adhere to that, he refolved, fince he could not conquer his paffion for me, to make me his with honour. But still I doubt, as I said, this was not for the love of virtue at that time. That came afterwards, and I hope will always be his governing motive, in his future actions; and then I shall be happy indeed!

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But Lady Betty thinks, I was to blame to put Mrs. Jewkes upon a foot, in the prefent I made on my nuptials, with Mrs. Jervis. But the case was rather this, that I put Mrs. Jervis on a foot with Mrs. Jewkes; for the dear gentleman had named the sum he would have me give Mrs. Jewkes*, and I would not give Mrs. Jewkes*, and I would not give Mrs. Jervis less, because I loved her better; nor more could I give her, on that occasion, without making such a difference between two persons equal in station, on a solemnity too where one was present and affishing, the other not, as

would have shewn such a partiality, as might have induced their master to conclude, I was not so sincere in my forgiveness, as he hoped from me, and as I really was.

But a stronger reason still was behind; that I could, in a much more agreeable manner, both to Mrs. Jervis and myself, shew my love and my gratitude to the dear good woman: and this I have taken care to do, in the manner I will submit to your ladyship; at the tribunal of whose judgment I am willing all my actions, respecting your dear brother, shall be tried. And I hope your ladyship will not think me a too prosuse or lavish creature; I hope you won't have reason for it: yet, if you think you have, pray, my dear lady, don't spare me; for if you shall judge me prosuse is one article, I will en-

But I will make what I have to fay on this head the subject of a letter by itself: and am, mean time, your ladysbip's most

obliged and obedient ferwant,

deavour to fave it in another.

P. B.

LETTER XVII.

MY DEAR LADY,

T is needful, in order to let you more intelligibly into the subject where I left off in my laft, that your lady ship should know, that your generous brother has made me his almoner, as I was my late dear lady's; and has ordered Mr. Longman to pay me fifty pounds † quarterly, for purposes of which he requires no account, though I have one always I ready to produce; and he has given me other fums to enable me to do all the good I can to distressed objects, at my first setting out. Thus enabled, your ladyship knows not how many honest hearts I have made glad already, and how many more I hope to rejoice before a year is at an end, and yet keep within my limits.

Now, Madam, as I knew Mrs. Jervis was far from being eafy in her circumfances, thinking herfelf obliged to pay old || debts for two extravagant children, who are both dead, and maintaining in fchooling and clothes three of their children, which always keeps her bare; I took upon me one day, as the and I fat together, atour needles, to fay to her, (as we are always running over old ftories,

1 Ibid, p. 274. | Vol. I. p. 54.

[·] See Vol. II. p. 209. + Ibid, p. 270.

when we are alone) 'My good Mrs.

Jervis, will you allow me to ask you after yourown private affairs, and if you
are tolerably easy in them?'

You are very good, Madam,' faid the, ' to concern yourfelf about my poor matters, fo much as you have to employ your thoughts about, and fo much as every moment of your time is taken up, from the hour you rife, to the time of your reft. But I can with great pleafure attribute it to your bounty, and that of my honoured mafter, that I am easier and easier every day.'

faid I, how your matters particularly fand. I love to mingle concerns with my friends, and as I hide nothing from you, I hope you'll treat me with equal freedom; for I always loved you, and always will; and nothing but death fall divide our friendfhip.

She had tears of gratitude in her eyes, and taking off her spectacles—' I cannot bear,' faid she, ' so much goodness!—' Oh! my lady!'

Oh! my Pamela, fay, replied I.
How often must I chide you for calling
me any thing but your Pamela, when

" we are alone together?" ' My heart,' faid she, ' will burst with your goodness! I cannot bear it! But you must bear it, and bear still greater exercises to your grateful heart, I can tell you that : a pretty thing, truly! Here I, a poor helpless girl, raifed from poverty and diffress, by the generofity of the best of men, only because I was young and fightly, shall ' put on lady-airs to a gentlewoman born, the wifdom of whose years, and her faithful services, and good management, make her a much greater merit in this family, than I can pretend to have! And return, shall I? in the day of my power, infult and haughtiness for the
 kindness and benevolence I received from her in that of my indigence!-Indeed, I won't forgive you, my dear Mrs. Jervis, if I think you capable of looking upon me in any other light fran as your daughter; for you have been a mother to me, when the absence

every day from you. Then moving my chair nearer her, and taking her hand, and wiping, with my handkerchief in my other, her reverend check, * Come, come, my dear fecond

of my own could not afford me the

comfort and good counsel I received

mother, faid I, call me your daughter, your Pamela: I have passed many sweet hours with you under that name: and as I have but too seldom such an opportunity as this, open to me your worthy heart, and let me know, if I cannot make my second mother as easy and happy as our dear master has made my first.

She hung her head on her shoulder, and I waited till the discharge of her tears gave time for utterance to her words; prevoking only her speech, by saying—

'You used to have three grandchildren
to provide for in clothes and schooling.
They are all living, I hope?'

Yes, Madam, they are living: and your last bounty (twenty guineas was a great sum, and all at once!) made me very easy and very happy!

' How easy, and how happy, Mrs. Jervis?'

Why, my dear lady, I paid five to one old creditor of my unhappy fons; five to a fecond; and two and a half to two others, in proportion to their reflective demands; and with the other five I paid off all arrears of the poor childrens schooling and maintenance; and every one is satisfied and easy, and all declare theywill never do harsh things by me, if they are paid no more.

But tell me, Mrs. Jervis, what you owe in the world, put all together; and you and I will contrive, with justice to our best friend, to do all we can, to make you quite easy; for, at your time of life, I cannot bear that you shall have any thing to disturb you, which I can remove, and so, my dear Mrs. Jervis, let me know all.

Come, I know your debts, (dear, juft, good woman as you are!) like David's fins, are ever before you: so come, putting my hand in her pocket, 'let me be a friendly pickpocket: let me take out your memorandum-book, and we will see how all matters stand, and what can be done. Come, I see you are too much moved; your worthy heart is too much affected; (pulling out her book, which she always had about her) 'I will go to my closet, and return presently.'

So I left her to recover her spirits, and retired with the good woman's book to my closet.

Your dear brother stepping into the parlour just after I had gone out, 'Where's 'your lady, Mrs. Jervis?' said he. And

being told, came up to me:— What ails the good woman below, my dear? faid he: 'I hope you and she have had 'no words?'

'No, indeed, Sir,' answered I. 'If
we had, I am sure it would have been
my fault: but I have picked her pocket
of her memorandum-book, in order to
look into her private affairs, to see if I
cannot, with justice to our common
benefactor, make her as easy as you,
Sir, have made my other dear parents.'
A blefsing,' said he, 'upon my charmer's benevolent heart! — I will leave
every thing to your discretion, my
dear.—Do all the good you prudently

I clasped my bold arms about him, the starting tear testifying my gratitude.

Dearest, dear Sir, 'aid I, 'you affect' me as much as I did Mrs. Jervis: and if any one but you had a right to ask, what ails your Pamela? as you do, what ails Mrs. Jervis? I must say, I am hourly so much oppressed by your goodness, that there is hardly any bear-

ing one's own joy.'

' can to your Mrs. Jervis.

He faluted me, and faid, I was a dear obliging creature. 'But,' faid he, 'I came to tell you, that after we have dined, we'll take a turn, if you please, to Lady Arthur's: she has a family of London friends for her guests, and begs I will prevail upon you to give her your company, and attend you myself, only to drink tea with her; for I have told her, we are to have friends to sup with us.'

' I will attend you, Sir,' replied I, most willingly; although I doubt I am to be made a shew of.'

'Something like it,' faid he, 'for she has promised them this favour.'

'I need not dress otherwise than I am?'
'No,' he was pleased toy say, I was always what he wished me to be.

So he left me to my good works, (those were his kind words) and I ran over Mrs. Jervis's accounts, and found a balance drawn of all her matters, in one leaf, in a very clear manner, and a thankful acknowledgment to God, for her matter's last bounty, which had enabled her to give satisfaction to others, and do herfelf great pleasure, as she had written underneath.

The balance of all was thirty-five pounds eleven shillings and odd pence; and I went to my escritoir, and took out forty pounds, and down I hasted to my good Mrs. Jervis, and I said to her— 'Here, my dear good friend, is your pocket-book; but are thirty-five or thirty-fix pounds all you owe, or are bound for in the world?'

'It is, Madam,' faid she, 'and enough too. It is a great sum; but 'tis in four hands, and they are all in pretty good circumstances, and so convinced of my honesty, that they will never trouble me for it; for I have reduced the debt every year something, since I have been in my master's fervice.'

'Nor shall it ever be in any body's porver,' faid I, 'to trouble you: I'll

tell you how we'll order it.

So I fat down, and made her fit down by me. 'Here, my dear Mrs. Jervis, is forty pounds. It is not fo much to me now, as the * two guineas were to you, that you would have given me, if I would have accepted of them, at my going away from this house to my father's, as I thought. But I will not give it you neither, at least at present, as you shall hear: indeed I won't make you so uneasy as that comes to. But here, take this, and pay the thirty-five pounds odd money to the utmost farthing; and the remaining four pounds odd will be a little fund in advance towards the children's fchooling. And thus you shall repay it: I always defigned, as our dear mafter added five guineas per annum to your falary, in acknowledgment of the pleafure he took in your fervices, when I was Pamela Andrews, to add five pounds per annum to it from the time I became Mrs. B. But from that time, for fo many years to come, you shall receive no more than you did, till the whole forty pounds be repaid. And fo, my dear Mrs. Jervis, you won't have any obligation to me, you know, but for the advance; and that is a poor matter, not to be spoken of: and I will have leave for it, for fear I should die.

Had your ladyfhip feen the dear good woman's behaviour, on this oceasion, you would never have forgotten it. She could not speak: tears ran down her cheeks in plentiful currents: her modest hand, put gently from her my offering hand, and her bosom heav'd, and she sobb'd with the painful tumult that seemed to struggle within her, and which, for some few moments, made her incapable of speaking.

At last, I rifing, and putting my arm round her neck, and wiping her eyes, and kiffing her cheek, the cried- My dear, my excellent lady! 'tis too much! too " much! I cannot bear all this.'-And then she threw herself at my feet; for I was not ftrong enough to hinder it; and with uplifted hands-' May God Al-" mighty," faid the-I kneeled by her, and clasping her hands in mine, both uplifted together- 'May God Almighty, faid I, drowning her voice with my louder voice, ' bleis us both together, for many "happy years! And may he bleis and reward the dear gentleman, who has thus enabled me to make the widow's heart " to fing for joy!"

Dear good woman,' faid I, rifing, and raifing her, 'do you think you shall outdo me in prayers and praises to the Fountain of all these mercies?—Do you think you shall?—And while I am impowered to do good to so many worthy objects abroad, shall I forget to make

" my dear Mrs. Jervis happy at home?"

And thus, my lady, did I force upon
the good woman's acceptance the forty

pounds.

Permit me, Madam, to close this letter here, and to resume the subject in my next: till when I have the honour to be your ladyship's most obliged and faithful servant,

P. B.

LETTER XVIII.

MY DEAR LADY,

I Now refume my laft fubject where I left off, that your ladyship may have the whole before you at one view.

I went after dinner, with my dear benefactor, to Lady Arthur's; and met with fresh calls upon me for humility, having the two natural effects of the praises and professed admiration of that lady's guests, as well as my dear Mr. B.'s, and those of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur, to guard myfelf against: and your good brother was pleafed to entertain me in the chariot going and coming, with an account of the orders he had given in relation to the Lundon house, which is actually-taken, and the furniture he should direct for it : fo that I had no opportunity to tell him what I had done in relation to Mrs. Jervis.

But after supper, retiring from company to my cloict, when his friends were

gone, he came up to me about our usual bed-time: he enquired kindly after my employment, which was trying to read in the French Telemachus: for, my lady, I am learning French, I'll affure you! And who, do you think, is my master?— Why, the best I could have in the world, your dearest brother, who is pleased to say, I am no dunce: how inexcusable should I be, if I was, with such a master, who teaches me on his knee, and rewards me with a kis whenever I do well and says, I have already nearly mastered the accent and pronunciation, which he tells me is a great difficulty got over.

I requested him to render for me into English two or three places that were beyond my reach; and when he had done it, he asked me, in French, what I had

done for Mrs. Jervis?

'I dare answer for your prudence, my dear,' he was pleased to say: 'but this is your favourite: let me know, when you have so bountiful a heart to strangers, what you do for your favourites?'

I then faid—'Permit my bold eye, Sir, to watch yours, as I obey you; and you know you must not look full upon me then; for if you do, how shall I look at you again; how see, as I proceed, whether you are displeased? for you will not chide me in words, so partial have you the goadness to be to all I do.'

He put his arm round me, and looked down now-and-then, as I defired; for, O! Madam, he is all condefeension and goodness to his unworthy, yet grateful Pamela! And I told him all I have written to your ladyship about the forty pounds.—'And now, dear Sir,' said I, half hiding my face on his shoulder, 'you have heard what I have done, chide or beat your Pamela, if you please; it shall be all kind from you, and matter of future direction and caution.'

He raifed my head, and kiffed me two or three times, faying—' Thus then I 'chide, I beat, my angel!—And yet I 'have one fault to find with you; and let 'Mrs. Jervis, if not in bed, come up to 'us, and hear what it is; for I will expose 'you, as you deserve, before her.' My Polly

Pelly being in hearing, attending to know If I wanted her affiftance to undress, I bade her call Mrs. Jervis. And though I thought from his kind looks, and kind words, as well as tender behaviour, that I had not much to fear, yet I was impatient to know what my fault was, for which I was to be exposed.

The good woman came; and as she entered with all that modesty which is so graceful in her, he moved his chair further from me, and, with a fet aspect, but not unpleasant, said- Step in, Mrs. Jervis: your lady,' (for fo, Madam, he will always call me to Mrs. Jervis, and to the fervants) ' has incurred my ' censure, and I would not tell her in " what, till I had you face to face."

She looked furprized-now on me, now on her dear master; and I, not knowing what he would fay, looked a little attentive.—' I am forry—I am very forry for it, Sir,' faid the, curtleying low: but should be more forry, if I were the "unhappy occasion."

Why, Mrs. Jervis, I can't fay but it ' is on your account that I must blame

This gave us both confusion, but especially the good woman; for still I hoped much from his kind behaviour to me just before .- And she said- 'Indeed, · Sir, I could never deferve-

He interrupted her. 'My charge against you, Pamela,' said he, 'is that of niggardliness, and no other; for I will put you both out of your pain: you ought not to have found out the me-

thod of repayment. . The dear creature, faid he, to Mrs. Iervis, ' feldom does any thing that can be mended; but, I think, when your good conduct deserved an annual acknowledgment from me, in addition to your falary, the lady should have fhewed herfelf no less pleased with your fervice than the gentleman .- Had it · been for old acquaintance-fake, for fex-fake, she should not have given me cause to upbraid her on this head .-But I will tell you, that you must look ' upon the forty pounds you have, as the · effect of a just distinction on many accounts; and your falary from last quarter-day shall be advanced, as the dear niggard intended it some years hence, and let me only add, that when my Pamela first begins to shew a cold-

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ness to her Mrs. Jervis, I shall then fuspect she is beginning to decline in that humble virtue, which is now peculiar to herfelf, and makes her the delight of

all who converse with her.'

This was what he was pleafed to fay: thus, with the most graceful generosity, and a nobleness of mind truly peculiar to himself, was he pleased to act: and what. does your ladyfhip think, could Mrs. Jervis or I fay to him?—Why, indeed, nothing at all!-We could only look upon one another, with our eyes full, and our hearts full, of a gratitude that would not permit either of us to speak, but which expressed itself at last in a manner he was pleafed to call more elegant than words, and that was, with uplifted folded hands, and tears of joy.

O my dear lady! how many opportunities have the beneficent rich to make themselves, as well as their fellow creatures, happy! All that I could think, or fay, or act, was but my duty before; what a fense of obligation then must I lie under to this most generous of men!

But here let me put an end to this tedious subject; the principal part of which can have no excuse, if it may not serve as a proof of my chearful compliance with your ladyship's commands, that I recite every thing that is of concern to me, and with the same freedom as I was wont to do to my dear parents.

I have done it, and at the fame time have offered what I had to plead in behalf of my conduct to the two housekeepers, which you expected from me; and I shall therefore close this my humble defence, if I may fo call it, with the affurance that I am, my dearest lady, affurance that I am, your obliged and faithful servant, P. B.

LETTER XIX.

FROM LADY DAVERS TO MRS. B. IN ANSWER TO THE SIX LAST LETTERS.

WHERE she had it, I can't tell; but I think I never met with the fellow of her in my life, at any age; are, as I remember, my brother's words, speaking of his Pamela, in the * early part of your papers. In truth, thou art a furprizing creature; and every letter we

have from you, we have new subjects to admire you for .- Do you think, Lady Betty, faid I, when I had read to the end of the subject about Mrs. Jervis, ' I will not foon fet out to hit this charm-' inggirl a box of the ear or two?'

For what, Lady Davers?' faid she. ". For what!' replied I .- " Why don't " you fee how many flaps of the face the bold flot hits me? - I'll LADY-AIRS her! I will!-I'll teach her to reproach " me, and fo many of her betters, with her cottage excellences, and improve-

Why, you dear charming Pamela, did you only excel me in quords, I could forgive you; for there may be a knack, and a volubility, as to words, that a natural talent may supply; but to be thus outdone in thought and in deed, who can bear it? And in so young an insulter too!

" ments, that shame our education.

Well, Pamela, look to it, when I fee you; you shall feel the weight of my hand, or-the pressure of my lip, one or j'other, depend on it, very quickly: for here, inflead of my stooping, as I thought it would be, to call you fifter, I shall be forced to think in a little while, that you ought not to own me as yours, till I am nearer your standard.

But to come to business, I will summarily take notice of the following particulars in all your obliging letters, in order to convince you of my friendship, by the freedom of my observations on the

subjects you touch upon,

First, then, I am highly pleased with what you write of the advantages you received from the favour of my dear mother; and as you know many things of her by your attendance upon her, in the last three or four years of her life, I must defire you will give me, as opportunity shall offer, all you can recollect in relation to the honoured lady, and of her behaviour and kindness to you, and with a retrospect to your own early beginnings, the dawnings of this your bright day of excellence: and this not only I, but the countefs, and Lady Betty, with whom I am going over your papers again, and her fifter, Lady Jenny, request of you.

2. I am much pleased with your Kentish account; though we wished you had been more particular in some parts of it; for we are greatly taken with your descriptions, and your conversation pieces: yet I own, your honest father's letters, and yours, a good deal supply that de-

fect, as our pleasure in reading your relations makes us call it. Your parents are honest, discreet folks, I see that: I have a value for them; and you're the prudentest creature I ever knew, in all your ways; particularly in the advice you give them about your more distant relations, and to aim at nothing beyond their natural fphere.- Every tittle is right, and as it should be .. On these accounts it is, that all the world will allow, that you, and your parents too, merit the for-

tune you have met with.

3. I am highly delighted with the account you give me of my brother's break. ing to you the affair of Sally Godfrey, and your conduct upon it. 'Tis a fweet ftory as he brought it in, and as you relate it. The wretch has been very just in his account of it. But don't you think he was a fad young fellow? Well may you be thankful for your escape; well may you !- Your behaviour was what I admire; and so we do all; but none of us think we could have imitated it in all it's parts. We are in love with your charitable reflections in favour of the poor lady; and the more, as she certainly deserved them; and a better mother too than she had, and a faithfuller lover than the met with.

4. You have exactly hit his temper, in your declared love of Miss Goodwin. I fee, child, you know your man; and never fear but you'll hold him, if you can go on thus to act, and out-do your fex. But I should think you might as well not infift upon having her with you; for the girl may be pert, perhaps infolent (you know who is her father;) you'd not care to check her, for feveral reasons, and this may make you uneasy; for, if you did, he might take it amis, let your motives be ever so good: so I think you'd better fee her now-and-then at the dairy-house, or at school, than have her with you.

But this I leave to your own discretion, and his good pleafure, to determine upon; for in the latter it must rest, let you, or me, or any body, fay what we will.

. You have fully, and to our fatisfaction, answered our objections to your behaviour to Mrs. Jewkes. We had not confidered your circumstances quite so thoroughly as we ought to have done, You are a charming girl, and all your motives are so just, that we shall be a little more cautious for the future how we cenfure you. We are particularly pleafed

with the triumphs of your innocence over his and her guilt; and agree, that they are the rightest and best-to-be-defended motives for pride, that ever were set before us.

In short, I say with the countess—
This good girl is not without her pride;
but it is the pride that becomes, and can
only attend, the innocent heart; and
I'll warrant, said her ladyship, no-

body will become her station so well, as one who is capable of so worthy a

pride as this.'

But what a curtain-lecture hadft thou, Pamela! A noble one, doft thou call it!

Why, what a wretch haft thou got, to expect thou fhouldft never expostulate against his lordly will, even when in the wrong, till thou hast obeyed it, and, of consequence, joined in the evil he imposes!

He says, indeed, in small points: but I suppose he is to judge which are and which

are not small.

Thus, I remember, my brother himfelf took notice once of a proposal in the House of Commons, to grant the crown a very great sum to answer civil list deficiencies, which being opposed by the minority, the minister found out an expedient, that they might give the money first, and examine into the merits of the demand asterwards. So we read, that, in some countries, an accused perfon is put to death, and then tried; and all he has to hope for while he lives, is, that his relations, and his own family, will be released from obloquy if an acquittal ensues.

Much good may fuch a husband do you, fays Lady Betty! — Every body will admire you, but no one will have reason to envy you upon those principles. Yet, I don't know how it is, but this is evident, that, at present, there is not a happier couple in the world than

you two are.

6. I am pleased with your promise of fending me what you think I shall like to see, out of those papers you choose not to shew me collectedly: this is very obliging. You're a good girl; and I love

you dearly.

7. We have all finiled at your paradox, Pamela, that his marrying you was an instance of his pride. The thought, though, is pretty enough, and ingenious: but whether it will hold or not, I won't just now examine.

8. Your observation on the forget

and forgive we are much pleased with, and think you have distinguished well on that head.

9. You are a very good girl for sending me a copy of Miss Darnford's letter. She is a charming young lady. I always had a great opinion of her merit; her letter abundantly confirms me in it. I hope you'll communicate to me every letter that passes between you; and pray send me in your next a copy of your answer to her letter: I must insist upon it, I think.

ro. I am glad, with all my heart, to hear of poor Jewkes's reformation. Your example carries all before it. But pray oblige me with your answer to her letter, don't think me unreasonable: 'tis all for your sake. You must needs know that, or you know nothing. For I think you deserve all Miss Darnford says of you;

and that's a great deal too.

Pray-have you feen Jewkes's letter to your good friend?-Lady Betty wants to know (if you have) what he could fay to it? For, she says, it cuts him to the quick. And I think to too, if he takes it as he ought: but, as you fay, he's above loving virtue for wirtue's fake, I warrant him. He likes it in a wife, because 'tis a husband's fecurity against the law of retaliation. There's a great deal in that, I can tell you. I once heard the wretch hold an argument that women had no fouls. I asked him, if he were to marry. whether he'd have his wife all as if the believed this doctrine to be good? That was another thing, he faid! he was for having his wife think she had, he must own: fuch a belief could do hor no harm. Ah! Pamela, for theory and practice too, I doubt, never was fuch a rake, for one not quite a town debauchee!

Jervis, with fo handfome a regard to my brother's interest, her behaviour upon it, and your relation of the whole, and of his generous spirit in approving, reproving, and improving your prudent generolity, make no inconsiderable figure in your papers. And Lady Betty says—

Hang him, he has some excellent qualities too—It is impossible not to think well of him; and his good actions go

a great way towards atoning for his bad. But you, Pamela, have the glory of all. We defire, particularly, that you will never omit any of those moving scenes, which you so well describe, be the occasion what it will: for they are na-

ture, and that's your excellence. Keep to that; for one more learned, I verily think, could not write as you do, nor instruct; and delight, and move all at once,

fo very engagingly.

12. I am glad you are learning French: thou art a happy girl in thy teacher, and be is a happy man in his scholar. We are pleased with the pretty account you give us of his method of instructing and rewarding. 'Twould be strange, if you did not learn any language quickly under fuch methods, and with fuch encouragements, from the man you love, were your genius less apt than it is. But we wished you had enlarged on that subject : for fuch fondness of men to their wives, who have been any time married, is fo rare, and so unexpected from my brother, that we thought you should have written a fide upon that subject at least.

What a bewitching girl art thou! What an exemplar to wives now, as well as thou wast before to maidens! Thou canst tame lions, I dare say, if thou'dst try .- Reclaim a rake in the meridian of his libertinism, and make such an one as my brother not only marry thee, but love thee better at several months end, than he did the first day, if possible! Wonderful girl! Yet useft thou no arts but honest ones, fuch as prudence directs, nature points out, and fuch as make duty delightful, even commanding most, when thou

feemest most to submit.

It must be owned indeed, that thou haft no brutal mind to deal with: bad as he is, it must be said, that thou hast a sensible and a generous heart to work upon; one who takes no glory in the blind submission of a slave; but, like a true Briefft monarch, delights to reign in a free, rather than in an abject mind. Yet is he jealous as a tyrant of his prerogative: but you have found the way to lay that watchful dragon afleep, and fo possess the golden fruits of content and true pleasure, the due reward of your matchless conduct.

Now, my dear Pamela, I think I have taken notice of the most material articles in your letters, and have no more to fay to you; but, write on, and oblige us; and mind to fend me the copy of your letter to Miss Darnford, of that you wrote to poor penitent Jewkes, and every article I have written about, and all that

comes into your head, or that paffes, and you'll oblige your's, &c.

B. DAVERS.

LETTER XX.

Read with pleasure your commands in your last kind and obliging letter; and you may be fure of a ready obedience in every one of them, that is in my power.

That which I can most easily do, I will first do; and that is, to transcribe the answer I sent to Miss Darnford*, and that to Mrs. Jewkes, the former of which (and a long one it is) is as follows:

DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

Begin now to be afraid I shall not ' have the pleasure and benefit I promised myself of passing a fortnight or three weeks at the Hall, in your fweet conversation, and that of your worthy family, as well as those others in your agreeable neighbourhood, whom I must always remember with equal ho-

nour and delight.

'The occasion will be principally, that we expect very foon a visit from Lord and Lady Davers, who propose to tarry here a fortnight at least; and after that, the advanced feafon will carry us to London, where Mr. B. has taken a house for his winter-residence; and in order to attend parliament: a fervice, he fays, which he has been more deficient in hitherto, than he can either answer to his constituents, or to his own conscience; for though, he fays, he is but one, yet if any good motion should be lost by one, every abfent member, who is independent, has it to reproach himfelf with the confequences that may follow on the lofs of that good which might otherwise redound to the commonwealth. And befides, he fays, fuch excufes as he could make, every one might plead; and then publick affairs might as well be left to the administration, and no parliament be chosen.

He observed further on this subject, that every absent member, in such cases, indirectly abets the minister, be he who he will, in all his defigns, be they what they will; and is even less excusable to his country, than the man, who, for a transitory benefit to his private family, takes a pension or reward for his vote; fince the difference is only that the one paffively rums his country by neglect and indolence, which can do nobody good, and the other more actively for a bribe; which practice, though ruinous in the end to the whole publick, in which his own private is included, yet ferves to answer some present turn or benefit to himself or family.

' See you, my dear Miss Darnford, from the humble cottager, what a pub-* lick person your favoured friend is grown! And behold how easy it is for a bold mind to look forward, and, perhaps, forgetting what she was, now the imagines the has a stake in the country, takes upon herfelf to be as important, as fignificant, as if, like my dear Miss Darnford, she had been born to it! But if, nevertheless, I am cenfured for troubling my head with politicks, let me answer, that I am at liberty, I hope, to tell you Mr. B.'s fentiments of these high matters: and that

is all I have done.

Well; but may I not presume to ask, whether, if the mountain cannot come to Mahomet, Mahomet will not come to the mountain? fince Lady Davers's visit is so uncertain as to it's beginning and duration, and so great a favour as I am to look upon it, and really shall, it being her first visit to me; -and fince we must go and take possession of our London residence; why can't Sir Simon spare to us the dear lady, whom he could use hardly; and whose attendance (though he is indeed intitled to all her duty) he did not, just in that instance, quite so much deserve? " Well, but after all, Sir Simon," would I fay, if I had been in presence at his peevish hour, "you are a fine gentleman, are you not? to take fuch " a method to thew your good daughter, " that because she did not come foon enough to you, the came too foon! " And did ever papa before you, put a good book (for such I doubt not it was, " because you were in affliction, though " so little affected by it's precepts) to fuch a bad use? As parents exam-As parents exam-" ples are so prevalent, suppose your daughter had taken this very book, " and flung it at her fifter; Miss Nancy " at her waiting-maid; and so it had " gone through the family; would it not have been an excuse for every one to fay, that the father and head of the

" family had fet the example? " But again, Sir Simon, suppose you " had hurt the fweet dove-like eyes of my dear Miss Darnford-Suppose you had bruifed or broken the fine skin of any part of that fine face, which gives, at first fight, so bright a promise of " her still finer mind, what, let me ask you, Sir, could you have faid for yourfelf? How would the dear lady's appearance, with one fweet eye, perhaps, muffled up, with a plaistered forehead, or a veiled cheek, hiding herfelf from every-body but you, and her grieved mamma, and pitying fifter, reproached you for so rash an act ?-nay, reproached you more, by her unreproaching obligingness, and chearful duty, than if (were she capable of " it) she could have spoken in sharp complaints, and expoltulatory wailings? You almost wish, my dear Mis " tells me, that I would undertake you! " -This is very good of you, Sir Sinon," might I (would his patience have fuffered me to run on thus) have " added-" But I hope, fince you are fo " fensible that you want to be under-" taken, (and fince this peevish rashness convinces me, that you do) that you " will undertake yourfelf; that you will not, when your indisposition makes the attendance and duty of your dear lady and daughter necessary, make it more uncomfortable to them, by adding a difficulty of being pleafed, and an impatience of spirit, to the concern their duty and affection make them have for you; and at least, resolvenever to take a book into your hand again, if you cannot make a better use of it, than you did then."

' Pray tell your papa, that I beg the favour of him, to present me with this book, and I will put a mark upon it, and it shall never more either give or receive fuch difgrace, I warrant it. Be it what it will, I will prefent him with

as good a one. 'I will write in it, " Memorandum, " This book, reverfing the author's good " intention, had like to have done mif-" chief next to unpardonable!"-Or, " This book, instead of subduing the " reader's paffions, (I take it for granted, you fee, Miss, it was Seneca's morals, or fome fuch good book) " had " like to have been the cause of a vio-

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" lent evil.—Henceforth, unavailing in" ftructor, be thou condemned to stand
" by thyself on a lone shelf in my closet;
" a shelf most out of mine or any other
" person's reach, for pretending to prescribe rules for subduing the passions
in so inestications a manner! And,
" consigned to dust and cobwebs, not
once presume (in hope to hide thy
" conscious guilt) to squeeze thyself into
" rank with better, or at least with more
convincing teachers!"

But do you think, dear Madam, Sir Simon would be angry, if opportunity had offered, and I had been thus bold? If you think fo, don't let him fee I had fuch thoughts in my head. all, if he were to have been thus freely treated by me, and if he should have blushed with anger at my freedom, 'tis " but what he ought to bear from me; for, more than once has he made me blush for shame, at much greater on his part; nay, and that too, in prefence of his virtuous daughters: fo, that I have but half my revenge upon him yet.—" And will you bear ma-lice," will he fay, "Mrs. B.?"— Yes, Sir Simon, I will; and nothing but your amending the evil can make me forgive a gentleman, that is really a gentleman, who can fo fadly forego his character, and before any compa-" ny, not scruple to expose a modest virgin to the forward leer, and loud laugh, " of younger gentlemen, who durft not " take fuch liberties of speech, as they would faucily chuckle at, when com-" ing from the mouth of one of Sir Si-" mon's authenticating, but better promiling time of life."

But Sir Simon will fay, I have already undertaken him, were he to fee this. Yet my Lady Darnford once begged I would give him a hint or two on this subject, which she was pleased to fay, would be better received from me than from any body: and if it be a little too fevere, it is but a just reprisal made by one whose ears, he knows, he has cruelly wounded more than once, or twice, or three times, befides by what he calls his innocent double entendres, and who, if she had not refented it, when an opportunity offered, must have been believed by him, to be neither more nor lefs than a hypocrite. There's for you, Sir Simon: and to here ends all my malice; for now I have spoken my mind.

' Yet I hope your dear papa will not be fo angry with me neither, as to deny me, for this my freedom, the request I make to him, to your mamma, and to your dear felf, for your beloved company, for a month or two in Bedfordfhire, and at London: and if you might be permitted to winter with us at the latter, how happy should I be! It will be half done the moment you defire it. Sir Simon loves you too well to refuse you, if you are earnest in it. Yourhonoured mamma is always indulgent to your requests: and Mr. B. as well in kindness to me, as for the great respect he bears you, joins with me to beg this favour of you, and of Sir Simon, and my lady.

". If it can be obtained, what pleafure and improvement may I not propose to myself, with so polite a companion, when we are carried by Mr. B. to the play, to the opera, and other of the town diversions! We will work together, visit together, read together, fing together, and improve one another; you me, in every word you shall fpeak, in every thing you shall do; I you, by my questions, and defire of information, which will make you open all your breaft to me; and fo unlocking that dear storehouse of virtuous knowledge, improve your own notions the more for communicating them. O my dear Miss Darnford! how happy is it in your power to make me!

· I am much affected with the account you give me of Mrs. Jewkes's reformation. I could have wished, had I not other and Aronger inducements (in the pleasure of so agreeable a neighbourhood, and so sweet a companion) that on her account, I could have been down at the Hall, in hopes to have confirmed the poor woman in her new, ly assumed penitence. God give her grace to persevere in it !- To be an humble means of faving a foul from perdition! O my dear Miss Darnford, let me enjoy that heart-ravishing hope!—To pluck such a brand as this out of the fire, and to affift to quench it's flaming fusceptibility for mischief, and make it useful to edifying purposes, what a pleafure does this afford one? How does it encourage one to proceed in the way one has been guided to purfue? How does it make me hope, that I am raised to my present condition, in order to be an humble instrument in

the hand of Providence to communicate great good to others, and so extend to many, those benefits I have received, which, were they togo no farther than myself, what a vile, what an ungrateful creature should I be!

' I fee, my dearest Miss Darnford, how useful in every condition of life a virtuous and a ferious turn of mind may

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· How have I feen fome ladies in upper life behave as if they thought good actions, and a pious demeanour, would be so unfashionable, as to make them the subjects of ridicule to the lighterdisposed world, and so they are shamed out of their duty! But let me make it my boaft, that here is fuch a poor girl as I, raised from the cottage to the palace, as I may fay, perfevering in the good purposes which had been inftilled into her, by worthy, though poor parents, and the best of ladies, her mistress, and resolving to be obstinate in goodness, having stood the tests of libertinism; has brought the world to expect good actions from her, to respect her for doing them; and has even found ' her example efficacious, through Divine grace, to bring over to penitence and ' imitation a poor creature who used to ridicule her for nothing fo much as for her innocence and virtue, which, word and thing, were the constant subjects of her scorn, as well as the cause of her perfecution.

'But let me not too much dwell upon the thought, lest I fall into the snare, that, of all others, persons meaning well have reason to dread; that of spiritual pride, the most dangerous of all

pride.

In hopes of feeing you with us, I will not enlarge on feveral agreeable fubjects, which I could touch upon with pleasure, besides what I gave you in my former (of my reception here, and of the kindness of our genteel neighbours;) fuch, particularly, as the arrival here of my dear father and mother, and the kind, generous entertainment they met with from my best friend: his condescension in not only permitting me to attend them to Kent, but accompanying us thither, and fettling them in a most happy manner, beyond their wishes and my own; but yet so much in character, as I may fay, that every one must approve his judicious benevolence: the favours of my good

Lady Davers to me, who, pleafed with my letters, has vouchfafed to become my correspondent; and a thousand, thousand things, which I want personally to communicate to my dear Miss Darnford.

Be pleased to present my humble respects to Lady Darnford, and to Miss
Nanny; to good Madam Jones, and to
your kind friends at Stamford; to Mr.
and Mrs. Peters likewise, and their
kinswoman: and beg of that good gentleman from me to encourage his new
proselyte all he can: and I doubt not,
she will do credit, poor woman! to the
pains he shall take with her. In hopes
of your kind compliance with my
wishes for your company, I remain,
dearest Miss Darnford, your faithful
and obliged friend and servant,

' P. B.

This, my good Lady Davers, is the long letter I fent to Mifs Darnford, who, at parting, engaged me to keep up a correspondence with her, and put me in hopes of passing a month or two with us, at the Hall, if we came down, and if she could persuade Sir Simon and her mamma to spare her to my wishes. Your ladyship will excuse me for so faintly mentioning the honours you confer upon me; but I would not either add or diminish in the communications I make to you.

The following is the copy of what I

wrote to Mrs. Jewkes:

YOU give me, Mrs. Jewkes, very great pleasure to find, that at length God Almighty has touched your heart, and let you fee, while health and ftrength lasted, the error of your ways. Many an unhappy one has not been so graciously touched, till they have fmarted under some heavy afflictions, or till they have been confined to the hed of fickness, when perhaps, they have made vows and refolutions, that have held them no longer than the difcipline lasted : but you give me much better hopes of the fincerity of your con . version; as you are so well convinced, before some fore evil has overtaken you: and it ought to be an earnest to you of the Divine favour, and should keep you from despondency.

As to me, it became me to forgive you, as I most cordially did, fince your usage of me, as it proved, was but a necessary means in the hand of Provi-

Uu a dence,

dence, to exalt me to that flate of haps pinels, in which I have every day more and more cause given me to rejoice, by the kindeft and most generous of gen-

« tlemen.

'As I have often prayed for you, even when you used me the most unkindly, I now praise God for having heard my prayers, and with high delight look upon you as a reclaimed foul given to my fupplication. May the Divine goodness enable you to persevere in the courie you have entered upon! And when you can tafte the all-furpaffing pleasure that fills the worthy breast, on being placed in a station, where your example may be of advantage to the iouls of others, as well as to your own; a pleafare that every good mind glories in, and none elfe can truly relish; then may you be affured, that nothing but your perseverance, and the consequential improvement refulting from it, is wanted to convince you, that you are in a right way; and that the woe, that is pronounced against the presumptuous

finner, belongs not to you. Let me therefore, dear Mrs. Jewkes, (for now indeed you are dear to me) caution you against two things; the one, that you return not to your former ways, and wilfully err after this repentance; for, in this case, the Divine goodness will look upon itself as " mocked by you, and will withdraw itfelf from you; and more dreadful will your state then be, than if you had never repented: the other, that you don't despair of the Divine mercy, which has fo evidently manifested itself in your favour, and has awakened you out of your deplorable lethargy, without those tharp medicines and operations, which others, and perhaps not more faulty, persons, have suffered. But go on persons, have fuffered. cheerfully in the happy path which you have begun to tread. Depend upon it, you are now in the right way, and turn not either to the right-hand or to the left: for the reward is before you, in reputation and a good fame in this life, and everlafting felicity beyond it.

4 Your letter is that of a sensible woman, as I always thought you, and of a truly contrite one, as I hope you will approve yourfelf to be; and I the rather hope it, because I shall be always defirous, then, of taking every opportunity that offers to me of doing you real service, as well with regard to your

present as future life: for I am, good Mrs. Jewkes, as I now hope I may ' call you, your loving friend to ferve

P. B.

Whatever good books the worthy Mr. · Peters will be fo kind as to recom-' mend to you, and for those under your direction, fend for them either to Lincoln, or Stamford, or Grantham, as you can get them, and place ' them to my account : and may they be the effectual means of confirming you and them in the good way you are in! I have done as much for all here! and, I hope, to no bad effect : for I shall now tell them, by Mrs. Jervis, if there be occasion, that I hope they will not let me be out-done in Bedfordshire, by Mrs. Jewkes in Lincolnshire; but that the servants of both houses may do credit to the best of masters. Adien, good woman! as once more I take pleasure to stile you.'

Thus, my good lady, have I obeyed you, in transcribing these two letters. I will now proceed to your ladythip's twelve articles. As to the

1. I will oblige your ladyship, as I have opportunity, in my future letters, with fuch accounts of my dear lady's fayour and goodness to me, as I think will be acceptable to you, and to the noble ladies you mention.

2. I am extremely delighted, that your ladyship thinks so well of my dear honest parents: indeed they are good people, and ever had minds that fet them above low and fordid actions; and God and your good brother has rewarded them most amply in this world, which is more than they ever expected, after a feries of unprosperousness in all they undertook.

Your ladyship is pleased to say, that people in upper life love to fee how plain nature operates in honest minds, who have hardly any thing elfe for their guide; and if I might not be thought to descend too low for your ladyship's attention, (for as to myself, I shall, I hope, always look back with pleasure to what I was, in order to increase my thankfulness for what I am) I would give you a scene of refignation, and contented poverty, of which otherwise your ladyship can hardly have a notion. I will give it, because it will be a scene of nature, however low, which

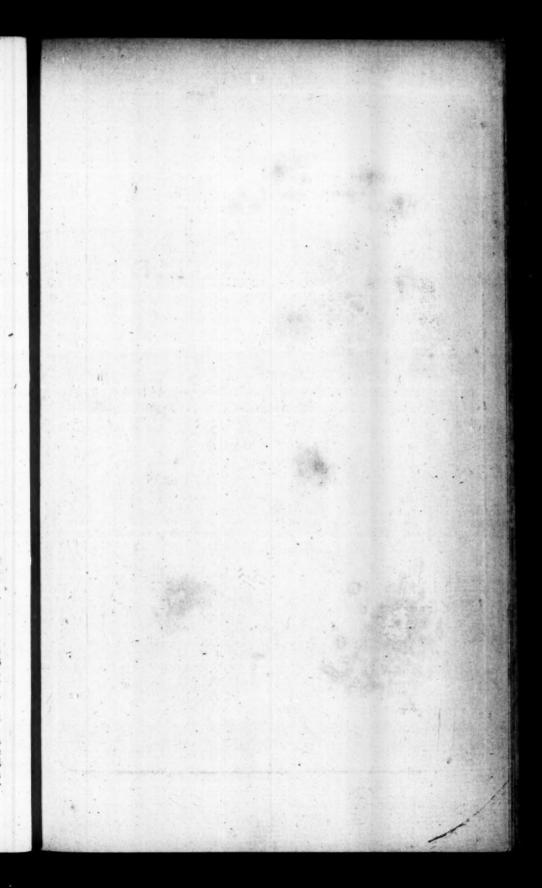




Plate XVI.

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your ladyship loves, and it shall not tire

you by it's length.

It was upon occasion of a great loss and disappointment which happened to my dear parents: (for though they were never high in life, yet they were not always fo low as my honoured lady found them, when she took me) my poor father came home; and as the lofs was of fuch a nature, as that he could not keep it from my mother, he took her hand, I remember well, and faid, after he had acquainted her with it-' Come, my dear, let us take comfort, that we did for the best. We left the iffue to Providence, as we ought, and that has turned it as it pleafed; and we must be content, though not favoured as we wished. All the business is, our lot is not cast for this · life. Let us refign ourselves to the Divine will, and continue to do our duty, and this short life will soon be past. Our troubles will be quickly overblown; and we shall be happy in a better, I make no doubt.'

Then my dear mother threw her kind arms about his neck, and faid with tears— God's will be done, my dear love! All cannot be rich and happy. I am contented, and had rather fay, I have a poor honest husband, than a guilty rich one. What fignifies repining: let the world go as it will, we shall have our length and our breadth at last. And Providence, I make no doubt, will be a better friend to our good girl here, because she is good, than we could be, if this had not happened, pointing to me, who, then about eleven years old, (for it was before my lady took me) fat weeping in the chimney-corner, over a few dying embers of a fire, at their moving expressions.

I arose, and kissing both their hands, and blessing them, said—'And this length' and breadth, my dear parents, will be' one day, all that the rich and the great can possess; and, it may be, their ungracious heirs will trample upon their asses, and rejoice they are gone: while such a poor girl as I, am honouring the memories of mine, who in their good names, and good lessons will have left me the best of portions.'

And then they both hugged their prating girl to their fond bosoms, by turns; and all three were so filled with comfort in one another, that after joining in a grateful hymn, we went to bed (what

though supperless perhaps?) with such true joy, that very sew of the rich and great can have any idea of it; I to my lost, and they to their rush-sloor'd cleanly bed-room. And we have had sweet sleep, and dreams so pleasant, that we have reaped greater pleasures, in repeating them one to another, at our next leisure-hour, than, possibly, we should have received, had we enjoyed the comforts we wanted.

And, truly, I must needs fay, that while the virtuous poor can be blessed with such sweet enjoyments as these, in contented minds all day, and in sound sleep atnight, I don't know whether they have not more, even of this world's pleasures, than the abounding rich: and while the hours of night bear so near a proportion to those of the day, may not such be faid, even at the worst, to pass at least balf their lives with more comfort than many times the voluptuous and distempered great can pretend to know?

For a farther proof that bonest powerty is not fuch a deplorable thing as some people imagine, let me aik, what pleafure can those over-happy persons know, who from the luxury of their tastes, and their affluent circumstances, always eat before they are hungry, and drink before they are thirty? This may be illustrated by the instance of a certain eastern monarch. who, as I have read, marching at the head of a vaft army through a wide extended defart, which afforded neither river nor spring, for the first time, found himself (in common with his soldiers) overtaken by a craving thirst, which made him wish for, and pant after a cup of wa-And when at last, after diligent and diffant fearch, one of his foldiers found a little dirty puddle, and carried him fome of the filthy water in his nafty helmet; the monarch, greedily swallowing it, cried out, that in all his life he never tafted so sweet a draught!

But when I talk or write of my worthy parents, how I run on !—Excuse me, my good lady; and don't think me, in this respect, too much like the cat in the stable *, turned into a fine lady; for methinks, though I would never forget what I was, yet I would be thought to know bow, gratefully to enjoy my present happines, as well with regard to my obligations to God, as to your dear brother. But let me proceed to your ladyship's

third particular.

3. And you cannot imagine, Madam, how much you have fet my heart at rest, when you tell me, that my dear Mr. B. gave me a just narrative of this affair with Miss Godfrey: for, when your ladyship defired to know how he had recounted that story, lest you should make a misunderstanding between us unawares, I did not know what to think. I was afraid some blood had been shed on the occasion by him : for the lady was ruined, and as to her, nothing could have happened worfe. And the regard I have for Mr. B.'s future happiness, which in my constant supplications for him in private, costs me many a tear, gave me great aporehensions, and not a little uneasiness. But as your ladyship tells me that he gave me a just account, I am happy again.

What makes one, my dearlady, in our most prosperous condition, be always intermingling one's fears of what may be; whereby one robs one's felf of the pleafure of one's best worldly enjoyments?-Is this apprehensiveness, does your ladythip think, implanted in our natures for wife and good ends, that we may not think ourfelves so happy here, as to cause us to forget that there is a better, and more perfectly happy state, which we ought to aspire after? I believe it is: and if fo, what an useful monitor do we carry about us, that shall make us consider and reflect, when in profperity; and in adverfity teach us to bear up to hopes of a happier lot! Thus it is faid by Mr. Norris, in his translation of one of Horace's Odes,

Belife and spirit when fortune proves unkind, And fummon up the vigour of thy mind; But when thou'rt driven by too officious gales, Be wife, and gather in the swelling sails.

I now come to your ladyship's fourth

And highly delighted I am for having obtained your approbation of my conduct to the child, as well as of my behaviour towards the dear gentleman, on the unhappy lady's score. Your ladyship's wife intimations about having the child with me, make due impression upon me; and I fee in them, with grateful pleafure, yourunmerited regard for me. Yet, I don't know howitis, but I have conceived a strange passion for this dear baby: I cannot but look upon her poor mamma as my sister in point of trial: and shall not the prosperous fifter pity and love the poor dear

fifter, that, in fo flippery a path, has fallen. while she had the happiness to keep her feet ?

No doubt, Miss Godfrey loved virtue, and preferred it to all confiderations: 'tis plain she did even after her fall-when, as I have observed in the papers * I sent your ladythip, the could leave country, parents, friends, and the man of all others the loved best, and feek a new fortune, run the danger of the feas, and perhaps the hazards of meeting with worfe men, rather than trust to her own strength, where it had once fo unhappily failed her. -What a love of virtue for virtue's fake is this? I know not who could have acted up to this part of her character.

The rest of your ladyship's articles give me the greatest pleasure and satisfaction; and if I can but continue myself in the favour of your dear brother, and improve in that of his noble fifter, how happy shall I be! I will do all I can to deserve And I hope your ladyship will both. take as an instance that I will, the cheerful obedience which I pay to your commands, in writing to fo fine a judge, fuch crude and indigested stuff, as otherwife I ought to be ashamed to lay before

I am impatient for the honour, which your ladyship makes me hope for, of your presence here: and yet I perplex myself with the fear of appearing fo unworthy in your eye when near you, as to fuffer in your opinion; but I promise myself, that however this may be the case on your first visit, I shall be so much improved by the benefits I shall reap from your lessons and good example, that whenever I shall be favoured with a fecond, you shall have fewer faults to find with me; till, as I shall be more and more favoured, I shall in time be just what your ladyship will wish me to be, and, of consequence, more worthy than I am of the honour of stiling myself your ladyship's most humble and obedient servant,

P. B.

LETTER XXI.

FROM MISS DARNFORD. IN ANSWER TO MRS. B.'s, P. 334.

MY DEAR MRS. B.

OU are highly obliging to me in expressing so warmly your wishes to have me with you. I know not any body in this world, out of our own family, in whose company I should be happier: but my papa won't part with me, I think; though I have secured my mamma in my interest; and I know Nancy would be glad of my absence, because the dear perversely envious thinks me more valued than se is; and yet, foolish girl, she don't consider, that if her envy be well-grounded, I should return with more than double advantages to what I now have, improved by your charming conversation.

My papa affects to be in a fearful pet at your lecturing of him so justly; for my mamma would shew him the letter; and he says he will positively demand satisfaction of Mr. B. for your treating him so freely. And yet he shall hardly think him, he says, on a rank with him, unless Mr. B. will, on occasion of the new commission, take out his Declimus: and then if he will bring you down to Lincolnshire, and join with him to commit you prisoner for a month at the Hall, all shall be well.

It is very obliging in Mr. B. to join in your kind invitation: but—yet I am loth to fay it to you—the character of your worthy gentleman, I doubt, stands a little in the way with my papa; for he will have it, that he is just such a rake as is to be liked by a lady; one that saves common appearances, and that's all; and is too handsome, too witty, and too enterprising, for any bonest man, that's Sir Simon's phrase, to trust bis daughter with.

My manima pleaded his being married.—'Ads-dines, Madam,' faid he, 'what of all that! What married man, 'when a pretty girl's in the way, minds his wife, except fhe has made him ftand 'in fear of her? and that's far from the 'cafe here. Why, I tell you,' added his peevish highness, 'if our Polly should 'happen to slip,' (I thank him for his supposition)' he'd make his lady nurse 'both her and the hastard, (another of his polite expressions) if he had a mind to it, and she durst not resuse him. And 'would you trust such a sprightly, girl as 'Polly, in the house with such a fellow 'as that?'

These, it seems, were his words and his reasonings: I thank him for his opinion of his daughter. It becomes not me to say, by what rules my papa judges of mankind; rules, however, that are not much to the credit of his sex:—but it

made me put on very grave airs when I came to supper, (for after this repulse, and the reasons given for it, I pretended indisposition, not to dine with my papa, being half-vexed, and half-afraid of his raillery) and he said—'Why, how' now, Polly! What! in the sullens, 'girl?' I said, I should have hoped, that I never gave my papa cause to suspect my conduct, and that he would have had a better opinion of the force which the example and precepts of my good mamma had upon me.

'Not your papa's example then— 'Very well, faucebox, lunderstand you.' 'But, Sir,' faid I, 'I hope, if I may not go to Bedfordshire, you'll permit me to go to London, when Mrs. B. goes.'

No, 'faid he, 'positively no!'
'Well, Sir, I havedone. I could hope,
however, you would enable me to give
a better reason to good Mrs. B. why I
am not permitted to accept of the kind
invitation, than that which I underfland you have been pleased to assign.'

He fluck his hands in his fides, with his ufual humorous positiveness— Why then tell her, she is a very faucy lady, for her last letter to you; and her lord and master is not to be trusted; and it is my absolute will and pleasure that you ask me no more questions about it.

' I will very faithfully make this re' port, Sir.'—' Do fo.'—And fo I have.
—And your poor Polly Darnford is
disappointed of one of the greatest pleafures she could have had.

I can't help it—And if you truly pity me, I can put you in a way to make me easier under the disappointment, than otherwise I can possibly be; and that is, to favour me with an epistolary conversation, since I am denied a personal one; and this my mamma joins with me to request of you; and particularly, to let us know how Lady Davers's first visit passes, which Mrs. Peters and Mrs. Jones, who know my lady so well, likewise long to hear. And this will make us the best amends in your power for the loss of your good neighbourhood, which we had all promised to ourselves.

This denial of my papa comes out, fince I wrote the above, to be principally owing to a proposal made him of an humble servant to one of his daughters: he won't say which, he tells us, in his usual

humorou

humorous way, left we should fall out

" I suppose," I tell him, " the young gentleman is to pick and choose which of the two he likes best. But be he a duke 'tis all one to Polly, if he be not fomething above our common Lincoln-

hire class of fox-hunters.

I have shewn Mr. and Mrs. Peters your letter. They admire you beyond expression; and Mr. Peters says, he does not know, that ever he did any thing in his life, that gave him so much inward reproach, as his denying you the pro-tection of his family, which Mr. Williams " fought to move him to afford you, when you were confined at the Hall, before Mr. B. came down to you, with his heart bent on mischief; and all he comforts himself with is, that that very denial, as well as the other hardthips you have met with, were necessary to bring about that work of Providence which was to reward your unexampled virtue.

Yet, he fays, he doubts he fhall not be thought excufable by you, who are fo exact in your own duty, fince he had the unhappiness to lose such an opportunity to have done honour to his function, had he had the fortitude to have done his; and he begged of me, some how or other, and at some time or other, to hint his concern to you on this head; and to express his hopes, that neither religion nor his cloth may fuffer in your opinion, for the fault of one of it's profesiors, who never was wanting in his duty fo much before.

He had it often upon his mind, he fays, to write to you on this very subject; but he had not the courage; and besides, did not know how Mr. B. might take it, if he should see that letter, as the case had fuch delicate circumftances in it, that in blaming himfelf, as he should very freely have done, he must, by implication, have cast still greater blame upon him.

Mr. Peters is certainly a very good man, and my favourite for that reason; and I hope you, who could fo eafily forgive the late wicked, but now penitent Jewkes, will overlook with kindness a fault in a good man, which proceeded more from pufillanimity and constitution, than from want of principle: for once, talking of it to my mamma, before me, he accused himself on this score, to her, with tears in his eyes. She, good lady,

would have given you this protection at Mr. Williams's defire; but wanted the power to do it.

So you fee, my dear Mrs. B. how your virtue has shamed every one into such a fense of what they ought to have done, that good, bad, and indifferent, are feeking to make excuses for past misbehaviour, and to promise future amendment, like penitent subjects returning to their duty to their conquering fovereign, after some unworthy defection.

Happy, happy lady! May you ever be fo! May you always convert your enemies, invigorate the lukewarm, and every day multiply your friends, wishes your

most affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

P. S. How I rejoice in the joy of your honest parents! God bless 'em! I am glad Lady Davers is fo wife. Every one I have named defire their best respects. Let me hear from you oftener, and omit not the minutest thing : for every line of yours carries instruction with it.

LETTER XXII.

FROM SIR SIMON DARNFORD TO MR. B.

ITTLE did I think I should ever I have occasion to make a formal complaint against a person very dear to you, and who I believe deserves to be for but don't let her be so proud and so vain of obliging and pleasing you, as to make her not care how she affronts every-body

The person is no other than the wife of your bosom, who has taken such liberties with me, as ought not to be taken, and fought to turn my own child against me, and make a dutiful girl a rebel.

If people will fet up for virtue, and all that, let 'em be uniformly virtuous, or I would not give a farthing for their pre-

tences.

Here I have beeen plagued with gouts, rheumatisms, and nameless disorders, ever fince you left us, which have made me call for a little more attendance than ordinary; and I had reason to think





Plate VII.

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myfelf slighted, where an indulgent father can least bear to be so, that is, where he most loves; and that by young upstarts, who are growing up to the enjoyment of those pleasures which have run away from me, sleeting rascals as they are! before I was willing to part with them. And I rung and rung, and— "Where's Polly?" (for I honour the slut with too much of my notice,) "Where's Polly?" was all my cry, to every one who came up to ask what I rung for. And, at last, in burst the per baggage, with an air of assurance, as if she thought-all must be well the moment she appeared, with—"Do you want me, papa?"

'Do I want you, Confidence! Yes, I do. Where have you been these two hours, that you never came near me, when you knew 'twas my time to have my foot rubbed, which gives me mortal pain?' For you must understand, Mr. B. that nobody's hand's so soft as

Polly's.

She gave me a faucy answer, as I was disposed to think it, because I had just then a twinge, that I could scarce bear; for pain is a plaguy thing to a man of my lively spirits, Why with a pox to it, cannot it go and rouse up some stupid lethargick rascal, whose blood is ready to stagnate? There it might do some good; and not make an honest man miserable as it does me, who want none of it's pungent helps to feeling.

She gave me, I fay, a careless answer, and turned upon her heel; and not coming to me at my first word, I flung a book, which I had in my hand, at her head.

This the boldface (girls now-a-days make nothing of expoling their indulgent parents) has mentioned in a letter to your lady; and she has abused me upon it in fuch a manner!—Well, if you don't take some course with her, I must with you, that's positive; and, young as you are, and a cripple as I am, I'll stump to an appointed place, to procure to myself the satisfaction of a man of honour.

Your lady has written to Polly what the would have faid to me on this occation. She has reflected upon me for not reading a book of mortification, when I was labouring under to great a fense of it, and confined to my elbov-chair in one room, whom lately half a dozen countries could hardly have contained: the has put it into Polly's head to fling this very book at her fister's head, in imita-

tion of my example, and hopes Nancy will fling it at somebody's else, till it goes all round the house: she reproaches me for making no hetter use of a good book, as the calls Rabelais's Pantagruel, which I innocently was reading, to make me the more cheerfully bear my misfortune; and runs on a pack of stuff about my Polly's eyes, and skin, and I don't know what, on purpose to fill the girl with notions of what don't belong to her, in order to make her proud and faucy; and then, to inspire her with insolence to me, runs on with suppositions of what harm I might have done her, had the book bruised her face, or put out her eyes, and so forth: as if our daughters eyes were not our own eyes, their brazen faces our brazen faces; at least till we can find fomebody to take them, and all the rest of their trumpery, off our hands. Saucy baggages! who have neither fouls nor fenses but what they have borrowed from us; and whose very bones, and the skin that covers them, so much their pride and their ornament, are fo many parts of our own undervalued fkin and bones; for our skins are only more wrinkled, by taking pains to make theirs imooth.

Nay, this fine lady of yours, this paragon of meekness and humility, in so many words, bids me, or, which is worse, tells my own daughter to bid me, never, to take a book in my hands again, if I won't make a better use of it:—and yet, what better use can an offended father make of the best books, than to correct a rebellious child with these, and oblige a faucy daughter to jump into her duty

all at once ?

Then, pray, Sir, do you allow your lady to beg prefents from gentlemen?—
This is a tender point to touch upon: but you shall know all, I am resolved. For here she sends to desire me to make her a present of this very book, and promises to send me another as good.

Come, come, Sir, these are no jesting matters; for is it not a sad thing to think of, that ladies, let them be young or old, well-married or ill-married, cannot live without intrigue? And here, if I were not a very honest man, and your friend, and resolved to be a virtuous man too, in spite of temptation, one does not know what night be the consequence of such a correspondence as is here begun, or rather desired to be begun; for I have too much bonour to give into it, for your

fake; and I hope you'll think yourfelf much obliged to me. I know the time that I have improved a more mysterious hint than this, into all that I had a mind to make of it. And it may be very happy for you, neighbour, that I muft and will be virtuous, let the temptation be from whom it will : for the finest lady in the world is nothing to me now-in this

my reformed state.

But this not all: Mrs. B. goes on to reflect upon me for making her blush formerly, and faying things before my daughters, that, truly, I ought to be ashamed to say; and then avows malice and revenge, and all that. Why, Sir, why, neighbour, are thefe things to be borne?-Do you allow your lady to fet up for a general corrector of every body's morals but your own?-Do you allow her to condemn the only instances of wit that remain to this generation; that dear polite double entendre, which keeps alive the attention, and quickens the apprehension, of the best companies in the world, and is the falt, the fauce, which gives a poignancy to all our genteeler entertainments?

Very fine, truly ! that more than half the world shall be shut out of society, shall be precluded their share of converfation amongst the gay and polite of both fexes, were your lady to have her will! Let her first find people who can support a conversation with wit and good sense like her own, and then something may be faid : but till then, I positively say, and will fwear upon occasion, that double entendre shall not be banished from our tables; and where this won't raise a blufh, or create a laugh, we will be at liberty, if we please, for all Mrs. B. and her new-fangled motions, to force the one and the other by still plainer hints; and let her help herfelf how the can.

Thus, Sir, you find my complaints are of a high nature, regarding the quiet of a family, the duty of a child to a parent, the advances of a married lady to a gentleman who is refolved to be virtuous, and the freedom and politeness of converfation; in all which points your lady has greatly offended; and I infit upon fatisfaction from you, or fuch a correction of the fair transgresfor, as a in your power to inflist, and which may prevent vorse consequences from your offended

friend and servant,

SIMON DARNFORD.

LETTER XXIII.

FROM MR. B. IN ANSWER TO THE PRECEDING ONE.

DEAR SIR SIMON,

OU cannot but believe, that I was much furprifed at your letter, complaining of the behaviour of my wife. I could no more have expected fuch a complaint from fucli a gentleman, than I could, that the would have deserved it : and I am very forry on both accounts. I have talked to her in fuch a manner, that, I dare fay, the will never give you

like cause to appeal to me.

It happened, that the criminal herself received your letter from her fervant, and brought it to me in my closet; and, making her honours, (for I can't fay but fhe is very obliging to me, though she takes fuch faucy freedoms with my friends) away she tript; and I, inquiring for her, when, with furprife, as you may believe, I had read your charge, found the was gone to vifit a poor fick neighbour; of which indeed she had before apprized me, because she took the chariot; but I had forgot it in my wrath.

Twas well for her, that she was not in the way; perhaps I should have taken more severe methods with her in my first emotions; and I longed for her return: and there is another well for-ker too, in her case; for one would be loth to spoil a fon and heir, you know, Sir Simon, before we fee whether the little variet may deferve one's confideration.

I mention these things, that you may observe, it was not owing to any regard for the offender herself, that I did not punish her as much as injured friendship

required at my hands.

At last, in the came, with that sweet compositive in her face which results from a consciousness of doing generally just and generous things, although in this instance she has so egregiously erred, that it behoves me (as well in justice to my friend, as in policy to myfelf; for who knows whither first faults may lead, if not checked in time?) to nip fuch boldness in the buck. And indeed the moment I beheld the charmer of my heart, (for I do love her too well, that's certain) all my anger was disarmed, and had the offence regarded myfelf, I must have forgiven her, in spite of all my meditated wrath. wrath. But it behoved me in a friend's case not to be soon subdued by a too partial fondness: I resumed therefore that sternness and displeasure which her entrance had almost dissipated. I took her hand: her charming eye (you know what an eye she has, Sir Simon) quivered at my over-clouded aspect; and her lips, half drawn to a sinile, trembled with apprehension of a countenance so changed from what she left it.

And then, all stiff and stately as I could look, did I accost her—' Come along with me, Pamela, to my closet. I want

to talk with you.

' Dear Sir! good Sir! what's the

" matter? what have I done?"

We entered. I fat down, itill holding her unsteady hand, and her pulse fluttering under my finger, like a dying bird.

'Tis well,' faid I, 'tis well your

present condition pleads for you; and I must not carry what I have to say too far, for considerations less in your favour, than for one unseen; but I have great complaints against you.

Against me, Sir!—What have I done? Let me know, dear good Sir!' looking round, with her half-affrighted eyes, this way and that, on the books, and pictures, and on me, by turns.

'You shall know soon;' faid I, 'the erime you have been guilty of.'

Grime, Sir! Pray let me—This clofet, I hoped, would not be a fecond time witness to the flutter you put me in.

There hangs a tale, Sir Simon, which I am not very fond of relating, fince it gave beginning to the triumphs of this

little* forcerefs.

I still held one hand, and she stood before me, as criminals ought to do before
their judge; but said—'I fee, Sir, sure
'I do, or what will else become of me!
'I less severity in your eyes, than you affeet to put on in your countenance.

Dear Sir, let me know my fault: I will repent, acknowledge, and amend: let

" me but know it."

'You must have great presence of mind, Pamela, such is the nature of your fault, if you can look me in the face, when I tell it you.'

face, when I tell it you.'
Then let me, faid the irrefitible charmer, hiding her face in my bosom, and putting her other arm about my neck, let me thus, my dear Mr. E. hide this

guilty face, while I hear my fault told; and I will not feek to extenuate it, but by my tears, and my penitence.

I could hardly hold out. What infatuating creatures are these women, when they can think it thus worth their while to soothe and calm the tumults of an angry heart! When, instead of scornful looks darted in return for angry ones, words of defiance for words of peevishness, persisting to defend one error by another, and returning wehement wrath for slight indignation, and all the hostile provocations of the marriage warfare; they can thus hide their dear faces in our bosoms, and wish but to know their faults, to amend them!

I could hardly, I fay, refift the fweet girl's behaviour; nay, I believe I did, unaweres to myfelf, and in defiance of my refolved difpleafure, prefs her forehead with my lips, as the reft of her face was hid on my breaft: but, confidering it was the cause of my friend that I was to affert, my injured friend, wounded and infulted, in so various a manner, by the fair offender, thus haughtily spoke I to the trembling mischief, in a pomp of

stile theatrically tragick:

' I will not, too inadvertent and undiftinguishing Pamela, keep you long in suspense, for the sake of a circumstance, that, on this occasion, ought to give you as much joy, as it has, till now, given me-Since it becomes an advocate in your favour, when otherwife you might expect very fevere treatment. Know then, that the letter you gave me before you went out, is a letter from a friend, a neighbour, a worthy neighbour, complaining of your behaviour to him;—no other than Sir Simon Darnford, (for I would not amuse her too much) 'a gentleman I ' must always respect, and whom, as my ' friend, I expected you should: since by the value a wife expresses for one elteenied by her hulband, whether she thinks fo well of him herfelf, or not, a man ought always to judge of the fincerity of her regards to himself.

She raifed her head at once on this:
Thank Heaven, faid fhe, it is no worfe!—I was at my wits end almost, in apprehension: but I know how this must be.—Dear Sir, how could you frighten me so?—I know how all this is!—I can now look you in the face,

and hear all that Sir Simon can charge " me with! For I am fure, I have not " fo affronted him, as to make him an-

e gry indeed. And truly,' (ran she on, fecure of pardon, as the feemed to think) I should respect Sir Simon not only as · your friend, but on his own account, f he was not fo fad a rake at a time of

a life-

Then I interrupted her, you must needs think, Sir Simon; for how could I bear to hear my worthy friend to free-' How now, Pamela!' faid ly treated? I; 'and is it thus, by repeating your fault, that you atone for it? Do you think I can bear to hear my friend fo

freely treated?

· Simon very much as your friend, permit me to repeat; but cannot for his wilful failings. Would it not be, in wilful failings. fome measure, to approve of faulty cone versation, if one can hear it, and not discourage it, when the occasion comes in fo pat?-And, indeed, I was glad of an opportunity, continued she, 'to give him a little rub; I must needs

' Indeed,' faid she, 'I do respect Sir

· own it : but if it displeases you, or has made him angry in earnest, I am forry for it, and will be less bold for the

future.

Read then,' faid I, 'the heavy charge, and I'll return infantly to hear your answer to it.' So I went from

her, for a few minutes.

But, would you believe it, Sir Simon? The feemed on my return, very little concerned at your just complaints-What felf-justifying minds have the meekest of these women ?- Instead of finding her in repentant tears, as one might have expected, the took your angry letter for a jocular one; and I had great difficulty to convince her of the heinousness of ber fault, or the reality of your refentment. Upon which, being determined to have justice done to my friend, and a due fense of her own great error impresfed upon her, I began thus:

' Pamela, Pamela, take heed that you do not fuffer the purity of your own " mind, in breach of your charity, to * make you too rigorous a censurer of

· other people's actions: don't be fo · puffed up with your own perfections, as to imagine, that, because other persons

allow themselves liberties you cannot take, therefore they must be wicked. · Sir Simon is a gentleman who indulges

himself in a pleasant vein, and, I be-

' lieve, as well as you, has been a great rake and libertine: '(You'll excuse me, Sir Simon, because I am taking your part) 'but what then ? You fee it is all over with him now : You fee, he fays himself, that he must, and therefore he will be virtuous : and is a man for ever to hear of the faults of his youth, when he himself is so willing to forget them?" "Ah! but, Sir, Sir, faid the bold

flut, ' can you fay he is willing to forget them ?- Does he not repine here in this very letter, that he must forsake them; and does he not plainly cherish the inclination, when he owns-' fhe hefitated- Owns what ?'- You know what I mean, Sir, and I need not speak it: and can there well be a more cenfurable character?-Then, dear Sir, before his maiden daughters! before his virtuous lady! before any-body! · -What a fad thing is this, at a time of life, which should afford a better

example!

But, dear Sir,' continued the bold prattler, (taking advantage of a filence that was more owing to displeasure than approbation) 'let me, for I would not be ' too cenforious,' (No, not she ! in the very act of censoriousness to say this!) ' let me offer but one thing: don't you think Sir Simon himfelf would be loth to be thought a reformed gentleman! Don't you fee the delight he takes, when he speaks of his former pranks, as if he was forry he could not play them over again? See but how he fimpers, and enjoys, as one may fay, the relations of his own rakish actions, when he tells a bad flory !- And have you not feen how often he has been forced to take his handkerchief to wipe the outfide of his mouth, though the infide was leaft cleanly, when he has wounded a lady's ears, and turned, as it were, his own ' faulty heart infide out?-Indeed, Sir, ' I am afraid, fo bad in this way is your worthy neighbour, that he would account it a difgrace to him to be thought reformed. And, how then can I abuse ' the gentleman, by representing him in a 'light in which he loves to be confidered?'

But,' faid I, 'were this the case,' (for I profess, Sir Simon, I was at a grievous loss to defend you) ' for you to write ' all these free things against a father to his daughter, is that right, Pamela?

O Sir! the good gentleman himfelf has taken care, that fuch a character as I prefumed to draw to Miss of her papa,

was no ftrange one to her. You have feen yourself, Mr. B. whenever his arch leers, and the humourous attitude in which he puts himself on those occasions, have taught us to expect some shocking story, how his lady and daughters (used to him as they are) have suffered in their apprehensions of what he would fay, before he spoke it: how, particularly, dear Miss Darnford has looked at me with concern, defirous, as it were, if possible, to fave her papa from the centure, which his faulty expressions must naturally bring upon him. And, dear Sir, is it not a fad thing for a young lady, who loves and honours her papa, to observe, that he is discrediting himself, and wants the example he ought to give? And pardon me, Sir, for finiling on fo ferious an occasion; but is it not a fine fight, do you think, to fee a gentleman, as we have more than once feen Sir Simon, when he has thought proper to read a paffage or fo, in fome bad book, pulling off bis fpectacles, to talk filthily upon it? Methinks I fee him now, added the bold flut, ' splitting his arch face with a broad laugh, shewing a mouth, with hardly a tooth in it, while he is making obscene remarks upon what he has read.

And then the dear fancy-face laughed out, to bear me company; for I could not, for the foul of me, avoid laughing heartily at the figure fhe brought to my mind, which I have feen my old friend make, on two or three occasions of this fort, with his difmounted spectacles, his arch mouth, and gums of fhining jet, fucceeding those of polished ivory, of which he often boafts, as one ornament of his youthful days .- And I the rather in my heart, Sir Simon, gave you up, because, when I was a fad fellow, it was always a maxim with me, to endeavour to touch a lady's heart without wounding her ears. And, indeed, I found my account sometimes in observing it.

But refuming my gravity- 'Huffy,' faid I, ' do you think I will have my old friend thus made the fubject of your ridicule?-Suppose a challenge should have enfued between us on your account-what might have been the iffue of it? To see an old gentleman, stumping, as he fays, on crutches, to fight a duel in defence of his wounded honour! · A pretty fight this would have afforded, would it not? And what (had any one met him on the way) could he have faid he was going to do? Don't you consider that a man is answerable for the faults of his wife? And, if my fondness for you would have made nie deny doing justice to my friend, and, on the contrary, to refolve in your behalf to give him a meeting, and he had flung his crutch at my head, as he did the book at his daughter's, what might have been the confequence, think you?" ' Very bad, Sir, to be fure; I fee that,

and am forry for it : for had you carried off Sir Simon's crutch, as a trophy, the poor gentleman must have lain fighing and groaning like a wounded fol dier in the field of battle, till another had been brought him, to have stump'd

home with.

But, dear Sir Simon, I have brought this matter to an iffue, that will, I hope, make all easy: and that is this-Miss Polly, and my Pamela, shall both be punished as they deserve, if it be not your I am told, that the fins of your youth don't fit so heavily upon your limbs, as they do in your imagination; and I believe change of air, and the gratification of your revenge, a fine help to fuch lively spirits as yours, will fet you You shall then take coach, and bring your pretty criminal to mine; and when we have them together, they shall humble themselves before us, and it shall be in your power to absolve or punish them, as you shall see proper. For I cannot bear to have my worthy friend infulted in fo heinous a manner, by a couple of faucy girls, who, if not taken down in time, may proceed from fault to fault, till there will be no living with them.

If (to be still more ferious) your lady and you will lend Miss Darnford to my Pamela's wishes, whose heart is set upon the hope of her wintering with us in town, you will lay an obligation upon us both; which will be acknowledged with great gratitude by, dear Sir, your affectionate

and bumble fervant.

LETTER XXIV.

FROM SIR SIMON DARNFORD, IN REPLY.

ARK ye me, Mr. B .- A word in your ear :- I like neither you nor your wife, to be plain with you, well enough to trust my Polly with you. What! What! you are to shew her in your lady's case, all the game of alying-in, I suppose; and, at least, set the girl a longing to make one in the dance, before I have sound out the proper man for her partner.

But here's war declared against my poor gums, it feems. Well, I will never open my mouth before your lady as long as I live, if I can help it. I have for these ten years avoided to put on my cravat; and for what reason, do you think? -Why, because I could not bear to see what ruins a few years have made in a vifage, that used to inspire love and ters ror as it pleased. And here your-whatshall-I-call-her of a wife, with all the infolence of youth and beauty on her fide, follows me with a glass, and would make me look in it, whether I will or not. I'm a plaguy good humoured old fellow -If I am an old fellow-or I should not bear the infults contained in your letter. Between you and your lady, you make a wretched figure of me, that's certain-And yet 'tis taking my part, with a p-x to you, Mr. B. I would have faid, but on your lady's account .- You fee I have as much more charity than she, as she has purity than me; or I should not have

put in that faving clause in her behalf.

But, what a d—l must I do?—I'd be glad at any rate to stand in your lady's graces, that I would: norwould I be the last rake and libertine unreformed by her example, which I supposewill make virtue the sashion, if she goes on as she does, But here I have been used to cut a joke and toss the squib about; and, as far as I know, it has helped to keep me alive in the midst of pains and aches, and with two women-grown girls, and the rest of the mortifications that will attend on advanced years; for I won't (hang me if I will) give it up as absolute old age!

I love, I own it, to make a pretty wo-man blush; it is double-damasking a fine rife, as it were, and till I faw your-[Do, let me call her some free name or other! I always loved to be free with pretty women !- Till I faw your-methinks I like her Arcadian name, though I'm so old a swain, as not to merit any thing but rebuke at her hands-Well taen, till Ifawyour] - Pamela-Ithought all ladies in their hearts loved a little fquib of that kind. For why fhould they not, when it adds so much grace to their features, and improves their native charms? -And often have I toffed the joke about, as much, in my intention, to oblige them as myfelf. - Yet no one can fay, but

that I always wrapt it up in clean linen, as the faying is—only fuiting myfelf to my company, till I had made the dear rogues fenfible, and fhew they could apprehend.

But now, it feems, I must leave all this off, or I must be mortified with a looking-glass held before me, and every wrinkle must be made as conspicuous as a furrow.—And what, pray, is to succeed to this reformation?—I can neither fast nor pray, I doubt.—And besides, if my stomach and my jest depart from me, farewel, Sir Simon Darnford!

But cannot I país as one necessary character, do you think; as a foil (as, by-the-bye, some of your own actions have been to your lady's virtue) to set off some more edifying example, where variety of characters make up a feast in conversation?

I befeech you, Mr. B.'s Pamela, stick me into some posy among your finer flowers—And if you won't put me into your bosom, let me stand in some gay slower-pot in your chimney-corner: I may serve for shew, if not for smell. Or, let me be the bass in your musick, or permit my humorous humdrum to serve as a pardonable kind of discord to set off your own harmony.—I verily think, I cannot be so good as you'd have me to be: so pray let your poor Anacreon go off with what he loves. It will be very cruel, if you won't.

Well, but after all, I believe I might have trusted you with my daughter, under your lady's eye, rake as you have been yourself: and fame says wrong, if you have not been, for your time, a bolder finner than ever I was, (with your maxim of touching ladies hearts, without wounding their ears, which made furer work with them, that was all) though 'tis to be hoped you are now reformed; and if you are, the whole country round you, east, west, north, and fouth, owe great obligations to your fair reclaimer. But here is a fine prim young fellow coming out of Norfolk, with one estate in one county, another in another, and jointures and fettlements in his hands, and more wit in his head, as well as more money in his pocket, than he can tell what to do with, to visit our Polly; though I tell her I much question the former quality, his wit, if he is for marrying.—And would you have her be attending your wife's nurlery, when the may possibly be put into a way to have a raree-show of her own?

Here then is the reason I cannot com-

ply with your kind Mrs. B.'s request. But if this matter should go off; if he should not like ber, or she him; or if I should not like bis terms, or he mine;—or still another Or, if he should like Nancy better—why, then, perhaps, if Polly be a good girl, I may trust to her virtue, and to your honour, and let her go for a month or two; for the devil's in you, if you attempt to abuse such a generous considence.—As to the superiority of beauty in your own lady, I depend nothing on that; for, with you young fellows, variety has generally greater charms.

Now, when I have faid this, and when I fay further, that I can forgive your fevere lady, and yourfelf too, (who, however, are lefs to be excused in the airs you assume, which looks like one chimney-sweeper calling another sooty rascal) I give a proof of my charity, which I hope with Mrs. B. will cover a multitude of faults; and the rather, since, though I cannot be a follower of her virtue in the strictest sense, I can be an admirer of it; and that is some little merit: and indeed all that can be at present pleaded by yourfelf, I doubt any more than your humble servant,

SIMON DARNFORD.

LETTER XXV.

MY HONOURED AND DEAR PARENTS,

I Hope you will excuse my long silence, which has been owing to several causes, and having had nothing new to entertain you with: and yet this last is but a poor excuse neither to you, who think every trisling subject agreeable from

your daughter.

I daily expect here my Lord and Lady Davers. This gives me no finall pleafure, and yet it is mingled with fome uneafines at times; left I should not, when viewed so intimately near, behave myfelf answerably to her ladyship sexpectations. But this I resolve upon, I will not endeavour to move out of the sphere of my own capacity, in order to emulate her ladyship. She has, and must have, advantages, by conversation, as well as education, which it would be arrogance in me to assume the should be arrogance in me to assume the should be arrogance in me to assume the should be arrogance.

All that I will attempt to do, therefore, shall be, to shew such a respectful obligingness to my lady, as shall be confishent with the condition to which I am

raifed; that so her ladyship may not have reason to reproach me of pride in my exaltation, nor her dear brother to rebuke me for meanness in condescending: and, as to my family management, I am the less afraid of inspection, because, by the natural bias of my own mind, I bless God, I am above dark reserves, and have not one selfish or fordid view, that should make me wish to avoid the most scruti-

nizing eye.

I have begun a correspondence with Miss Darnford, a young lady of uncommon merit. But you know her character from my former writings. She is very folicitous to hear of every thing that concerns me, and particularly how Lady Davers and I agree together. I loved her from the moment I faw her first; for she has the least pride, and the most benevolence and folid thought I ever knew in a young lady, and knows not what it is to envy any one. I shall write to her often: and as I shall have so many avocations besides to fill up my time, I know you will excuse me, if I procure from this lady, as I hope to do, the return of my letters to her, for your perufal, and for the entertainment of your leifure hours. This will give you from time to time, the accounts you defire of all that happens here. But as to what relates to our own particulars, I beg you will never spare writing, as I shall not answering; for it is one of my greatest delights, that I have such dear, fuch worthy parents, (as I hope in God, I long shall) to bless me, and to correspond with me.

The papers I fend herewith will afford you fome diversion; particularly, those relating to Sir Simon Darnford; and I must desire, that when you have perused them, (as well as what I shall send for the future) you will return them to me.

Mr. Longman gave me great pleasure, on his last return from you, in his account of your health, and the satisfaction you take in your happy lot; and I must recite to you a brief conversation on this occasion, which, I dare say, will please

you as much as it did me.

After he had been adjusting some affairs with his dear principal, which took them up two hours, my best-beloved sent for me.—' My dear,' said he, taking my hand, and seating me by him, and making the good old gentleman sit down, (for he will always rise at my approach) ' Mr. Longman and I have settled in two hours some accounts, which would

* have taken up as many months with * Tome persons. For never was there an exacter or more methodical accomptant 4 than Mr. Longman: he gives me (great-Iv to my fatisfaction, because I know * it will delight you) an account of the " Kentish concern, and of the pleasure your father and mother take in it .-Now, my charmer, faid he, ' I fee vour fweet eyes begin to gliften: O how this subject raises your whole soul to the windows of it!—Never was so du-

stiful a daughter, Mr. Longman, and e never did parents better deserve a

daughter's duty.

I endeavoured before Mr. Longman to rein in a gratitude, that my throbbing beart confelled through my handkerchief, as I could perceive: but the good old gentleman could not hinder his from thewing itself at his worthy eyes, to see how much I was favoured-oppreffed, I should fay—with the tenderest goodness to me, and kind expressions.— Excuse me, Sir—excufeme, Madam, faid he, siping his cheeks: 'my delight to fee fuch merit fo justly rewarded, will not be contained, I think.' And so he arose, and walked to the window.

Well, good Mr. Longman,' faid I, as he returned towards us, 'you give me the pleasure to know, that my father and mother are well; and happy then they must be, in a goodness and boun-

ty, that I, and many more, rejoice in, Well and happy, Madain,—ay, that they are, indeed! And a worthier couple never lived, I affure you. Most nobly do they go on in the farm. Your honour is one of the happiest gentlemen in the world. All the good you do, returns upon you in a trice. It may well be faid you cast your bread upon the waters; for it presently comes to you again, richer and heavier than when you threw it in. All the Kentish · tenants, Madam, are hugely delighted with their good fleward: every thing ' prospers under his management: the gentry love both him and my dame; and the poor people adore them. Indeed they do a power of good, in visiting their poor neighbours, and giving them cordials, and fuch like; infomuch that cholicks, agues, and twenty dif-tempers, nipped in the bud, fly before them. And yet the doctors themselves

can have nothing to fay against them; for they administer help to those only who cannot be at the charge either of

" skill or physick."

In this manner ran Mr. Longman ons to my inexpreffible delight, you may believe; and when he withdrew- 'Tis an honest foul, faid my dear Mr. B. I love him for his respectful love to my angel, and his value for the worthy pair. Very glad I am, that every thing

answers their wishes. May they long live, and be happy!'

The dear man makes me fpring to his arms, whenever he touches this ftring:

for he speaks always thus generously and kindly of you; and is glad to hear, he fays, that you don't live only to yourfelves: and now-and-then adds, that he is as much fatisfied with your prudence, as he is with mine; that parents and daughter do credit to one another; and that the praises he hears of you from every mouth, make him take as great pleasure in you, as if you were his own relations. How delighting, how transporting, rather, my dear parents, must this goodness be to your happy daughter! And how could I forbear repeating these kind things to you, that you may fee how well every thing is taken that you do?

When the expected vifit from Lord and Lady Davers is over, the approaching winter will call us to London; and as I shall then be nearer to you, we may more frequently hear from one another, which, to be fure, will be a great height-

ening to my pleafures.

But I have fuch an account given me of the immoralities which persons may observe there, along with the publick diversions, that it takes off a little from the fatisfaction I should otherwise have in the thought of going thither. For they fay, quarrels, and duels, and gallantries, as they are called, so often happen in London, that those enormities are heard of without the least wonder or furprise.

This makes me very thoughtful at times. But God, I hope, will preferve our dearest benefactor, and continue to me his affection, and then I shall be always happy; effecially while your healths and felicity confirm and crown the delights of your ever dutiful daughter,

P. B.

LETTER XXVI.

MY DEAREST CHILD.

T may not be improper to mention ourselves, what the nature of the kindnesses is, which we confer on our poor neighbours, and the labouring people, left it should be furmifed by any body, that we are lavishing away wealth that is not our own. Not that we fear either your honoured husband or you will fuspect any fuch matter, or that the worthy Mr. Longman would infinuate as much; for he faw what we did, and was highly pleased with it, and said he would make fuch a report of it, as you write he did. What we do is in small things, though the good we hope from them is not small perhaps: and if a very distressful cafe should happen among our poor neighbours, that would require any thing confiderable, and the objects be deferving, we would acquaint you with it, and leave it to you to do as God should direct

you.

But this, indeed, we have done, and continue to do: we have furnished ourfelves with fimple waters and cordials of feveral forts; and when in a hot fultry day I fee poor labouring creatures ready to faint and drop down, if they are only fatigued, I order them a mouthful of bread or fo, and a cup of good ale or beer; and this makes them go about their business with new spirits; and when they bless me for it, I tell them they must bless the good 'squire, from whose bounty, next to God, it all proceeds. If they are ill, I give them a cordial; and we have been the means of fetting up feveral poor creatures who have laboured under cholicky and aguish disorders, or have been taken with flight stomach ailments. And nothing is loft by it, my dear child; for poor people have as grateful fouls as any body; and it would delight your dear heart to fee how many drooping spirits we have raifed, and how, in an hour or two, some of them, after a little cordial refreshment, from languishing under a hedge, or behind a hay-stack, have skipped about as nimble as deer, whistling and finging, and purfuing with alacrity their feveral employments; and instead of curfing and iwearing, as is the manner of some wicked wretches, nothing but bleffings and praises poured out of their glad hearts upon his honour and you; calling me their father and friend, and telling me, they will live and die for me, and my wife; and that we shall never want an industrious servant to do his honeur's bufinefs, or to cultivate the farm I am bleffed in. And in like fort, we communicate to our fick or wanting

neighbours, even although they be not tenants to the estate.

Come, my dear child, you are happy, very happy, to be fure you are; and, if it can be, may you be yet happier and happier! But fill I verily think you cannot be more happy than your father and mother, except in this one thing, that all our happiness under God, proceeds from you; and, as other parents bies their children with plenty and benefits, you have bless'd your parents (or your honoured husband rather for your sake) with all the good

things this world can afford.

The papers you fend us are the joy of our leifure-hours; and you are kind beyond all expression, in taking care to oblige us with them. We know how your time is taken up, and ought to be very well contented, if but now-and-then you let us hear of your health and welfare. But it is not enough with fuch a good daughter, that you have made our lives comfortable, but you will make them joyful too, by communicating to us, all that befals you : and then you write so piously. and with fuch a fense of God's goodness to you, and intermix fuch good reflections in your writings, that whether it be our partial love or not, I cannot tell, but, truly, we think, nobody comes up to you: and you make our hearts and our eyes so often overflow, as we read, that we join hand in hand together; and I fay to her- Bleffed be God, and bleffed be you, my dear;' and fhe, in the fame breath—' Bleffed be God and you, my ' love.'—' For fuch a daughter,' fays the one- For fuch a daughter, fays the other .- ' And she has your own sweet ' temper,' cry I .- ' And she has your own honest heart,' cries she : and fo we go on, bleffing God, and bleffing you, and bleffing your spouse, and bleffing ourselves !- Is any happiness like our happiness, my dear daughter!

Really and indeed we are so inraptured with your writings, that when our spirits flag through the infirmity of years which hath begun to take hold of us, we have recourse to some of your papers:

- Come, my dear, 'cry I, 'what say 'you to a banquet now!—She knows what I mean. 'With all my heart,' says she. So I read, although it be on a Sunday, so good are your letters; and you must know, I have copies of a many of them: and after a little while we are as much alive and brisk, as if we had no

flagging at all, and return to the duties of the day with double delight.

Confider then, my dear child, what joy your writings give us: and yet we are afraid of oppressing you, who have fo much to do of other kinds; and we are heartily glad you have found out a way to fave trouble to yourfelf, and rejoice us, and oblige so worthy a young lady as Mil's Darnford, all at one time. I never should forget her dear goodness to me, and the notice she took of me at the Hall*, kindly prefling my rough hands with her fine hands, and looking in my face with fo much kindness in her eyes!-to be fure I never shall-What good people, as well as bad, there are in high stations!—Thank God there are; elfe our poor child would have had a fad time of it too often, when she was obliged to flep out of berfelf, as once I heard you phrase it, into company you could not live with.

Well, but what shall I say more? and yet how shall I end?—Only, with my prayers, that God will continue to you the blessing and comforts you are in possible of !—And pray now, be not overthoughtful about what may happen at London; for why should you let the dread of future evils lessen your present joys? There is no absolute perfection in this life, that's true; but one would make one's self as easy as one could. 'Tis time enough to be troubled when troubles come.—' Sufficient unto the day

is the evil thereof.

Rejoice then, my dear child, as you have often faid you would, in your prefent bleflings, and leave the event of things to the Supreme Disposer of all events. And what have you to do but rejoice? You, who cannot fee a fun rife, but it is to bless you, and to raise up from their beds numbers to join in the bleffing! You, who can bless your high-bornfriends, and your low-born parents, and obscure relations! who can blefs the rich by your example, and the poor by your bounty; and blefs befides fo good and fo brave a husband !- O my dear child, what, let me repeat it, have you to do but rejoice? -For many daughters have done wifely, but you have excelled them all.

I will only add, that every thing the fquire ordered, is just upon the point of being finished. And when the good time comes, that we shall be again fa-

voured with his presence and yours, what a still greater joy will this afford to the already overslowing hearts of your ever lowing father and mother,

JOHN and ELIZ. ANDREWS!

LETTER XXVII.

MY DEAREST MISS DARNFORD,

THE interest I take in every thing that concerns you, makes me very importunate to know how you approve the gentleman, whom some of his best friends and well-wishers have recommended to your favour. I hope he will deserve your good opinion, and then he must excel most of the unmarried gen-

tlemen in England.

Your papa, in his humorous manner, mentions his large possessions and riches: but, indeed, were he as rich as Cræfus, he should not have my consent, if he has no greater merit; though that is what the generality of parents look out for first; and indeed an easy fortune is so far from being to be difregarded, that, when attended with equal merit, I think it ought to have a preference given to it, fuppoling affections difengaged. 'tis certain, that a man or woman may stand as good a chance for happiness in marriage with a person of fortune, as with one who has not that advantage; and notwithstanding I had neither riches nor descent to boast of, I must be of opinion with those who say, that they never knew any body despise either, that had them. But to permit riches to be the principal inducement, to the neglect of superior merit, that is the fault which many a one fmarts for, whether the choice be their own, or imposed upon them by those who have a title to their obedience.

Here is a faucy body, might some, who have not Miss Darnford's kind consideration for her friend, be apt to say, who being thus meanly descended, nevertheless presumes to give her opinion in these high cases unasked. But I have one thing, my dear Miss, to say; and that is, that I think myself so intirely divested of partiality to my own case, that, as far as my judgment shall permit, I will never have that in view, when I am presuming to hint my opinion of general rules. For, most surely, the honours I have received, and the debasement to which my best

friend has subjected himself, have, for their principal excuse, that the gentleman was intirely independent, had no questions to ask, and had a fortune sufficient to make himself, as well as the person he chose, happy, though she brought him nothing at all; and that he had, moreover, such a character for good sense, and knowledge of the world, that nobody could impute to him any other inducement, but that of a noble resolution to reward a virtue he had so frequently, and, I will say, so wickedly, tried, and could not subdue.

But why do I thus run on to Miss Darnford, whose partial friendship attributes to me merits I cannot claim? I will, therefore, quit this subject, as a needless one to her, and proceed to what was principally in my view, when I began to write; and that is, to complain of your papa, who has, let me say it, done his endeavours to set at variance a gen-

tleman and his wife.

I will not enter into the particulars, because the appeal is to Cæsar, and it would look like invading his prerogative, to take it into my own hands. But I can tell Sir Simon, that he is the only gentleman, I hope, who, when a young person of my sex asked him to make her a present of a book, would put such a mischievous turn as he has done upon it, to her husband !- Indeed, from the beginning, I had reason to call him a * telltale-But, no more of that-yet I must fay, I had rather he should have flung his book at my head too, than to have made a fo much worse use of it. But I came off tolerably, no thanks to Sir Simon, however!—And but tolerably neither: for Mr. B. kept me in suspense a good while, and put me in great flutters, before he let me into the matter.

But I was much concerned, my dear Miss Darnford, at first, till you gave a reason I better liked afterwards, for Sir Simon's denying your company to me, after I had obtained the favour of your mamma's consent, and you were kindly inclined yourself to oblige me: and that was, that Sir Simon had a bad opinion of the honour of my dear Mr. B. For, as to that part of his doubt, which respected dishonour upon his dear daughter, it was all but the effect of his strange free humour, on purpose to vex you.

That gentleman must be the most

abandoned of men, who would attempt any thing against the virtue of a lady, intrusted to his protection: and I am grieved, methinks, that the dear man, who is the better part of myfelf, and has, to his own debasement, acted so honourably by me, should be thought capable of fo much vileness. But, forgive me, Miss; it is only Sir Simon, I dare fay, who could think fo hardly of him: and I am in great hope, for the honour of the present age, (quite contrary to the afpertion, that every age grows worfe and worse) that the last, if it produced people capable of fuch attempts, was wickeder than this.

Bad as Mr. B.'s defigns and attempts were upon me, I can, now I am fet above fearing them, and am enabled to reflect upon them with less terror and apprehension, be earnest, for his own dear fake, to think him not, even then, the worst of men, though bad enough in all confcience: for have we not heard of those who have had no remorfe or compunction at all, and have actually executed all their vile purposes, when a poor creature was in their power ?-- Yet (indeed, after fore trials, that's true!) did not God turn his heart? And although I was still helplets, and without any friend in the world, and in the hands of a poor vile woman, who, to be fure, was worfe than he, provoking him to ruin me, and so wholly in his power, that I durft not disobey him, whether he bade me come to him, or be gone from him, as he was pleased or difpleased with me; yet, I say, for all this, did he not overcome his criminal paffion, and entertain an honourable one, though to his poor servant girl; and brave the world, and the world's censures, and marry me?

And does not this shew, that the seeds of honour were kept alive in his heart, though choaked or kept from sprouting forth, for a time, by the weeds of sensuality, pride, and youthful impetuosity? And by cutting down the latter, have not the former taken root, have they not shot out, and, in their turn, kept down, at least, the depressed weeds? And who now lives more virtuously than Mr. B.?

Let me tell you, my dear Mis, that I have not heard of many instances of gentlemen, who, having designed vilely, have stopt short and acted so honourably; and who continue to act so nobly: and I have

great confidence, that he will, in time, be as pious, as he is now moral; for though he has a few bad notions, which he talks of now and then, as polygamy, and fuch like, which indeed, give me a little ferious thought fometimes, because a man is too apt to practife what he has perfuaded himfelf to believe is no crime; yet, I hope, they are owing more to the liveliness of his wit, (a wild quality, which does not always confine itself to proper exercises) than to his judgment. And if I can but see the first three or four months residence over in that wicked London, (which, they fay, is so feducing a place) without adding to my appre-

henfions, how happy shall I be?

So much, flightly, have I thought proper to fay in behalf of my dear Mr. B. Fer a good wife cannot but hope for a fweeter and more elevated companionthip, (if her prefumptuous heart makes her look upward with hope herfelf) than this transitory state can afford us. And what a fad case is hers, who being as exemplary as human frailty will permit her to be, looks forward upon the partner of her adverse, and of her prosperous estate, the hufband of her bosom, the father of her children, the head of her family, as a poor unhappy foul, deftined to a feparate and a miserable existence for ever! -Q my dear friend !- How can fuch a thought be supportable!—But what high consolation, what transport rather, at times, must hers be, who shall be blessed with the hope of being an humble instru-ment to reclaim such a dear, dear, thrice dear partner!—And that, heart in heart, and hand in hand, they shall one day iffue forth from this incumbered state into a bleffed eternity, benefited by each other's example !—I will lay down my pen, and enjoy the rich thought for a few

Now, my dear Miss Darnford, let me, as a subject very pleasing to me, touch upon your kind mention of the worthy Mr. Peters's fentiments in relation to that part of his conduct to me, which (oppreffed by the terrors and apprehenons to which I was subjected) once indeed I censured; and so much the readier, as I had ever fo great an honour for his cloth, that I thought, to be a clergyman, and all that was compaffionate, good and virtuous, was the same thing.

But when I came to know Mr. Peters,

I had a high opinion of his worthines; and as no one can be perfect in this life, thus I thought to myfelf: How hard was then my lot, to be a cause of stumbling to fo worthy a heart! To be fure, a gentleman, who knows fo well, and practifes fo well, his duty, in every other instance, and preaches it so efficaciously to others, must have been one day fensible, that it would not have misbecome his function and character to have afforded that protection to oppressed innocence, which was requested of him; and how would it have grieved his confiderate mind, had my ruin been compleated, that he did not !

But as he had once a name-fake, as one may fay, that failed in a much greater instance, let not my want of charity exceed his fault; but let me look upon it as an infirmity, to which the most perfect are liable: I was a stranger to him; a fervant girl carried off by her master, a young gentleman of violent and lawless passions; who, in this very instance, fhewed how much in earnest he was set upon effecting all his vile purposes; and whose heart although God might touch, it was not probable any leffer influence

could.

Then he was not fure, that though he might affift my escape, I might not afterwards fall again into the hands of fo determined a violator; and that difficulty would not, with fuch a one, inhance his refolution to overcome all obstacles.

Moreover, he might think, that the person, who was moving him to this worthy measure, might possibly be seek-ing to gratify a view of his own; and that while he was endeavouring to fave, to outward appearance, a virtue in danger, he was, in reality, only helping another to a wife, at the hazard of exposing himself to the vindictiveness of a violent temper, and a rich neighbour, who had power as well as will to refent; for fuch was his apprehension, groundless, intirely groundless as it was, though not improbable, as it might feem to him.

Then again, the fad examples fet by too many European fovereigns, in whom the royal and prieftly offices are united (for are took kings the Lord's anointed?) and the little scruple which many perfons, right reverend by their functions and characters, too generally make, to pay fordid courts and vifits (far from bearing their teltimony against such prac-

tices) even to concubines, who have interest to promote them*, are no small discouragements to a private clergyman to do his duty, and to make himfelf enemies among his powerful neighbours, for the cause of virtue. And especially (forgive me, dear Sir Simon Darnford, if you should see this) when an eminent magistrate, one of the principal gentle-men of the county, of an independent forcupe, who had fine young ladies to his daughters, (who had nothing but their superior conditions, not their sex, toexempt them from like attempts) a justice of peace, and of the quorum; refused to BE a + justice, though such a breach of the peace was made, and fuch a violation of morals plainly intended. This, I fay, must add to the discouragement of a gentleman a little too diffident and timorous of himfelf: and who having no one to second him, had he afforded me his protection, must have stood alone in the gap, and made to himself, in an active gentleman, an enemy who had a thousand desirable qualities to make one wish him for a friend.

For all these considerations, I think myself obliged to pity, rather than too rigorously to censure, the worthy gentleman. And I must and will always respect him. And thank him a thousand times, my dear, in my name, for his goodness in condescending to acknowledge, by your hand, his infirmity, as such: for this gives an excellent proof of the natural worthiness of his heart; and that it is beneath him to seek to extenuate a fault, when he thinks he has

committed one. Indeed, my dear friend, I have fo much honour for the clergy of all degrees, that I never forget in my prayers one article, that God will make them fhining lights to the world; fince so much depends on their ministry and examples, as well with respect to our publick as private duties. Nor shall the faults of a few make impression upon me to the dif-advantage of the order. For I am afraid a very censorious temper, in this respect, is too generally the indication of an uncharitable and perhaps a profligate heart, levelling characters, in order to cover fome inward pride, or fecret enormities, which they are ashamed to avow, and will not be instructed to amend.

Forgive, my dear, this tedious scribble, I cannot for my life write short letters to those I love. And let me hope, that you will favour me with an account of your new affair, and how you proceed in it; and with fuch of your converfations, as may give me some notion of a polite courtship. For, alas! your poor friend knows nothing of this, All her courtship was sometimes a hasty snatch of the hand, a black and blue gripe of the arm, and- Whither now ?- Come to " me when I bid you! And Saucy-face, and Creature, and fuch like, on his partwith fear and trembling on mine; and-I will, I will!-Good Sir, have mercy!' At other times a scream, and nobody to hear or mind me; and with uplift hands, bent knees, and tearful eyes- For God's fake, pity your poor fervant!

This, my dear Miss Darnford, was the hard treatment that attended my court-fhip—Pray, then, let me know, how gentlemen court their equals in degree; how they look when they address you, with their knees bent, sighing, supplicating, and all that, as Sir Simon says, with the words Slave, Servant, Admirer, continually at their tongues ends.

But after all, it will be found, I believe, that, be the language and behaviour ever fo obsequious, it is all designed to end alike.—The English, the plain English of the politest address, is—'I am now, 'dear Madam, your humble servant: 'pray be so good as to let me be your 'master.—'Yes, and thank you too,' says the lady's heart, though not her lips, if she likes him. And so they go to church together: and, in conclusion, it will be happy, if these obsequious court-ships end no worse than my frightful one.

But I am convinced, that with a man of fense, a woman of tolerable prudence must be happy.

That whenever you marry, it may be to fuch a man, who then must value you as you deferve, and make you happy as I now am, notwithstanding all that's past, wishes and prays your obliged friend and servant,

N. B. Although Miss Daroford could not receive the above letter so soon, as to

That thefe arguments were pleaded by Mr. Peters, fee Vol. I. p. 86.

⁺ Ibid.

answer it before others were sent to her by her fair correspondent; yet we think it not amiss to dispense with the order of time, that the reader may have the letter and answer at one view: and shall on other occasions take the like liberty.

LETTER XXVIII.

IN ANSWER TO THE PRECEDING.

MY DEAR MRS. B.

Mr. Peters fays he will never go to bed, nor rife, but he will pray for you, and defires I will return his thankful acknowledgments for your favourable opinion of him, and kind allowances. If there be an angel on earth, he fays you are one. My papa, although he has feen your ftinging reflection upon his refufal to protect you, is delighted with you too; and fays, when you come down to Lincolnthire again, he will be undertaken by you in good earnest; for he thinks it was wrong in him, to deny you his protection.

We are pleafed with your apology for Mr. B. 'Tis so much the part of a good wife to extenuate her husband's faults, and make the best of his bad qualities, in order to give the world a good opinion of him; that, together with the affecting instances of your humility, in looking back with so much true greatness of mind, to what you were, make us all join to admire you, and own, that nobody can

deserve what you deserve.

Yet I am forry, my dear friend, to find, notwithstanding your defence of Mr. B. that you have any apprehensions about London. 'Tis pity any thing should give you concern. As to Mr. B.'s talking in favour of polygamy, you cannot expect, that he can shake off all his bad notions at once. And it must be a great comfort to you, that his actions do not correspond, and that his liberties have been reduced to notions only. In time, we hope that he will be every thing you wish him. If not, with such an example before him, he will be the more culpable.

We all finiled at the description of your own uncommon courtship. And, as they say, the days of courtship are the happiest part of life, if we had not known that your days of marriage are happier by far than any other body's courtship, we must needs have pitied you. But as the one were days of trial and temptation, the other are days of reward and happiness: may the last always continue to be so, and you'll have no occasion to think any body happier than Mrs. B.!

I thank you heartily for your good wishes as to the man of sense. Mr. Murray has been here, and continues his visits. He is a lively gentleman, well enough in his person, has a tolerable character, yet loves company, and will take his bottle freely; my papa likes him ne'er the worse for that: he talks a good deal; dresses gay, and even richly, and seems to like his own person very well: no great pleafure this for a lady to look forward to; yet he falls far short of that genteel ease, and graceful behaviour, which distinguish your Mr. B. from any-body I know.

I wish Mr. Murray would apply to my sister. She is an ill-natured girl: but would make a good wife, I hope; and fancy she'd like him wellenough. I can't say I do. He laughs too much; has something boisterous in his conversation; his complaissance is not a pretty complaisance: he is, however, well versed in country sports; and my papa loves him for that too, and says—' He is a most accomplished gentleman.'—' Yes, Sir, cry I, 'as gentlemen go.'—' You must besaucy, says Sir Simon, 'because the man offers himself to your acceptance.' A few years hence, perhaps, if you remain single, you'll alter your note, Polly, and be willing to jump at a much less worthy tender.'

I could not help answering that, although I paid due honour to every thing that my papa was pleased to say, I could not but hope he would be mistaken in

this.

But I have broken my mind to my dear, my indulgent mamma, who tells me, she will do me all the pleasure she can; but would be loth the youngest daughter should go first, as she calls it. But if I could come and live with you a little now-and-then, I did not care who married, unless such an one offered, as I never expect.

I have great hope, the gentleman will be eafily perfuaded to quit me for Nancy; for I fee he has not delicacy enough to love with any great diffinction. He fays, as my mamma tells me by-the-bye, that I am the handfomest, and best humoured, and he has found out, as he thinks, that I have fome wit, and have ease and free-

dom

dom (and he tacks innocence to them) in my address and conversation. 'Tis well for me, he is of this opinion; for if he thinks justly, which I much question, any-body may think so still much more; for I have been far from taking pains to engage his good word, having been under more reserve to him, than ever I was before to any body.

Indeed, I can't help it; for the gentleman is forward without delicacy; and (pardon me, Sir Simon,) my papa has not one bit of it neither; but is for puffing matters on, with his rough raillery, that puts me out of countenance, and has already adjusted the fordid part of the preliminaries, as he tells me.

Yet I hope Nancy's three thousand pound fortune more than I am likely to have*, will give her the wished-for preference with Mr. Murray; and then, as to a brother-in-law, in prospect, I can put off all restraint, and return to my usual freedom.

This is all that occurs worthy of notice from us: but from you, we expect an account of Lady Davers's vift, and of the converfations that offer among you; and you have so delightful a way of making every thing .nomentous, either by your subject or reflections, or both, that we long for every post-day, in hopes of the pleasure of a letter.—And yours I will always carefully preserve, as so many testimonies of the honour I receive in this correspondence: which will be always esteemed as it deserves, by, my dear Mrs. B. your obliged and faithful,

POLLY DARNFORD.

Mrs. Peters, Mrs. Jones, my papa, mamma, and fifter, prefent their respects.
Mr. Peters I mentioned before. He continues to give a very good account of poor Jewkes; and is much pleased with her.

LETTER XXIX.

MY DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

A T your defire, and to oblige your honoured mamma, and your good neighbours, I will now acquaint you with the arrival of Lady Davers, and will occasionally write what passes among us: I will not say worthy of notice; for were

I only to do fo, I should be more brief. perhaps, by much, than you feem to expect. But as my time is pretty much taken up, and I find I shall be obliged to write a bit now, and a bit then, you must excuse me, if I dispense with some forms, which I ought to observe, when I write to one I fo dearly love; and fo I will give it journal-wife, as it were, and have no regard, when it would fetter or break in upon my freedom of narration, to inscription or fubscription; but fend it as I have opportunity: and if you please to favour me fo far, as to lend it me, after you have read the stuff, for the perusal of my father and mother, to whom my duty and promise require me to give an account of my proceedings, it will fave me transcription, for which I shall have no time; and then you will excuse blots and blurs, and I will trouble myself no farther for apologies on that score, but this once for all.

If you think it worth while, when they have read it, you shall have it again.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SIX O'CLOCK.

OR my dear friend permits me to rife an hour fooner than ufual, that I may have time to scribble; for he is always pleased to see me so employed, or in reading; often faying, when I am at my needle, (as his fifter once wrote+) 'Your ' maids can do this, Pamela; but they cannot write as you can.' And yet, as he tells me, when I choose to follow my needle, as a diversion from too intense study, as he is pleased to call it, (but, alas! I know not what study is, as may be eafily gueffed by my hafty writing, putting down every thing as it comes) I shall then do as I please. But you must understand I promised at setting out, what a good wife I'd endeavour to make 1: and every honest body should try to be as good as her word, you know; and fuch particulars as I then mentioned, I think I ought to dispense with as little as posfible; especially as I promised no more than what was my duty to perform, if I had not promised.—But what a preamble is here? Judge by it what impertinencies you may expect as I proceed.

Yesterday about six in the evening arrived here my Lord and Lady Davers, their nephew, and the Countess of C.

mother of Lady Betty, whom we did not expect, but took it for the greater favour, It feems her ladyfhip longed, as the faid, to fee me; and this was her principal inducement. The two ladies, and their two women, were in Lord Dayers's coach and fix, and my lord and his nephew rode on horseback, attended with a train of

We had expected them to dinner; but they could not reach time enough; for the counters being a little incommoded with her journey, the coach travelled flowly. My lady would not fuffer her lord, nor his nephew to come hither before her, though on horseback, because she would be present, she said, when his lordship first faw me, he having quite forgot her mother's Pamela; that was her word.

It rained when they came in; so the coach drave directly to the door, and Mr. B. received them there: but I was in a little fort of flutter, which Mr. B. observmg, made me fit down in the parlour to compose myself. 'Where's Pamela?' faid my lady, as foon as the alighted.

I stept out, lest she should take it amis; and the took my hand, and kiffed me: · Here, my lady countefs,' faid the, prefenting me to her—' here's the girl: fee if I faid too much in praise of her per-

The countess faluted me with a visible leafure in her eye, and faid- Indeed, Lady Davers, you have not. 'Twould have been strange, (excuse me, Mrs. B. for I know your story) if such a fine * flower had not been transplanted from

" the field to the garden."

I made no return, but by a low curtfey, to her ladyship's compliment. Then Lady Davers taking my hand again, prefented me to her lord: 'See here, my lord, my mother's Pamela.'- 'And fee here, 'my lord,' faid her generous brother, taking my other hand most kindly, 'see here your brother's Pamela too

My lord faluted me: 'I do,' faid he to his lady: ' I do,' faid he to his brother; and I fee the first person in her, that has exceeded my expectation, when every mouth had prepared me to expect

a wonder.

Mr. H. whom every one calls Lord Jackey, after his aunt's example, when the is in good humour with him, and who is a very yourg gentleman, though about as old as my best friend, came to me next, and faid- Lovelier and lovelier, by my * life!-I never faw your peer, Madam.

Will you excuse me, my dear, all this feeming vanity, for the fake of repeating

exactly what paffed?

Well, but,' faid my lady, taking my hand, in her free quality way, which quite dashed me, and holding it at a distance, and turning me half round, her eye fixed to my wailt, ' let me observe you a little, my fweet-faced girl !- I hope I am right: I hope you will do credit to my brother, as he has done you credit .-Why do you let her lace fo tight, Mr. B.

I was unable to look up, as you may believe, Mifs: my face, all over scarlet, was hid in my bosom, and I looked so filly !-

' Ay,' faid my naughty lady, ' you may well look down, my good girl: for works of this nature will not be long ' hidden.—And, O! my lady,' (to the countes)' see how like a pretty thief she

Dear my lady!' faid I-for ftill fhe kept looking at me: and her good brother, feeing my confusion, in pity to me, prefied my blushing face a moment to his generous breaft; and faid- Lady Davers, you should not be thus hard upon my dear girl, the moment you fee her, and before fo many witnesies: - but look up, my bost love, take your revenge of my fifter, and tell her, you wish her in the same way.'

' It is so then,' faid my lady! 'I'm glad of it with all my heart. I will now love you better and better; - but I almost doubted it, feeing her still fo slender. -But if, my good child, you lace too ' tight, I'll never forgive you.' And fo the gave me a kiss of congratulation, as

the faid.

Do you think I did not look very filly? My lord, finiling, and gazing at me from head to foot, Lord Jackey grinning and laughing, like an oaf, as I then, in my fpite, thought. Indeed the counters faid, encouragingly to me, but severely on persons of birth—' Lady Davers, you are as much too teazing, as Mrs. B. is too bashful .- But you are a happy man, Mr. B. that your lady's bashfulnefs is the principal mark by which we can judge the is not of quality.' Lord Jackey, in the language of some character in a play, cried out- A palpable bit, by " Jupiter!" and laughed egregiously, running about from one to another, repeating the fame words.

We talked only upon common topicks till supper-time, and I was all ear, as I

thought

thought it became me to be; for the counters had by her first compliment, and by an aspect as noble as intelligent, over-awed me, as I may say, into a respectful silence, to which Lady Davers's free, though pleasant raillery, (which she could not help carrying on now-and-then) contributed. Besides, Lady Davers's letters had given me still greater reason to revere her wit and judgment than I had before, when I reslected on her passionate temper, and such parts of the conversation I had had with her ladyship in your neighbourhood; which (however to be admired) fell short of her letters.

When we were to fit down at table, I looked, I suppose, a little diffidently; for I really then thought of my lady's anger at the Hall, when she would not have permitted me to fit at table with her *; and Mr. B. faying-' Take your place, my dear ; you keep our friends standing ; I fat down in my usual seat. And my lady faid-' None of your reproaching eye, Pamela; I know what you hint at by it: and every letter I have received from you, has helped to make me cenfire myfelf for my lady-airs, as you call em, you faucebox you: I told you, I'd lady-airs you when I faw you; and you shall have it all in good time.

"I'm fure,' faid I, "I shall have nothing from your ladyship, but what willbe very agreeable: but, indeed, I never meant any thing particular by that, or any other word that I wrote; nor could I think of any thing but what was highly respectful to your ladyship."

Lord Davers was pleased to say, that it was impossible I should either write or speak any thing that could be taken amis.

Lady Davers, after supper, and the servants were withdrawn, began a discourse on titles, and faid—'Brother, I think you should hold yourself obliged to my Lord Davers; for he has spoken to Lord S. who made him a visit a few days ago, to procure you a baronet's patent. Your

estate, and the figure you make in the world, are so considerable, and your family besides is so ancient, that, methinks, you should wish for some dis-

' thinks, you thould with for lome dif-' tinction of that fort.'
' Yes, brother,' faid my lord, ' I did

mention it to Lord S. and told him,

withal, that it was without your knowledge or defire, that I spoke about it; and I was not very fure you would accept of it; but its a thing your lister has wished for a good while.

'What answer did my Lord S. make to it?' faid Mr. B.

'He faid—"We," meaning the mi'nisters, I suppose, "should be glad to
'oblige a man of Mr. B.'s figure in the
'world; but you mention it so slightly,
'that you can hardly expect courtiers
'will tender it to any gentleman that is
's fo indifferent about it; for, Lord Da'vers, we seldom grant honours with'out a view, I tell you that," added he,
's fmiling.'

My Lord S. might mention this as a jest,' returned Mr. B. 'but he spoke the truth. But your lordship said well, that I was indifferent about it. true, 'tis an hereditary title: but the rich citizens, who used to be satisfied with the title of Knight, (till they made it so common, that it is brought into as great contempt almost as that of the + French knights of St. Michael, and nobody cares to accept of it) now are ambitious of this; and, as I apprehend, it is hastening apace into like difrepute. Befides, 'tis a novel honour, and what the ancestors of our family, who lived at it's institution, would never accept of. But were it a peerage they would give me, which has some essential privileges and fplendours annexed to it, that would make it defirable to fome men, I would not enter into conditions for it. Titles at best,' added he, ' are but shadows, and he that has the substance, should be above valuing them: for who that has the whole bird, would pride himself upon a single feather?" But, faid my lady, although I ac-

knowledge, that the inflitution is of late date, yet, as abroad, as well as at home, it is regarded as a title of dignity, and it is supposed, that the best families among the gentry are distinguished by it, I should be glad you would accept of it. And as to citizens who have it, they are not many; and some of this class of people, or their immediate descendants however, have bought them

felves into the peerage itself of the one kingdom or the other,

* See Vol. II. p. 249.

⁺ This order was become fo fcandaloufly common in France, that, in order to suppress it, the hangman was vested with the ensigns of it, which effectually abulished it.

As to what it is looked upon abroad, faid Mr. B. ' this is of no weight at all; for when an Englishman travels, be he of what degree he will, if he has an equipage, and fquanders his money away, he is a lord of course with toreigners: and therefore Sir Such-a-one is rather a diminution to him, as it fixes him down to a lower title than his vanity would perhaps make him afpire to be thought in the possession of. Then, as to citizens, in a trading nation like this, I am not displeased in the main, with feeing the overgrown ones, creeping into nominal honeurs; and we have fo many of our first titled families who have allied themselves to trade, (whose " inducements were money only) that it ceases to be either a wonder as to the fact, or a difgrace to the honour." Well, brother,' faid my lady, 'I will

e tell you farther, the thing may be had for asking for: if you will but go to court, and defire to kiss the king's a hand, that will be all the trouble you'll " have: and pray now oblige me in it." If a title would make me either a better or a wifer man,' replied Mr. B. . I would embrace it with pleasure. Befides, I am not so intirely satisfied with " fome of the measures now pursuing, as to owe any obligation to the ministers. Accepting of a small title from them, is but like putting on their badge, or lifting under their banners; like a certain lord we all know, who accepted of one degree more of title to flew he was theirs, and would not have an higher, lest it should be thought a satisfaction tantamount to half the pension he de-

they gave me the title of a Baronet?' The counters, faid, the world always thought Mr. B. to be a man of steady principles, and not attached to any party; but it was her opinion, that it was far from being inconfident with any gentleman's honour and independency, to accept of a title from a prince he acknowledged as his fovereign.

· manded: and could I be easy to have

" man for voting as I pleased because

it supposed, that I was an ungrateful

'Tis very true, Madam,' replied Mr. B. ' that I am attached to no party, nor ever will; and I have a mean opinion of many of the heads of both: nay, I-will fay further, that I wish at my heart, the gentlemen in the administration would purfue fuch measures, that I could give them every vote; as I always will every

one that I can; and I have no very high opinion of those who, right or wrong, would diftress or embarrass a government. For this is certain, that our governors cannot be always in the wrong; and he therefore who never gives them a vote, must sometimes be in the wrong as well as they, and must, moreover, have some view he will not own. But in a country like ours, where each of the legislative powers is in a manner independent, and where they are defigned as mutual checks upon one another, I have, notwithstanding, so great an opinion of the necessity of an opposition fometimes, that I am convinced it is that which must preserve our constitution. I will therefore be a country gentleman, in the true fenfe of the word, and will accept of no favour that shall make any-one think I would not be of the opposition when I think it a necessary one; as, on the other hand, I should scorn to make myfelf a round to any man's ladder of preferment, or a caballer for the fake of my own.

You fay well, brother,' returned Lady Davers; 'but you may undoubtedly keep your own principles and independency, and yet pay your duty to the king, and accept of this title; for your family and fortune will be a greater ornament to the title, than the title

to you.'
Then what occasion have I for it, if

that be the case, Madam? ' Why, I can't fay, but I should be glad you had it, for your family's fake, as it is an hereditary honour. Then it would mend the style of your spouse here; for the good girl is at such a loss for an epithet when she writes, that I fee the constraint she lies under. ' It is-" My dear gentleman, my best friend, my benefactor, my dear Mr. B. whereas Sir William would turn off her periods more roundly, and no other fofter epithets would be wanting.

'To me,' replied he, 'who always defire to be diffinguished as my Pamela's best friend, and think it an honour to be called her dear Mr. B. and ber dear man, this reason weighs very little, unless there were no other Sir William in the kingdom than ber Sir William; for I am very emulous of her favour, I can tell you, and think it no finall diffinction.

I blushed at this too great honour, be-

fore such company, and was afraid my lady would be a little piqued at it. But after a pause, she faid—' Well then, brother, will you let Pamela decide upon this point?'

Rightly put, faid the countefs. Pray let Mrs. B. choose for you, Sir.

My lady has hit the thing.

Very good, very good, by my foul, fays Lord Jackey; let my young aunt, that was his word, 'choofe for you, Sir.'
Well then, Pamela, faid Mr. B.

give us your opinion, as to this point.
But, first, faid Lady Davers, fay
you will be determined by it; or else
she will be laid under a difficulty.
Well then, replied he, be it so.

I will be determined by your opinion,

my dear : give it me freely.'

Lord Jackey rubbed his hands together—' Charming, charming, as I hope to live! By Jove, this is just as I wished!'

Well, now, Pamela, faid my lady, fpeak your true heart without difguile:

I charge you do.

Why then, gentlemen and ladies, faid I, if I must be so bold as to speak on a subject, upon which, on several accounts, it would become me to be silent, I should be against the title; but perhaps my reason is of too private a nature, to weigh any thing; and if so, it would not become me to have any choice at all.

They all called upon me for my reafon; and I faid, looking down a little abashed-'It is this: Here my dear Mr. B. has disparaged himself by distinguishing, as he has done, such a low creature as I; and the world will be apt to fay, he is feeking to repair one " way the honour he has loft another; and then, perhaps, it will be attributed to my pride and ambition : " Here," they will perhaps fay, " the proud cottager will needs be a lady, in hopes to " conceal her defcent;" whereas, had I fuch a vain thought, it would be but making it the more remembered against both Mr. B. and myfelf. And indeed, as to my own part, I take too much pride in having been lifted up into this diffinction, for the causes to which I

cerned for his own fake, left he should be too much censured. But this would not be prevented, but rather be promoted by the title. So I am humbly of opinion against the title.

Mr. B. had hardly patience to hear me out, but came to me, and folding his arms about me, faid— Just as I wished, have you answered, my beloved Pa-

mela: I was never yet deceived in you; no, not once.

'Madam,' faid he to the countefs, Lord Davers, Lady Davers, 'do we want any titles, think you, to make us happy, but what we can confer upon ourfelves?' And he preffed my hand to his lips, as he always honours me most in company; and went to his place highly pleased; while his fine manner drew tears from my eyes, and made his noble futter's and the countefs's glisten too.

fifter's and the counters's gliften too.

Well, for my part,' faid Lady Davers, 'thou art a strange girl: where, as 'my brother once said', gottest thou all 'this?' Then, pleasantly humorous, as if she was angry, she changed her tone—'What signify thy meek words 'and humble speeches, when by thy actions, as well as sentiments, thou residectest upon us all? Pamela, 'said she, have less merit, or take care to conceal it better: I shall otherwise have no more patience with thee, than thy monarch has just now shewn.'

The countess was pleased to fay—
You're a happy couple indeed!—And
I must needs repeat to you, Mr. B.
four lines of Sir William Davenant,
upon a lady who could not possibly deferve them so much as yours does:

" She ne'er faw courts; but courts cou'd have

"With untaught looks, and an unprac-

"Her nets, the most prepar'd could never
"shun;
"For Nature spread them in the scorn

of Art."

both Mr. B. and myself. And indeed, as to my own part, I take too much pride in having been listed up into this distinction, for the causes to which I one says well accepted! Ay, that is all in all. Since the reason for the answer owe it, your brother's bounty and generality, than to be assumed of what I are only now-and then I am converse to my now-and then I am converse what compliments had I upon it!

"Tis a fign they were prepared to think well of me; and that's my great pleafure and happiness.

Such fort of entertainment as this you are to expect from your correspondent. I cannot do better than I can; and it may appear such a mixture of self-praise, vanity, and impertinence, that I expect you will tell me freely, as foon as this comes to your hand, whether it be tolerable to you. Yet I must write on, for my dear father and mother's fake, who require it of me, and are prepared to approve of every thing that comes from me, for no other reason but that: and I think you ought to leave me to write to them only, as I cannot hope it will be intertaining to any body elfe, without expecting as much partiality and favour from others, as I have from my dear parents. Meantime I conclude here my first conversation-piece; and am, and will be, always yours, &c.

P. B.

LETTER XXX.

THURSDAY MORNING, SIX O'CLOCK.

OUR breakfast conversation yesterden, my lady's woman, and my Polly attended) was so whimsically particular, (though I doubt some of it, at least, will appear too trissing) that I cannot help acquainting my dear Miss Darnford with it, who is desirous of knowing all that relates to Lady Davers's conduct towards me.

You must know then, that I have the honour to stand very high in the graces of Lord Davers; who on every occasion is pleased to call me his good Sister, his lear Sister, and sometimes his charming Sister; and he tells me, he will not be out of my company for an hour together, while he stays here, if he can help it.

My lady feems to relift this very well in the main, though the cannot quite fo readily, yet, frame her mouth to the found of the word Sifter, as my lord does; of which this this follows is one instance.

of which this that follows is one instance.

His lordship had called me by that tender name twice before, and faying—

I will drink another dish, I think, my good Sister. My lady said— Your lordship has got a word by the end, that you feem mighty fould of I have taken

onotice, that you have called Pamela, Sifter, Sifter, Sifter, no lefs than three times in a quarter of an hour.

My lord looked a little ferious: 'I fhall one day,' faid he, 'be allowed 'to choofe my own words and phrases,' I hope—Your fifter, Mr.B.' added he, often questions whether I am at age or not, though the House of Peers made no scruple of admitting me among them some years ago.'

Mr. B. faid, severely, but with a smiling air—"Tis well she has such a gentleman as your lordship for a husband, whose affectionate indulgence to her makes you overlook all her saucy sallies! I am sure, when you took her out of our family into your own, we all thought ourselves, I in particular, bound to pray for you."

bound to pray for you.'
I thought this a great trial of my lady's patience: but it was from Mr. B. And the faid, with a half pleafant, half-ferious air—'How now, Confidence!—None but my brother could have faid this, whose violent spirit was always much more intolerable than mine: but I can tell you, Mr. B. I was always thought very good-humoured and obliging to every body, till your impudence came from college, and from your travels; and then, I own, your provoking ways made me now-and-then a little out of the way.'

Well, well, fifter, we'll have no more of this subject; only let us see, that my Lord Davers wants not his proper authority with you, although you used to keep me in awe formerly.

'Keep you in awe!—That nobody could ever do yet, boy or man.—But, my lord, I beg your pardon; for this brother will make mischief betwixt us if he can—I only took notice of the word Sifter to often used, which looked more like affectation than affection.'

Perhaps, Lady Davers, faid my lord, gravely, I have two reasons for using the word so frequently.

'I'd be glad to hear them,' faid the dear taunting lady; 'for I don't doubt 'they're mighty good ones. What are they, my lord?'

'One is, because I love, and am fond of my new relation: the other, that you are so sparing of the word, that I call her so for us both.'

Your lordship fays well,' replied Mr. B. smiling; 'and Lady Davers can give two reasons why she does not.'

· Well,

Well, faid my lady, now we are in for't, let us hear your two reasons likewise; I doubt not they're wise ones

'If they are yours, Lady Davers, they must be so; one is, That every condescension (to speak in a proud lady's dialect) comes with as much difficulty from her, as a favour from the House of Austria to the petty princes of Germany. The second, Because those of your sex—(excuse me, Madam,' to the counters) 'who having once made scruples, think it inconsistent with themselves to be over hasty to alter their own conduct, choosing rather to persist in an error, than own it to be one.'

This proceeded from his impatience to fee me in the leaft flighted by my lady; and I faid to Lord Davers, to foften matters—' Never, my lord, were brother and ' fifter fo loving in earneft, and yet fo fa- ' tirical upon each other in jeft, as my ' good lady and Mr. B. But your lord-

thip knows their way.'

My lady frowned at her brother, but turned it off with an air: 'I love the mif-'tress of this house,' said she, 'very well; 'and am quite reconciled to her: but methinks there is such a hissing sound in the word Sister, that I cannot abide it. 'Tis a true English word, but a 'word I have not been used to, having never had a sis-sister before, as you know.' Speaking the first syllable of the word with an emphatical his.

Mr. B. said—' Observe you not, Lady Davers, that you used a word (to avoid that) which had twice the hissing in it, that fifter has? And that was, mis-s-stress, with two other hissing words to accompany it, of this-s-s hous-se but to what childish follies does not pride make one stoop!—Excuse, Madam,' (to the counters) ' such poor low conversation as we are dwindled into.'

'O Sir,' faid her ladyship, 'the converfation is very agreeable;—and I think, Lady Davers, you're fairly caught.'
'Well,' faid my lady, 'then help me,

good fifter,—there's for you!—to a little fugar. — Will that please you, Sir?'

' I am always pleased,' replied her brother, smiling, ' when Lady Davers' acts up to her own character, and the good sense she is mistress of.'

Ay, ay, returned the, my good brother, like other wife men, takes it for granted, that it is a mark of good

fense to approve of whatever he does.

—And so, for this one time, I am a very sensible body with him.—And I'll leave off, while I have his good word. Only one thing I must say to you, my dear,' turning to me, 'that though I call you Pamela, and Pamela, as I please, I do assure you as well as if I called you Sister, Sister, as Lord Davers does, at every word.'

'Your ladyship gives me great pleafure,' said I, in this kind affurance; and I don't doubt but I shall have the honour of being called by that tender name, if I can be so happy as to deserve it; and I'll lose no opportunity that shall be afforded me, to shew how sincerely I will endeavour to do so.'

She was pleased to rise from her seat:
Give me a kis, my dear girl; you deferve every thing: and permit me to say Pamela sometimes, as the word occurs: for I am not used to speak in print; and I will call you sister when I think of it, and love you as well as ever sister loved another.

'These proud and passionate folks,' faid Mr. B. 'how good they can be,' when they reflect a little on what be-

comes their characters!

So then,' rejoined my lady, 'I am' to have no merit of my own, I fee, do what I will. This is not quite fo generous in my brother, as one might expect.'

Why, you faucy fifter—excuse me,
Lord Davers—what merit awould you
fisher? Can people merit by doing
their duty? And isit so great a praise,
that you think fit to own for a fifter,
so deserving a girl as this, whom I take

'pride in calling my wife?'
'Thon art what thou always wert,'
returned my lady; 'and were I in this
'my imputed pride to want an excuse,
'I know not the creature living, that
'ought so soon to make one for me, as

vou.

'I do excuse you,' said he, 'for that'
very reason, if you please: but it little
becomes either your pride, or mine, to
do any thing that wants excuse.'

"Mighty moral! mighty grave, truly!
"—Pamela, friend, fifter,—there's for
you!—thou art a happy girl to have
made fuch a reformation in thy honeft
man's way of thinking as well as acting. But now we are upon this topick,
and none but friends about us, I am
"refolved"

e resolved to be even with thee, brother. -Jackey, if you are not for another dith, I wish you'd withdraw .- Polly . Barlow, we don't want you .- Beck, you may stay. Mr. H. obeyed; and Polly went out; for you must know, Miss, that my Lady Davers will have none of the men-fellows, as the calls them, to attend upon us at tea. cannot fay but I think her intirely in the right, for feveral reasons that might be

When they were withdrawn, my lady repeated-' Now we are upon this topick of reclaiming and reformation, tell me, thou bold wretch; for you know I have feen all your rogueries in Pamela's papers; tell me, if ever rake but thyfelf made fuch an attempt as thou didit, on this dear good girl, in presence of a virtuous woman, as Mrs. Jervis al-" ways was noted to be ?- As to the other " vile creature, Jewkes, 'tis less wonder, although in that thou hadft the impudence of bim who fet thee to work : 4 but to make thy attempt before Mrs. · Jervis, and in spite of her struggles and reproaches, was the very stretch of fhameless wickedness.

Mr. B. feemed a little disconcerted, and faid- Surely, furely, Lady Davers, this is going too far! Look at Pamela's · bluffing face, and downcast eye, and

wonder at yourfelf for this question, * as much as you do at me for the action

you fpeak of.'

The countefs faid to me- ' My dear . Mrs. B. I wonder not at this fweet confusion on so affecting a question ;but, indeed, fince it has come in fo naturally, I must say, Mr. B. that we " have all, and my daughters too, wondered at this, more than at any part of your attempts; because, Sir, we thought you one of the most civilized men in . England, and that you could not but wish to have faved appearances at · leaft.'

" Though this,' faid Mr. B. 'is to vou, my Pamela, the renewal of griefs; yet hold up your dear face .- You may -The triumph was yours-the shame and the bluthes ought to be mine-And I will humour my faucy futer in

all she would have me fay.

Nay, faid Lady Davers, 'you know the question; I cannot put it stronger.' That's very true, replied he. - But would you expect I should give you a " reason for an attempt that appears to " you to very thecking?"

' Nay, Sir,' faid the countefs, ' don't fay appears to Lady Davers; for (excuse me) it will appear so to every one who hears of it.'

"I think my brother is too hardly used," faid Lord Davers: 'he has made all the amends he could make: - and you, my fifter, who were the person offended, forgive him now, I hope; don't you?

I could not answer; for I was quite confounded; and made a motion to withdraw: but Mr. B. faid- Don't go, my dear: though I ought to be ashamed of an action fet before me in fo full a glare, in presence of Lord Davers and the countess; yet I will not have you ftir, because I forget how you reprefented it, and you must tell me.'

'Indeed, Sir, I cannot,' faid I: 'pray, my dear ladies-pray, my good lord -and, dear Sir, don't thus renew my griefs, as you were pleased justly to

phrase it.

' I have the representation of that fcene in my pocket, faid my lady; for I was refolved, as I told Lady Betty, to shame the wicked wretch with it the first opportunity I had; and I'll read it to you: cr, rather, you shall read it yourself, Bold-face, if you can.'

So the pulled those leaves out of her pocket, wrapped up carefully in a paper. Here,—I believe he who could act thus, must read it; and, to spare Pamela's confusion, read it to yourself; for

we all know how it was.

I think,' faid be, taking the papers, I can fay fomething that will abate the heinoufness of this heavy charge, or else I should not stand thus at the infolent bar of my fifter, answering her interrogatories.

I send you, my dear Miss Darnford, a transcript of the charge, as follows :-To be fure, you'll fay, he was a very

wicked man.

[See Vol. I. p. 47, & feq.] Mr. B. read this to himself, and said - This is a dark affair, as it is here ' stated; and I can't fay, but Pamela, and Mrs. Jervis too, had a great deal of reason to apprehend the worst: but surely readers of it, who were less parties. in the supposed attempt, and who were not determined at all events to condemn me, might have made a more favourable construction for me, than you, Lady a Davers, have done in the strong light in which you have fet this heinous matter before us.
However, fince my lady, bowing

to the countefs, and Lord Davers, seem to expect, that I shall particularly answer to this black charge, I will at a proper time, if it will be agreeable, give you a brief history of my passion for this dear girl, how it commenced and increased, and my own struggles with it: and this will introduce, with some littleadvantage to myself perhaps, what I have to say, as to this supposed attempt; and at the same time enable you the better to account for some facts which you have read in my pretty

This pleased every one, and they begged him to begin then: but, he said, it was time we should think of dressing, the morning being far advanced; and if no company came in, he would, in the afternoon, give them the particulars they

defired to hear.

accuser's papers.'

The three gentlemen rode out, and returned just time enough to dress before dinner; and my lady and the counters also took an airing in the chariot. Just as they returned, compliments came from several of the neighbouring ladies to our noble guests, on their arrival in these parts; and, to as many as sent, Lady Davers desired their companies for tomorrow in the afternoon, to tea: but Mr. B. having fallen in with some of the gentlemen likewise, he told me, we should have most of our visiting neighbours at dinner, and desired Mrs. Jervis might prepare accordingly for them.

After dinner Mr. H. took a ride out, attended by Mr. Colbrand, of whom he is very fond, ever fince he frightened Lady Davers's footman at the Hall, threatening * to chine them, if they offered to ftop his lady; for, he fays, he loves a man of courage; very probably knowing his own defects that way; for my lady often calls him a chicken-hearted fellow. And then Lord and Lady Davers, and the counters, revived the fubject-of the morning; and Mr. B. was pleafed to begin in the manner I shall mention by-and-by. For here I am

Now, my dear Mifs Darnford, I will proceed.

obliged to break off.

I need not, faid Mr. B. observe to any body who knows what love is, (or rather that violent passion which we amad young fellows are apt to miscal love) what mean things it puts one upon; how it unmans, and levels with the dust, the proudest spirit. In the sequel of my story you will observe several instances of this truth.

' I began very early to take notice of this lovely girl, even when she was hardly thirteen years old; for her charms increased every day, not onlyin my eye, but in the eyes of every one who beheld her. My mother, as you, Lady Da-vers, know, took the greatest delight in her, always calling her, her Pamela, ' her good child : and her waiting-maid, and her cabinet of rarities, were her boafts, and equally shewn to every vifitor: for, belides the beauty of her figure, and the genteel air of her perfon, the dear girl had a furprising memory, a folidity of judgment above her years, and a docility fo unequalled, that she took all parts of learning which her lady, as fond of instructing her, as the of improving by instruction, crowded upon her: insomuch, that she had " mafters to teach her to dance, to fing, and to play on the spinnet, whom she every day furprifed by the readiness wherewith she took every thing.

'I remember once, my mother praising her girl before me, and my aunt B. (who is since dead) I could not but take notice to her of her fondness for her, and said—"What do you design, "Madam, to do with, or to do for, this Pamela of yours? The accident of the more hurt than good: for they will set her so much above her degree, that what you intend as a kindness

" may prove her ruin."

My aunt join'd with me, and spoke in a still stronger manner against giving her such an education; and added, as I well remember—"Surely, sister, you do wrong. One would think, if one knew not my nephew's discreet pride, that you design her for something more

"than your own waiting maid."
"Ah! fifter," faid the old lady, "there
is no fear of what you hint at: his family pride, and stately temper, will
fecure my fon: he has too much of his
father in him—And as for Pamela,
you know not the girl. She has always
in her thoughts, and in her mouth too,
her parents mean condition, and I shall

"do nothing for them, at least at present,
"though they are honest folks, and
"deserve well, because I will keep the
"girl humble.

"But what can I do with the little baggage?" continued mymother; "shecon-

quers every thingfo fast, and has such
a thirst after knowledge, and the more
the knows I verily think, the humbler
the is, that I cannot help letting go, as
my son, when a little boy, used to do
to his kite, as fast as she pulls: and

" to his kite, as fast as she pulls: and "to what height she'll foar I can't tell.
"I intended," proceeded the good lady, "at first, only to make her mistres's of fome fine needle-work, to qualify " her, (as she has a delicacy in her perse fon, that makes it a pity she should " ever be put to hard work) for a genteel of place: but fhe masters that so fast, that " now, as my daughter is married, and gone from me, I am defirous to qua-" my thoughtful hours : and were you, " fifter, to know what she is capable of, and how diverting her innocent prattle " is to me, and her natural fimplicity, " which I encourage her to preferve a-" midst all she learns, you would not, " nor my fon neither, wonder at the plea-"I don't want," faid I, "to have the girl called in: if you, Madam, are diverted with her, that's enough .- To er be sure Pamela is a better companion " for a lady, than a monkey or a harle-" quin : but I fear you'll fet her above herfelf, and make her vain and pert;

"her pride, she may fall into temptations which may be fatal to herself, and
others too."
"I'm glad to hear this from my son,"
replied the good lady."But the mo ment

and that, at last, in order to support

replied the good lady. "But the mo ment
I fee my tavour puffs her up, I shall
take other measures."

" take other measures."
" Well," thought I to myself, " I on" ly want to conceal my views from yourpenetrating eye, my good mother; and
" I shall one day take as much delight
in your girl, and her accomplishments,
as you now do: so, go on, and improve her as fast as you will. I'll
only now and then talk against her, to
blind you; and doubt not that all you
bestow upon her, will qualify her the

betterformypurpose.—Only, thought I, "fly swiftly on, two or three more tardy years, and I'll nip this bud by

"the time it begins to open, and place
it in my bosom for a year or two at
least; for so long, if the girl behaves
worthy of her education, I doubt not,
she'll be new to me.—Excuse me, ladies;—excuse me, Lord Davers:—if I
am not ingenuous, I had better be silent."

I will, as little as possible, interrupt this affecting narration, by mentioning my own alternate blushes, confusions, and exclamations, as the naughty man went on; nor the censures, and many Out-upon-you's of the attentive ladies, and Fie, brother's, of Lord Davers: nor yet with apologies for the praises on myself, so frequently intermingled—contenting myself to give you, as near as I can recollect, the very sentences of the dear relator. And as to our occasional exclaimings and observations, you may suppose what they were.

' So,' continued Mr. B. 'I went on dropping hints against her now-andthen; and whenever I met her in the passages about the house, or in the garden, avoiding to look at her, or to speak to her, as she passed me, curtseying, and putting on a thousand bewitching airs of obliging ness and freverence; while I (who thought that the best way to demolish the influence of fuch an education, would be to avoid alarming her fears on one hand, or to familiarize myfelf to her on the other, till I came to ftrike the blow) looked haughty and referved, and paffed by her with a stiff nod at most. Or, if I spoke-" How does your lady this "morning, girl?—I hoped she rested well last night:" then, covered with blushes, and curtfeying at every word, as if she thought herself unworthy of answering my questions, she'd trip away in a kind of hurry and confusion, as foon as she had spoken. And once I heard her fay to Mrs. Jervis-" Dear Sirs, my young master spoke to me, and called me by my name, faying-" How flept your lady last night, Pamela?" Was not that very good, Mrs. Jervis, was it not?"—"Ay," thought I, "I'm in the right way, I " find: this will do in proper time. - Go " on, my dear mother, improving as " fast as you will: I'll engage to pull "down

down in three hours what you'll be " building up in as many years, in spite

of all the lessons you can teach her." "Tis enough for me, that I am eftablishing in you, ladies-and in you, my lord-a higher efteem for my Pamela (I am but too fensible I shall lose a good deal of my own reputation) in the relation I am now giving you. Every-one but my mother, who however had no high opinion of her fon's virtue, used to look upon me as a rake; and · I got the name, not very much to my credit, you'll fay, as well abroad as in . England, of The fober rake ; - fome would fay, The genteel rake; nay, for that matter, fome pretty hearts, that have finarted for their good opinion, have called me The bandsome rake:but whatever other epithet I was dif. tinguished by, it all concluded in rake or libertine : nor was I very much offended at the character; for, thought I, 'if a lady knows this, and will come into my company, half the ceremony between us is over; and if the calls me fo, I shall have an excellent excuse to punish her freedom, by greater of my own.

' So I dress'd, grew more and more confident, and became as infolent withal, as if, though I had not Lady Davers's wit and virtue, I had all her Spirit-(excuse me, Lady Davers;) and having a pretty bold heart, which rather put me upon courting than avoiding a danger or difficulty, I had but too much my way with every body; and many a menac'd complaint have I look'd down with a haughty air, and a promptitude, like that of Colbrand's to your footmen at the Hall, to clap my hand to my fide: which was of the greater fervice to my bold enterprizes, as two or three gentlemen had found I knew how to be in earnest.

. Ha!' faid my lady, 'thou wast ever an impudent fellow; and many a vile roguery have I kept from my poor mother.—Yet, to my knowledge, she thought you no faint.

' Ay, poor lady,' continued he, 'fhe " used now-and-then to catechize me; and was fure I was not fo good as I ought to be :- "For, fon," fhe would cry, "these late hours, these all-night " works, and to come home to fober, " cannot be right .- I'm not fure, if I were to know all, (and yet I'm afraid " of inquiring after your ways) whether I should not have reason to wish you were brought home in wine, ra-" ther than to come in fo fober, and fo

late, as you do."

Once, I remember, in the fummer-' time, I came home about fix in the morning, and met the good lady unexpectedly by the garden back-door, of which I had a key to let myself in at all hours. I started, and would have avoided her, as foon as I faw her : but fhe called me to her, and then I approached her with an air. "What " brings you, Madam, into the garden at fo early an hour?" turning my face from her; for I had a few scratches on my forehead,—with a thorn, or fo, which I feared she would be more inquifitive about than I cared she should."
And what makes you," faid she,
fo early here, Billy?—What a rakish " figure dost thou make !- One time or " other these courses will yield you but " little comfort, on reflection: would " to God thou wast but happily mar-

" So, Madam, the old wish!-I'm " not fo bad as you think me:-I hope " I have not merited fo great a punish-

ment." ' These hints I give, not as matter of glory, but shame: yet I ought to tell you all the truth, or nothing. "Mean-" time," thought I, (for I used, as I mentioned in the morning, to have fome compunction for my vile practices, when cool reflection, brought on by fatiety, had taken hold of me) " I with this fweet girl was grown to " years of fusceptibility, that I might " reform this wicked course of life, and " not prowl about, disturbing honest " folks peace, and endangering my-" felf." And as I had, by a certain And as I had, by a certain very daring and wicked attempt, in which however I did not fucceed, fet a hornet's nest about my ears, which I began to apprehend would sting me to death; having once escap'd an ambush, by dint of mere good luck; I thought it was better to remove the feat of my warfare into another kingdom, and to be a little more discreet for the future in my amours. So I went to France a fecond time, as you know, fifter; and paffed a twelvemonth " there in the best of company, and with. fome improvement both to my morals and understanding; and had a very few fallies, confidering my love of intrigue, and the ample means I had to profecute fuccefsfully all the defires of my heart.

When I returned, several matches were proposed to me, and my good mother often requested me to make her fo happy, as the called it, as to fee me married before the died; but I could not endure the thoughts of the state; for I never faw a lady whose temper and education I liked, or with whom I thought I could live tolerably*. She used in vain therefore to plead family, reasons to me: like most young fellows, I was too much a felf-lover, to pay fo great a regard to posterity; and, to fay truth, had very little folicitude at that time, whether my name were continued or not, in my own descendants. However, upon my return, I looked upon my mother's Pamela with no small pleasure, and I found her so much improved, as well in person as behaviour, that I had the less inducement either to renew my intriguing life, or to think of a married state.

' Yet, as my mother had all her eyes about her, as the phrase is, I affected great shyness, both before her, and to: the girl; for I doubted not, my very looks would be watched by them both; and what the one discovered would not be a fecret to the other; and laying myfelf open to too early a suspicion, I thought would but ice the girl over, and make her lady more watchful.

" So I used to go into my mother's apartment, and come out of it, without taking the least notice of her, but put on fiff airs; and, as the always withdrew when I came in, I never made any pretence to keep her there.

Once indeed, my mother, on my looking after her, when her back was turn-ed, faid—"My dear fon, I don't like your eye following my girl fo intent-ly. Only I know that sparkling lustre " natural to it, or I should have some fear for my Pamela, as she grows

"I look after her, Madam! - My eyes ** fparkle at fuch a girl as that! No in-" deed!-She may be your favourite as

a waiting-maid; but I fee nothing but clumfy curties in her, and aukward airs about her. A little rustick af-" fectation of innocence, that, to fuch as " cannot see into her, may pass well enough."

"Nay, my dear," replied my mother, " don't fay that of all things. She has no affectation, I am fure.

"Yes, she has, in my eye, Madam; " and I'll tell you how it comes about: you have taught her to assume the airs of a gentlewoman, to dance, and to enter a room with a grace; and yet bid her keep her low birth and family in view: and between the one character, which she wants to get into, and the other the dares not get out of, the trips up and down mincingly, and knows not how to let her feet: fo 'tis the fame in every getture; her arms the knows not whether to fwim with, or to hold before her, nor whether to hold her head up, or down; and fo does neither, but hangs it on one fide: a little aukward piece of one-and-t'other, I think her .- And, indeed, Madam, you'd do " the girl more kinduess to put her into your dairy, than to keep her about your person, for she'll be utterly spoiled, I doubt, for any useful purpose.

" Ah, fon!" faid she, " I fear by " your description, you have minded her " too much in one fense, though not enough in another. 'Tis not my intention to recommend her to your no-" tice, of all men : and I doubt not, if " it please God I live, and she continues " to be a good girl, but she will make a " man, of some middling, genteel busi-" nefs, very happy.'

' Pamela came in just then, with an air fo natural, fo humble, and yet fo much above herfelf, that I was forced to turn my head from her, left my mother should watch my eye again, and lest I should be inclined to do her that justice, which my heart affented to, but which my lips had just before denied her.

'All my difficulty, in apprehension, was my good mother: the effect of whose lessons to her girl, I was not, however, fo much afraid of, as her vigilance. " For," thought I, " I fee by the delicacy " of her person, the brilliancy of her eye, " and the fweet apprehensiveness that plays about every feature of her face, that fhe must have tinder enough in her constitution, to catch a well-struck " fpark; and I'll warrant I firall know " how to fet her in a blaze, in a few

" months more."

' Yet I wanted, as I paffed, to catch herattention too: I expected her to turn after me, and look fo, as to shew a beginning liking towards me; for, you must know, I had a great opinion of my person and air, which had been fortunately diftinguished by the ladies, whom, of course, my vanity made me allow to be very good judges of these

outward advantages.

· I'll give your ladyships an instance of this my vanity in a catch I made extempore, to a lady whom I had been urging to give me some proofs of a love, that I had the confidence to tell her, I was fure she had in her heart for me: fhe was a lively lady; and, laughing, faid, whoever admired me, it must be for my confidence, and nothing else: but urging her farther—" Why," faid fae, " brazen man," (for the called names, like Lady Davers) " what " would you have me fay? I would love " you, if I could :- But-" Here inter-" rupting her, and putting on a free air, . I half faid and half fung-

"You'd love me, you fay, if you cou'd! 66 Why, thou mak'st me a very odd crea-

64 I pr'ythee furvey me again:

What can'ft thou object to my fea-· ture ?"

- This shewed my vanity: and I an-fwered for the lady—
- " Wby nothing-Very well-Then I'm fure you'll admit,

"That the choice I have made, is a fign of " my wir."

But, to my great disappointment, Pamela never, by any favourable glance, gave the least encouragement to my vas nity. "Well," thought I, "this girl " has certainly nothing ethereal in her " mould : all unanimated clay !- But " the dancing and finging airs my mo-" ther is teaching her, will make her " better qualified in time, and another year will ripen her into my arms, no " doubt of it. Let me only go on in my " present way, and make her fear me: " that will inhance in her mind, every favour I shall afterwards youchfafe to

" fhew her; and never question, old " humdrum Virtue," thought I, " but " the tempter without, and the tempter " within, will be too many for the per-" versest nicety that ever the fex boatted." ' Yet, though I could not once attract her eye towards me, she never failed to draw mine after her, whenever she went

by me, or where-ever I faw her, except. as I faid, in my mother's presence; and particularly, when she had passed me, and could not fee me look at her, without turning her head, as I expected fo often from her in vain.

You will wonder, Lord Davers, who, I suppose, was once in love, or you'd never have married fuch an hostile

ipirit as my fifter's there-

- Go on, fauce-box,' faid fhe, 'I won't · interrupt you.'
- You will wonder how I could behave so coolly as to escape all discovery so long from a lady so watchful as my mother; and from the apprehensiveness of the girl; for, high or low, every individual of the fex is quick as lightning to imaginations of this kind: and besides, well says the poet-
- Men without love, have oft so cunning " grown,

"That something like it, they have " fhown;

But none who had it, e'er feem'd to have ss none.

" Love's of a strangely open, simple kind, " Can no arts or difguifes find;

" But thinks none fees it, 'cause itself is " blind."

But to fay nothing of her tender years, and that my love was not of this bashful fort, I was not absolutely determined, fo great was my pride, that I ought to think her worthy of being my mistress, when I had not much reafon, as I thought, to despair of prevailing upon persons of higher birth (were I disposed to try) to live with me upon my own terms. My pride therefore kept my passion at bay, as I may fay: so far was I from imagining I should ever be brought to what has fince happened! But to proceed: ' Hitherto my mind was taken up with

the beauties of her person only. EYE had drawn my HEART after it, without giving myfelf any trouble ' about that sense and judgment, which 3 A 2

my mother was always praising in her · Pamela, as exceeding her years and opportunities: but an occasion happened, which, though flight in itself, took the HEAD into the party, and made me think of her, young as she was, with a distinction, that before I had not for

her. It was this:

Being with my mother in her closet, who was talking to me on the old fubject, matrimony, I faw Pamela's common-place book, as I may call it; in which, by her lady's direction, from time to time, the had transcribed from the Bible, and other good books, fuch passages as made most impression upon her, as the read .- A method, I take it, my dear, turning to me, that was of great service to you, as it initiated you into writing with that freedom and eafe, which shine in your faucy letters and journals; and to which my present fetters are not a little owing: just as pedlars catch monkeys in the baboon kingdoms, provoking the attentive fools, by their own example, to put on shoes and stockings, till the apes of imitation, trying to do the like, intangle their feet, and so cannot escape upon the boughs of the tree of liberty, on which before they were wont to hop and skip s about, and play a thousand puggish

"I observed the girl wrote a pretty " hand, and very swift and free: and affixed her points or stops with fo much judgment, (her years confidered) that I began to have an high opinion of her understanding. Some observations likewife upon feveral of the passages were fo just and folid, that I could not help being tacitly surprised at them.

' My mother watched my eye, and was filent: I feemed not to observe that the did; and after a while, laid down the book, flutting it with great indifference, and talking of another subject. "Upon this, my mother faid-"Don't

you think Pamela writes a pretty hand,

fon?"

" I did not mind it much," faid I, with a careless air. "This is her writing, is it?" taking the book and opening it again, at a place of Scrip-ture. "The girl is mighty pious!" faid I.

" I wish you were so, child."

" I wish so too, Madam, if it would or please you." " I wish so, for your own fake, child."

" So do I, Madam;" and down I laid the book again very carelessly.

" Look once more in it," faid she, " and see if you can't open it upon some place that may strike you."

I opened it at-" Train up a child in " the way it should go," &c. " I fancy," ' faid I, " when I was at Pamela's age,
" I was pretty near as good as she."

" Never, never," faid my mother; " I'm fure I took great pains with you; " but, alas! to very little purpose. You had always a violent headstrong will." " Some allowances for boys and girls,

" I hope, Madam: but you fee I am as " good for a man as my fifter for a wo-" man.

" No indeed, you are not, I do affure " you."
" I am forry for that, Madam: you

" give me a fad opinion of myfelf."—
"Brazen wretch!' faid my lady: 'but

go on.'
"Turn to one of the girl's observations on fome text," faid my mother. 'I did; and was pleased with it more than I would own. "The girl's well enough," faid I, "for what she is; "but let's fee what she'll be a few years hence. Then will be the trial."

" She'll be always good, I doubt not." " So much the better for her .- But " can't we talk of any other subject? "You complain how feldom I attend " you, Madam; and indeed, when you are always talking of matrimony, or of this low-born, raw girl, it must needs lessen the pleasure of approach ;

" ing you."

But now, as I hinted to you, ladies, and my lord, I had a still higher opi-' nion of Pamela; and esteemed her more worthy of my attempts; "For," thought " I, " the girl has good fenfe, and it will " be some pleasure to watch by what gradations she may be made to rife into love, and into an higher life, than " that to which she was born." And so I began to think she would be worthy in time of being my mistress, which till now, as I faid before, I had been a little fcrupulous about.

I took a little tour foon after this, in company of fome friends, with whom I had contracted an intimacy abroad, into Scotland and Ireland, they having a curiofity to see those countries, and we fpent fix or eight months on this expedition; and when I had landed them in France, I returned home, and found

my good mother in a very indifferent flate of health; but her Pamela arrived to a height of beauty and perfection, which exceeded all my expectations. I was fo much taken with her charms the first time I saw her, after my return, which was in the garden, with a book in her hand, just come out of a little summer-house, that I then thought of obliging her to go back again, in order to begin a parley with her: but while I was resolving, she tript away, with her curtises and reverences, and was out of my sight before I could determine.

I was refolved, however, not to be long without her; and Mrs. Jewkes having been recommended to me a little before, by a brother-rake as a woman of tried fidelity, I asked her, if she would be faithful, if I should have occasion to commit a pretty girl to her care?

'She hoped, the faid, it would be with the lady's own confent, and the thould make no fcruple in obeying me.

So I thought I would way lay the girl, and carry her first to a little village in Northamptonshire, to an acquaintance of Mrs. Jewkes's. And when I had brought her to be easy and pacified a little, I designed that Jewkes should attend her to * Lincolnshire: for I knew there was no coming at her here, under my mother's wing, by her own consent, and that to offer terms to her, would be to blow up my project all at once. Besides, I was sensible, that Mrs. Jervis would stand in the way of my proceedings, as well as my mother.

ings, as well as my mother.

The method I had contrived was quite eafy, as I imagined, and such as could not have failed to answer my purpose, as to carrying her off; and I doubted not of making her well satisfied in her good fortune very quickly; for, having a notion of her affectionate duty to her parents, I was not displeased, that I could make the terms very eafy and happy to them all.

What most flood in my way, was my mother's fondues for her: but on the supposition, that I had got her favourite in my hands, which appeared to me, as I said, a task very easy to be conquered, I had actually formed a letter for her to transcribe, acknowledging a love-affair, and laying her withdrawing herself so privately, to the

implicit obedience she owed to her husband's commands, to whom she was married that morning, and who, being a young gentleman of a genteel family, and dependant on his friends, was defirous of keeping it all a profound secret; and begging, on that account, her lady not to divulge it, so much as to Mrs. Jervis.

And to prepare for this, and make her escape the more probable, when matters were sipe for my plot, I came in one night, and examined all the servants, and Mrs. Jervis, the latter in my mother's hearing, about a genteel young man, whom I pretended to find with a pillion on the horse he rode upon, waiting about the back-door of the garden, for somebody to come to him; and who rode off, when I came up to the door, as fast as he could.

Nobody knew any thing of the matter, and they were much furprifed at what I told them: but I begged Pamela might be watched, and that no one would fay any thing to her about

My mother faid, she had two reasons not to speak of it to Pamela; one to oblige me; the other and chief, because it would break the poor innocent girl's heart, to be suspected. Poor dear child! faid she, whither can she go, to be so happy as with me? Would it not be inevitable ruin to her to leave me? There is nobody comes after her; she receives no letters, but now-and-then one from her father and mother, and those she shews me."

"Well," replied I, "I hope she can have no design; 'twould be strange if she had formed any to leave so good a mistress: but you can't be fure all the letters she receives are from her father: and her shewing to you, Madam, those he writes, looks like a cloak to others she may receive from another hand. But it can be no harm to have an eye upon her. You don't know, Madam, what tricks there are in the world."
"Not I, indeed; but only this I know, that the girl shall be under no restraint,

"I love her."

'Mrs. Jervis faid, she would have an eye upon Pamela, in obedience to my command; but she was sure there was

" if the is refolved to leave me, well as

no need; nor would she so much wound the poor child's peace, as to mention

the matter to her.

This I fuffered to blow off, and feemed to my mother to have so good an opinion of her Pamela, that I was forry, as I told her, I had such a surmine: saying, that though the fellow and the pillion were odd circumstances, yet I dared to say, there could be nothing in it: for I doubted not, the girl's duty and gratitude would hinder her from doing a foolish or a rash thing.

This my mother heard with pleafure: although my motive to it, was but to lay her Pamela on the thicker to her, when she was to be told she had

escaped.

"She faid, she was glad I was not an enemy to the poor child. "Pamela has no friend but me," continued the good lady; "and if I don't provide for her, I shall have done her more harm than good, (as you and your aunt B. have often said) in the accomplishments I have given her: and yet the poor girl, I see that," added she, "would not be backward to turn her hand to any thing for the sake of an honest livelihood, were she put to it; which, if it please God to spare me, and she continues good, she never shall be."

I wonder not, Pamela, at your tears on this occasion. Your lady was an excellent woman, and deferved this tribute to her memory. All my pleasure now is, that she knew not half my wicked pranks, and that I did not vex her worthy heart in the prosecution of this scheme; which would have given me a severe sting, inasmuch as I might have apprehended, with too much reason, that I had shortened her days by the knowledge of the one and the other.

I had thus in readiness every thing necessary for the execution of my project: but my mother's ill state of health gave me too much concern, to permit me to proceed. And, now and then, as my frequent attendance upon her in her illness gave me an opportunity of observing more and more of the girl, and her affectionate duty, and continual tears, (finding her frequently on her knees, praying for her mistress) I was moved to pity her: and often did I, while those scenes of my mother's illness and decline were before me, re-

folve to conquer, if possible, my guilty passion, as those scenes taught me, while their impressions held, justly to call it; and I was much concerned I found it a more difficult task than I imagined: for, till now, I thought it principally owing to my usual enterprising temper, and a love of intrigue; and that I had nothing to do but to refolve against it, and to subdue it.

'But I found I was greatly mistaken; for I had insensibly brought myself to admire her in every thing she said or did; and there was so much gracefulness, humility, and innocence in her whole behaviour, and I saw so many melting scenes between her lady and her, that I found I could not master my efterm for her.

My mother's illness increasing beyond hopes of recovery, and having
fettled all her greater affairs, she talked
to me of her servants: I asked her
what she would have done for Pamela

and Mrs. Jervis?

"Make Mrs. Jervis, my dear fon,"
fald she, "as happy as you can: she
is a gentlewoman born, you know;
let her always betreated as such: but,
for your own sake, don't make her independent; for then you'll want a
faithful manager. Yet, if you marry, and your lady should not value
her as she deserves, allow her a competency for the rest of her life, and let
her live as she pleases.

"As for Panela, I hope you will be

" As for Pamela, I hope you will be " her protector; I hope you will !- She is a good girl: I love her next to you and your dear fifter. She is just arriving at a trying time of life. I don't know what to fay for her. What I " had defigned was, that if any man of " a genteel calling should offer, I would " have given her a little pretty portion, " had God spared my life till then. But " if the should be made independent, " fome idle fellow perhaps might fnap " her up; for she is very pretty: or if " fhe fhould carry what you give her to her poor parents, as her duty would lead her to do, they are fo unhappily involved, that a little matter would be nothing to them, and the poor girl " might be to feek again. Perhaps Lady
Davers will take her. But I wish she " was not fo pretty! She will be likely " to be the bird for which fome wicked " fowler will spread his snares; or, it " may be, every lady will not choose to

" have fuch a waiting-maid. You are " a young gentleman, and, I am forry to fay it, not better than I wish you to be-Though I hope my Pamela " would not be in danger from her ma-" fter, who owes to all his fervants protection, as much as a king does to " his subjects. Yet I don't know how " to wish her to stay with you, -for your " own reputation's fake, my dear fon; -for the world will cenfure as it lifts. " -Would to God!" faid fhe, " the " dear girl had the small-pox in a mor-" tifving manner: she'd be lovely enough in the genteelness of her person, and the excellencies of her mind; and more " out ofdanger of fuffering from the tran-" fient beauties of countenance. Yet I " think," added fhe, " fhe might be fafe " and happy under Mrs. Jervis's care; " and if you marry, and your lady parts " with Mrs. Jervis, let'em go together, and live as they like.—I think that will be the best for both.—And you have a generous spirit enough: I will not direct you in the quantum. But, my dear fon, remember that I am the less concerned, that I have not done for the poor girl myself, because I depend " upon you: the manner how fitly to " provide for her, has made me defer it " till now, that I have fo much more important concerns on my hands; life and strength ebbing so fast, that I am " hardly fit for any thing, or to wish for any thing, but to receive the last re-" leafing stroke."

Here he stopped, being under some concern himself, and we in much more. At last he resumed the subject.

' You will too naturally think, my ' lord-and you, my good ladies-that the mind must be truly diabolical, that could break through the regard due to the folemn injunctions and recommendations of a dying parent. They did hold me a good while indeed; and as fast as I found any emotions of a contrary nature rise in my breast, I endeavoured for some time to suppress them, and to think and act as I ought: but the dear bewitching girl every day rofe in her charms upon me: and finding the still continued the use of her pen and ink, I could not help entertaining a jealoufy, that she was writing to somebody who flood well in her opinion: and my love for her, and my own fpirit of intrigue, made it a sweetheart of courfe. And I could not help watching her motions; and feeing her once putting a letter she had just folded up, into her bosom, at my entrance into my mother's dreffing-room, I made no doubt of detecting her, and her correspondent; and so I took the letter from her stays*, she trembling and curtfeying with a fweet confusion; and highly pleased I was to find it contained nothing but innocence and duty to the deceased mistress, and the loving parents, expressing her joy, that in the midft of her grief for lofing the one. the was not obliged to return to be a burden to the other: and I gave it her again, with words of encouragement, and went down much better fatisfied. than I had been with her correspondents.

But when I reflected upon the innocent fimplicity of her style, I was still more in love with her, and formed a stratagem, and succeeded in it, to come at her other letters †, which I sent forward, after I had read them, all but three or four, which I kept back, when my plot began to ripen for execution; although the bttle slut was most abominably free with my character to her father and mother.

You will censure me, no doubt, that my mother's injunctions made not a more lasting impression upon me. But really I struggled hard with myself to give them their due force; and the dear girl, as I said, every day grew lovelier, and more accomplished. Her letters were but so many links to the chains in which she had bound me; and though once I had resolved to part with her t to Lady Davers, and you, Madam, had an intention to take her, I could not for my lifegive her up; and thinking at that time more honourably of the state of a mistress than I have done fince, I could not perfuade myfelf, (fince I intended to do as handsomely by her as ever man did to a lady in that fituation) but that I should do better for her than my mother had wished me to do, and fo more than answer all her injunctions, as to the providing for her: and I could not imagine I should have met with a relistance from her, that I

had feldom encountered from persons much her superiors as to descent; and was amazed at it; for it consounded me in all the notions I had of her sex, which, like a true libertine, I supposed wanted nothing but importunity and opportunity, a bold attempter, and a mind not ungenerous.

Sometimes I admired her for her virtue; at other times, impetuous in my temper, and unufed to controul, I could have beat her. She well, I remember, deferibes the tumults of my foul, when the repeats what once paifed between us, in words like thefe; "* Take the little witch from me, Mrs. Jervis.—

I can neither bear, nor forbear her.—

But ftay—you fhan't go—Yet be gone!—No, come back again."—

She thought I was mad, I remember the fays in her papers. Indeed I was little lefs.

She fays, I took her arm, and griped it black and blue, to bring her back again; and then fat down and looked at her as filly as fuch a poor girl as fhe!
Well did the dear flut deferibe the paffion I struggled with; and no one can conceive how much my pride made me despise myself at times for the little

actions my love for her put me upon,
 and yet to find that love increasing
 eyery day, as her channs and her re-

fiftance increased.
I have caught myself in a raging fit,
Cometimes vowing I would have her;
and, at others jealous, that, to secure
herself from my attempts, she would
throw herself into the arms of some

· menial or inferior, whom otherwise she

would not have thought of.
Sometimes I foothed her fometimes
threatened her; but never was fuch
courage, when the apprehended her
virtue was in danger, mixed with fo
much humility, when her fears gave
way to her hopes of a juster treatment.

Then I would think it impossible,

(fo slight an opinion had I of woman's

virtue) that fuch a girl as this, cottageborn, who owed every thing to my family, and had an absolute dependence
upon my pleasure; myself not despicable in person or mind, as I supposed;
she unprejudiced in any man's favour;
at an age susceptible of impressions;
and a frame and constitution not ice

ser snow. "Surely," thought I, "all

"this frost must be owing to the want of fire in my attempts to thaw it: I used to dare more, and succeed better. Shall such a girl as this awe me by the rigid virtue? No, she shall not."

" her rigid virtue? No, she shall not." 'Then I would refolve to be more in earnest. Yet my love was a traitor to me: that was more faithful to her than to me: it had more honour in it at bottom, than I had defigned it should have. Awed by her unaffected innocence, and a virtue I had never before encountered, so uniform and immoveable, the moment I faw her I was half difarmed; and I courted her confent to that, which, though I was not likely to obtain, yet it went against me to think of extorting by violence. Yet marriage was never in my thoughts; I scorned so much as to promise it.

'To what numberless mean things did not this unmanly passion subject me?—I used to watch for her letters, though mere prittle-prattle and chitchat, received them with burning impatience, and read them with delight, though myself was accused in them, and stigmatized as I deserved.

I would liften meanly at her chamber-door; try to over-hear her little converfations; in vain attempted to fuborn Mrs. Jervis to my purpofes, inconfiftently talking of honour, when no one ftep I took, or action I attempted, shewed any thing like it; lost my dignity among my servants; made a party in her favour against me, of every body, but whom my money corrupted, and that hardly sufficient to keep my partisans steady to my interest; so greatly did the virtue of the servants triumph over the vice of the master, when confirmed by such an example!

I have been very tedious, ladies, and my Lord Davers, in my narration: but I am come within view of the point for which I now am upon my trial at your dread tribunal (bowing to us all.)

After feveral endeavours of a smooth and a rough nature, in which my devil constantly failed me, and her good angel prevailed, I had talked to Mrs. Jervis to induce the girl (to whom, in hopes of frightening her, I had given warning, but which she rejoiced to take, to my great disappointment) to desire to stay*; and suspecting Mrs. Jervis played me booty, and rather confirmed

her in her coynels, and her defire of leaving me, I was mean enough to conceal myself in the closet in Mrs. Jervis's room, in order to hear their private conversation: but really not defigning to make any other use of my concealment, than to teize her a little, if the should fay any thing I did not like; which would give me a pretence to treat her with greater freedoms than I had ever yet done, and would be an introduction to take off from her unprecedented apprehensiveness another time: and I had the less scruple as to Mrs. Jervis's presence, because I was fensible, she knew as bad of me as she could know, from Pamela's apprehenfions, as well as her own; and would find me, if I kept within any decent bounds, better than either of them expected. But I had no defign of proceeding to extremities, although I had little hope of making any impression upon her by gentleness.

"So, like a benighted traveller, who having strayed out of his knowledge, and despairing to find his way, throws the reins upon his horse's neck, to be guided at it's uncertain direction, I resolved to take my chance for the issue which the adventure should produce.

But the dear prattler, not knowing I was there, as the undreffed herfelf, · began fuch a bewitching chit-chat with ' Mrs. Jervis, who, I found, but ill kept my fecret, that I never was at fuch a loss in my life what to resolve upon. One while I wished myself unknown to them, out of the closet, into which my inconfiderate paffion had meanly · led me; another time I was incenfed at the freedom with which I heard myfelf treated: but then, rightly confidering, that I had no business to hearken to their private conversation, and that it was fuch as became them, while I ought to have been ashamed to give occasion for it, I excused them both, and admired ftill more and more the · dear prattler.

In this suspense, the undesigned rustling of my night-gown, from changing my posture as I stood, giving alarm to the watchful Pamela, she in a fright came towards the closet to see who was there, so that I could be no longer con-

cealed.

n

What could I then do, but bolt out upon the apprehensive charmer; and having so done, and she running to

the bed, fcreaming to Mrs. Jervis, would not any man have followed her thither, detected as I was? But yet, I faid, if the forbore her fcreaming, I would do her no harm; but if not, the should take the confequence.

the should take the consequence. ' I found by their exclamations, that this would pals with both for an attempt of the worst kind; but really I had no fuch intentions as they feared. When, indeed, I found myself detect. ed; when the dear frightened girl ran to the bed; when Mrs. Jervis threw herself about her; when they would not give over their hideous fquallings; when I was charged by Mrs. Jervis with the worst designs; it was enough to make me go farther than I defigned; and could I have prevailed upon Mrs, Jervis to go up, and quiet the maids, who were rifing, as I heard by the noise they made over head, upon the other screaming, I believe, had Pamela kept out of her fit, I should have been a little freer with her, than ever I had been: but, as it was, I had no thought but of making as honourable a retreat as I could, and to fave myself from being exposed to my whole family; and I was not guilty of any freedoms, that her modesty, unaffrighted, could reproach herfelf with having fuffered; and the dear creature's fainting fits gave me almost as great apprehensions as I could give ber

'Thus, ladies-and, my lord-have I tediously, and little enough to my own reputation, given you a character of myself, and told you more against myfelf than any one person could accuse me of. Whatever redounds to the credit of my Pamela, redounds in part to my own; and fo I have the less regret to accuse myself, since it exalts her. But as to a formed intention to hide myself in the closet, in order to attempt the girl by violence, and in the presence of a good woman, as Mrs. Jervis is, which you impute to me, indeed, bad as I was, I was not fo vile,

fo abandoned as that.

Love, as I faid before, subjects it's inconsiderate votaries to innumerable meannesses, and unlawful passion to many more. I could not live without this dear girl. I hated the thoughts of matrimony with any body; and to be brought to the stake by my mother's waiting-maid—"Forbid it, pride!" thought I; "forbid it, example! forbid

3 B

" it, all my past sneers, and constant ri-" dicule, both on the estate, and on those who descended to inequalities in it! " and, lastly, forbid it, my family spirit, " fo visible in Lady Davers, as well as " in myself, to whose insults, and those of all the world, I shall be obnoxious,

" if I make fuch a step!"

All this tends to demonstrate the strength of my passion: I could not conquer my love; fo I conquered a pride, which every one thought un-conquerable; and fince I could not make an innocent heart vicious, I had the happiness to follow so good an example; and by this means, a vicious heart is become virtuous; and I have the pleafure of rejoicing in the change, and hope I shall still more and more rejoice in it; for I really look back with contempt upon my past follies; and it is now a greater wonder to me how I could act as I did, than that I should detest those actions, which made me a curse, instead of a benefit to society. Indeed, I am not yet so pious as my Pamela; but that is to come; and it is one good fign, that I can truly fay, I delight in every instance of her piety and virtue: and now I will conclude my tedious narration with the

" Our passions gone, and Reason in her at throne,

44 Amaz'd we see the mischiefswe have done: ** After a tempest, when the winds are laid,

"The calin lea wonders at the wrecks it " made."

Thus ended my dear Mr. B. his affecting relation; which in the course of it gave me a thousand different emotions; and made me often pray for him, (as I constantly do) that God will intirely convert a heart fo generous and worthy, as his is on most occasions. And if I can but find him not deviate, when we go to London, I shall have great hopes, that nothing will affect his morals again.

I have just read over again the forego-ing account of himself. As near as I remember, (and my memory is the best faculty I have) it is pretty exact; only he was fuller of beautiful similitudes, and spoke in a more flowery style, as I may Yet don't you think, Mil's, (if I have not done injustice to his spirit) that the beginning of it, especially, is in the. faucy air of a man too much alive to fush

notions? For so the ladies observed in his narration-Is it very like the style of a true penitent ?- But indeed he went on better, and concluded best of all.

But don't you observe what a dear good lady I had? Bleffings, a thousand bleffings, on her beloved memory! Were I to live to fee my childrens children, they should be all taught to lip her praises before they could speak. My gratitude should always be renewed in their mouths; and God, and my dear father and mother, my lady, and my mafter that was, my best friend that is, but principally, as most due, the FIRST, who inspired all the rest, should have their morning, their noon-tide, and their evening praises, as long as I lived!

I will only observe farther, as to this mythird conversation-piece, that my Lord Davers offered to extenuate fome parts of his dear brother-in-law's conduct, which he did not himself vindicate; and Mr.B. was pleafed to observe, that my lord was always very candid to him, and kind in his allowances for the fallies of an ungovernable youth. Upon which my lady faid, a little tartly-'Yes, and for a very ' good reason, I doubt not: for who

cares to condemn himself?" 'Nay,' faid my lord, pleafantly, 'don't put us upon a foot neither: for what fallies I made before I knew your lar dyship, were but like those of a fox, which now-and-then runs away with a ftraggling pullet, when nobody fees him: whereas those of my brother were like the invalions of a lion, breaking into every man's fold, and driving the shepherds, as well as the sheep, before him.'- 'Ay,' faid my lady, 'but I can look around me, and have reason perhaps to think the invading lion has come off, little as he deserved it, better than the creeping fox, who, with all his cunning, fometimes fuffers for his

pilfering theft.' O, my dear, these gentlemen are strange creatures!-What can they think of themselves? for they say, there is not one virtuous man in five; but I hope for our fex's fake, as well as for the world's fake, all is not true that evil fame reports; for, you know, every man-trespasser must find or make a woman-trespasser! - And if fo, what a world is this!—And how must the innocent suffer from the guilty! Yet, how much better is it to fuffer one's felf, than to be the cause of another's sui-

ferings.?

I long to hear of you. And must shorten my future accounts, or I shall tho nothing but write, and tire you into the bargain, though I cannot my dear father and mother. I am, my dear Miss, always yours,

P. B.

LETTER XXXI.

FROM MISS DARNFORD TO MRS. B.

DEAR MRS. B.

VERY post you more and more E oblige us to admire and love you: and let me tell you, I will gladly receive your letters upon your own terms *: only when your worthy parents have perused them, see that I have every line of

them again.

Your account of the arrival of your hoble guefts, and their behaviour to you, and yours to them; your conversation, and wife determination, on the offered title of Baronet; the just applauses conferred upon you by all, particularly the good countefs; your breakfast converfation, and the narrative of your faucy abominable mafter, though amiable bufband; all delight us beyond expression.

Do, go on, dear excellent lady, with your charming journals, and let us know

all that passes.

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As to the state of matters with us, I have defired my papa to allow me to decline Mr. Murray's addresses. The good man loved me most violently, nay, he could not live without me; life was no life, unless I favoured him i but yet, after a few more of these flights, he is trying to sit down fatisfied without my papa's foolish perverse girl, as Sir Simon calls me, and to transpose his affections to a worthier object, my fifter Nancy; and it would make you fmile to fee how, a little while before he directly applied to her, the screwed up her mouth to my mamma, and, truly, she'd have none of Polly's leavings; no, not she!-But no sooner did he declare himself in form, than the gaudy wretch, as he was before with her, became a well-dreffed gentleman ;-the chattering magpye, (for he talks and laughs much) quite conversible, -and has fomething agreeable to fay upon every subject. Once, he would make a good mafter of the buck-hounds; but now,

really, the more one is in his company, the more polite one finds him.

Then, on his part, -indeed, he hap-pened to fee Miss Polly first! and, truly, he could have thought himself very happy in so agreeable a young lady; yet there was always something of majesty (what a ftately name is that for ill-na-ture!) in Mils Nanny; fomething fo awful, that while Mils Polly engaged the affections at first fight, Miss Nanny ftruck a man with reverence; infomuch, that the one might be loved as a woman, but the other revered as something more: a goddess, no doubt?

I do but think, that when he comes to be lifted up to her celeftial sphere, as her fellow constellation, what a figure Nancy and her urfus major will make together; and how will they glitter and shine to

the wonder of all beholders!

Then she must make a brighter appearance by far, and a more pleasing one. too; for why? She has three thousand fatellites, or little stars, in her train more than poor Polly can pretend to. Won't there be a fine twinkling and fparkling, think you, when the greater and leffer bear-stars are joined together?

But excuse me, dear Mrs. B.; this faucy girl has vexed me just now, by her ill-natured tricks; and I am even with her, having thus vented my spite, though the knows nothing of the matter.

So, fancy, my dear friend, you fee Polly Darnford abandoned by her own fault; her papa angry at her; her mamma pitying her, and calling her filly girl; Mr. Murray, who is a rough lover, growling over his mistress, as a dog over a bone he fears to lose; Mis Nancy, putting on her prudish pleasantry, and fnarling out a kind word, and breaking through her fullen gloom, for a finile now-and-then in return: and I laughing at both in my fleeve, and thinking, that in a while I shall get leave to attend you in town, and that will be better than twenty humble fervants of Mr. Murray's cast: or, if I can't, that I shall have the pleasure of your correspondence here, and shall enjoy, unrivalled, the favour of my dear papa and mamma, which this ill-tempered girl is always envying me.

Forgive all this nonfense. I was wi ling to write fomething, though wo than nothing, to shew how defiror would be to oblige you, had I a cap

or subject, as you have, But nobody can love you better, or admire you more; of this you may be affured, (however unequal in all other respects) than your

POLLY DARNFORD.

I fend you up fome of your papers for the good couple in Kent. Pray, my respects to them; and beg they'll let me have 'em again as soon as they can, by your conveyance.

Our Stamford friends defire their kindest respects: they mention you with de-

light in every letter.

LETTER XXXII.

THE JOURNAL CONTINUED.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY EVENING.

MY DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

Am retired from a very bufy day, having had no lefs than fourteen of our neighbours, gentlemen and ladies, to dinner with us: the occasion, principally, to welcome our noble guests into these parts; Mr. B. having, as I mentioned in a former, turned the intended wist into an entertainment, after his usual

generous manner.

Mr. B. and Lord Davers are gone part of the way with them home; and Lord Jackey, mounted with his favourite Colbrand, as an efcorte to the counters and Lady Davers, who are gone to take an airing in the chariot. They offered to take the coach, if I would have gone; but being fatigued, I defired to be excused. So I retired to my choset, and Miss Darnford, who is seldom out of my thoughts, coming into my mind, I had a new recruit of spirits, which enabled me to resume my pen, and thus I proceed with my journal:

Our company was, the Earl and Countess of D. who are so fashionable amarried couple, that the east made it his boast, and his countess bore it like one accustomed to such treatment, that he had not been in his lady's company an hour abroad before for seven years. You know his lordhip's character: every body does; and there is not a worse, as

report fays, in the peerage.

Sir Thomas Atkyns, a fingle gentle-

man, not a little finical and ceremonious, and a mighty beau, though of the tawdry fort, and affecting foreign airs; as if he was afraid it would not be judged by any other mark, that he had travelled.

Mr. Arthur and his lady, a moderately happy couple, who feem always when together to behave as if they were upon a compromife; that is, that each would take it in turn to fay free things of the other; though fome of their freedoms are of so cutting a nature, that it looks as if they intended to divert the company at their own expense. The lady, being of a noble family, takes great pains to let every one know that she values herself not a little upon that advantage: but otherwise has many good qualities.

Mr. Brooks and his lady. The gentleman is a free joker on ferious subjects, but a good-natured man, and says sprightly things with no ill grace: the lady is a little reserved, and of a haughty turn, though to-day she happened to be freer than usual; as was observed at table by

Lady Towers, who is a maiden lady of family, noted for her wit and repartee, and who fays many good things, with so little doubt, and really so good a grace, that one cannot help being pleased with her. This lady is generally gallanted

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Mr. Martin of the Grove, as he is called, to diftinguish him from a rich citizen of that name, who is fettled in thefe parts, but being covetous and proud, is feldom admitted among the gentry in their visits or parties of pleasure. Mr. Martin is a shreved gentleman, but has been a little too much of the libertine cast, and has lived freely as to women; and for that reason has not been received by Lady Towers, who hates free actions, though she'll use free words, modestly free, as fhe calls them; that is to fay, the double entendre, in which Sir Simon Darnford, a gentleman you are not unacquainted with, takes great delight; though by the way, what that worthy gentleman calls innocent, Lady Towers would bluff at.

Mr. Dormer, a gentleman of a very courteous demeanour, a widower, was another, who always speaks well of his deceased lady, and of all the fex for her sake.

Mr. Chapman and his lady, a well be-

For the characters of most of these gentlemen and ladies, see Vol. I. p. 41, 51; and Vol. IL p. 275, 276, and 283 to 285.

haved

haved couple, who are not ashamed to be very tender and observing to one another, but without that censurable fondness which fits fo ill upon some married folks in company.

Then there was the dean, our good minister; whom I name last, because I would close with one of the worthiest; and his daughter, who came to supply her mamma's place, who was indifposed; a well-behaved prudent young lady. And here were our fourteen guests.

The Countess of C. Lady Davers, Lord Davers, Mr. H. my dear Mr. B. and your humble fervant, made up the rest of the company. So we had a capacious and brilliant circle, you may imagine; and all the avenues to the house were crouded with their equipages.

The subjects of discourse at dinner were various, as you may well suppose; and the circle was too large to fall upon any regular or very remarkable topicks. A good deal of sprightly wit, however, flew about, between the Earl of D. Lady Towers, and Mr. Martin, in which that lord fuffered as he deferved; for he was by no means a match for the lady, especially as the presence of the dean was a very visible restraint upon him, and upon Mr. Brooks too: fo much awe will the character of a good clergyman always have upon even forward spirits, where he is known to have had an inviolable regard to it himself.

Besides, the good gentleman has, naturally, a genteel and inoffensive vein of raillery, and fo was too hard for them at their own weapons.

But after dinner was over, and the feryants were withdrawn, Mr. Martin fingled me out, as he loves to do, for a fubject of encomium, and made some high compliments to my dear Mr. B. upon his choice; and wished (as he often does) he could find just such another person for

himfelf Lady Towers told him, that it was a thing as unaccountable as it was unreafonable, that every rake who loved to dethroy virtue, should expect to be rewarded with it: and if his brother B. had come off fo well, the thought no one elfe ought to expect it.

Lady Davers faid, it was a very just observation: and she thought it was pity there was not a law, that every man who made a harlot of an honest woman, should be obliged to marry one of another's making.

That would be too fevere, Mr. B. faid; it would be punishment enough, if he was to marry his own; and especially if he had not feduced her under promife of marriage.

Then you'd have a man be obliged to fland to his promise, I suppose, Mr.B.?' replied Lady Davers. 'Yes, Madam.

But, faid she, the proof would be difficult perhaps: and the most unguilty heart of our fex might be least able to make it out.—But what fay you, my Lord D.' continued her ladythip, 'will you, and my Lord Davers, join to bring a bill into the House of Peers, for the purposes I mentioned? I fancy my brother would give it all the affistance he could in the Lower House.'

' Your ladyship,' faid Mr. Martin. is highly unreasonable, I think, to propose that: it would be enough, furely, that a man should be obliged, as Mr. B. fays, to marry the woman

he himfelf feduced.

The earl faid, that he thought neither the one nor the other should be imposed upon any man: for that when women's virtue was their glory, and they were brought up with that notion, and to avoid the fnares of men, he thought, if they yielded, they ought to pay the forfeit, and take the difgrace of it to themfelves.

' May I ask your lordship,' faid I. how it comes to pass, that a woman's virtue is her glory, and that a man's shall not be his?—Or, in other words, why you think virtue in a man is not as requifite as in a woman?

' Custom, Madam,' replied the earl, has made it very different; and those things which are scandalous in a lady,

are not fo in a gentleman.' 'Will your lordship argue, that it should be so, because it is so? Does not the gentleman call himfelf the head of his family? Is it not incumbent upon him, then, to fet a good example? And will he plead it as a fashion, that he may do by the dearest relatives of another man's family, what, if any one should attempt to do by his, he would mortally refent?

Very well observed, Madam,' said the dean: 'there is not a free-liver in the world, I believe, who can answer that argument.

' Mr. B.' faid the earl, 'pray fpeak

to your lady: fhe is too close upon us.

And where fentiments have been fo

well supported by a conduct so uniform
 and exemplary, I choose not to enter
 the lists with such an antagonist.'

Well, well, faid Mr. B. fince your lordship will speak in the plural number, US, let me say, we must not pretend to hold an, argument on this subject—But, however, I think, my lord, you should not call upon a man to defend it, who, bad as he has been, never committed a fault of this

nature, that he was not forry for,
though the forrow generally lasted too

little a while.'

Mr. B.' faid Lady Towers, 'has fome merit with me for that answer: and he has still a greater on another account; and that is, that he has seen his error so early, and has left his vices

She looked, as every one did, on the

earl, who appeared a little disconcerted, as one conscious that he deserved the reflection. And the dean said—'Lady' Towers observes very well: for, although I presume not to make perfonal applications, yet I must say, that the gentleman who sees his error in the prime of life, before he is overtaken by some awakening misfortune, may be called one of the happiest of those who have erred.'

Ay, Mr. Dean, faid Lady Towers, I can tell you one thing, that fuch another buttrefs as you know who, taken away from libertinifin, and fuch another example as a certain lady every day gives, would go near in a few years to ruin the devil's kingdom in

· Bedfordshire.

Thegentlemen looked round upon one another upon this home puffi: and the lady would not let them recover it. 'See,' faid fhe, 'how the gentlemen look upon 'one another, as who should fay, each to his companion—"I'm not so badas 'you."

An' 'said Lady Davers, 'I see, my

Ay,' faid Lady Davers, 'I fee, my Lord Davers, and the Earl of D. and Mr. Martin, look most concerned.'

Faith, ladies, faid Mr. Martin, this is too feverely personal: a man who contends with a lady has a fine time of it; for we are under restraint,

while you fay any thing you pleafe. But let me tell you, there's not a man

of us all, 'tis my opinion, that could have attempted what a certain renega-

do has attempted, though he is fo rea-

dily acquitted.

'Not so hasty, my good friend,' said Mr. B. 'You don't consider well what 'you say, nor of whom: for did I take upon myself to censure you? But though I may challenge you to say the worst you can, because I always dealt upon my own stock, while other people I could name, entered into a society, and clubb'd for mischies; yet I see you deal with a brother rake, when he reforms, as highwaymen with one of their gang, who would fain withdraw and be honest, but is kept among them by fear of an impeachment.'

'But is not this, ladies,' faid Mrs. Arthur, 'a fad thing, that so many fine 'gentlemen, as think themselves con-'cerned in this charge, should have no 'way to clear themselves but by recri-

" mination?"

'Egad, gentlemen,' faid Sir Thomas Atkyns, 'I know not what you're about! 'You make but forry figures, by my 'faith!—I have heard of many queer 'pranks among my Belfordshire neight' bours, but I bless my stars, I was in 'France and Italy all the time.'

Said Mr. Martin-'Mrs. Arthur fpoke the words fine gentleman, and Sir Thomas thought himself obliged

to enter upon his own defence.

'Ay,' faid the earl; 'and the best of it is, Sir Thomas pleads not his virtue neither, that he did not join is these queer pranks with his Bedford-fhire neighbours,' but his absence.'

fhire neighbours, but his absence.
Gad take me, returned he, taking a pinch of finuff with an air, 'you're plagsy sharp, gentlemen: I believe in my conscience you're in a confederacy, as Mr. B. says, and would swear an honest man into the plot, that would not care for such company.—What say you, Mr. H.? Which side are you of?

'Every gentleman,' replied he, 'who' is not of the ladies fide, is deem'd a 'criminal; and I was always of the fide that had the power of the gallows.'

that had the power of the gallows.'
That shews,' returned Lady Towers, that Mr. H. is more afraid of the punishment, than of deserving it.'

'Tis well,' faid Mr. B. that any confideration deters aman of Mr. H.'s time of life. What may be fear now, may improve to virtue in time.'

' Ay,' faid Lady Davers, ' Jackey is

one

one of his uncle's foxes: he'd be glad to fnap up a straggling pullet, if he was not well looked after, perhaps.'

' Pray, my dear,' faid Lord Davers,
forbear: you ought not to introduce
two different conversations into different companies.'

'I think, truly,' faid Mr. B. 'you' fhould take the dean's hint, my good friends; elfe you'll be lefs polite than

personal.

Arthur, 'fince you feem to have been fo hard put to it, as fingle men, what's to be done with the married man who ruins animocent body?—What puniffment, Lady Towers, shall we find out for such an one? and what reparation to the injured? This, it seems, was said with a particular view to the earl, on a late scandalous occasion: but I knew it not till afterwards.

· As to the punishment of the gentle-' man,' replied Lady Towers, ' where the law has not provided for it, it must be left, I believe, to his conscience. It will then one day be heavy enough. But as to the reparation to the woman, fo far as it can be made, it will be determinable as the unhappy person, may
or may not know, that her seducer is a
married man: if she knows he is, I think she neither deserves redress nor pity, though it alleviates not his guilt. But if the case be otherwise, and she had no means of informing herfelf that he was married, and he promised to make her his wife, to be fure, though the cannot be acquitted, he deserves the severest punishment that can be inflicted .- What fay you, Mrs. B.?'

'If I must speak my mind,' replied I, 'I think, that fince custom, as the earl faid just now, exacts so little regard to virtue from men, and fo much from women, and fince the defigns of the former upon the latter are fo flagrantly avowed and known, the poor creature, who fuffers herself to be seduced, either by a fingle or married man, with promises, or without, has nothing to do, but to sequester herself from the world, and devote the remainder of her days to penitence and obscurity. As to the gentleman,' added I, 'he must, I doubt, be left to his conscience, as you fay, Lady Towers, which he will one day have enough to do to pacify.' Every young lady has not your an-

gelick perfection, Madam, faid Mr,

Dormer. 'And there are cases in which 'the fair sex deserve compassion, ours' execuation. Love may insensibly steal upon a soft heart: when once admitted, the oaths, vows, and protestations of the favoured object, who perhaps, on all occasions, declaims against the deceivers of his sex, confirm her good opinion of him, till, having lull'd alleep her vigilance, in an unguarded hour he takes advantage of her une suspension innocence. Is not such a poor creature to be pitied? And what punishment does not such a seducer deserve?'

'You have put, Sir,' faid I, 'a moving cafe, and in a generous manner. What, indeed, does not fuch a deceiver

deserve?'

'And the more,' faid Mrs. Chapman, as the most innocent heart is generally

the most credulous.'

Very true, faid my countes; for fuch an one as would do no harm to others, feldom suspects any from others; and her lot is very unequally cast; admired for that very innocence, which tempts some brutal ravager to ruin it.

'Yet, what is that virtue,' faid the dean, 'which cannot stand the test?'

'But,' faid Lady Towers, very fatirically, 'whither, ladies, are we got? We 'are upon the subject of virtue and honour. Let us talk of something, in 'which the gentlemen can join with us. This is such an one, you see, that none but the dean and Mr. Dormer can difcourse upon.'

Let us then, retorted Mr. Martin, to be even with one lady at leaft, find a fubject that will be new to her: and

that is CHARITY.

Does what I faid concern Mr. Martin more than any other gentleman, returned Lady Towers, that he is dif-

posed to take offence at it?"

'You must pardon me, Lady Towers,' faid Mr. B. 'but I think a lady should 'never make a motion to wave such sub'jects as those of virtue and honour; and less still, in company, where there is 'so much occasion, as the seems to think,
for enforcing them,'

'I defire not to wave the fuject, I'll affure you,' replied she. 'And if, Sir, 'you think it may do good, we will continue it for the sakes of all you gentlemen,' (looking round her archly) 'who are of opinion you may be benefited

by it.

We are going into personals again, gentlemen and ladies, 'faid the earl.

And that won't bear, my lord, you feem to think? retorted Lady Davers. A health to the king and royal family brought on publick affairs, and politicks; and the ladies withdrawing to coffee and tea, I have no more to fay as to this converfation, having repeated all that I remember was faid to any purpose; for such large companies, you know, my dear, don't always produce the most agreeable and edifying talk. But this I was the more willing to recite, because I thought the characters of some of our neighbours would be thereby made more familiar to you, if ever I should have the

happiness to see you in these parts.

I will only add, that Miss L. the dean's daughter, is a very modest and agreeable young lady, and a perfect miltress of musick; in which the dean takes great de-Bight also, and is a fine judge of it. The gentlemen coming in, to partake of our coffee and conversation, as they said, obtained of Miss to play several tunes on the harpfichord; and would have me play too. But really Miss L. so very much furpassed me, that had I regarded my reputation for playing, above the defire I had (as I said, and truly faid) to fatisfy the good company, I ought not to have pretended to touch a key after fuch a mistress of it. Mils has no voice, which is great pity; and, at the request of every one, I fung to her accompanyment, twice or thrice; as did Lady Towers, whose voice exceeds her taste. But here, Miss, will I end my fourth conversation-piece,

SATURDAY MORNING.

THE counters being a little indifpored, Lady Davers and I took an
airing this morning in the chariot, and
had a great deal of difcourse together.
Her ladyship was pleased to express
great favour and tenderness towards me;
gave me a great deal of good advice, as
to the care she would have me take of myfelf; and told me, that her hopes, as well
as her brother's, all centered in my weltare; and that the way I was in made her
love me better and better.

She was pleased to tell me, how much she approved of the domestick management; and to say, that she never saw fuch regularity and method in any family in her life, where was the like number of servants: every one, she said, knew their duty, and did it without fpeaking to, in fuch filence, and with fo much apparent chearfulness and delight, without the least hurry or confusion, that it was her furprize and admiration: but kindly would have it, that I took too much care upon me. 'Yet,' faid fhe, 'I don't fee but you are always fresh and lively, and never feem tired or fatigued; and are always dreffed and easy, so that no company find you unprepared, or unfit to receive them, come when they will, whether it be to breakfast or dine ner.

I told her ladyship, I owed all this, and most of the conduct for which she was pleased to praise me, to her dear brother, who at the beginning of my happiness, gave me several cautions and instructions for my behaviour; which had always been the rule of my conduct ever since, and I hoped ever would be: To fay nothing, added I, which yet would be very unjust, of the affistance I receive from worthy Mrs. Jervis, who is an excellent manager.

Good Creature, Sweet Panela, and Charming Girl, were her common words; and she was pleased to attribute to me a graceful and unaffected ease, and would have it, that I have a natural dignity in my person and behaviour, which command love and reverence at the same time; so that, my dear Miss Darnford, I am in danger of being as proud as any thing. For you must believe, that her ladyship's approbation gives me great pleasure; and the more, as I was afraid, before she came, I should not have come off near so well in her opinion.

As the chariot passed along, she took great notice of the respects paid me by people of different ranks, and of the blefnings bestowed upon me, by several, as we proceeded; and said, she should fare well, and be rich in good wishes for being in my company.

'The good people who know us, will do fo, Madam,' faid I; 'but I had rather have their filent prayers than their audible ones; and I have caused some of them to be told so.

'What I apprehend, Madam,' continued I, 'is, that you will be more unealy to-morrow, when at church you'll fee a good many people in the fame way. ' Indeed,' added I, 'my story, and your dear brother's tenderness to me, are so ' much talked of, that many strangers are brought hither to fee us: 'tis the only thing, continued I, (and so it is, Miss) ' that makes me defirous to go to ' London; for by the time we return,

the novelty, I hope, will cease.' Then I mentioned some verses of Mr. Cowley, which had been laid under my cushion in our seat at church, two Sundays ago, by fome unknown hand; and how uneafy they have made me. I will transcribe them, my dear, and give you the particulars of our conversation on

"Thou robb'ft my days of bus'ness and de-· lights,

Of fleep thou robb'ft my nights. Ah! lovely thief! what wilt thou do? What! rob me of heav'n too!

that occasion. The verses are these:

Thou ev'n my pray'rs dost steal from me,
And I, with wild idolatry,

' Begin to GOD, and end them all to thee.

No, to what purpose should I speak? No; wretched heart, swell till you break. · She cannot love me, if she would:

And, to fay truth, 'twere pity that she should.

No, to the grave thy forrows bear, As filent as they will be there:

Since that lov'd hand this mortal wound " does give,

So handsomely the thing contrive, · That she may guiltless of it live: So perish, that her killing thee

" May a chance-medley, and no murder be!"

I had them in my pocket, and read them to my lady; who asked me, if her brother had feen them? I told her, it was he that found them under the cushion I used to sit upon; but did not shew them to me till I came home; and that I was fo vexed at them, that I could not go to church in the afternoon.

' What should you be vexed at, my dear?' faid she: ' how could you help ' it?-My brother was not disturbed at

them, was he?'

' No, indeed,' replied I: ' he chid me for being fo; and was pleafed to make me a fine compliment upon it; that he did not wonder that every body who faw me loved me. - But I faid, this was all that wicked wit was good for, to in-· fpire fuch boldness in bad hearts, which might otherwise not dare to set pen to paper to affront any one.

' But pray, Madam,' added I, 'don't own I have told you of them, left the least shadow of a thought should arise, that I. was prompted by some vile, secret vanity, to tell your ladyship of them: when, I am fure, they have vexed me more than enough. For is it not a fad. thing, that the church should be pro-faned by such actions, and such thoughts, as ought not to be brought into it?

Then, Madam, to have any wicked man dare to think of one with impure notions! It gives me the less opinion of myself, that I should be so much as thought of as the object of any wicked body's wishes. I have called myself to account upon it, whether any levity in my looks, my drefs, my appearance, could embolden such an affrontive insolence. And I have thought upon this occasion better of Julius Cæsar's delicacy than I did, when I read of it; who, upon an attempt made on hiswife, to which, however, it does not appear she gave the least encouragement. faid, to those who pleaded for her against the divorce he was refolved upon, that the wife of Cafar ought not to be fu-Spected.

' Indeed, Madam,' continued I, 'it would extremely shock me, but to know, that any wicked heart had conceived a design upon me; upon me, give me leave to repeat, whose only glory and merit is, that I have had the grace to withstand the greatest of trials and temptations, from a gentleman more worthy to be beloved, both for person and mind, than any man in England."

' Your observation, my dear, is truly delicate, and fuch as becomes your mind and character. And I really think, if any lady in the world is fecure from vile attempts, it must be you; not only from your story so well known, and the love you bear to your man, and his merit to you, but from the prudence, and natural dignity, I will fay, of your behaviour, which, though easy and chearful, is what would strike dead the hope of any prefumptuous liber-tine, the moment he fees you.'

' How can I enough,' returned I, and kiffed her hand, 'acknowledge your lady fhip's polite goodness in this compliment! But, my lady, you fee by the very inftance I have mentioned, that a · liberty is taken, which I cannot think

of without pain.

"Tis

"Tis fuch a liberty," replied my lady, as fhews more despair than hope, and is a confirmation of my sentiments on the prudence and dignity which not only I, but every body attributes to you."

Wou.'
Kind, kind, Lady Davers!' faid I, again preffing her hand with my lips.
But, I think, I will turn my quarrel, fince I know not, and hope I never fhall, the vile transcriber, upon the author of the verses; for had they not been written, I should not have been thus insulted, perhaps.'

Gowley,' replied my lady, 'is my favourite poet: he has a beautiful imagination, a vaft deal of brilliant wit,
and a chaftity too in most of his pieces,
that hardly any of the tribe can

than I have done fince this; for he was one of the poets that my lady would permit me to read fometimes; and his pieces in praife of the country-life, and

those charming lines against ambition, used to delight me much:

If e'er ambition should my fancy cheat
 With any wish fo mean, as to be great,
 Continue, Heav'n, still from me to remove
 The humble blessings of the life I love!"

I have taken notice of these lines often, faid my lady, and been pleafed with them. But I think you have no reason to be out of conceit with Cow-· ley, for the ill use made of his verses. · He but too naturally describes the in-· fluence of love; which frequently interferes with our best duties. And there ' is fomething very natural, and eafy, and witty, in the first lines; and shews that the poet laments the too engaging impressions which love made upon his mind, even on the most solemn occafions .- " What! rob me of Heav'n " too!"-A bad heart, Pamela, could not have so lamented, or so written.'

Ah! but, Madam, returned I, 'I
have feen in your dear brother's collection of manuscripts, a poem in which
this very point, nice as it is, is touched
with much greater propriety.'
'Can you repeat it, my dear?'

Can you repeat it, my dear?
The lines I mean, I can. Your
lady thip must know it was upon a quarrel between a beloved couple, where the
gentleman had been wild, and the
lady's ill-natured uncle, who wanted

to break the match, (although it was defigned by her deceased parents) had fomented it, so that she would not look upon her lover, nor see him, nor receive a letter of excuse from him, though they were betrothed, and she loved him dearly. This obliged him to throw himself in her way at church, and thus he writes:

" But, O! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my

"Robs thee of my devoir, disturbs my
"pray'r,
"Confounds my best resolves, and makes

" me prove,
" That she's too much a rival in thy love."

'These now, Madam,' continued I, 'are the lines I admire:

"But better thoughts my happier hopes fuggest,

"When once this stormy doubt's expell'd
"my breast;
"When once this agitated flame shall turn

"To fleadier heat, and more intenfely burn,
"My dear Maria then, thought I, will
"join,

"And we, one beart, one foul, shall all be

Ay, Pamela, these are very pretty lines. But you must not think ill of my favourite Cowley, however; for I fay with a gentleman, whose judgment and good heart have hardly any equal, that though Cowley was going out of fashion with some, yet he should always suspected the head or the heart of him or her, who could not taste, and delight in his beauties.

The words—

"She cannot love me, if the would,
"And, to fay truth, 'twere pity that the
"should;"

fifiew the goodness of the poet's heart; and even, that the transcriber himself, be he who he will, had not the worst, that he could fingle out these; when, if he would be shining with borrowed rays, he might have chosen a much worse poet to follow.'

Go Madam!' replied I, fay not one word in behalf of the wicked tranferiber. For a wretch to entertain the shadow of a wish for a married person is a degree of impurity that ought not to be excused: but to commit such

* thoughts

thoughts to writing, to put that writing under the feat of the married person at church, where her heart should be engaged wholly in her first duties; where too it might be more likely to be feen by the pew-keepers than her, and fo be fpread over the whole parish, to the propagation of bad ideas, whenever I appeared; and, moreover, might come to the hands of one's hufband, who from his own free life formerly, and high paffions, as far as the transcriber knew, might be uneafy at, and angry with, the innocent occasion of the infult .- Besides the apprehension it must give one, that the man who could take this vile step might proceed to greater e lengths, which my bufy fears could improve to duelling and murder-Then the concern it must fill me with, to the diverting of my mind from my " first regards, when any one looked at me wistfully, that he might be the tranfcriber! which must always give me confusion of thought:-dearest Madam, can one forbear being vexed, when all these imaginations dart in upon a mind apprehensive as mine? Indeed, this action has given me great uneafiness, at times, ever fince, and I cannot help it.

'I am pleased with your delicacy, my dear, as I said before.—You can never err, while thus watchful over your conduct: and I own you have the more reason for it, as you have married a mere Julius Cæsar, an open-eyed rake, that was her word, 'who would, on the least surmises, though ever so causeless on your part, have all his passions up in arms, in apprehension of liberties that might be offered like those he has

not scrupled to take.'

Go but, Madam, faid I, your dear brother has given me great fatisfaction in one point; for you must think I fhould not love him as I ought, if I had not a concern for his future happiness, as well as for his present; and that is, he has affured me, that in all the liberties he has taken, he never attempted a married lady, but always abhorred the thought of so great an evil.

'Tis pity,' faid her ladyship, 'that' a man who could conquer his passions 'fo far, could not subdue them entirely.
This shews it was in his own power to do

fo; and encreases his crime: and what a wretch is he, who scrupling, under pretence of conscience or honour, to attempt ladies within the pale, boggles not to ruin a poor creature without; although he knows, he thereby, mout probably, for ever deprives her of that protection, by preventing her marriage, which even among such rakes as himfelf, is deemed, he owns, inviolable; and so casts the poor creature headlong into the jaws of perdition?

Ah! Madam, replied I, this was the very inference I made upon the oc-

cafion.

" And what could he fay?"

'He faid, my inference was just; but called me pretty preacher;—and once having cautioned me * not to be overferious to him, so as to cast a gloom, as he faid, over our innocent enjoyments, I never dare to urge matters farther, when he calls me by that name,

'Well,' faid my lady, 'thou'rt an admirable girl! God's goodness was great to our family, when it gave thee

to it.

6 No wonder, continued her ladyship, as my brother fays, every body that fees you, and has heard your character, loves you. And this is some excuse for the inconsiderate folly even of this

unknown transcriber.

Ah! Madam,' replied I, 'but is it ont a fad thing, that people, if they must take upon them to like one's behaviour in general, should have the worst, instead of the best thoughts upon it? If I were as good as I ought to be, and as some think me, must they wish to make me bad for that reason? And so to destroy the cause of that pleasure which they pretend to take in seeing a body set a good example? For what, my dear lady, could a wretch mean, even by the words your ladyship think most innocent?

"And, to fay truth,"—(as if this truth were extorted rather by his fears than his wishes)

'twere pity that she should."

'But why, then, if this be the case,' and that he would bear his forrows, as the poet calls them, to the grave,

" should he not keep them to bimself? Make that very mind their grave, which gave them their birth? If the bold creature, whoever he be, had not thought this might be a hint that " might some-how be improved, and a " vile foundation for some viler superftructure, would he have transcribed them, and caused them to be placed where they were found?—Then, in my humble opinion, the thought that is contained in these lines-

ss Since that lov'd hand this mortal wound " does give,

's So handsomely the thing contrive, That she may guiltless of it live! " So perifh, that her killing thee

" May a chance-medley, and no murder be;"

is rather a conceit or prettiness, that won't bear examination, than that true wit in which this fine poet excels: for if the cannot love him if the would, and if it were pity that the should love him, this implies the was a lady under previous obligation, whether marriage or betrothment, is the same thing to him: then, need the thing to be fo · bandfomely contrived, need any pains be taken (if her repulse bad killed, as poetical licence makes him fay, this "invader of another's right) to bring it in chance-medley; -fince no jury could have brought it in murder, except that fort of murder which is called felo de fe; you know, my lady, what a scholar your brother has made me; so that I prefume to think, the poet himself s is not so blameless in this, as he has taken care to be in most of his pieces. And permit me to make one observation, my good lady, that if the chaftest writers (supposing Cowley meant ever fo well) may have their works, and their thoughts, turned to be panders and promoters of the wickedness of coarse minds, whose grosser ideas could not be clothed in a dress fit to appear in decent company, without their affittance, how careful ought a good author to be, whose works are likely to live to the end of time, how he propagates the worlt of mischiefs to such a duration, when he himself is dead and gone, and incapable of antidoting the poison he has spread?'

Her ladyship was pleased to kiss me as we fat. ' My charming Pamela, my " more than fifter," - (Did she say)-Yes, she did fay so! and made my eyes overflow with joy to hear the sweet charms mel—I charge you, when epithet! you get to town, let me have your remarks on the diversions you will be carried to by my brother. Now I know what to expect from you, and you know how acceptable every thing will be to me that comes from you. I promise great pleasure, as well to myself as to my worthy friends, particularly ' to Lady Betty, in your unrestrained free correspondence.

· Indeed, Pamela, I must bring you acquainted with Lady Betty: fhe is one of the worthies of our fex, and has a fine understanding.-I'm fure you'll like her.—But (for the world fay it not to my brother, nor let Lady Betty know I tell you so, if ever you should be acquainted—) I had carried the matter so far by my officious zeal to have my brother married to fo fine a lady, not doubting his joyful approbation, that it was no small disappointment to ber, I can tell you, when he married you: and this is the best excuse I can make for my furious behaviour to you at the Hall. For though I am naturally very halty and paffionate, yet then I was almost mad .- Indeed my disappointment had given me so much indignation both against you and him, that it is well I did not do fome violent thing by you. * I believe you did feel the weight of my hand :- but what was that ?- 'Twas well I did not kill you dead --- these were her ladyship's words- For how could I think the wild libertine capable of being engaged by fuch noble motives, or thee what thou art?-So this will account to thee a little for my violence then.

'Your ladyship,' said I, 'all these things considered, had but too much reason to be angry at your dear bro-ther's proceedings, so well as you always lov'd him, fo high a concern as you always had to promote his honour and interest, and so far as you had gone

with Lady Betty.'

Compare this part of the convertation with Lady Davers's behaviour to Pamela, Vol. II. p. 222, to 233.

I tell thee, Pamela, faid fhe, 'that the old story of Eleanor and Rosamond run in my head all the way of my journey, and I almost wished for a potion to force down thy throat : and when I came, and found thy lewd paramour absent, (for little did I think thou wast married to him, though I expected thou wouldst endeavour to perfuade me to believe it) apprehending that his intrigue with thee would effectually frustrate my hopes as to Lady Betty and him: "Now," thought I, "all happens as I wish !- Now will " I confront this brazen girl!-Now " will I try her innocence, as I please, " by offering to take her with me out of " his hands; if the refuses, take that re-" fusal for a demonstration of her guilt; " and then," thought I, " I will make " the creature provoke me, in the pre-" fence of my nephew and my woman," ' (and I hoped to have got that woman " Jewkes to testify for me too;) and I cannot tell what I might have done, if ' thou hadft not got out of the window as thou didft, especially after thou hadft told me thou wast as much married as I was, and hadft shewn me his tender letter to thee, which had a quite different effect upon me than thou hadft hoped for. But if I had committed any act of violence, what remorfe should I have had, when I came to reflect, and had known what an excellence I had injured? Thank God thou didst escape me! thank God thou didft!' And then her ladyship folded her arms about me, and kiffed

This was a fad flory, you'll fay, my dear: and I wonder what her ladyfhip's paffion would have made her do! Surely she would not have killed me dead indeed! furely she would not!—Let it not however, Miss Darnford—nor you, my dear father and mother,—when you see it,—go out of your own hands, nor be read, for my Lady Davers's sake, to any body else—No, not to your own mamma.—It made me tremble a little, even at this distance, to think what a fad thing passion is, when way is given to it's ungovernable tumults, and how it deforms and debases the noblest minds.

We returned from this agreeable airing but just time enough to dress before dinner, and then I attended my lady, and we went together into the counters's apartment, where I received abundance

of compliments from both. As this brief conversation will give you some notion of that management and ecconomy for which they heaped upon mether kind praises, I will recite to you what passed in it, and hope you will not think me too vain; and the less, because what I underwent formerly from my lady's indignation, half entitles me to be proud of her present kindness and favour.

Lady Davers faid—'Your ladyship must excuse us, that we have lost so much of your company; but here, this sweet girl has entertained me in such a manner, that I could have staid out with her all day; and several times did I bid the coachman prolong his cir-

cuit.

'My good Lady Davers, Madam,' faid I, 'has given me inexpressible plea'fure, and has been all condescention and favour, and made me as proud as 'proud can be.'

You, my dear Mrs. B.' faid she,
'May have given great pleasure to Lady
Davers, for it cannot be otherwise—
But I have no great notion of her ladyship's condescension, as you call it—
(pardon me, Madam,' said she to her,
smiling) 'when she cannot raise her
style above the word girl, coming off
from a tour you have made so delightful to her.'

I protest to you, my Lady C.' replied her ladyship, with great goodness, that that word, which once indeed I used through pride, as you'll call it, I now use for a very different reason. I begin to doubt, whether to call her Sifter, is not more honour to myself than to her; and to this hour am not quite convinc'd. When I am, I will

call her fo with pleafure."

I was quite overcome with this fine compliment, but could not answer a word : and the counters faid- I could have spared you longer, had not the time of day compell'd your return. For I have been very agreeably entertained, as well as you, although but with the talk of your woman and mine. For here they have been giving me fuch an account of Mrs. B.'s œconomy, and family management, as has highly delighted me. I never knew the like; and in fo young a lady too .- We shall have strange reformations to make in our families, Lady Davers, when we go home, were we to follow fo good an example. Why, Why, my dear Mrs. B.' continued her ladythip, 'you out-do all your neighbours. And indeed I am glad I live so far from you:—for were I to try to imitate you, it would full be but imitation, and you'd have the honour of it.'

Yet you hear, and you fee by yefterday's converfation, faid Lady Davers, how much her best neighbours, of both sexes admire her: they all yield

* to her the palm, unenvying.*

Then, my good ladies, 'faid I, 'it
is a fign I have most excellent neighbours, full of generofity, and willing
to encourage a young person in doing
right things: so it makes, considering
what I was, more for their honour
than my own. For what censures
should not such a one as I deserve, who
have not been educated to fill up my
time like ladies of condition, were I
not to employ myself as I do? I, who
have so little other merit, and who
brought no fortune at all?

· Come, come, Pamela, none of your felf-denying ordinances, that was Lady Davers's word, 'you must know fomething of your own excellence: 'f 'you do not, I'll tell it you, because there is no fear you will be proud or vain upon it. I don't fee then, that * there is the lady in your neighbour-" hood, or any neighbourhood, that be-· * haves with more decorum, or better * keeps up the port of a lady, than you do. How you manage it, I can't tell; but you do as much by a look, and a pleasant one too, that's the rarity! as I do by high words, and paffionate exclamations: I have often no-" thing but blunder upon blunder, as if * the wretches were in a confederacy to try my patience.' ' Perhaps, Madam, faid I, 'the awe

Perhaps, Madam, 'laid I, 'the awe they have of your ladyship, because of your high qualities, makes them commit blunders; for I myself have always been more afraid of appearing before your ladyship, when you have visited your honoured mother, than of any body else, and have been the more sensibly aukward through that very awful respect.'

* Pfha, pfha, Pamela, that is not it:

* 'tis all in yourfelf. I used to think

* my mamma, and my brother too, had

* as aukward servants as ever I saw any

* where—except Mrs. Jervis.—Well

* enough for a batchelor, indeed!—But,

here!—thou hast not parted with one fervant—Hast thou?

' No, Madam.'

'How!' faid the countes; 'what 'excellence is here!—All of them, pardon me, Mrs. B. your fellow-fer-vants, as one may say, and all of them fo respectful, so watchful of your eye; and you, at the same time, so gentle to them, so easy, so cheerful!'

Don't you think me, my dear, infufferably vain? But 'tis what they were pleafed to fay. 'Twas their goodness to me, and shewed how much they can excel in generous politeness. So I will

proceed.

'Why this,' continued the counters,
'must be born dignity—born discretion—
'Education cannot give it:—if it could,
'why should not que have it?'

The ladies faid many more kind things of me then; and after dinner they mentioned all over again, with additions, before my best friend, who was kindly delighted with the encomiums given me by two ladies of fuch diftinguishing judgment in all other cases. They told him, how much they admired my family management : then would have it, that my genius was universal, for the employments and accomplishments of my fex, whether they confidered it, they were pleafed to fay, as employed in penmanship, in needlework, in paying or receiving vifits, in mufick, and I can't tell how many other qualifications, which their goodness made them attribute to me, over and above the family management; faying, that I had an understanding which comprehended every thing, and an eye that penetrated into the very bottom of matters in a moment, and never was at a loss for the should be, the why or wherefore, and the bow; these were their comprehensive words-that I did every thing with celerity, clearing all as I went, and left nothing, that was their observation, to recur, or come over again, that could be dispatched at once: by which means, they faid, every hand was clear to undertake a new work, as well as my own head to direct it; and there was no hurry nor confusion; but every coming hour was fresh and ready, and unincumbered (so they faid,) for it's new employment; and to this they attributed that ease and pleafure with which every thing was performed, and that I could do, and cause to be done, so much business without hurry either to myself or servants.

These

These things, they would have it, they observed in part themselves, and in part were beholden for to the observations of their women, who looked, they said, so narrowly into every part of the management, as if they were spies upon it; but were such faithful ones, that it was like a good cause brought to a strict scrutiny, the brighter and fairer for it.

Thus, my dear Miss Darnford, did their ladyships praise me for what I ought to be; and I will endeavour to improve more and more by their kind admonitions, which come clothed in the agreeable and flattering shape of praise; the noblest incitement to the doing of one's

duty.

Judge you how pleafing this was to my best beloved, who found, in their kind approbation, such a justification of his own conduct, as could not fail of being pleasing to him, especially as Lady Davers was one of the kind praisers.

Lord Davers was fo highly delighted, that he rose once, begging his brother's excuse, to falute me, and remained standing over my chair, with a pleafure in his looks that cannot be expressed, now-andthen lifting up his hands, and his goodnatured eye gliftening with joy, which a pier-glass gave me the opportunity of feeing, as sometimes I stole a bashful glance towards it, not knowing how or which way to look. Even Mr. H. feemed to be touched very fenfibly; and recollecting his behaviour to me at the Hall, he once cried out- What a fad whelp was I, to behave as I formerly did, to fo much excellence !- Not, Mr. B. that I was any thing uncivil, neither; -but in unworthy fneers, and nonfenfe-You know me well enough.-P-x on me for a Jackanapes !- You called me, * Tinfell'd toy, though, Madam, don't you remember that? and faid, twenty or thirty years bence, when I was at age, you'd give me an answer. Egad! I shall never forget your looks, nor your words neither!—They were d-n'd severe speeches, were they not, Sir?

'O you see, Mr.H.' replied my dear Mr. B. 'Pamela is not quite perfect.— 'We must not proyoke her; for she'll 'call us both so, perhaps; for I wear a 'laced coat, sometimes, as well as you.'

' Nay, faith, I can't be angry,' faid he.

' I deserved it richly, that I did, had it been worse.'

Thy filly tongue, faid my lady, runs on without fear or wit. What's

past is past.

Why, i faith, Madam, I was plaguily wrong; and I faid nothing of any
body but myself:—and have been ready to hang myself fince, as often as I
have thought of my nonsense.

'My nephew,' faid my lord, 'must' bring in hanging, or the gallows, in every speech he makes, or it will not

be he.'

Mr. B. fmiling, faid, with feverity enough in his meaning, as I could fee by the turn of his countenance— Mr. H. knows, that his birth and family intitle him more to the block, than the rope, or he would not make fo free with the latter.

Good! very good, by Jupiter!' faid Mr. H. laughing. The countefs finiled. Lady Davers shook her head at her brother, and faid to her nephew—' Thou'rt' a good-natured foolish fellow, that thou art.'

' For what, Madam? Why the word ' foolish, aunt? What have I said now?'

'Nothing to any purpose, indeed,' faid she; 'when thou dost, I'll write it down.'

'Then, Madam,' faid he, 'have your'
pen and ink always about you, when'
I'm present.—The devil's in't if you'
won't put that down, to begin with!'
This made every one laugh. 'What'
a happy thing is it,' thought I, 'that'
good-naturegenerally accompanies this
character; else, how would some people be supportable?'

But here I'll break off. 'Tis time; you'll fay.—But you know to whom I write, as well as to yourfelf, and they'll be pleafed with all my filly feribble.—So excuse one part for that, and another for friendship's sake, and then I shall be wholly excusable to you.

Now the trifler again refumes her pen. I am in some pain, Mis, for to-morrow, because of the rules we observe of late in our family on Sundays, and of going through a crowd to church; which will afford new scenes to our noble visitors, either for censure or otherwise: but I

will fooner be cenfured for doing what I think my duty, than for the want of it; and so will omit nothing that we have

been accustomed to do.

I hope I shall not be thought ridiculous, or as one who aims at works of supererogation, for what I think is very short of my duty.—Some order, surely, becomes the heads of families; and hefides, it would be discrediting one's own practice, if one did not appear at one time what one does at another. For that which is a reason for discontinuing a practice for some company, would seem to be a reason for laying it aside for ever, especially in a family visiting and visited as ours.

And I remember well a hint given me by my dearest friend once on another subject. That it is in every one's power to prescribe rules to himself, after a while, and persons see what is one's way, and that one is not to be put out of it.

But my only doubt is, that to ladies, who have not been accustomed perhaps to the necessary strictness, I should make myself censurable, as if I aimed at too much perfection : for, however one's duty is one's duty, and ought not to be difpenfed with; yet, when a person, who uses to be remiss, sees so hard a task before them, and so many great points to get over, all to be no more than tolerably regular, it is rather apt to frighten and difficult fiege, inch by inch, and be more difficult fiege, inch by inch, and be more fludious to intrenchand fortifythemselves, as they go on gaining upon the enemy, than by rushing all at once upon an at-tack of the place, be repulsed, and perhaps obliged with great loss to abandon a hopeful enterprize.

And permit me to add, that young as I am, I have often observed, that overgreat strictnesses all at once injoined and insisted upon, are not fit for a beginning reformation, but for stronger Christians only; and therefore generally do more harm than good, in such a circumstance.

What a miferable creature am I,' faid a neighbouring widowgentlew oman, (whom I vifited in her illness, at her own defire, though a stranger to me but by name) ' if all the good you do, and the ' strick life you live, is no more than ab- ' folutely necessary to salvation!'

I faw the poor gentlewoman, through

illness and low spirits, was ready to defpond; and, to comfort her, I faid-Dear Madam, don't be cast down: God Almighty gives us all a light to walk by in these our dark paths; and 'tis my humble opinion, he will judge us according to the unforced and unbiaffed use we make of that light. I think it my duty to do feveral things, which, perhaps, the circumstances of others will not permit them to do, or which they, on ferious and difinterested reflection, may not think absolutely necessary to be done: in each case our judgments are a law to each; and I ought no more to excuse myself from doing fuch parts as I think my duty, than you to condemn yourfelf for not doing what does not appear to you fo ftrictly necessary: and besides, Madam, you may do as much good one way, as I another, and so both may be equally useful in the general system of Providence.

But shall I not be too grave, my dear friend?—Excuse me; for this is Saturday night; and as it was a very good method which the ingenious authors of the Spectators took, generally to treat their more serious subjects on this day; so I think one should, when one can, consider it as the preparative eve to a still

better.

SUNDAY.

NOW, my dear, by what I have already written, it is become in a manner necessary to acquaint you briefly with the method my dear Mr. B. not only permits, but encourages me to take, in the family he leaves to my care, as to

the Sunday duty.

The worthy dean, at my request, and by my beloved's permission, recommended to me, as a fort of family chaplain, for Sundays, a young gentleman of great such as a present and found principles, who having but lately taken orders, has at present no other provision. And this gentleman comes, and reads prayers to us about seven in the morning, in the lesser hall, as we call it, a retired apartment, next the little garden; for we have no chapel with us here, as in your neighbourhood: and this generally, with some suitable exhortation, or meditation out

of some good book, which the young gentleman is so kind as to let me choose now-and-then, when I please, takes up little more than half an hour.

We have a great number of fervants of both fexes: and myfelf, my good Mrs. Jervis, and my Polly Barlow, are generally in a little clofet, which, when we open the door, is but just a separation, and that's all, from the hall.

Mr. Adams (for that is our young clergyman's name) has a defk, at which fometimes Mr. Jonathan makes up his running accounts to Mr. Longman, who is very scrupulous of admitting any body to the use of his office, because of the writing in his custody, and the order he values himself upon having every thing

About seven in the evening the young gentleman comes again, and I generally, let me have what company I will, find time to retire for about another half-hour; and my dear Mr. B. connives at, and excuses my absence, if enquired after; though, for so short a time, I am seldom missed.

To the young gentleman I shall prefent, every quarter, five guineas, and Mr. B. presses him to accept of a place at his table at his pleasure: but, as we have generally a good deal of company, his modesty makes him decline it, espe-

cially at those times.

Mr. Longman is so kind as to join with us very often in our Sunday office, and Mr. Colbrand seldom misses; and they tell Mrs. Jervis, that they cannot express the pleasure they have to meet me there; and the edification they receive, as they are so kind to fay, from my example; and from the cheerful temper Is am always in, which does 'em good to look upon me: and they will have it, that I do credit to religion. But if they do but think fo, it must have been of service to me in the order I have now established, as I hope; and that through less difficulties than I expected to meet with, especially from the *cookmaid; but fays, she comes with double delight to have the opportunity to see her blessed lady, as it seems she calls me at every word.

My best beloved dispenses as much as he can with theservants, for the evening part, if he has company; or will be attended only by John or Abraham,

perhaps by turns; and fometimes looks upon his watch, and fays—'Tis near' feven; and if he fays fo, they take it for a hint they may be diffensed with for half an hour; and this countenance which he gives me, has not contributed a little to make the matter easy and delightful to me, and to every one.

I am fure, were only policy to be confidered, this method must be laudable; for fince I begun it, there is not a more diligent, a more fober, nor more courteous set of servants in any family in a great way: we have no broils, no hard words, no revilings, no commandings nor complainings; and Mrs. Jervis's government is made so easy, as she says, that she need not speak twice; and all the language of the servants is—' Pray, I John,' or, '. Pray, Jane, do so or so; and they say, their master's service is a

heaven upon earth.

When I part from them, on the breaking up of our affembly, they generally make a little row on each fide of the halldoor; and when I have made my compliments, and paid my thanks to Mr. Adams, one whifpers, as I go out-God blefs you, Madam !' and fo fays another, and another, and indeed every one; and bow and curt'fy with fuch pleasure in their honest countenances as greatly delights me: and I fay, (if it fo happens)—' So, my good friends!—I 'am glad to fee you—Not one absent 'am glad to fee you—Not one absent 's' or but one—(as it falls out)—' This is very obliging, I cry: and thus I shew them, that I take notice, if any body be not there. And back again I go to pay, my duty to my earthly benefactor: and he is pleafed to fay fonietimes, that I come to him with fuch a radiance in my countenance, as gives him double pleasure to behold me'; and often he tells me afterwards, that but for appearing too fond before company, he could meet me, as I enter, with embraces as pure as my own heart.

I hope in time, I shall prevail upon the dear man to give me his company.—
But, thank God, I am enabled to go thus far already!—I will leave the rest to his providence. For I have a point very delicate to touch upon in this particular; and I must take care not to lose the ground I have gained, by too precipitately pushing at too much at once. This is my comfort, that next to being uniform bimself,

is that permission and encouragement he gives me, to be so, and the pleasure he takes in feeing me fo delighted-and befides, he always gives me his company to church. O how happy should I think myself, if he would be pleased to accompany me to the Divine office, which yet he has not done, though I have urged him as much as I durft! One thing after another, he fays, we shall be better and better, I hope: but nobody is good all at once. But, my dear Miss Darnford, as I consider this as the feal of all the reft, and he himself has an awful notion of it, I shall hardly think my dear Mr. B.'s morals fully fecured till then.

Mrs. Jervis alked me on Saturday evening, if I would be concerned to fee a larger congregation in the leffer hall next morning, than usual? I answered-' No, by " no means.' She faid, Mrs. Worden, and Mrs. Lefley, (the two ladies women) and Mr. Sydney, my Lord Davers's gen-tleman, and Mr. H.'s fervant, and the coachmen and footmen belonging to our noble vilitors, who are, the fays, all great admirers of our family management and good order, having been told our method, begged to join in it. I knew I should be a little dashed at so large a company, but the men being orderly, for lords fervants, and Mrs. Jervis affuring me, that they were very earnest in their

request, I consented to it.

When, at the usual time, (attended by my Polly) I went down, I found Mr. Adams there, (to whom I made my first compliments) and every one of our own people waiting for me, Mr. Colbrand excepted, (whom Mr. H. had kept up late the night before) together with Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lesley, and Mr. Sydney, with the fervants of our guefts, who, as also worthy Mr. Longman, and Mrs. Jervis, and Mr. Jonathan, paid me their respects; and I said-This is early riting, Mrs. Lefley and Mrs. Worden; you are very kind to countenance us with your companies in this our family order .- Mr. Sydney, I am glad to fee you .- How do you, Mr. Longman?' and looked round with complacency on the fervants of our noble vifitors. And then I led Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley to my little retiring place, and Mrs. Jervis and my Polly followed; and throwing the door open, Mr. Adams began some select prayers; and as the young gentleman reads with great emphasis and pro-

priety, and as if his heart was in what he read, all the good folks were exceed-

ingly attentive.

After prayers, Mr. Adams read a meditation, from a collection made for private use, which I shall more particularly mention by-and-by; and ending with the usual benediction, I thanked the worthy gentleman, and gently chid him, in Mr. B.'s name, for his modesty in declining our table; and thanking Mr. Longman, and Mrs. Worden, and Mrs. Lesley, received their kind wishes, and haftened, blufhing through their praifes, to my chamber, where being alone, I purfued the fubject for an hour, till breakfast was ready, when I attended the ladies, and my best beloved, who had told them of the verses placed under my cushion at church.

We fet out, my Lord and Lady Davers, and myfelf, and Mr. H. in our coach; and Mr. B. and the countefs in the chariot, both ladies, and the gentlemen, splendidly dressed; but I avoided a glitter as much as I could, that I might not feem to vie with the two peereffes .-Mr. B. faid—' Why are you not full-' dressed, my dear?' I faid, I hoped he would not be difpleafed: if he was, I would do as he commanded. He kindly answered- 'As you like best, my love. ' You are charming in every dress.'

The chariot first drawing up to the church-door, Mr. B. led the countess into the church. My Lord Davers did me that honour; and Mr. H. handed his aunt through a crowd of gazers, many of whom, as usual, were strangers. The neighbouring gentlemen and their ladies paid us their filent respects; but the thoughts of the wicked verses, or rather, as Lady Davers will have me fay, wicked action of the transcriber of them, made me keep behind in the pew: but my lady, with great goodness, sat down by me, and whisperingly talked a good deal, between whiles, to me, with great tenderness and freedom in her aspect; which I could not but take kindly, because I knew she intended by it, to shew every one she was pleased with me.

Among other things the faid foftly-Who would wish to be a king or queen, ' Pamela, if it is fo eafy for virtue and beauty' (fo the was pleafed to fay) ' to attract fo many fincere admirers, without any of their grandeur?-Look round, my dear girl, and fee what a folemn respect, and mingled delight,

* appears in every countenance: and prefling my hand— Thou art a charming creature! Such a natural modefty, and fuch a becoming dignity, in thy whole appearance—no wonder that every one's eyes are upon thee, and that thou bringeft to church fo many booted gentlemen, as well as neighbours, to behold thee!

Afterwards she was pleased to add, taking my hand, and Mr. B. and the countess heard her; (for she raised her voice to a more audible whisper) 'I am 'proud to be in thy company, and in 'this solemn place, I take thy hand, and 'acknowledge with pride, my fifter.' I looked down; and indeed here atchurch, I can hardly at any time look up; for who can bear to be gazed at so?—and foftly said—'Oh! my good lady! how 'much you honour me; the place, and 'these furrounding eyes, can only hinder 'me from acknowledging as I ought.'

My best friend, with pleasure in his eyes, said, pressing his hand upon both eurs, as my lady had mine in hers—'You are two beloved creatures: both excellent in your way, God bless you both.'—'And you too, my dear bro-

ther,' faid my lady.

The counters whifpered—'You should spare a-body a little! You give one, ladies, and Mr. B. too much pleasure all at once. Such company, and such behaviour, adds still more charms to devotion; and were I to be here a twelvemonth, I would never miss once

accompanying you to this good place. Mr. H. thought he must say something, and addressing himself to his noble uncle, who could not keep his good-natured eye off me, 'I'll be hang'd, my lord, if I know how to behave myself! Why this outdoes the chapel!—I'm glad I put on my new suit!' And then he looked upon himself, as if he would support, as well as he could, his part of the general

admiration.

But think you not, my dear Miss Darnford, and my dearest father and mother, that I am now at the height of my happiness in this life, thus favoured by Lady Davers!

The dean preached an excellent fermon; but I need not have faid that; only to have mentioned, that he preached,

was faying enough.

My lord led me out, when divine fervice was over (and being a little tender in his feet, from a gouty notice, walked very flowly.) Lady Towers and Mrs. Brooks joined us in the porch, and made us their compliments, as did Mr. Martin. 'Will you favour us with your company home, my old acquaintance?' faid Mr. B. to that gentleman. 'I can't, having a gentleman my relation to dine with me; but if it will be agreed able in the evening, I will bring him with me to tafte of your Burgundy; for we have not any fuch in the county. 'I shall be glad to see you, or any friend of yours,' replied Mr. B.

Mr. Martin whispered—' It is more,
' however, to admire your lady, I can
' tell you that, than your wine.—Get
' into your coaches, ladies,' faid he,
with his usual freedom; 'our maiden
' and widow ladies have a fine time of it,
' wherever you come: by my faith, they
' must every one of them quit this neigh' bourhood, if you were to stay in it:
' but all the hopes they have, are, that
' while you are in London, they'll have
' the game in their own hands.'

'Sifter,' faid Lady Davers, most kindly to me, in presence of many, who (in a respectful manner) gathered near us, 'Mr. Martin is the same gentleman he

used to be, I see.'

'Mr. Martin, Madam,' faid I, fmiling, 'has but one fault; he is too apt to 'praise whom he favours, at the expense of his absent friends.'

" I am always proud of your reproofs,

' Mrs. B.' replied he.

' Ay,' faid Lady Towers, ' that I be-' lieve.—And therefore, I wish, for all ' our fakes, you'd take him oftener to

talk, Mrs. B.

Lady Towers, Lady Arthur, Mrs. Brooks, and Mr. Martin, all claimed vifits from us; and Mr. B. making excuses, that he must husband his time, because of being obliged to go to town foon proposed to breakfast with Lady Towers the next morning, dine with Mrs. Arthur, and sup with Mrs. Brooks; and as there cannot be a more social and agreeable neighbourhood any where, his proposal, after some difficulty, was accepted; and our usual visiting neighbours were all to have notice accordingly, at each of the places.

I faw Sir Thomas Atkyns coming towards us, and fearing to be flifted with compliments, I faid— Your fer-'vant, ladies and gentlemen;' and giving my hand to Lord Davers, flept into the chariot, instead of the coach; for

3 D 2

people

people that would avoid buftle, sometimes make it. Finding my mistake, I would have come out; but my lord said— Indeed you shan't: and I'll step in, because I'll have you all to myself.'

Lady Davers smiled—' Now,' said she, (while the coach drew up) ' is my Lord Davers pleased;—but I see, sister, you were tired with part of your com-

pany in the coach.

"Tis well contrived, my dear,' faid Mr. B. 'as long as you have not deprived me of this honour;' taking the countess's hand, and leading her into the

coach.

Will you excuse all this impertinence, my dear?—I know my father and mother will be pleased with it; and you will have the goodness to bear with me on that account; for their kind hearts will be delighted to hear every minute thing in relation to Lady Davers and my-felf.

When Mr. Martin came in the evening, with his friend, (who is Sir William G. a polite young gentleman of Lincolnhire) he told us a deal of the praifes lavilhed away upon me by several genteel strangers; one saying to his friend, he had travelled twenty miles to see me.

My Lady Davers was praised too for her goodness to me, and the gracefulness of her person; the countels for the noble serenity of her aspect, and that charming ease and freedom, which distinguish her birth and quality: my dear Mr. B. he said, was greatly admired too; but he would not make him proud; for he had superiorities enough already, that was his word, over his neighbours; 'But 'I can tell you,' said he, 'that for most of your praises you are obliged to your

lady, and for having rewarded her excellence as you have done; for one gentleman, added he, faid, he knew

one but you could deferve her; and he believed you did, from that tendernefs in your behaviour to her, and from that grandeur of air, and majefty of person, that seemed to shew you

formed for her protector, as well as rewarder.—Get you gone to London, both of you, faid he. I did not

intend to tell you, Mr. B. what was faid of you. -

The women of the two ladies had acquainted their ladyships with the order I observed for the day, and the devout behaviour of the servants. And about seven, I withdrawing as silently and as un-

observed as I could, was surprised, as I was going through the great hall, to be joined by both.

'I shall come at all your secrets, Pamela,' faid my lady, 'and be able, in time, to cut you out in your own way. 'I know whither you are going.'

'My good ladies,' faid I, 'pardon me for leaving you. I will attend you

' in half an hour.'

'No, my dear,' faid Lady Davers,
the countefs and I have refolved to attend you for that half-hour, and we
will return to company together.'

' Is it not descending too much, my

' ladies, as to the company?'

'If it is for us, it is for you,' faid the countess; 'fo we will either act up to 'you, or make you come down to us; 'and we will judge of all your proceed-

' ings.'

Every one, but Abraham, (who attended the gentlemen) and all their lady-fhips fervants, and their two women, were there; which pleased me, however, because it shewed, that even the strangers, by this their second voluntary attendance, had no ill opinion of the service. But they were all startled, ours and theirs, to see the ladies accompanying me.

I ftept up to Mr. Adams.—'I was in hopes, Sir,' faid I, 'we should have been favoured with your company at

our table.

Well, Sir, 'faid I, 'these ladies come now to be obliged to you for your good offices; and you'll have no better way of letting them return their obligation, than to sup, though you would not dine with them.'

'Mr. Longman, 'faid my lady, 'how do you?—We are come to be witnesses

of the family decorum.'

'We have a bleffed lady, Madam,' faid he: 'and your ladyships presence

' augments our joys.'

I should have said, we were not at church in the afternoon.—And when I do not go, we have the evening service read to us, as it is at church; which Mr. Adams performed now, with his usual distinctness and fervour.

When all was concluded, I faid—
Now, my dearest ladies, excuse me for
the sake of the delight I take in seeing
all my good folks about me in this de-

cent and obliging manner.—Indeed, I have no oftentation in it, if I know

" my own heart."

The countess and Lady Davers, delighted to see such good behaviour in every-one, sat a moment or two looking upon one another in silence; and then my Lady Davers took my hand: 'Be-'loved, deservedly beloved of the kindest of husbands, what a blessing art thou to this family!'

And to every family, faid the counters, 'who have the happiness to know, and the grace to follow, her example!

But where, 'faid Lady Davers, 'collectedst thou all this good sense, and

fine spirit in thy devotions?"

' The Bible, my dear ladies,' faid I, is the foundation of all: but this, and the Common Prayer Book, and the Duty of Man, our worthy folks have every one of them, and are fo good as to employ themselves in them at all leifure opportunities on other days. ' For which reason, that I may diversify their devotions, I have, with the affift; ance of Mr. Adams, and by advice of the dean, made extracts from feveral good pieces, which we read on thefe days.'- Mr. Adams,' faid my Lady Davers, 'will you oblige me with a copy of my fifter's book, at your leifure?" He readily engaged to do this; and the countefs defired another copy, which he also promised.

Lady Davers then turning herfelf to Mrs. Jervis—' How do you, good woman?' faid she.—' Why you are now made ample amends for the love you bore to this dear creature formerly!'

'You have an angel, and not a woman, for your lady, my good Mrs.

' Jervis,' faid the countels.

Mrs. Jervis, folding her uplifted hands together—'O my good lady! you know ont our happines; no, not one half of it. We were before blessed with plenty, and a bountiful indulgence, by our good master; but our pienty brought on wantonness and wranglings; but now we have peace as well as plenty; and peace of mind, my dear lady, in doing all in our respective powers, to shew ourselves thankful creatures to God, and to the best of masters and missresses.

Good foul!' faid I, and was forced to put my handkerchief to my eye: 'your' heart is always overflowing thus with gratitude and praises, for what you so well merit from us.'

'Mr. Longman,' faid my lady, affurning a sprightly air, although her eye

twinkled, to keep within it's lids the precious water, that sprang from a noble and well affected heart, 'I am glad to 'see you here, attending your pious 'young lady.—Well might you love 'her, honest man! Well might you!— 'I did not know there was so excellent 'a creature in any rank.'

Madam, faid the other worthy heart,

unable to speak but in broken sentences, you don't know-indeed you don't what a-what a-hap-happy-fa mily we are !- Truly, we are like unto Alexander's foldiers, every one fit to be a general; fo well do we all know our duties, and practife them too, let me fay.—Nay, and please your lady-ship, we all of us long till morning comes, thus to attend my lady; and after that is past, we long for evening. for the same purpose: for she is so good to us-You cannot think how good the is! But permit your honoured father's old fervant to fay one word more, that though we are always pleafed and joyful on these occasions; yet we are in transports to see our master's noble fifter thus favouring us-with your ladyship too,' (to the countess)- and approving our young lady's conduct and piety.

Bleffing on you all! faid my lady.
 Let us go, my lady;—let us go, fister;
 —for I can't stay no longer!

As I slid by, following their lady-ships—' How do you, Mr. Colbrand?' said I, softly:—' I feared you were not well in the morning.' He bowed—' Par-don me, Ma-dame—I vas lectel

indispose, dat ish true!'

Now, my dear friend, will you forgive me all this felf-praise, as it may seem?—Yet when you know I give it you, and my dear parents, as so many instances of my Lady Davers's reconciliation and goodness to me, and as it will shew what a noble heart that good lady has at bottom, when her pride of quality and her passion have subsided, and her native good sense and excellence taken place, I statter myself, I may be the rather excused; and especially, as I hope to have my dear Miss Darnford's company and countenance one day, in this my delightful Sunday employment.

I should have added, for I think a good clergyman cannot be too much respected, that I repeated my request to Mr. Adams, to oblige us with his company at supper; but he so very earnestly

begged

begged to be excused, and with so much concern of countenance, that I thought it would be wrong to insist upon it; though I was sorry for it, because I am sure, as of any thing, that modelty is al-

ways a fign of merit.

We returned to the gentlemen as foon as fupper was ready, and as cheerful and easy, as Lady Davers observed, as if we had not been present at so solemn a service. 'And this,' faid she, after the gentlemen were gone, 'makes religion so pleasant and delightful a thing, that I profess I shall have a much higher opinion of those who make it a regular and constant part of their employment, than ever I had. But I have seen, added her ladyship, ' perhaps, such characteristic wry faces, and fuch gloomy countenances, among some of your pious folks, in and after a folemn office, as was enough to dishearten such an one as me, and make one think that it would be a fin to go to bed with a

ing and groaning.
Then, faid she, I was once, I remember, when a girl, at the house of a very devout man, for a week, with his grand-daughter, my school-fellow; and there were such preachments against vanities, and for self-denials, that were we to have followed the good man's precepts, (though indeed not his practice, for well did he love his belly) half God Almighty's creatures and works would have been useles,

finile upon one's face, or without figh-

and industry would have been banished the earth.

Then, added her ladyship, 'have I heard the good man confess himself guilty of such sins, as, if true, (and by his hiding his face with his broad brimmed hat, it looked a little bad against him) he ought to have been

hanged on a gallows fifty feet high.'
These resections, as I said, fell from my lady, after the gentlemen were gone, when the recounted to her brother, the entertainment, as she was pleased to call it, I had given her. On which she made high encomiums, as did the countess; and they praised also the natural dignity which they imputed to me, saying, I had taught them a way they never could have found out, to descend to the company of servants, and yet to secure, and even aug-

ment, the respect and veneration of inferiors at the same time. 'And, Pamela,' faid my lady, 'you are certainly very 'right to pay so much regard to the young 'clergyman; for that makes all he reads, and all he says, of greater efficacy with the auditors, facilitates the work you have in view to bring about, and in your own absence (for your monarch may not always dispense with you, perhaps) strengthens his influences, and encourages the young gentleman, beside.'

MONDAY.

Am to thank you, my dear Miss Darnford, for your kind letter, approving of my scribble*. When you come to my Saturday's and Sunday's accounts, I shall try your patience. But no more of that; for as you can read them, or let them alone, I am the less concerned, especially as they will be more indulgently received somewhere else, than they may merit; so that my labour will not be wholly lost.

I congratulate you with all my heart, on your dismissing Mr. Murray; for, besides that some of his qualities are not to be approved by a lady of your taste and judgment, I will never give my consent, that any gentleman shall have the honour of calling you his, who can so easily resign his pretensions to you, and address

your fifter.

You are extremely diverting, my dear, with your greater and leffer Bear stars, and I could not help shewing your letter to Mr. B. And what do you think the free gentleman said upon #? I am half afraid to tell you: but do, how you are so happily disengaged, get leave to come, and let us two contrive to be even with him for it. You are the only lady in the world that I would join with against him.

He faid, 'that your characters of Mr. Murray and Miss Nanny, which he called severe, (but I won't call them so, without your leave) looked a little like pretty spite, and as if you were sorry the gentleman took you at your word.—That was what he said—Pray let us punish her for it. Yet, he called you charming lady, and said a great deal in your praise, and joined with me, that Mr. Murray, who

was fo eafy to part with you, could not

possibly deserve you.

But, Pamela, faid he, I know the fex well enough. Miss Polly may not love Mr. Murray; yet, to see her fifter addressed and complimented, and preferred to herself, by one whom she so lately thought it was in her power to choose or to refuse, is a mortifying thing. And young ladies cannot bear to sit by neglected, while two lovers are playing pugs tricks with each other.

Then, faid he, all the preparations to matrimony, the cloaths to be bought, the vifits to be paid and received, the compliments of friends, the bufy novelty of the thing, the day to be fixed, and all the little foolish humours and nonsense attending a concluded courtship, when one fister is to ingross all the attention and regard, the new equipages, and so forth; these are all subjects of mortification to the other, though she had no great value for the man perhaps.

man perhaps.'
'Well, but, Sir,' faid I, 'a lady of

Miss Darnford's good sense, and good taste, is not to be affected by these parades, and has well considered the matter, no doubt: and I dare say, rejoices, rather than repines at missing the gen-

tleman.'

I hope you will leave the happy pair, for they are so, if they think themselves so, together, and Sir Simon to rejoice in his accomplished son-in-law elect, and give us your company to London. For who would stay to be vexed by that ill-natured Miss Nanny, as you own you were, at your last writing?

But I will proceed with my journal, and the rather, as I have something to tell you of a conversation, the result of which has done me great honour, and given me inexpressible delight: of which in it's

place.

We purfued Mr. B.'s propofal, returning feveral vifits in one day; for we have so polite and agreeable a neighbourhood, that all seem to concur in a desire to make every thing easy to one another; and, as I mentioned before, hearing Mr. B.'s intention to set out for London, as soon as our company should leave us, they dispensed with formalities, being none of them studious to take things amis, and having a general good opinion

of one another's intentions not to dif-

blige.

We came not home till ten in the evening, and then found a letter from Sir Jacob Swynford, uncle by the half-blood to Mr. B. acquainting him, that hearing his niece, Lady Davers, was with him, he would be here in a day or two, (being then upon his journey) to pay a vifit to his nephew and niece at the fame time.

This gentleman is very particularly odd and humourfome; and his eldeft fon being next heir to the maternal effate, if Mr. B. should have no children, has been exceedingly distaissed with his debasing himself in marrying me; and would have been better pleased had he not married at

all, perhaps.

There never was any cordial love between Mr. B.'s father and him, nor between the uncle, and nephewand niece; for his politivenels, roughnels, and felf-interestedness too, has made him, though very rich, but little agreeable to the generous tempers of his nephew and niece; yet when they meet, which is not above once in four or five years, they are always very civil and obliging to him.

Lady Davers wondered what could bring him hither now; for he lives in Herefordshire, and seldom stirs ten miles from home. Mr. B. said, he was sure it was not to compliment him and me on our nuptials. 'No, rather,' said my lady, 'to satisfy himself if you are in a way to 'cut out his own cubs.'—'Thank God, 'weare,' said my dearest friend. 'Whenever I was strongest set against matrimony, the only reason I had to weigh against my dissible to it was, that I was unwilling to leave so large a part of my essay estate "to that family.

'My dear,' faid he to me, 'don't be uneafy; but you'll fee a relation of mine much more difagreeable than you can imagine: but no doubt you have

heard his character.

'Ah, Pamela,' faid Lady Davers, ' we' are a family that value ourselves upon our ancestry; but upon my word, Sir' Jacob, and all his line, have nothing else to boast of. And I have been often ashamed of my relation to them.'

No family, I believe, my lady, has every body excellent in it, replied I but I doubt I shall stand but poorly

with Sir Jacob.'

" He won't dare to affront you, my dear,' faid Mr. B. 'although he'll fay to

you, and to me, and to my fifter too, blunt and rough things. But he'll not

· stay above a day or two, and we shall not fee him again for some years to come; fo we'll bear with him.

I am now, Miss, coming to the conexfation I hinted at.

TUESDAY.

N Tuesday, Mr. Williams came to pay his respects to his kind patron. I had been to visit the widow gentlewoman I mentioned before, and on my return, went directly to my closet, so knew not of his being there till I came to dinner; for Mr. B. and he were near two hours together in discourse in the li-

When I came down, Mr. B. presented him to me. 'My friend Mr. Williams, my dear,' faid he.

Mr. Williams, how do you do?' faid I; ' I am glad to fee you.

He rejoiced, he faid, to fee me look fo well; and had longed for an opportunity to pay his respects to his worthy patron and me before: but had been prevented twice when he was upon the point

of fetting out.

Mr. B. faid—' I have prevailed upon my old acquaintance to take up his re-" fidence with us, while he stays in these parts. Do you, my dear, fee that every

thing is made agreeable to him.'

To be fure, Sir, I will.' Mr. Adams being in the house, Mr. B. fent to defire he would dine with us; if it were but in respect to a gentleman of the fame cloth, who gave us his com-

Mr. B. when dinner was over, and the fervants were withdrawn, faid- My dear, Mr. Williams's bufiness, in part,

was to alk my advice as to a living that is offered him, by the Earl of . who is greatly taken with his preaching

and convertation.'

And to quit yours, I presume, Sir,' faid Lord Davers?

No, the earl's is not quite fo good as mine, and his lordship would procure him a dispensation to hold both. What would you advise, my dear?'

It becomes not me, Sir, to meddle with fuch matters as thefe.

' Yes, my dear, it does, when I alk your opinion.'

' I beg pardon, Sir-My opinion then is, that Mr. Williams will not care to do any thing that requires a dispensation, and which would be unlawful without it.'

'Your ladyship,' faid Mr. Williams,

fpeaks exceedingly well.'

I am glad, Mr. Williams, that you approve of my fentiments. You fee they were required of me by one who has a right to command me in every thing: otherwise this matter is above my iphere; and I have so much goodwill to Mr. Williams, that I with him every thing that will contribute to make him happy.

' Well, my dear,' faid Mr. B. 'but what would you advise in this case? The earl proposes, that Mr. Williams's present living be supplied by a curate; to whom, no doubt, Mr. Williams will be very genteel; and, as we are feldom or never there, his lordship thinks we shall not be displeased with it, and infifts upon it, that he will propose it to me; as he has done.

Lord Davers faid- I think this may do very well, brother .- But what, pray, Mr. Williams, do you propose to allow to your curate? Excuse me, Sir; but I think the clergy do so hardly by one another generally, that they are not to be furprised, that some of the laity treat them as they do.

Indeed, faid Mr. H. ' that's well observed; for I have heard it said twenty and twenty times-"If you would know how to value a clergyman, and what he deferves for spending his whole life in the duties of his function, you need but " form your opinion upon the treatment " they give to one another; and forty or " fifty pounds a year would be thought too much, even for him who does all " the labour."

Who fays my nephew speaks not

well,' faid my lord?'
'O,' faid my lady, 'no wonder! This is Jackey's peculiar. He has always fomething to fay against the clergy. For he never loved them, because his tutors were clergymen; and fince, faid her ladyship, (very severely) ' he never got any good from them, why should they expect any from him?

Always hard upon my poor nephew, faid Lord Davers.

" Thank

. Than'c you, aunt,' faid Mr. H.

Mr. Williams faid, Mr. H.'s observation was but too true; that nothing gave greater cause of scandal than the usage some even of the dignified clergy gave their brethren: that he had always lamented it, as one of the greatest causes of the contempt with which the clergy are too generally treated.

He was proceeding; but Lady Davers faid- I am not at all furprifed at their f treatment of one another; for if a gentleman of education and learning can fo far forget what belongs to his function, as to accept of two livings, when one would afford him a handsome maintenance, it is no wonder, that fuch a one would make the most of it, for does he not as good as declare, that he takes

it for that very purpole?" 'I must not let this argument proceed,' faid Mr. B. 'without clearing my worthy friend. He is under no difficulty about holding the two. He proposes not to do it; and, like a good man, as I always thought him to be, is of opinion he ought not to do it : but here is the difficulty, and all his difficulty; he is defirous to oblige his good friend the earl, who is very preffing to have him near him: but apprehending that I may take it amis, if he relinquishes my living, he came to ask my advice; and after we had talked a good deal of the matter, I told him we would refer it to Pamela, who was a kind of casuift in fuch matters of equity and good order as fell within the compass of her obfervation and capacity:-and fo, my dear, give us your free opinion; for this is a subject you have spoken your mind to me upon once before.'

'I am very glad, Sir,' replied I, 'that Mr. Williams's own resolution was so conformable to what I wished it to be, and, indeed, expected from his character; and I can therefore more freely fpeak my mind upon the occasion,

though I am but a poor casuift neither. ' You remember, my dear,' faid Mr. B. what you observed to me in favour of the clergy, and their maintenance, when we fell occasionally upon that subject a while ago. I found you had confidered the point, and thought you spoke well upon the occasion. Let us

hear your opinion now upon it.'
Indeed,' replied I, 'I fay now, as I then took the liberty to fay, that I have fo general a good-will to the order, that

' if my wishes could have effect, there is not one of it, but should have a handfome competency; at least fuch a one as to set him above contempt. And this, I am perfuaded, would be a great furtherance to the good we expect from them, in teaching the lower rank of people (as well as the higher) their duties, and making them good fervants, and useful members of the commonwealth.

But, my dear, you took notice of fome things, which would, if you can recollect them, be very à propos to the

fubject we are now upon.

I remember, Sir, we were talking of impropriations. I took the liberty to express myself a little earnestly against impropriations; and I remember you stopped my mouth at once upon that head.'

' As how, fifter?' faid Lady Davers. 'Ay, as how, Mrs. B.?' faid the

countess. ' Why, Madam, Mr. B. was pleafed to fay, that when the clergy would come into a regulation for the more equal and useful disposition of the revenues which at prefent were in the church, he would be the first who would bring in a bill for restoring it to all that it had loft by impropriations and other fecularizations, and leave it upon the publick to make fatisfaction to fuch of the laity as would be fufferers by the reftoration.

That was not, my dear, what I ' meant,' returned Mr. B. 'You are particularly against dispensations; which

is the point before us now.

I remember, Sir, I did fay, that as there are so many gentlemen of the function, who have no provision at all, I could not with any one of it should hold two livings; especially if they cannot perform the duties of both, and where one would afford a tolerable competence. Much less, (I remember I took the liberty to add) could I think it excutable, that a gentleman should rate the labours of his brother, who does every thing, so low, as is too frequently the case, and pay himself so well, for doing nothing at all.'

This is what I mean, returned Mr. B. 'and, I thought you observed very well upon it, my dear. For my own part, I have always been of opinion, that the clergy who do thus, make the best excuse that can be made for impro-

* priators

priators and lay patrons. For here is a gentleman, the fon of a lay-man, (I fpeak to general cases) is sent to the university, and takes orders. He has interest, perhaps, to get two or more livings, and hires a person, who is as deferving as himself, but destitute of friends, at a low rate, to do the duties of one of them. We will suppose in his favour, that he has feveral children to provide for out of these, and makes that his pretence for oppressing the perfon he employs to do his ownduty. Some of these children are males, some females, and not one in five of the former is brought up to the church; and all that he faves for them, and gives them out of what he fqueezes from his unhappy brother, is it not fecularizing, as it were, at least as far as he can do it, the revenues appropriated to the church? And can be, whatever others may, blame an impropriator for applying that por-tion of the produce of church-lands to bir lay-family, which the other intends for the lay-family he is endeavouring to build up? Some one or two of which impropriator's fons may possibly too, in order to possess the living in their father's gift, be brought up to the church: what is the difference, I would fain know?

If the clergy were always to have done thus,' continued Mr. B. ' should we not have wanted many endowments, and charitable foundations, which we now have? And I am very forry to have reason to say, that we owe such fort of works more to the piety of the clergy of past times than to the present; for now, let us cast our eye upon the practices of some of our prelates; for who is it that looks not up first for examples to that venerable order? And we shall find, that too many among them feerh more intent upon making a family, as it is called, and thereby fecularizing, as I observed, as much as they can, the revenues of the church, than to live up either to the ancient hospitality, or with a view to those acts of munificence, which were the reason for endowing the church with fuch ample venues as it once had, and still has, were it not so unequally distributed, and in so few hands.

But, dear Sir, 'faid I, 'what a fad hardflip do the inferior clergy labour under all this time?—To be oppressed and kept down, by their bretiren, and by the laity too? This is hard indeed— 'Tis pity, methinks, this, at least, could not be remedied.'

'It will hardly ever be done, my dear. The evil lies deep; 'tis in human nature, and when that can be mended, it will be better; but I fee not how it can be expected, while those who have most influence to procure the redrefs, are most interested to prevent it: and the views of others, aspiring to the same power and interest, make too many wish to have things left as they are; although they have no present benefit by it. And those would join in a cry of the church's danger, were the legislature to offer at a redrefs.'

"Tis pity, Sir,' faid I, "the convocation are not permitted to fit. They would, perhaps, undertake this province, and feveral others, for the benefit of the whole body of the clergy; and I should think such regulations would

come best from them.

' So it is, my dear, would they employ ' themselves, and their deliberations, in fuch good works. But 'tis a fad thing to consider, that there is little good to be expected from bodies of men in general; for although an individual cares not to pull down upon himself the odium of a bad or unpopular action, yet when there are many to share it among them, I fee not, that they ferriple doing things which very little become them to do. But, far be it from me to ' fay this with a view to convocations as convocations: I fpeak what is but too generally the case in all bodies of men whatever, whether clergy or laity. And let us look into the greater or leffer corporations and focieties throughout the kingdom, and we shall find, if a poor witticism may be excused, that bodies are really bodies, and act too often as if they had no fouls among

'I hope, Sir,' faid the countefs, 'when 'you judge thus hardly of bodies, you include the two fupreme bodies.'

"Thou halt not," faid Mr. B.—'I know these reverend gentlemen, (looking at Mr. Williams and Mr. Adams) will tell me, "fpeak evil of the rulers" of thy people."—But I wish I could always defend, what I am loth at any time to censure. But were you to read, or attend to the debates in both houses, which sometimes happen in cases almost self-evident, you would findit impossible

not

onot to regret, that you are now-andthen under a necessity to join with the minority; -as well in your house,

Lord Davers, as in ours.

' I wish, brother,' replied his lordthip, ' I could differ from you with reafon: but this always was, and, I fear, always will be fo, more or lets in every feffion.

But, to return to our first subject,' faid Mr. B. 'You know, my dear, how f much pleasure I take to hear your opinion in cases of natural equity: and you must tell us freely, what you would advise your friend Mr. Williams to do.'

' And must I, Sir, speak my mind on fuch a point, before so many better

judges?

' Yes, fifter,' faid her ladyship, (a name she is now pleased to give me freely before strangers, after her dear brother's example, who is kindeft, though always kind, at fuch times) ' you must; if I may be allowed to fay muft."

'Why then,' proceeded I, 'I beg leave to ask Mr. Williams one question; that is, whether his prefent parishioners do not respect and esteem him, in that particular manner, which I think every-body mutt, who knows his worth?

' I am very happy, Madam, in the good will of all my parishioners, and have great acknowledgments to make

for their civilities to me.'

' I don't doubt,' faid I, 'but it will be the fame where ever you go; for bad as the world is, a prudent and good clergyman will never fail of respect. But, Sir, if you think your ministry among them is attended with good effects; if they esteem your perfon with a preference, and liften to your doctrines with attention; methinks, for their fakes, 'tis pity to leave them, were the living of lefs value, as it is of more, than the other. For, how many people are there who can benefit by one gentleman's preaching, rather than by another's; although, poffibly, the one's abilities may be no way inferior to the other's? There is a great deal in a delivery, as it is called, in a way, a manner, a deportment, to engage people's attention and liking; and as you are already in possession of their efteem, you are fure to do much of the good you aim and wish to do. For where the flock loves the shepherd, all ' his work is easy, and more than half done; and without that, let him have the tongue of an angel, and let him live the life of a faint, he will be heard with indifference, and, oftentimes, as his subject may be, with disgust."

I paused here; but every one being filent-'As to the earl's friendship, Sir, continued I, ' you can best judge, what force that ought to have upon you; and what I have mentioned would be the only difficulty with me, were I in Mr. Williams's case. To be fure, it will be a high compliment to his lordship. and so he ought to think it, that you quit a better living to oblige him. And he will be bound in honour to make it up to you. For I am far from thinking, that a prudent regard to worldly interest misbecomes the character of a good clergyman; and I wish all fuch were fet above the world, for their own fakes, as well as for the fakes of their hearers; fince independency gives a man respect, besides the power of doing good, which will enhance that respect, and, of consequence, give greater efficacy to his doctrines.

The countefs mentioned hereupon, the faying of Dr. Fisher, Bishop of Rochester, who was beheaded in the reign of Henry VIII. because he would not own the king's fupremacy: this prelate, being offered a richer bishoprick, would not accept of it, faying, he looked upon his bishoprick as his wife; and he should not think it excusable to part with his wife because she was poor. This brought fo many reflections upon frequent translations, and the earnestness with which richer bishopricks were fought after, that I was very forry to hear, or to think, there were occasion for them. And I did take the liberty to fay, that as Mr. B. had observed the fault was in human nature, and though it was an inexcufable one, perhaps we that censured them, might find it hard, in their circumstances, to refift the temptation.

Mr. B. faid, he wished, for the sake of the clergy in general, that there was a law against translations; and that all the bishopricks in England were made equal in revenue: 'For, do we not see,' said he, ' that the prelates, almost to a man, vote on the fide of power? And by this means, contribute not a little to

make themselves and the whole body of the clergy, (so numerous, and so de-

ferving too, as those of the Church of 3 E 2

Englandare) a by-word to freethinkers
 of all denominations, who are ever
 ready to take occasion to malign them,

and their venerable order.'

Would you not, asked Lord Davers, have the two primacies distinguished in revenue?

No, faid Mr. B. the diffinction of dignity and precedence would be enough, if not too much; for where there is but one pope, the whole college of cardinals, feventy in number, are always looking up to, and gaping after the chair: and I would have no temptations laid in the way of good men to forfeit their characters, and weaken their influences; which are of to much consequence for example-sake, to the publick weal.

I think,' faid Lord Davers, 'there was some reason for the celibacy of the clergy in the Roman church at first, although the inconveniencies arising from it are too many and too obvious, to wish the restraint so general. For the provision for families and children, furnishes so natural and so laudable a pretence to clergymen to lay up all they

can for them, that their characters fuffer not a little on that account. If we look round us,' faid Mr. B. and fee how many good and worthy families are sprung from the clergy; and look abroad, and fee what are too · often the effects of celibacy in the Roman church, and the fcandal, worfe than what we complain of, thrown upon them, even by bigots of their own communion, we fhall have fufficient reason to condemn the celibacy which that church enjoins. Besides, a bad mind, an oppressive or covetous nature, will be the lante, whether married or fingle: for have we not feen to what a feandalous height nepotisim has been carried in that church? And has not a pope of a private and narrow spirit done as much for his nephews and nieces (and perhaps nearer relations under those names) as he could have done for fons and daughters? So still bere too, we must resolve all into that " common fewer of iniquity, human na-" ture; and conclude, that a truly good " man will not do a bad thing upon any the nearest and most affecting conside-* rations; and that a bad man will never want a pretence to display his evil qua-· lities, nor flatterers beither (if he has power) to defend him, in the worst he can do.

I well remember the argument, when I was at Rome, used to the pope, on such an occasion. His holiness declared against nepotism, saying, that he would never look upon the revenues of the church, as the patrimony of his private family; and forbad his numerous relations, who, on his promotion, swarmed about him, with looks as hungry as if they were so many North Britons, travelling southward for presessing fourthward for presessing fourthward for him in any other light, than that of the common father of all his people; and as having no other relation but Merit.

'This was setting out well, you'll say: but what was the event?—Why, two thirds of his relations rushed into orders directly; and it was not long, before parafites were found, to reprefent to the holy father, that it was a fin to deprive the church of fo many excellent props and buttreffes; and that for the good of the publick, he ought to prefer them to the first dignities; so that the good man, overcome with their reafons, and loth to continue in fo great a fin, graced the cardinalate with one, the episcopate with half a dozen, and the richest abbacies with a score or two; and the emperor having occasion to make interest with his holiness, found merit enough in some of the lay relations, to create them princes and counts of the Holy Roman Empire.'

'But, Sir,' faid I, (for I am always forry to hear things faid to the discredit of the clergy, because I think it is of publick concern that we reverence the function, notwithstanding the failings of particulars) ' have I not been a filent witness, that you have made the fame observations on a minister of state, who, though he shall be perhaps the first to blame this disposition in a clergyman, will be equally ready to practife it himself, to relations and children, full as worthlefs, to the exclusion of the worthy?-So that, Sir, this is all human nature still; and should we not be tender in our censures of the one, when we are fo ready to acquit the other?"

There's this difference, Mrs. B.' faid the countes: 'from the one we' expect a better example; from the other, 'no example fit to be followed. And

this is one reason that makes the first minister generally so hated a thing in all nations, because he usually resolves all confiderations into felf, and is beloved by nobody, but those to whom he gives the overflowings of fuch benefits, as he has not relations enough

to heap them upon.'

Well, Mr. Adams,' faid I, 'if I may be allowed to be fo ferious, does not this shew the excellency of the prayer we are taught by the Supreme Teacher, and that part of it-" Lead " us not into temptation?" For it feems too natural a consequence, that no fooner are we tempted, but we deliver

ourselves up to evil. ' Right, fifter,' faid Lord Davers; and this ends in Mr. B.'s human na-

ture again.'

'What remains, then,' observed Lady Davers, 'but that we take the world as we find it? Give praise to the good, dispraise to the bad; and every one

try to mend one?"

'Yet I wish,' faid Mr. B. ' so overtender are many good clergymen of the failings in their brethren, which they would not be guilty of themselves, that we might avoid displeasing them, if they were to know the freedom of this conversation, when we are so welldisposed to reverence their function.

'I hope otherwise,' returned Mr. Williams; 'for it is but giving due praife and dispraise, as my lady says; and were evil actions to go uncenfured, good ones would lofe their reward; and vice, by being put upon a foot with virtue in this life, would meet with too much countenance.'

But give me leave, refumed Lady Davers, ' to interpose a little in the matter we have departed from, that of the curate and difpensation; and when I have delivered my fentiments, I infift upon it, that Mrs. B. will as freely give us hers, as if I had been filent.

Dispensations are usual things. Mr. Williams may pay a young gentle-man bandsomely; and the centure we have paffed is only upon fuch as do not. To a young man at first setting out, a good curacy will be very acceptable. If he has merit, it will put him in a way of fhewing it, and he may raise himself by it. If he has not, he will not deserve more. And Mr. Williams may marry, perhaps, and have a family to provide for. His opportunities may not always be the fame: the earl may die, and he should be excused if he makes the best use of his interest and favour, for the very reason Mrs. B. gave, that as he is a good man, it will strengthen his influences :- and, come, brother, you know I am always for prescribing: here is a worthy young gentleman in my eye, who won't take it amiss to begin with a curacy: and you shall give your dispensation, previous to the legal one, on condition, that Mr. Williams will permit you to present his curate: and thus all will be refolved.'

Both the gentlement bowed, and Mr. Williams was going to speak: but Mr. B. faid- ' Take my fifter at her word, ' Pamela, and if you have any thing to ' fay to this scheme, speak it freely, as ' if her ladyship had been silent; for, I perceive, by your downcast eye and filence, you could fay fomething if you

would.

' Ay, pray do,' faid my lady. love to hear you fpeak. You always make methink of fomething I had not confidered before."

' I am very loth to fay any thing on fo nice a subject. Indeed it would not become me. There is fo much generosity and benevolence in my good lady's scheme, that I ought not.'

" Ought not!" repeated my dearest friend, interrupting me, ' none of your ought nots; I know you are always forming in your mind notions of right and wrong, in the common cases of life. Let us therefore have your opinion in this matter more fully than you have hitherto given it; and deliver it too without hesitation, and with that ease and freedom, which are born with you; for, I can tell you, that were we, through the corruption of human nature, to lose the distinctions of right and wrong, I know not where we could apply ourfelves, but to fuch as you, to recover them.

I bowed, and faid- If you will have it fo, Sir, it must be so; and I will ' then bespeak all your kind allowances, (cafting my eye around me, to each perfon) ' and tell you all I think upon this matter; and when I have done, submit ' my poor fentiments, as becomes me,

to your fuperior judgments. 'Thus then, I would fay-Pardon

me, Madam, for taking your lady-' ship's words for my theme, as I re-

" member

member them; and hardly any thing falls from your ladyship that I do not remember — That dispensations are usual things—I am sure I am going to display my ignorance, because, knowing nothing of their original or design, I must pretume them to be very ancient in this kingdom, and introduced only

in this kingdom, and introduced only when there were fewer clergymen than benefices. Was there ever fuch a

time?"

They smiled- 'Nay, now, you would command me, Sir, to speak, when I need to do nothing elfe, to expose my-There was a time, as I have read, that there were fo few scholars, that the benefit of clergy was allowed to some fort of criminals who could do no more than read, because the commonwealth could ill spare learned men, and thought it right to encourage the I love of letters-And might there not be a time, then, when dispensations were allowed to worthy men, because it was difficult to find enow of fuch as deserved that character, to fill the church preferments? Tell us, Pamela, faid Mr. B. whe-

ther you do not intend this as a faire upon the practice? Or, is it really your pretty ignorance, that has made you pronounce one of the feverest censures upon it, that could be thought of?

I fmiled, and faid—' Indeed, Sir, I think only fome fuch reason, or a worse, must be the original of dispensations; for, is it right, that one gentleman shall have two or three livings, the duties of no more than one of which hecan personally attend; while so many are destitute of bread, almost, and exposed to contempt, the too frequent companion of poverty? And what though custom may have sanctified it, to be sure that is all that can; and a good man will not do all he may do without incurring a penalty, because

wrong; and because, be the custom what it will, a man should regulate his actions by his conscience and the golden rule.

there is in every thing a right and a

My good lady fays, Mr. Williams may pay a gentleman handfomely: I don't doubt but Mr. Williams would do fo; and this, I am forry to fay it, would be doing what is not fo often done as one would with. But I may be permitted to afk, For subat would

he pay the gentleman handsomely?

Why, for doing that duty for him, which in conscience and honour he ought to do himself, and which, when he takes inftitution and induction, he engages folemnly to do? - And pray, excuse me, my dear Every-body'-that was my foolish word, which made them fmile-' to what end is all this?-Only, that the gentleman who does all the labour in the vineyard, shall live upon thirty, forty, or fifty pounds per annum, more or less, while the gentleman who has best nothing but best intereft,' (another of my foolish phrases) shall receive twice, and perhaps three times the fum for doing nothing at all. Can any dispensation, my dear friends, make this a just or equitable thing. Indeed, if the living be so poor, as too many of them are, that a man cannot comfortably and creditably fubfift without putting two poor ones together to make one tolerable one, that is another thing .- But pray now, my good Mr. Williams, excuse me, if Mr. Adams can live upon a curacy of forty or fifty pounds a year, cannot another gentleman live, unless his rectory or vicarage bring him two or three hundred? Mr. Adams may marry as well as Mr. Williams; and both, I believe, will find God's providence a better reliance than the richest benefice in Eng-

'A good curacy, no doubt,' continued I, 'may be a comfortable thing at 'fetting out to a young gentleman: but if here be a rectory or vicarage, of two hundred pounds a year, for example, (for if it be of no more value than a good curacy, he must be content) is not that two hundred pounds a year the reward for doing such and such labour? And if this be the stated hire for this labour, to 'speak in the Scripture phrase, Is not the labourer worthy of his hire? Or is he that does not labour to go away with the greatest part of it?

' If the gentleman, my lady is pleafed to fay, has merit, this curacy may put him in a way of shewing it. But does the manifestation of merit, and the reward of it, always go together?

'My lady is so good as to observe—
But may I, Madam, be excused?'
'Proceed, proceed, child!—I shall
only have a care of what I say before
you for the future, that's all.'

'And I too,' faid Mr. H. which made them finile.

Nay, now, my lady-

Proceed, Ltell you -I only wonder, as my brother has faid, on another occasion, where thou gottest all these equitable notions.'

" My lady is so good as to observe," proceeded I, (for they were pleased to be attentive) ' that Mr. Williams should make use of his opportunities. I know her ladyship speaks this rather in generous indulgence to the ufual practice, than what always ought to be the chief consideration; for if the earl should die, may not some other friend arise to a gentleman of Mr. Williams's merit?

As to strengthening of a good man's influence, which is a point always to be wished, I would not say so much as I have done, if I had not heard Mr. Longman fay, and I am fure I heard it with great pleasure, that the benefice Mr. Williams so worthily enjoys, is a clear two hundred and fifty pounds

a year.

But after all, does happiness to a gentleman, a scholar, a philosopher, rest in a greater or lesser income ?-On the contrary, is it not oftener to be found in a happy competency or mediocrity? Suppose my dear Mr. B. had five thousand pounds a year added to his prefent large income, would that increase his happiness? That it would, add to his cares, is no question; but could that addition give him one fingle comfort which he has not already? And if the dear gentleman had two or three thousand less, might he be less happy on that account? No, furely, for it would render a greater prudence on my humble part necessary, and a nearer inspection, and greater frugality, on his own; and he must be contented (if ' he did not, as now, perhaps, lay up every year) fo long as he lived within his income-And who will fay, that the obligation to greater prudence and acconomy is a misfortune?

'The competency, therefore, the golden mean is the thing; and I have often confidered the matter, and endeavoured to square my actions by the re-fult of that consideration. For a perfon, who being not born to an estate, is not fatisfied with a competency, will probably not know any limits to his defires. One whom an acquisition of one hundred or two hundred pounds a ' year will not fatisfy, will hardly fit down contented with any fum. although he may propose to himself at a distance, that such and such an acquisition will be the height of his ambition; yet he will, as he approaches to that, advance upon himself farther and farther, and know no bound, till the natural one is forced upon him, and his life and his views end together.

' Now let me humbly beg pardon of you all, ladies and gentlemen, turning my eye to each; ' but most of you, my good lady, whose observations I have made so free with. If you can forgive me, it will be an inflance of your goodness, that I may wish for, but hardly can promise to myself. Will you, my dear lady?' faid I, and laid my hand upon her ladyship's, in a supplicatory

manner; for the fat next me.

'I think not,' faid her ladyship. 'I ' think I ought not .- Should I, brother? -Can I, my lord ?-Ought I, my lady counters ?- Brother, brother, if you have been in any degree contributing to the excellency of this-what shall I call her? How cunningly do you act, to make her imbibe your notions, and then utter them with fuch advantage; that you have the fecret pride to find your own fentiments praised from her mouth? But I will forgive you both, be it as it will; for I am fure, outdone as I am, in thought, word, and deed, and by fo young a gipfey,'-that was her word; 'it is by one that would outdo every body else, as well as me; only I would except your ladythip.

None of your exceptions, Lady Davers,' replied the countefs-' I know not, in so young a lady, whether I should most envy or admire her excel-

· lence.

" Well, but fince I have the pleafure," refumed I, 'to find myfelf forgiven, may ' I be indulged a few moments prattle ' more? Only just to observe, that the fate of the case I have given, is but one fide of the question; that which a good clergyman, in my humble opinion, would choose to act. But when we come to the other fide, what it would be kind we of the laiety should think fit and act by them, that is another thing. For, when we think of the hardships the clergy lie under, more than almost any other body of men, we fhall fee they are intitled to better usage than they often meet with.

· Here, in the first place, a youth is

fent to the university, after a painful course, to qualify him for it. Heendangers his health, and impairs his conflitution, by hard fludy, and a fedentary life: and after he has paffed * fuch a number of years, he is admitted " into orders, perhaps gets a small fellowfhip, turns tutor, a painful employment, and his education having been e designed for all his portion, and that expended in it, he at last, by interest or · favour, gets a curacy or little living of forty, fifty, or fixty pounds a year; if " lefs, fo much the worfe; and is obliged to maintain himself in a genteel appearance out of that, and be subject, not feldom, to the jefts of buffoons and rakes at a great man's table, where the parson is too often the butt to receive the supposed witty shafts of such as can allow themselves to say any thing. If he marries, which possibly too he is kept from, contrary to his wifnes, of all men he is the leaft to follow his own · liking; fince prudence too often obliges him to take the person his inclination would not. " If children follow, what melancholy

views has he of providing for them, did not his strong reliance on Providence exercise his faith against worldly ap-

pearance?

Then he has too often to contend for his dues, the produce of his poor income, with churlish and ignorant spirits; whom his function would make him wish to smooth and instruct; who though " they farm and pay to the landlord for " no more than pine tenths of the lands they occupy, hardly think it a fm to cheat the parson of his tythe; who, however, has the same right to it by the · laws of the land, as the gentleman has to the estate, or the tenant to the produce of his farm. This obliges the poor gentleman to

Iive in a state of war among a people, with whom both his duty and inclinas tion would make him defirous to culti-" vate a good understanding. And what benefits can refult from his ministry in fuch a fituation, when the people to be instructed look upon him as an invader of their substance, at the very time that they are robbing him of what is legally

In the next place, I prefume to think, that the clergy are too much looked

" upon by some as a detached body, as I

may fay, from the rest of the people. and as persons acting upon a separate interest, quite opposite to that of the laity: when, possibly, that very churl, who refuses them their right, or would cheat them of it, has a view to bring up one of his family to the church, and hopes to get him provided for out of it's revenues. And are not the clergy, moreover, the fathers, the fons, the uncles, the brothers of the laity, who shall fet themselves against their maintenance? And must their education debar them of those comforts, which it better qualifies them to enjoy, and which it incapacitates them any other way to procure?

' Forgive me,' looking all round me, and curt'fying when I cast my eye on Mr. B. 'for entering fo deeply into this subject, I have often heard my excellent lady, who had a great veneration for good clergymen, talk to this purpose with a lady who had very different fentiments from hers; and I have not been used to forget any thing that fell from her lips.' Mr. B. and Lady Davers hid me proceed; I could not, my lady faid, have had a better instructress.

'What opportunity,' refumed I, 'have not the laity in general, of all degrees and ranks, to make their lives easy and happy, to what the clergy have? Here is a middling family, with three or four fons: suppose the father's circumstances will allow him to bring up one to the law: what opportunities has he, unen-vied, to make a fortune? Another is brought up to trade; if he has but tolerable success in the world, in what ease and affluence does he support himfelf, and provide for his family? And as to the physick line, what fortunes are raifed in that? And nobody envies any of these. But the ion, whose inclination shall lead him perhaps best to deferve, and most to require an easy and comfortable fubliftence, and who ought wholly to devote himself to the duties of his function, is grudged every thing, and is treated as if he were not a fon of the fame family, and had not a natural right and stake in the same commonwealth.

'There are, 'tis true, preferments, and fome great ones, and honours too, in * the church; but how few, compared to the numbers of the clergy, or to those · livings which are so poor, as can hardly

fet a man above penury and contempt?—And how are those few ingrossed by the descendants or dependants of the rich and powerful? And, what by commendams, dispensations, and such-like contrivances, how does one man of interest and address swallow up the provision which was designed for several, as deserving, perhaps, at least, as himself? For, my good lady, (you have forgiven me, and must not be displeased), a man's friends may die off, and he must, you know, make the best of his opportunities.

O you dear fauce-box, as my brother calls you!—How dare you, by that arch pretty look, triumph over me thus?—Let me, brother, give her a flap for this!—I'm fure she deserves it."

I think the is a little infolent, indeed, Lady Davers. But to the case in hand: There is so much truth in what Pamela says, of the hardships to which the clergy, the inferior clergy particularly, are subjected, that I wonder any gentleman who can choose for himself, and has no probable prospect, should enter into orders, under such discouragements.

"I humbly conceive, Sir,' faid I,' that there can be but one good inducement,' and this is what the Apostle hints at in these words—" If in this life only we have hope, we are of all men most miserable."

"Well,' faid Mr. B. 'by how much this is their motive, by so much are they intitled to that better hope; and may it never deceive them!

But'I have the pleasure to acquaint this company; that I had a mind only to hear what Pamela, who, as I hinted, talked to me learnedly on this very fubject a few days ago, would fay, when the came face to face, to her two worthy friends, Mr. Williams and Mr. Adams, (and so I defired Mr. Williams would let her run on, if I could fet her into the subject) -else my old acquaintance was refolved not to hold both livings, fince either, he was so good as to say, would afford him as handsome a provision as he wished for; his only difficulty being about obliging the earl, or whether he (hould not disoblige me, if he complied with that nobleman's re-

Indeed, Madam, faid Mr. Wil-

what I have heard from you, I would not, for the world, have been of another mind, nor have put it upon any other foot than I did.

'You are a good man,' faid I; 'and I have such an opinion of your worthiness, and the credit you do your function, that I can never suspect either your judgment or your conduct. But pray, Sir, may I ask, what have you determined to do?'

Why, Madam, replied he, I am staggered in that too, by the observation your ladyship made, that where a man has the love of his parishioners, he ought not to think of leaving them.

Elfe, Sir, I find you was rather in-

clined to oblige the earl, though the living be of left value! This is very noble, Sir; it is more than generous.'
'My dear,' faid Mr. B. 'I'll tell you, (for Mr. Williams's modelty will not let him fpeak it before all the company) what it his motive; and a worthy one you'll fay it is. Excuse me, Mr. Williams; —for the reverend gentleman

blushed.

'The earl has of late years—we all know his character—given himselfup to carousing, and he will suffer no man to go from his table sober. Mr. Williams has taken the liberty to expostulate, as became his function, with his lordship on this subject, and upon some other irregularities, in so agreeable a manner, that the earl has taken a great liking to him, and promises, that he will suffer his reasonings to have an effect upon him, and that he shall reform his whole household, if he will come and live near him, and regulate his table by

his own example. 'The counters is a very good lady, and privately preffes Mr. Williams to oblige the earl: and this is our worthy friend's main inducement; with the hope, which I should not forget to mention, that he has, of preferving untainted the morals of the two young gentlemen, the earl's fons, who, he fears, will be carried away by the force of fuch an example: and he thinks, as the earl's living has fallen, mine, probably, will be better supplied than the earl's, if he, as he kindly offers, gives it me back again; otherwise the earl, as he apprehends, will find out for his, fome gentleman, if such a one can be found, as will rather further, than

obstruct his own irregularities; as was the unhappy case of the last incum-

· Well, faid Lady Davers, (and so faid the countefs) 'I shall always have the highest respect for Mr. Williams, for a conduct io genteel and fo prudent .-But, brother, will you-and wili you,

Mr. Williams—put this whole affair, in all it's parts, into Mrs. B.'s hands, fince you have fuch testimonies, both of you, of the rectitude of her thinking and acting

"With all my heart, Madam,' replied Mr. Williams; 'and I shall be proud of

" fuch a direction."

What fay you, brother? You are to suppose the living in your own hands again; will you leave the whole matter

to my fifter here?"

' Come, my dear, ' faid Mr. B. ' let us hear how you'd wish it to be ordered. I know you have not need of one moment's confideration, when once you

are a miffress of a point.'
'Nay,' faid Lady Davers, 'that is not the thing. I repeat my demand: shall it be as Mrs. B, lays it out, or not?

' This is a weighty matter, my good fifter; and bad as I have been, I think patrons are accountable, in a great measure, for the characters of the perfons they prefent; and I do affure you; that had I twenty livings in my gift, I should think I ought not to prefer my brother to any one of them, if his morals and character were not likely to do honour to the church, as well as to my presentation. And I expected to hear from Pamela, when the was enumerating the hardships of the clergy, of that scandalous practice of some patrons who rob the regularly-bred clergymen, by pushing into orders some kinsman, or friend, or friend's kinfman or friend, when a living falls in, let his character or qualifications be ever fo faulty and defective. I could name several such instances, that ought to make the ordainers, as well as the ordained, blufb; as (were I to borrow one of Pamela's ferious inferences, I would fay) it will one day make them both tremble, when they come to give an account of the truits committed to them.

Well, faid my lady, I have a noble brother, that's true. What pity you ever were wicked at all! But, come,' and laid her hand upon mine, this fame good girl will be a bleffing to you: nay, why faid I, will be? The is; and the greatest that man can receive.- But still I must have you put this matter into Mrs. B.'s hands.'

'Conditionally I will-Provided I cannot give fatisfactory reasons, why I ought not to conform to her opinion; for this, as I faid, is a point of conscience with me; and I made it so, when I prefented Mr. Williams to the living; and have not been deceived in that prefentation.'

'To be fure,' faid I, ' that is very reasonable, Sir; and on that condition, I shall the less hesitate to speak my mind, because I shall be in no danger to commit an irreparable error.

' I know well, Lady Davers,' added Mr. B. ' the power your fex have over ' ours, and their fubtle tricks; and fo will never, in my weakest moments, be drawn in to make a blindfold promife. There have been feveral instances, both in facred, and profane story, of mischiefs done by such surprizes: so you must allow me to suspect myself, when I know the dear flut's power over me, and have been taught, by the inviolable regard she pays to her own word, to value mine-And now, Pamela, speak all that's in your heart to

With your requisite condition in my eye, I will, Sir. But let me see, that I state the matter right. And, preparative to it, pray, Mr. Williams, though you have not been long in possession of this living, yet may be you can compare what it is likely, by what you know of it, to bring in clear?"

' Madam,' faid he, ' by the best calculation I can make, (I thank you for it, good Sir) it may, one year with another, be reckoned at three hundred pounds per annum: it is the best living within twenty miles of it, having been improved within these two last years."

' If it was five hundred pounds, and would make you happier,—(for that, Sir, is the thing) I should wish it you, faid I, and think it short of your merits... But pray, Sir, what is the earl's living

valued at?"

' At about two hundred and twenty pounds, Madam.

Well then,' replied I, very pertly,
I believe now I have it.

Mr. Williams, for motives most excellently worthy of his function, inclines to furrender up to Mr. B. his Iiving of three hundred pounds per annum, and to accept of the earl's living of two hundred and twenty pounds per annum. Dear Sir, I am going to be very bold; but under your condition nevertheles:—let the gentleman to whom you shall present the living of F. allow eighty pounds per annum out of it to Mr. Williams, till the earl's favour shall make up the difference to him, and no longer.—And—but I dare not name the gentleman:—for, how, dear Sir, were I to be so bold, shall I part

'Admirable! most admirable!' said Lord and Lady Davers, in the same words. The countess praised the decision too; and Mr. H. with his 'Let me be hang'd,' and his 'Fore Gads,' and such exclamations natural to him, made his plaudits.

with my chaplain?'

Mr. Williams faid, he could wish with all his heart it might be so; and Mr. Adams was so abashed and surprised, that he could not hold up his head;—but joy danced in his filent countenance for all that.

Mr. B. having hefitated a few minutes, Lady Davers called out for his objection, or confent, according to condition, and he faid—' I cannot fo foon determine as that prompt flut did. I'll withdraw one minute.'

He did so, as I found afterwards, to advise, like the considerate and genteel spirit he possesses, with Mr. Williams, whom he beckoned out, and to examine whether he was in earness willing to give it up, or had any body he was very deserous should succeed him; telling him, that if he had, he thought himself obliged, in return for his worthy behaviour to him, to pay a particular regard to his recommendation. And so being answered as he defired, in they came together again.

But, I should say, that his withdrawing with a very serious aspect, made me afraid I had gone too far: and I said, before they came in—'What shall I do, 'if I have incurred Mr. B.'s anger by 'my over-forwardness!—Did he not 'look displeased?—Dear ladies, if he be 'so, plead for me, and I'll withdraw, 'when he comes in; for I cannot stand 'his anger: I have not been used to it.' 'Never fear, Pamela,' said my lady; 'he can't be angry at any thing you say

or do. But I wish, for the sake of what I have been witness to of Mr. Adams's behaviour and modesty, that such a thing could be done for him.

Mr. Adams bowed, and faid—'O my good ladies! 'tis too, too confiderable 'a thing:—I connot expect it—I do 'not—it would be prefumption if I did.'

Just then re-entered Mr. B. and Mr. Williams; the first with a stately air, the other with a more peace-portending smile on his countenance.

But Mr. B. fitting down- Well, Pamela,' faid he, very gravely, ' I fee, that power is a dangerous thing in any hand.'- 'Sir, Sir!' faid I,- 'My dear ' lady,' whifpering to Lady Davers, 'I ' will withdraw, as I faid I would.' And I was getting away as fast as I could: but he arole, and coming up to me, took my hand- Why is my charmer " fo foon frightened?' faid he, most kindly; and fill more kindly, with a noble air, pressed it to his lips. I must not carry my jest too far upon a mind so apprehensive, as I otherwise might be ' inclined to do.' And leading me to Mr. Adams and Mr. Williams, he faid, taking Mr. Williams's hand with his left, as he held mine in his right- Your worthy brother clergyman, Mr. Adams, gives me leave to confirm the decision of my dear wife, and you are to thank her for the living of F. upon the con-' dition she proposed; and may you give but as much fatisfaction there, as you have done in this family, and as Mr. Williams has given to his flock; and they will then, after a while, be pleafed as much with your ministry, as they have hitherto been with his.

Mr. Adams trembled withjoy, and faid, he could not tell how to bear this excess of goodness in us both; and his countenance and his eyes gave testimony of a gratitude that was too high for further expression.

As for myfelf, you, my honoured and dear friends, who know how much I am always raifed (even out of myfelf, as I may fay) when I am made the dispenser of acts of bounty and generofity to the deserving; and who now, instead of incurring blame, as I had apprehended, found myfelf applauded by every one, and most by the gentleman whose ap-

This condition Mr. Williams generously renounced afterwards, left it should have a simoniacal appearance. See Vol. IV. Letter XLI.

probation I chiefly coveted to have : you, I fay, will judge how greatly I must be

delighted.

But I was still more affected, when Mr. B. directing himself to me, and to Mr. Williams, at the fame time, was pleased to say—' Here, my dear, you must thank this good gentleman for enabling you to give such a shining proof of your excellence: and whenever I put power into your hands for the future, act but as you have now done, and it will be impossible that I frould have any choice or will but

O Sir,' faid, I, preffing his hand with my lips, forgetting how many witnesses I had of my grateful fondness, how fhall I, oppressed with your goodness, in such a fignal instance as this, find words equal to the gratitude of my heart! " -But here, patting my bosom, 'just here, they stick ;-and I cannot-

And, indeed, I could fay no more; and Mr. B. in the delicacy of his apprehensiveness for me, led me into the next parlour; and placing himself by me on the fettee, faid— Take care, my best beloved, that the joy, which overflows your dear heart, for having done a beneficent action to a deferving gentleman, does not affect you too much."
My Lady Davers followed us: "Where

is my angelick fifter?' faid she. have a share in her next to yourself, my noble brother. And clasping me to her generous bosom, she ran over with expressions of favour to me, in a style and words, which would fuffer, were I to endeavour to repeat them.

Coffee being ready, we all three re-turned to the company. My Lord Davers was pleased to make me a great many compliments, and so did Mr. H. after his manner. But the countess exceeded

berfelf in goodness.

Mr. Williams seemed so pleased, or, rather, so elated, with the deserved acceptation his worthy conduct had met with, that it shewed he was far from repenting at the generous turn the matter had taken in favour of Mr. Adams: on the contrary, he congratulated him upon it, telling him, he would introduce him, when his generous patron thought pro-per, to his new parishioners, and would read prayers for him at his first preaching, 'And I think, Mr. Adams,' faid he, ' fince this happy affair has been brought about from the conversation upon dispensations, you and I, both by our example and our arguments, must, on all occasions, discredit that practice; fince, as my lady has observed, God's providence is a better reliance than the richest benefice in England; and fince, as her ladyship has also obferved, we ought not to look beyond a happy competency, as if in this life only we had bope.

' My lady,' faid Mr. Adams, 'has given me many leffons relating to dif-ferent parts of my duty, both as a Christian and a clergyman, that will not only furnish me with rules for my future conduct, but with subjects for the best setmons I shall ever be able to

Mr. B. was pleased to fay-'It is a rule with me, not to leave till to-morrow what can be done to-day :- and when, my dear, do you propose to difpenie with Mr. Adams's good offices in your family? Or did you intend to induce him to go to town with us?"

' I had not proposed any thing, Sir, as to that; for I had not asked your kind direction: but the good dean will supply us, I doubt not; and when we fet out for London, Mr. Adams will be at full liberty, with his worthy friend, Mr. Williams, to pursue the happy fcheme, which your goodness has per-mitted to take effect.

Mr. Adams, my dear, who came so lately from the university, can, perhaps, recommend fuch another young gentleman as himfelf, to perform the functions be used to perform in your family.

I looked, it feems, a little grave, and Mr. B. faid- What have you to offer, Pamela? What have I faid amis?

Amis ! dear Sir!-Ay, and dear Madam too! I fee by your bashful seriousness, in place of that fmiling approbation which you always fnew when I utter any thing you intirely approve, that I have faid fomething which would rather meet with your acquiescence, than choice. So, as I have often told you, none of your referves : and never bestate to me your confent in any thing, while you are fure I will conform to your wifnes, or purfue my own liking, as either fhall appear reasonable to me, when I have heard your reasons,

Why then, dear Sir, what I had prefumed to think, but I submit it to your better judgment, was, whether, fince the gentleman who is fo kind as to affift us in our family devotions, in some measure acts in the province of the worthy dean, it were not right, that our own parish minister, whether here or in London, should name, or at least

approve our naming, the gentleman?"
Why could not I have thought of that, as well as you, fauce-box ?- Lady Dayers, I am intirely on your fide: I think the deferves a flap now from us

both.

' I'll forgive her,' faid my lady, 'fince I find her fentiments and actions as much a reproof to others as to me.

' Mr. Williams, did you ever think,' faid Mr. B. 'it would have come to this? - Did you ever know fuch a faucy girl in your life?—Already to give her-felf these reproaching airs?'

No, never, if your honour is pleased to call the most excellent lady in the world by fuch a name, nor any body

elfe.

' Pamela, I charge you, faid the dear gentleman, ' if you fludy for it, be sometimes in the wrong, that one may not always be taking leffons from fuch an affurance; but, in our turns, have, fomething to teach you.

' Then, dear Sir,' faid I, 'must I not be a strange creature? For how, when you, and my good ladies, are continually giving me fuch charming exam-ples, can I do a wrong thing? Mr. H. faid, let bim be bang'd if he

would not marry, as foon as ever he could get any body to have him.

Foolish fellow!' faid Lady Davers, do'ft think that thou'lt meet with fuch a wife as that, when thou marrieft?"

Why not, Madam?—For if I am not fo good as Mr. B. now is, I have not been so bad neither as he was formerly; -excuse me, Sir :- and so I may stand a chance.

" A chance!' faid my lady- that's ' like thee.—Didft ever hear of fuch an one as the?'

" I never,' faid he, and fell a laughing, faw fuch an one, I own. And take that, my good lady, for calling me.

There's not the reproach in thy anfwer that thou intendeft, except to thy. own grinning infolence, faid her ladythip, (fevere enough, but fimiling) ' that makes thee think that a reflection, which is none in this case.'

' Egad, Madam, you're alwayshard upon me! I can fay nothing to pleafe you. While every body elfe gives and receives compliments, I can come in for nothing but foolish fellow with your ladyship.

" Nephew,' faid my lord, laughing, I think you come in for a large part, and a facetious one too : for when you're present, and conversation takes a serious turn, you make an excellent character to fet us all a laughing.

He got up, and bowed very low: 'I thank your lordship.—You might as well have called me a jack-pudding in plain words ;-but then I would have looked upon you all as fo many mountebanks !- There I have you, faid he; and fell a laughing.

The counters, shuddering, said-Dear, dear Mr. H. be filent, I befeech. you, whenever we are ferious: for you, tear one from the feast of fouls to the

froth of bodies.

I hope you will forgive me, my dear, for being fo tedious on the aforegoing. subject, and it's most agreeable conclufion. It is an important one, because feveral persons, as conferrers or receivers, have found their pleasure and account in it; and it would be well, if convertation were often attended with like happy confequences. I have one merit to plead in behalf even of my prolixity; that in re-citing the delightful conferences I have the pleasure of holding with our noble-guests and Mr. B. I am careful not to write twice upon one topick, although feveral which I omit, may be more worthy of your notice than those I give ; fo that you have as much variety from me, as the nature of the facts and cases will admit of.

But here I will conclude, having a very different subject, as a proof of what I have advanced, to touch in my next. Till when, I am your most affectionate.

and faithful

P. B.

LETTER XXXIII.

MY DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

Now proceed with my journal, which I brought down to Tuesday evening; and of course I begin with

WEDNESDAY.

WEDNESDAY.

Towards the evening came Sir Jacob Swynford, on horseback, attended by two fervants in liveries. I was abroad; for I had got leave for a whole afternoon, attended by my Polly; which time I paffed in viliting no less than four several poor fick families, whose hearts I made glad. But I should be too tedious, were I to give you the particulars; and besides, I have a brief list of cases, which when you'll favour me with your company, I may thew you; for I have obliged myfelf", though not defired, to keep an account of what I do with no less than two hundred pounds a year, that Mr. B. allows me to expend in acts of charity and benevolence.

Lady Davers told me afterwards, that Sir Jacob carried it mighty stiff and formal, when healighted. He strutted about the court-yard in his boots, with his whip in his hand; and though her ladythip went to the great door, in order to welcome him, he turned fhort, and, whiftling, followed the groom into the stable, as if he had been at an inn, only, instead of taking off his hat, pulling it's broad brim over his eyes, for a compliment. In the went in a pet, as the fays, frying to the counters- A furly brute he always was! My uncle! He's more of an hoftler, than a gentleman; I'm refolved I'll not ftir to meet him again.

" mon civility himfelf." The counters faid, the was glad he was come, for the loved to divert herfelf with such odd characters now-and-

And yet the wretch loves respect from

others, though be never practifes com-

then

And now let me give you a short description of him as I found him, when I came in, that you may the better conceive what fort of a gentleman he is.

He is about fixty-five years of age, a coarse, strong, big-boned man, with large irregular features; he has a haughty fupercilious look, a fwaggering gait, and a person not at all bespeaking one's fayour in behalf of his mind; and his mind, as you shall hear by-and-bye, not clearing up those prepossessions in his disfavour, with which his person and seatures at first strike one. His voice is big and surly; his eyes little and siery; his mouth large, with yellow and blackish stumps of teeth, what are left of which being broken off to a tolerably regular height, looked as if they were ground down to his gums, by constant use. But with all these imperfections, he has an air that fets him somewhat above the mere vulgar, and such as makes one think, that half his difadvantages are rather owing to his own haughty humour, than to nature; for he feems to be a perfect tyrant at first fight, a man used to prescribe, and not to be prescribed to; and has the advantage of a fhrewd penetrating look, which yet, methinks, feems rather acquired than natural.

After he had feen his horfes well ferved, and put on an old-fashioned goldbuttoned coat, which by it's freshness shewed he had been very chary of it, a better wig, but in stiff buckle, and a long fword, fluck stiffly, as if through his coat lappets, in he came, and with an imperious air entering the parlour-'What, nobody come to meet me!' faid he; and faluting her ladyship—' How do you 'do, niece?' and looked about haughtily, she says, as if he expected to see me. My lady, presenting the counters, said

The Counters of C. Sir Jacob!'-O, cry mercy!' faid he; 'your most obedient humble servant, Madam. I hope his lordship is well.

At your service, Sir Jacob.

' I wish he was,' faid he, bluntly; he should not have voted as he did last fessions, I can tell you that.'

Why, Sir Jacob,' faid she, 'ferwants, in this free kingdom, don't always do as their masters would have 'em.'

' Mine do, I can tell you that, Ma-

Right or wrong, Sir Jacob?'

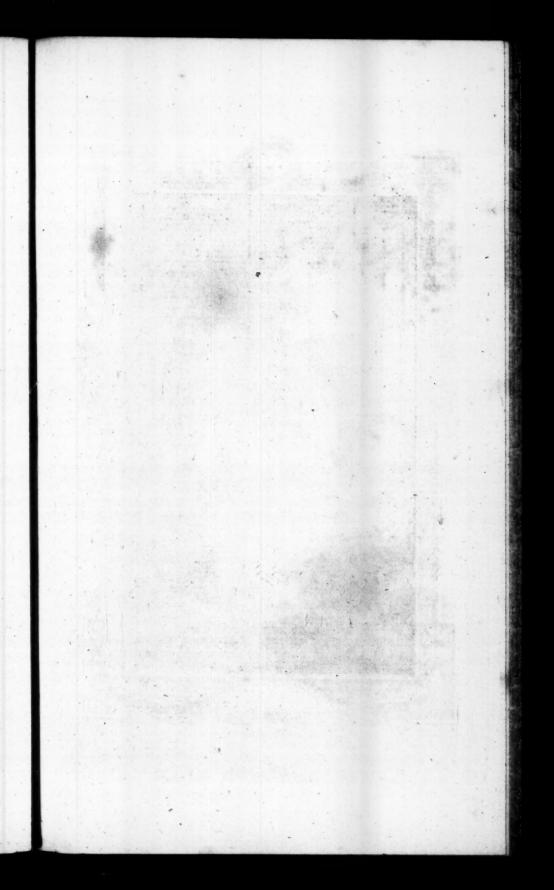
' It can't be wrong if I command

' Why, truly, Sir Jacob, there's many a private gentleman carries it higher to a servant, than he cares his prince fhould to him: but I thought, 'till now, 'twas the king only could do no wrong.

But, Madam, I always take care to be right.

' A good reason-because, I dare say, ' you never think you can be in the wrong.

' Your ladyship should spare me : I'm. but just come off a journey. Let me





Plan VIII

Rebildhed as the Act directs, by Harrison & C. Nov. 26. 1785.

turn myfelf about, and I'll be up with you, never fear, Madam .- But where's my nephew, Lady Davers? And where's your lord? I was told you were all here, and young H. too, upon a very extraordinary occasion; so I was willing to fee how causes went among you, and what you were about. It will be long enough before you come to fee me.

My brother, and Lord Davers, and Mr. H. are all rid out together.

'Well, niece,' strutting with his hands behind him, and his head held up- 'Ha! -He has made a fine kettle on'than't he! Sblood, (that was his profligate word) ' that ever fuch a rake should be so caught !- They tell me, the's playay cunning, and quite fmart and handsome .- But I wish his father were living .- Yet what could he have done? Your brother was always unmanageable. I wish he'd been my son; by my faith I do! What! I hope, niece, he locks up his baby, while you're here! You don't keep her company, do you?

'Yes, Sir Jacob, I do; and you'll onot feruple to do fo too, when you fee

her.

Why, thou countenancest him in his folly, child; I'd a better opinion of thy spirit? Thou married to a lord, and thy brother to a-Canst tell me what, Barbara? If thou canft, pr'ythee do.

' To an arigel; and fo you'll fay pre-

fently.

'What, doft think I shall look through bis foolish eyes? - What a disgrace to a family ancienter than the Conquest! -O Tempora! O Mores! What will

this world come to !

The counters was diverted with this odd gentleman, but ran on in my praise, for fear he should say some rude things to me when I came in; and Lady Davers feconded her. But all, it feems, fignified nothing. He would tell us both his mind, let the young whelp, that was his word, take it as he would. 'And pray,' faid he, 'can't I fee this fine body before he comes in? Let me but turn her round two or three times, and alk her a question or two; and by her answers I shall know what to think of

her in a twinkling. She is gone to take a little airing, Sir * Jacob, and won't be back till supper-

" time."

Supper-time! Why, she is not to fit down at table, is she? If she does, I won't; that's politive. - But now you ' talk of supper, what have you? - I mult have a boiled chicken, and shall eat it all myself .- Who's house-keeper now? I suppose all's turned up-fide down.

No, there is not one new fervant, except a girl that waits upon her own person: all the old servants are conti-

' That's much! These creatures generally take as great state upon them as a born lady: and they're in the right. If they can make the man thoop ' to the great point, they'll hold his note to the grind-stone, never fear; and all the little ones come about in course.

Well, Sir Jacob, when you fee her.

you'll alter your mind."

Never, never! that's positive.'

' Ay, Sir Jacob, I was as positive as you once; but I love her now as well

as if the was my own fifter.

O hideous, hideous!-Tell it not in Gath; for thou'lt make the daughters of Philiftia triumph! All the fools that ' he has made wherever he has travelled. will clap their hands at him, and at you too, if you talk at this rate. - But let me speak to Mrs. Jervis, if she be here: I'll order my own supper.'

So he went out, faying, he knew the house, though in a better miltres's days.

The counters faid, if Mr. B. kept his temper, as the hoped to would, there would be good divers o with the old gentleman.

' O yes,' faid my lady, ' my brother will, I dare fay. He despises the furly brute too much to be angry with him, let him fay what he will.

He went, and talked a great deal against me to Mrs. Jervis. You may guess, my dear, that she launched out in my praises; and he was offended at her, and faid- 'Woman! woman! forbear these ' ill-timed praises: her birth's a disgrace to our family. What! my fifter's waiting-maid, taken upon charity! I cannot bear it.

I mention all these things, as the ladies afterwards told them to me, because it shall prepare you to judge what a fine

time I was likely to have of it.

When Mr. B. and my Lord Davers, and Mr. H. came home, which they did about half an hour after fix, they were told who was there, just as they entered the parlour; and Mr. B. smiled at Lord Davers, and entering- Sir Jacob, faid he, ' welcome to Bedfordshire! and thrice welcome to this house! I rejoice

to fee you.

My lady fays, never was fo odd a figure as the old baronet made, when thus accosted. He stood up indeed; but as Mr. B. offered to take his hand, he put 'em both behind him-' Not that ou know of, Sir ! - And then looking up at his face, and down at his feet, three or four times fuccessively- Are ou my brother's fon? That very inyou my brother's fon? That very in-dividual fon, that your good father used to boast of, and say, that for handfome person, true courage, noble mind,

was not to be matched in any three counties in England?

. The very same, dear Sir, that my honoured father's partiality used to think he never praised enough.

And what is all of it come to at laft! -He paid well, did he not, to teach you to know the world !- Ad's life, nephew! hadft thou been born a fool, or a raw greenhead, or a doating grey-

What then, Sir Jacob?'
What then? Why then thou wouldft

have done just as thou hast done !" Come, come, Sir Jacob, you know not my inducements. not what an angel I have in person and mind. Your eyes shall by and bye be blest with the sight of her: your ears with hearing her speak: and then you'll call all you have said, profanation."

What is it I hear!-What is it I hear !- You talk in the language of romance; and from the houle-keeper the head of the house, you're all fark staring mad.—By my foul, nephew, I wish, for thy own credit, thou wert—But what fignifies wishing!— I hope you'll not bring your fyren into

my company.

Yes, I will, Sir, because I love to give you pleasure. And say not a word more, for your own fake, till you fee her. - You'll have the less to unfay, Sir Jacob, and the less to repent of. The devil !- I'm in an inchanted caftle, that's certain. What a plague has this little witch done to you all ?-

The ladies and Lord Davers laughed, it feems; and Mr. B. begging him to fit down, and answer him some family questions, he faid- (for it seems he is very captious at times) 'What, a devil! am

And how did the bring it about?"

I to be laughed at !- Lord Davers, I hope you're not bewitched too, are

Indeed, Sir Jacob, I am. My fifter

B. is my doating-piece.'
Whew, whiftled he, with a wild stare: and how is it with you, young fter?'
With me, Sir Jacob?' faid Mr. H.
I'd give all I'm worth in the world, and ever shall be worth, for such another wife.'

He ran to the window, and throwing up the fash, looking into the court-yard, faid - ' Hollo-So-ho-Groom-Jack -Jonas-Get me my horse! - I'll keep no fuch company !- I'll be gone! Why, Jonas !' calling again.

You're not in earnest, Sir Jacob,'

faid Mr. B.

I am, by my foul !-I'll away to the village this night! Why, you're all upon the high game!—I'll—But who comes here?' For just at that instant, the chariot brought me into the courtyard- Who's this ? who is she ?"

One of my daughters, flarted up the counters; my youngest daughter Jenny!—She's the pride of my family,

Sir Jacob!

By my foul, faid he, I was running; for I thought it was the grand

inchantrefs.

Out stept Lady Davers tome: 'Dear Paniela, faid the, 'humour all that's said to you. Here's Sir Jacob come. You're the Countes of C—'s youngest daughter Jenny—That's your cue. 'Ah! but, Madam, faid I, 'Lady Jenny is not married, -looking (before I thought) on a circumstance that I think too much of fometimes, though I

carry it off as well as I can. She laughed atmy exception: 'Come, 'Lady Jenny,' faid she, (for I just entered the great door) 'I hope you've

had a fine airing?

A very pretty one, Madam, faid I, as I entered the parlour. 'This is a pleafant country, Lady Davers, (Wink when I'm aurong, whifpered 1.) Where's Mrs. B.? - Then, as feeing a strange gentleman, I started half back, into a more referved air; and made him a low curt'fy.

Sir Jacob looked as if he did not know what to think of it, now at me, now at Mr. B .- But the dear gentleman put him quite out of doubt, by taking my hand: 'Well, Lady Jenny, did you meet

' my fugitive in your tour ?'

No, Mr. B.' replied I. ' Did she go my way? I told you I would keep

the great road.'

Lady Jenny C-, faid Mr. B. presenting me to his uncle. 'A charming creature!' added he: ' Have you not a fon worthy of fuch an alliance?' Ay, marry, nephew, this is a lady indeed! Why, the plague, whispered he, ' could you not have pitched your tent here ?-Miss, by your leave !' and faluting me, turned to the countels :-By my foul, Madam, you've a charming daughter! Had my rash nephew feen this lovely creature, and you'd have condescended, he'd never have stooped to the cottage, as he has done.'

' You're right, Sir Jacob,' returned Mr. B.; 'but I always ran too fast for my fortune: yet, these ladies of family never bring out their jewels into bachelors company; and when, too late, we see what we've missed, we are

vexed at our precipitation.'

Well faid, however, boy. By my foul, I wish thee repentance, though 'tis out of thy power to amend. that one of thy curses, when thou seest this lady; as I make no doubt it is.

Again taking my hand, and furveying me from head to foot, and turning me found, which, it feems, is a mighty practice with him to a stranger lady, (and a modest one too, you'll fay, Miss)-Why, truly, you're a charming creature, Mifs-Lady Jenny, I would fay -By your leave, once more !- Upon my foul, my Lady Countefs, she is a charmer-But-but- ftaring at me, Are you married, Madam?'

I looked a little filly; and my new mamma came up to me, and took my hand:—' Why, Jenny, you are dressed oddly to-day! —What a hoop you wear! It makes you look I can't tell

how!

' Upon my foul, Madam, I thought fo; what fignifies lying?—But tis only the hoop, I fee—Really and truly, Lady Jenny, your hoop is enough to make half a hundred of our fex despair, for fear you fould be married. thought it was something! Few ladies I always kept a escape my notice. good look-out; for I have two daughters of my own. But 'tis the hoop, I fee plainly enough. You are fo flender every where but bere, putting his hand upon my hip, which quite dashed

me; and I retired behind my Lady Countess's chair.

' Fie, Sir Jacob!' faid Mr. B.; ' before us young gentlemen, to take fuch liberties with a maiden lady!-You

give a bad example.'

Hang him that fets you a bad ex ample, nephew. But I fee you're right; I see Lady Jenny's a maiden lady, or she would not have been so shamefaced. I'll swear for her on occasion. Ha, ha, ha, I'm fure, repeated he, ' fhe's a maiden—For our fex give the married ladies a freer air in a trice.'

' How, Sir Jacob!' faid Lady Da-

O fie,' faid the countefs! 'Can't you praise the maiden ladies, but at the expence of the married ones? What do you see of freedom in me?'

Or in me?' faid Lady Davers.

Nay, for that matter, you are very well, ladies, I must needs say .- But will you pretend to blush with that virgin rofe ?-Will ye ?-Od's my life, Mis-Lady Jenny, I would say, taking my hand, ' come from behind your mamma's chair, and you two ladies stand up now together .- There, so you do-Why now, blush for blush, and Lady Jenny shall be three to one, and a deeper crimfon by half. Look you there, look you there elie! An hundred guineas to one against the field. '- Then stamping with one foot, and lifting up his hands and eyes- O Christ! Lady. Jenny has it all to nothing-By my foul she has-Ha, ha, ha,-You may well fit down both of you; but you're a blush too late, I can tell you that .-Well hast thou done, Lady Jenny, tapping my shoulder with his rough paw.

I was hastening away, and he said-But let's fee you again, Miss; for now ' I will ftay, if they bring nobody else'— And away I went; for I was quite out of countenance—' What a strange crea-' ture,' thought I, ' is this !'

Supper being near ready, he continued calling out for Lady Jenny; for the fight of her, he faid, did him good, but he was resolved he would not fit down at table with somebody else.

The countefs faid, she would fetch her daughter; and stepping out, returned, faying- 'Mrs. B. understands that Sie Jacob is here, and that he does not

choose to fee her; so she begs to be excufed; and my Jenny and she desire to

fup together.

The very worst tidings I have heard this twelvemonth. Why, nephew, let your girl fup with any body, fo we " may have Lady Jenny back with us." · I know, faid the counters, (who was defirous to fee how far he would carry it) 'Jenny won't leave Mrs. B.; fo

if you fee one, you must fee t'other.'
Nay, then, if it must be so, I must sit down contented .- But yet, I should be glad to fee Lady Jenny, that I should. But I will not fit down at table with Mr. B.'s girl-that's positive."

Well, well, let 'em fup together, and there's an end of it,' faid Mr. B. -I fee my uncle has as good a judgment as any body of fine ladies'-" (That I have, nephew:') 'But he can't forego his humour, in compliment to the finest lady in England.

Confider, nephew, confider—'Tis not thy doing a foolish thing, and calling a girl wife, shall cram a njece down my throat, that's politive. The moment thy girl comes down to take place of these ladies, I am gone, that's most

Well then, shall I go up, and oblige Pamela to fup by herself, and persuade Lady Jenny to come down to us?"

With all my foul, nephew-a good motion. - But, Pamela-did you fay? -A queer fort of name! I've heard of it iomewhere !- Is it a Christian or a Pagan name?—Linsey-wolsey—half one, half t'other—like thy girl—Ha, ha, ha.

Let me be bang'd,' whifpered Mr. H. to his aunt, ' if Sir Jacob has not a power of wit; though he's fo whimfical with

I like him much.

Buthark ye, nephew, faid Sir Jacob, as Mr. B. was going out of the parlour, one word with you. Don't fob upon us your girl with the Pagan name for Lady Jenny. I have fet a mark upon her, and should know her from a thoufand, although the had changed her hoop. Then he laughed again, and faid, he hoped Lady Jenny would comeand come without any body with herfond I won't flay, if they both come together. I won't be put upon—But here comes one or both—Where's my whip !- I'll go.

' Indeed Mr. B. I had rather have staid with Mrs. B. faid I, as I enteredas he had bid me.

"Tis the! 'tis the! - You've nobody behind you?—No, she han't.—Why now, nephew, you're right. I was afraid you'd have put a trick upon me. -You'd rather, repeated he to me, have staid with Mrs. B!-Yes, I warrant. - But you shall be placed in better

company, my dear child,"
Sifter, faid Mr. B. will you be pleafed to take that chair; for Pamela does not choose to give my uncle difguft, who fo feldom comes to fee us.

My lady took the upper end of the table, and I fat next below my new mamma: 'So, Jenny,' faid she, 'how have you left Mrs. B.?

A little concerned: -but fhe was the easier, as Mr. B. himself desired I'd

come down.

My Lord Davers fat next me, and Sir Jacob faid- Shall I beg a favour of 'you, my lord; to let me fit next to Lady Jenny?' Mr. B. faid—'Won't it be better to

fit over-against her, uncle?"

'Ay, that's right. I faith, nephew, thou know'st what's right. Well, so I will.'-He accordingly removed his feat, and I was very glad of it; for though I was fure to be stared at sufficiently by him, yet I was afraid, if he fat next me, he would not keep his hands off

He run on a deal in my praises, after his manner, but fo rough at times, that he gave me pain; and I was under a difficulty too, left he should observe my ring; but he stared so much in my face, that

that escaped his notice.

After supper, the gentlemen fat down to their bottle, and the ladies and I withdrew, and about twelve they broke up; Sir Jacob talking of nothing but Lady Jenny, and wished Mr. B. had married so happily as with fuch a charming creature; one, he faid, that carried tokens of her high birth in her face, and whose every feature, and look, shewed her to be nobly descended.

They let him go to bed with his miftake: but the counters faid next morning, the thought the never faw a greater, inftance of flupid pride and churliftness, and the should be fick of the advantage of birth or ancestry, if this was the na-tural fruit of it. For a man, faid her

ladyship, to come to his nephew's house, and to fuffer the miltress of it to be clofetted up, (as he thinks) and not permitted to appear, in order to humour his abfurd and brutal infolence, and to behave as he has done; is such a ridi-cule upon the pride of descent, that I shall think of it as long as I live .- O Mrs. B.' faid fhe, ' what advantages have you over every one who fees you; but most over those who pretend to treat you unworthily!'

I expect to be called to breakfast every minute, and shall then, perhaps, see how this matter will end. I wish, when it is revealed, he is not in a fury, and don't think himself imposed on. I fear it won't go off Io well as I wish; for every body seems to be grave, and angry at Sir

Jacob.

THURSDAY.

Now proceed with my tale. At breakfast-time, when every one was sat, and a chair left for me, Sir Jacob began to call out for Lady Jenny. ' But,' faid he, 'I'll have none of your girl, nephew; although the chair at the tea-table is left for somebody.

' No,' faid Mr. B. ' we'll get Lady Jenny to supply Mrs. B.'s place, fince

you don't care to fee her.

With all my heart, replied he.
But, uncle, faid Mr. B. have you really no defire, no curiofity to fee the girl I have married?

No, none at all, by my foul.

Just then I came in, and paying my compliments to the company, and to Sir Jacob- Shall I, faid I, fupply Mrs. B.'s place in her absence?' And down

After breakfast, and the servants were withdrawn- Lady Jenny, faid Lady Davers, 'you are a young lady, who have all the advantages of birth and descent; and fome of the best blood in the kingdom runs in your veins; and here Sir Simon Swynford is your great admirer: cannot you, from whom it will come with a double grace, convince him that he does an unkind thing, at my bro-ther's house, to keep the person my brother has thought worthy of making the mistress of it, out of company? And let us know your opinion, whether my brother himself does right, to

comply with fuch an unreasonable diftafte!

'Why, how now, Lady Davers! This from you! I did not expect it!

' My uncle,' faid Mr.B. ' is the only person in the kingdom that I would have humoured thus: and I made no doubt, when he faw how willing I was to oblige him in so high a point, he would have acted a more generous part than he has yetdone. - But, Lady Jenny, what fay you to my fifter's questions? 'If I must speak my mind,' replied I, I should take the liberty to be very serious with Sir Jacob, and to fay, that when a thing is done, and cannot be helped, he should take care how he fows the feeds of indifference and animosity between man and wife: and how he makes a gentleman diffatisfied with his choice, and perhaps unhappy as long as he lives.

' Nay, Miss,' faid he, ' if all are against me, and you, whose good opinion I value more than all, you may e'en let the girl come, and fit down, if you will .-If she is but half as pretty, and half as wife, and modest, as you, I shall, as it cannot be helped, as you fay, be ready to think better of the matter. For, 'tis a little hard, I must needs say, if she has hitherto appeared before all the good company, to have her kept out of the way on my account.'

' Really, Sir Jacob,' faid the counters, I have blushed for you more than once on this occasion. But the mistress of

this house is more than half as wife, and modest, and lovely and in hopes you will return me back fome of the blushes I have lent you, fee there, in my daughter Jenny, whom you have

been so justly admiring, the mistress of the house, and the lady with the Pagan

Sir Jacob fat aghaft, looking at one. and at another, and at me, each in turn, and then cast his eyes on the floor .- At last, up he got, and swore a said oath; And am I thus trick'd and bamboozled, that was his word; 'am I?-There's no

bearing this house; nor her presence now, that's certain; and I'll be gone. Mr. B. looking at me, and nodding his head towards Sir Jacob, as he was in a flutter to be gone, I rose from my chair, and went to him, and took his hand. I hope, Sir Jacob, you will be able to

bear both, when you shall fee, that there 3 G 2

s is no other difference but that of de-" fcent, between the supposed Lady Jenny, whom you so kindly praised, and the

girl your dear nephew has fo much

'Let me go,' faid he; 'I'm most con-foundedly bit.—I cannot look you in the face !- By my foul, I cannot !-· For 'tis impossible you should forgive

' Indeed it is not, Sir; you have done nothing but what I can forgive you for, " if your dear nephew can; for to him was the wrong, if any, and I'm fure he can overlook it .- And for his fake, to * the uncle of so honoured a gentleman, to the brother of my late good lady, I can, with a bent knee, thus, alk your bleffing, and defire your excuse for

joining to keep you in this fuspence.'
Bless you! - O Christ!' said he, and flamped-' Who can choose but bless you?' And he kneeled down, and wrapped his arms about me .- ' But, curleme, that was his strange word, 'if

ever I was fo touched before!'

My dear Mr. B. for fear my spirits should be too much affected, (for the rough baronet, in his transport, had bent me down lower than I kneeled) came to me, and held me by my arm; but permitted Sir Jacob to raife me, only faying - How does my angel? Now the has " made this conquest, the has completed' all her triumphs.'

' Angel did you call her!-By my foul, I'm confounded with her goodness, and her sweet carriage!-Rife,

and let me see if I can stand myself !-And, believe me, I am forry I have acted to much like a bear as I have done; and the more I think of it, the more I shall be ashamed of myself.'-And the tears, as he spoke, ran down his rough cheeks; which moved me a good deal; for to fee a man with so hard a

Mr. H. putting his handkerchief to his eyes, his aunt faid- What's the matter, Jackey?'- The matter !' anfwered he; ' I don't know how the d-1 'tis-But here's strange doings, as ever

I knew-For here, day after day, one's ready to cry, without knowing whether it be for joy or forrow!-What a

plague's the matter with me, I wonder!" And out he went, the two ladies, whose charming eyes, too, gliftened with plea-

fure, finiling at the effect the scene had upon Mr. H. and at what he faid.

' Well, Madam,' faid Sir Jacob, approaching me; for I had fat down, but then stood up-' You will forgive me; and from my heart I wish you joy. By ' my foul I do,'-and faluted me-' I ' could not have believed there had been ' fuch a person breathing. I don't wonder at my nephew's loving you !-' And you call her Sifter, Lady Davers, ' don't you?-If you do, I'll own her for my niece.

'Don't I !- Yes, I do,' faid her ladyfhip, coming to me, ' and am proud fo to call her. And this I tell you, for your comfort, though to my own shame, that I used her worse than you have done, before I knew her excellence; and have

repented of it ever fince."

I bowed to her ladyship-and kissed her hand—' My dearest lady,' faid I, 'you have made me such rich amends " fince, that I am fure I may fay-" It was good for me that I was afflicted!"

Why, nephew, she has the fear of God, I perceive, before her eyes too! I'm fure, I've heard those words. They are somewhere in the Scripture, I believe!-Why, who knows but the may be a means to fave your foul!-Hay, you know !

' Ay, Sir Jacob, she'll be a means to fave an hundred fouls, and might go a great way to fave yours, if you were to live with her but one month.

Well, but nephew, I hope you forgive me, too; for, now I think of it, I never knew you take any matter fo

patiently in my life.'

I knew,' faid the dear gentleman, that every extravagance you infifted upon, was heightening my charmer's triumph, and increasing your own contrition; and, as I was not indeed deprived of her company, I could bear with every thing you faid or did-Yet, don't you remember, that I cautioned you, that the less you faid against her, the less you'd have to unfay, and the less to repent of?"

' I do; and let me ride out, and call myself to account for all I have said against her, in her own hearing; and when I can think of but one half, and how she has taken it, by my foul, I believe 'twill make me more than half-

" mad."

At dinner (when we had Mr. Williams's company) the baronet told me, he admired me now, as much as he did when he thought me Lady Jenny; but complained of the trick put upon him by us all, and feemed now-and-then a little

serious upon it.

He took great notice of the dexterity which he imputed to me, in performing the honours of the table. And every now-and-then, he lifted up his eyes-God take me! Very clever, by my foul!-Why, Madam, you feem to me to be born to these things !- I will be helped by nobody but you-Andyou'll have a task of it, I can tell you; for I have a whipping stomach, and were there fifty dishes, I always taste of every one.' And, indeed, John was in a manner wholly employed in going to and fro between the baronet and me, for an

half hour together.

He went from us afterwards to Mrs. Jervis, and made her answer him abundance of questions about me, and how all these matters had come about, as he phrased it; and returning, when we drank coffee, faid- I have been confabbing, that was his word, 'with Mrs. Jervis, about you, niece. By my foul, I never heard the like! She tells me, you can play on the harpfichord, and fing too: will you let a body have a tune or fo? My Mab can play pretty well, and so can Dolly :- I'm a judge of mufick, and would fain hear you. faid, if he was a judge, I should be afraid to play before him; but I would not be asked twice, when we had taken our coffee.

Accordingly, he repeating his request, I gave him a tune, and, at his defire, fung to it; 'Od's my life,' faid he, you do it purely !- But I fee where it sis-My girls have got my fingers!" And then he held both hands out, and a fine pair of paws shewed he!- Plague on't, they touch two keys at once; but those slender and nimble fingers, how they sweep along! My eye can't fol-low 'em-Whew,' whistled he, 'they are here and there, and every where at once!—Why, nephew, I believe you have put another trick upon me. My niece is certainly of quality! And report has not done her juffice.—One more tune, one more fong—By my faith, your voice goes fweetly to your fingers. 'Slife—I'll thrash my jades,' that was his polite phrase, ' when I come

home.-Lady Davers, you know not the money they have coft me to qualify them; and here's a mere baby to them. outdoes 'em by a bar's length, without any expence at all bestowed upon Go over that again-Confound me for a puppy! I loft it by my prating .- Ay, there you have it!-That's it! By my foul, it is! Oh! that I could but dance as well as thou fing'ft! ' I'd give you a faraband, as old as I'

After supper, we fell into a conversation, of which I must give you some account, because it was upon a topick that Mr. B. has been blamed for in his marrying me, and which has fluck by fome of his friends, even after they have in

kindness to me, acquitted him in every other respect; and that is,, the example that be has fet to young gentlemen of fa-mily and fortune to marry beneath them. It was begun by Sir Jacob, who faid

- I am in love with my new niece, that I am: but ftill one thing flicks with me in this affair; and that is, what will become of degree or diffinction, if this practice of gentlemens marrying their mothers waiting-maids, (excuse me, Madam) should come into vogue? Already, young ladies and young gentlemen are too apt to be drawn away in this manner, and to difgrace their families. We have too many instances of this. You'll forgive me, both of you.

'That,' faid Lady Davers, 'is the only thing!—I must needs say, Sir Jacob has hit upon the point, that would make one wish this example had not been fet by a gentleman of fuch an ancient family; till one comes to be acquainted with this dear creature; and then every body thinks it ought not to

be otherwise than it is.'

' Ay, Pamelas faid Mr. B. 'what can you fay to this? Cannot you defend me from this charge? This is a point that has been often objected to me: try for one of your pretty arguments in my behalf.'
'Indeed, Sir,' replied I, looking

down, 'it becomes not me to fay any

thing to this.

But indeed it does, if you can : and I beg you'll help me to some excuse, if you have any at hand.

Won't you, Sir, dispense with me on this occasion? Indeed I know not ! what to fay. Indeed I should not, if

I may judge for myfelf, speak one acord to this subject .- For it is my absolute opinion, that degrees in general should be kept up; although I must always deem the present case an happy exception to the rule.

Mr. B. looking as if he still expected I should fay something - Won't you, Sir, dispense with me? repeated I. Indeed I should not speak to this point,

if I may be my own judge. I always intend, my dear, you shall judge for yourself; and you know, I feldom urge you farther, when you use those words. But if you have any thing upon your mind to fay, let's have it: for your arguments are always new

and unborrowed.

I would then, if I muft, Sir, ask, if there be not a nation, or if there has not been a law in some nation, that, whenever a young gentleman, be his degree what it would, has seduced a poor creature, be ber degree what it ould, obliges the gentleman to marry that unhappy person?'

I think there is fuch a law in some country, I can't tell where, faid Sir

And do you think, Sir, whether it be fo or not, that it is equitable it should be fo?

'Yes, by my troth-Though I must needs own, if it were fo in England, many men, that I know, wou'd not have the wives they now have.

'You speak to your knowledge, I doubt not, Sir Jacob?' said Mr. B. Why, indeed-Why, truly-I don't

know but I do.

All then, faid I, ' that I would infer, is, whether another law would not be a still more just and equitable one, that the gentleman who is repulfed, from a principle of virtue and honour, should not be cenfured for marrying a person he could not seduce? And whether it is not more for both their honours, if he does; inalmuch as it is nobler to reward a virtue, than to repair a fhame; were that shame to be repaired by matrimony, which I take the liberty to doubt. But I beg pardon; you commanded me, Sir-Elfe this subject should not have found a fpeaker to it, in me.'
This is admirably faid-by my foul

it is, faid Sir Jacob.

But yet this comes not up to the objection, faid Mr. B. ' The fetting an example to waiting-maids to aspire, and to young gentlemen to descend. And I will enter into the subject myfelf; and the rather, because, as I go along, I will give Sir Jacob a faint sketch of the merit and character of my Pamela, of which he cannot be so well informed, as he bas been of the difgrace, which he imagined I had brought upon myself by marrying her.

In order to this, give me leave to fay, that I think it necessary, that as well those persons who are afraid the example should be taken, as those who are inclined to follow it, should take all the material parts of it into their confideration: otherwise, I think the precedent may be justly cleared; and the fears of the one be judged groundless, and the plea of the other but a pretence, in order to cover a folly, into which they would have fallen, whether they had this example or not.

· For instance : in order to lay claim to the excuses which my conduct, if I may suppose it of force enough to do either good or hurt, will furnish, it is

necessary,

' That the object of their wish should be a girl of exquisite beauty, (and that not only in their own blinded and partial judgments, but in the opinion of every one, who sees her, friend or foe) in order to justify the force which the first attractions have upon him;
That she be descended of honest and

conscientious, though poor and obscure parents; who having preferved their integrity, through great trials and af-flictions, have, by their examples, as well as precepts, laid deep in the girl's mind the foundations of piety and vir-

It is necessary, that to the charms of person, this waiting-maid should have an humble, teachable mind, fine natural parts, a sprightly, yet inoffensive wit, a temper fo excellent, and a judgment fo folid, as should promise for her, (by the love and effeem these qualities should attract to herself from her fellow fervants, fuperior and inferior) that she would become an higher station, and be respected in it.

'It is necessary, that after so good a foundation laid by her parents, the should have all the advantages of female education conferred upon her : the example of an excellent lady, improving and building upon fo worthy

a foundation: a capacity furprifugly ready to take in all that is taught her: an attention, affiduity, and diligence almost peculiar to herself, at her time of life; infomuch as, at fifteen or fixteen years of age, to be able to vie with any young ladies of rank, as well in the natural genteelness of her person, as in her acquirements: and that in nothing but her bumility she should manifest any difference between herself and the high-born.

It will be necessary, moreover, that the should have a mind above temptation; that she should resist the offers and menaces of one upon whom all her worldly happiness seemed to depend; the fon of a lady to whom she owed the greatest obligations; a person whom she did not bate, but greatly feared, and whom her grateful heart would have been glad to oblige; and who fought to prevail over her virtue, by all the inducements that could be thought of, to attract a young unexperienced virgin, at one time; or to frighten her at another, into his purpoles; who offered her high, very high terms, her circumstances considered, as well for herfelf, as for parents she loved better than herfelf, whose circumstances at the same time were low and diffressful.

' Yet to all these offers and menaces, that the should be able to answer in such words as thefe, which will always dwell upon my memory-" *I reject your " propofals with all my foul .- May "God desert me, whenever I make " worldly grandeur my chiefest good! " I know I am in your power; I dread your will to ruin me is as great as your power .- Yet, will I dare to tell you, " I will make no free-will offering of " my virtue. All that I can do, poor " as it is, I will do, to shew you, that " my will bore no part in the violation " of me." And when future marriage, was intimated to her, to induce her to yield, to be able to answer-" The moment I yield to your proposals, "there is an end of all merit, if now I, have any.—And I should be so far " from expecting such an honour, that

worthy of it."
If, I fay, my dear friends, fuch a girl can be found, thus beautifully at-

" I will pronounce, I should be most un-

tractive in every one's eye, and not partially fo only in a young gentleman's own; and after that, (what good persons would infinitely prefer to beauty) thus pioully principled; thus genteelly educated and accomplished; thus brilliantly witty; thus prudent, modest, generous, undesigning; and having been thus tempted, thus tried, by the man the hated not, purfued, (not intriguingly purfuing) be thus inflexibly virtuous, and proof against temptation: let her reform her libertine, and let him marry her and were he of princely extraction, I dare anfwer for it, that no two princes in one age, take the world through, would be in danger. For, although I am fenfible it is not to my credit, I will fay, that I never met with a repulse, nor a conduct like this; and yet I never funk very low for the subjects of my attempts, either at home or abroad

These are obvious inferences, added the dear gentleman, and not refine-' ments upon my Pamela's ftory; and if the gentleman were capable of thought and comparison, would rather make fuch an example, as is apprehended. more, than lefs difficult than before.

But if, indeed, added he, the young fellow be fuch a booby, that he cannot reflect and compare, and take the cale with all it's circumflances together, Is think his good papa or mamma fhould get him a wife to their own liking, as foon as possible; and the poorest girl in England, who is honest, would rather have reason to bless herself for escaping fuch a husband, than to glory in the catch she would have of him. For fuch a young fellow as that, would hardly do honour to his family in any one instance.

' Indeed,' faid the countefs, 'it would be pity, after all, that fuch an one should marry any lady of prudence and birth; for 'tis enough in conscience, that he is a difgrace to one worthy family; it would be pity he should make

Why, really, nephew, faid Sir Jacob, I think you have faid a great deal to, the purpose. There is not so much, danger from the example, as I apprehended, from sensible and reflecting, minds. I did not consider this matter. thoroughly, I must needs say."

* All the business is, faid Lady Davers— You'll excuse me, sister—There will be more people hear that Mr. B. has married his mother's waiting-maid, than will know his inducements.

Not many, I believe, fifter.—For when 'tis known, I have some character in the world, and am not quite an idiot, (and my faults, in having not been one of the most virtuous of men, will stand me in some stead in this case, though hardly in anyother) they will naturally inquire into my inducements.

But fee you not, when we go abroad

to church, or elsewhere, what numbers of people her character draws to admire the dear creature? Does not this shew, that her virtue has made her more conspicuous, than my fortune has made me? For I passed up and down quietly enough before, (handsome as my equipage always was) and attracted not any body's notice: and indeed I had as lieve these honours were not so publickly paid ber; for even, were I fond of thew and parade, what are they, but a reproach to me?-And can I have any excellence, but a fecondary one, in having, after all my perfecutions of her, done but common justice to her merit? This answers your objection, Lady

ments and here ftory must be equally known. And, upon my conscience, I think, (every thing I have said confidered, and every thing that might still farther be urged, and the conduct of that dear creature in the station she adorns, so much exceeding all I hoped, or could flatter myself with, from the

most promising 'appearances') that she does me more honour than I have done ber; and if I am capable of putting myself in a third person's place, I think I should be of the same opinion, were I to determine upon such another pair, exactly circumstanced as we are.

You may believe, my friend, how much this generous defence of the step he had taken, attributing every thing to me, and depreciating his worthy self, affected me. I played with a cork one while; with my rings another, turning them round my singers; looked down, and on one side; and every way I looked, but on the company; for they gazed too much upon me all the time; so that I could only glance a tearful eye now-and-then upon the dear man; and when it would everslow, catch in my handkerchief the

escaped fugitives, that would start unbidden beyond their proper limits, though I often endeavoured, by a twinkling motion, to disperse the gathering water, before it had formed itself into drops too big to be restrained.

All the company praised the dear generous speaker, and he was pleased to say farther— Although, my good friends, I can truly say, that with all the pride of family, and the insolence of fortune, which once made me doubt whether I fhould not fink too low, if I made my Pamela my mistress, (for I should then have treated her not ungenerously, and should have suffered her, perhaps, to call herfelf by my name) I have never once repented of what I have done: on the contrary, I have always rejoiced in it, and it has been, from the first day of our marriage, my pride and my boaft, (and shall be, let others fay what they will) that I can call fuch an excellence, and fuch a purity, which I fo little deserve, mine; and I look down with contempt upon the rashness of all fuch as reflect upon me; for they can have no notion of my happiness, or her merif.

O dear Sir,' faid I, 'how do you over-rate my poor merit!—Some perfons are happy in a life of comforts, but
mine's a life of joy!—One rapturous
instance follows another so fast, that I
know not how to bear them.'

Whew!'—whiftled Sir Jacob—
Whereabouts am I?—I hope, by-andby, you'll come down to our pitch,
that one may put in a word or two with

'May you be long thus bleft, and thus happy together!' faid Lady Davers. 'I know not which to admire most, the dear girl that never was bad, or the dear gentleman, that, having been bad, is now so good!'

Said my Lord Davers— There is hardly any bearing these moving scenes, following one another so quick, as my

The countess was pleased to say, that till now, she had been at a loss to form any notion of the happiness of the first pair before the Fall: but now, by so fine an instance as this, she comprehended it in all it's force—' God continue you to one another,' added her ladyship, ' for a credit to the state, and to human na-

Mr. H, having his elbows on the

table, folded his hands, shaking them, and looking down— Egad, this is un-common life, that it is!—Your two fouls, I can fee that, are like well-tuned instruments: but they are too high-set

for me a vast deal.

'The best things,' faid Lady Davers, (always severe upon her poor nephew)' thou ever faidst. The musick must thou ever faidit. be equal to that of Orpheus, which can make fuch a favage as thee dance to it. I charge thee, fay not another word tonight.

Why, indeed, aunt, returned he, laughing, 'I believe it was pretty well faid for your foolish fellow: though it was by chance, I must confess: I did

not think of it.

' That I believe,' replied my lady;if thou hadft, thou'dft not have spoken

fo well.

Sir Jacob and Mr. B. afterwards fell into a family discourse; and Sir Jacob gave us an account of two or three courtthips by his three fons, and to his two daughters, and his reasons for disallowing them: and I could observe, he is an absolute tyrant in his family, though they are all men and women grown, and he feemed to please himself how much they stood in awe of him.

One odd piece of conversation I must tell you, Miss, because of the inference

that followed it.

Sir Jacob asked Mr. B. if he did not remember John Wilkins, his steward? 'He was an honest fellow,' faid he, 'as ever lived .- But he's dead. him, poor Jack?-He phyfick'd himfelf out of his life. - He would be always taking flops: had I done fo, I should have gone to the dogs long ago. -But whom do you think, nephew, I have got in his place ?- Nay, you can't know him, neither. Why, 'tis Jerry Sherwood; a boy I took upon charity, and taught to write and read, or paid for't, and that's the fame thing-Hay, you know !- And now Jerry's a gentleman's fellow, and is much respected by all our hunters; for he's a keen sportsman, I'll assure you. I brought him up to that myfelf, and many a jirk has the dog had from me, before I could make any thing of him. Many and many a good time have I thwack'd the rascal's jacket; and he owes all he is, and will be, to me. And I now fuffer him to fit down at table with me, when I have no guests. But is not this a bad example, faid Mr. B. ' to promote so low a servant to the command of the family, under you? What do gentlemen fay to this?"

Gentlemen fay to it!-Why, what gentlemen have any thing to do with my family management?—Surely, I may do as I will in my own house, and in my own family, or elfe it would be very hard.'

' True, Sir Jacob; but people will be meddling where they have least business. But are not all the gentlemen uneafy, for fear their lowest ferwants, from the example fet by so leading a man as you, a chairman of the sessions, a colonel of militia, a deputy lieutenant, and a justice of quorum, should want to be made their flewards?"

'Why, I can't fay that any body has taken it into their heads to question me upon this fubject. I should think them plaguy impertinent, if they had, and bid them mind their own bufinels.

But you'll allow, Sir Jacob, that every one who knows you have raifed your foot-boy to be your steward, will not know your inducements; although, ' I doubt not, they are very good ones. Lady Davers shook her head at her brother, faying- Very well, Sir, very

well! Sir Jacob cried out- O ho, nephew! are you thereabouts with your bears? Why, I can't fay, but you're in with me now .- Let's fee, what have I said? -Ay, by my foul, you have nabb'd me cleverly. Faith and troth, you have convinced me, by an example of my own, that I was impertinent to trouble my head about the management of your family. Though near kindred makes some excuse for me too .- And, besides, a steward and a wife are two things.

So I'd have 'em be, Sir Jacob. But good wives are but stewards to their husbands in many cases; and mine is the best that ever man had."

' Pretty expensive ones, nephew, for all that, as the world runs. Most gentlemen find, I believe, stewards of this fort run them out more than they fave: but that's not your case, I dare say .-' I'faith, though, you have nick'd me cleverly, that you have.'

But, my witty brother,' faid my lady, 'I believe you'd better, for all your fling at me, as to inducements, flick to "your first defence as to the example fake; for, who stands upon birth or degree in the office of a fleward?

It will answer several purposes, fister, and come nearer the point in what you

object, than you are aware of, were
we to dispute upon it. But I have
gained my end in the observation: Sit
Jacob takes the force of the comparison,

and is convinced, I dare fay, there is

some justice in it.

Ay, ay, a great deal, 'faid Sir Jacob; for a wife is, or ought to be, her hufband's steward. I'm sure, when mine was living, I made her so, and had no other; for she made memorandums, and I digested them into a book; and yet she brought me a noble fortune too,

as you all know.'

Here, Mifs, I conclude my tedious narrations.—Be fo good as to skim them over lightly, that you may not think the worse of me; and then return them, (with some of your charming penmanship) that I may send them on to Kent. To be sure I would not have been so tediously trisling, but for the sake of my dear parents: and there is so much self-praise, as it may seem, from a person repeating the sine things said of herself, and that I am half of opinion I should send them to Kent only, and to think you should be obliged to me for saving you so much trouble and impertinence.

Do, dear Miss, be so free as to forbid me to send you any more long journals, but common letters only, of how you do? and who and who's together, and of respects to one, and to another, and so forth.—Letters that one might dispatch, as Sir Jacob says, in a truinkling, and perhaps be more to the purpose than the tedious scrawl, which kisses your hands,

from yours most fincerely,

P. B.

Do, dear good Sir Simon, let Miss Polly add to our delights, by her charming company. Mr. Murray, and the new affair, will divert you, in her absence.

So pray, fince my good Lady Darnford has consented, and she is willing, and her lister can spare her; don't be so cross as to deny me.

LETTER XXXIV.

FROM MISS DARNFORD TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR MRS. B.

Y OU have given us great pleasure in your adcounts of your conversations, and of the verses put so boldly

and wickedly under your feat; and in your just observations on the lines, and the occasion.

I am quite shocked, when I think of Lady Davers's passionate intentions, at her first coming down to you to the Hall, but have let nobody into the worst of the matter, in compliance with your desire. We are delighted with your account of your family management, and your Sunday's service—What an excellent lady you are! And how happy and how good, you make every one who knows you, is seen by the ladies joining in your evening service, as well as their domesticks.

We go on here fwimmingly with our courtship. Never was there a fonder couple than Mr. Murray and Mris Nancy. The moody girl is quite alive, easy, and pleased, except now-and-then with me.—We had a sad falling-out t'other day.

Thus it was:

She had the affurance, on my faying, they were fo fond and so free beforehand, that they would leave nothing for improvement afterwards; to tell me, she had for some time perceived, that my envy was very disquieting to me. This she said before Mr. Murray, who had the good manners to retire, seeing a storm rising between us.

'Poor foolish girl,' cried I, when he was gone, provoked to great contempt by her expression before him, 'thou wilt make me despise thee in spite of my heart.—But, pr'ythee, manage thy matters with common decency, at least.'

'Good lack! Common decency, did 'you say? When my fister Polly is able to shew me what it is, I shall hope to be better for her example.'

No, thou'lt never be better for any body's example! Thy ill-nature and perverseness will keep thee from that, as it has always hitherto done.

My ill-temper, you have often told me, is natural to me; fo it must become me; but upon such a sweet-tempered young lady as Miss Polly, her late afstimed petulance sits but ill!

I must have had no bad temper, and that every one says, to bear with thy fullen and perverse one, as I have done

all my life.

But why can't you bear with it a little longer, fifter?—Does any thing provoke you now (with a fly leer, and affected drawl) that did not formerly?

'Provoke me!—What should provoke me!—I gave thee but a hint of thy fond folly, folly, which makes thee behave fo before company, that every one smiles at thee; and I'd be glad to fave thee from contempt for thy new good humour, as I used to try to do, for thy old bad nature.

Is that it ?-What a kind fifter have I !- But perhaps I see it vexes you; and ill-natured folks love to teize, you know .- But, dear Polly, don't let the affection Mr. Murray expresses for me, put fuch a good-tempered body out of humour, pray don't !- Who knows," (continued the provoker, who never fays a tolerable thing that is not ill-natured, that being her talent) 'but the gentleman may think himself happy, that he has found a way, with so much ease, to dispense with the difficulty that elderthip laid him under !- But as he did you the favour to let the repulse come from you, don't be angry, fuster, that

he took you at the first word.'
Indeed, indeed, faid I, with a contemptuous smile, thou'rt in the right, Nancy, to take the gentleman at bis first word. Hold him fast, and play over all thy monkey tricks with him, with all my heart: who knows but it may engage him more? For should be leave thee, I might be too much provoked at thy ingratitude, to turn over another gentleman to thee-And let me tell thee, without fuch an introduction, thy temper would keep any body from thee, that knows it.

Poor Miss Polly !- Come, be as eafy as you can! Who knows but we may find out some cousin or friend of Mr. Murray's between us, that we may persuade to address you? Don't make us your enemies: we'll try to make you easy, if we can-'Tis a little hard, that you should be so cruelly taken at your word, that it is.'

'Doft think,' faid I, 'poor stupid, illjudging Nancy, that I can have the same regret for parting with a man I could not like, that thou had'ft, when thy vain hopes met with the repulse they deserved from Mr. B.

' Mr. B. come up again! I have not heard of Mr. B. a great while. No, but it was necessary that one

' nail should drive out another; for thou'dst been repining still, had not Mr. Murray been turnedower to thee.' " Turned over! You used that word

once before, fifter : fuch great wits as

vou, methinks, should not use the same word twice.

How dost thou know what wits should, or should not do? Thou hast no talent but ill-nature, and 'tis enough for thee, that one view takes up thy whole thought. Purfue that-But I would only caution thee, not to fatiate where thou wouldst oblige, that's all : or, if thy man can be fo gross, as to like thy fondness, to leave something for bereafter.'

'I'll call him in again, fifter, and you ' shall acquaint us how you'd have it .-Bell, (for the maid came in just then) tell Mr. Murray I defire him to walk

in.

' I'm glad to fee thee fo teachable all at once !- I find now what was the cause of thy constant perverseness: for had the unavailing leffons my mamma was always inculcating into thee, come from a man thou couldst have had hopes of, they had fucceeded better.'

In came Sir Simon, with his crutchflick-But can you bear this nonfense. Mrs. B.? 'What, sparring, jangling again, you fluts !- O what fiery eyes on one fide! and contemptuous looks on t'other!'

Why, papa, my fifter Polly has turned over Mr. Murray to me, and she wants him back again, and he won't come-That's all the matter !'

'You know your daughter Nancy, papa-she never could bear reproof, and yet would always deferve it !- I was only gently remarking for her instruction, on her fondness before company, and she is as she used to be!-Courtship, indeed, is a new thing to the poor girl, and fo fhe knows not how to behave herself in it.'

So, Polly, because you have been able to run over a long lift of humble fervants, you must insult your sister, must you?-But are you really con-

cerned, Polly ?-Hay !

Sir, this or any thing, is very well from you. - But these imputations of envy, before Mr. Murray, must make the man very confiderable with him-felf. Poor Nancy don't confider that. -But, indeed, how should she? How should she be able to reflect, who knows not what reflection is, except of the spiteful fort? But, papa, fhould the poor thing add to bis vanity, which wants no addition, at the ex-3 H 2

pence of that pride, which can only preserve her from contempt?

I faw her affected, and was resolved to pursue my advantage.

Pr'ythee, Nancy, continued I, can'ft thou not have a little patience, child—
My papa will fet the day as foon as he

- fhall think it proper. And don't let thy man toil to keep pace with thy fondness; for I have pitied him many
- a time, when I have feen him stretched on the tenters to keep thee in countenance.

This fet the ill-natured girl into tears and fretfulness; all her old temper came upon her, as I designed it should; for she had kept me at bay longer than usual; and I left her under the dominion of it, and because I would not come into a fresh dispute, got my mamma's leave, and the chariot, and went and begged a dinner at Lady Jones's; and then came home as cool and as easy as I used to be; and found Nancy as sullen and silent, as was her custom, before Mr. Murray tendered himself to her ready acceptance. But I went to my spinnet, and suffered her to small on

. We have faid nothing but No, and Yes, ever fince: and I wish I was with you for a month, and all their nonsense over without me. I am, my dear, obliging, and excellent Mrs. B. your faithful and affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

The two following, anticipating the order of time, for the reasons mentioned p. 355, we insert here.

LETTER XXXV.

FROM MISS DARNFORD TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR MRS. B.

PR-AY give my fervice to your Mr.
B. and tell him he is very unpolite in his reflections * upon me, in relation to Mr. Murray, when he supposes I regret the loss of him. You are much more favourable and just too, I will say, to your Polly Darnford. These gentlemen, the very best of them, are such indelicates! They think so highly of their saucy selves, and consident sex, as if a lady cannot from ber heartdespise them:

but if the turns them off, as they deferve, and happens to continue her diffike; what should be interpreted in her favour, as a just and regular piece of conduct, is turned against her, and it must proceed from spite.

Mr. B. may think he knows a good deal of the fex. But, perhaps, were I as malicious as he is reflecting, (and yet, if I have any malice, he has raifed it) I could fay, that his acquaintance was not with the most unexceptionable, till he had the happiness to know you: and he has not long enough been happy in you, I find, to do justice to those who are proud to emulate your virtues.

But I can't bear, it feems, to fee my fifter addressed and complimented, and preferred by one whom I had thought in my own power! But he may be mistaken: with all his sagacity, he has been often. Nor is it so mortifying a thing to me as he imagines, to sit and see two such anticks playing their pugs tricks, as he calls them, with one-another.

But you hardly ever faw fuch pugs tricks played as they play, at so early a time of courtship. The girl hangs upon his arm, and receives his empty head on her fhoulder, already, with a freedom that would be censurable in a bride, before folks. A stiff, fullen, proud, scornful girl, as the used to be, the now puts on airs that are not natural either to her features or her character; and judge then how it must disgust one; especially when one fees her man fo proud and vain upon it, that, like a true man, he treats her with the less ceremony for her condescenfions, plutting on airs of confequence, while her eafiness of behaviour makes him fecure of acceptance, and a kind reception, let him be as negligent or as forward as he pleases.

I fay, Mrs. B. there can be no living with these men upon such beginnings.—
They ought to know their distance, or be taught it, and not to think it in their power to confer that as a favour, which they should esteem it an honour to receive.

But neither can I bear, it feems, the preparatives to matrimony, the fine clothes, the compliments, the bufy nowelty, as he calls it, the new equipages, and to forth. That's his mistake again, tell him: for one who can look forwarder

than the nine days of wonder, can eafily despite so flashy and so transient a glare. And were I fond of compliments, it would not, perhaps, be the way to be pleased, in that respect, if I were to

matry.

Compliments in the fingle flate are a lady's due, whether courted or not; and fhe receives them, or ought always to receive them, as fuch: but in courtship they are poured out upon one, like a hafty shower, that one knows will soon be over .- A mighty comfortable confideration this, to a lady who loves to be complimented !- Instead of the refreshing April-like showers, which beautify the fun-shine, she shall stand a deluge of complaifance, be wet to the fkin with it; and then-What then !- Why be in a Lybian desart ever after ;- Experience a constant parching drought, and all her attributed excellencies will be fwallowed up in the quickfands of matrimony.

It may be otherwise with you; and it must be otherwise; because there is such an infinite variety in your excellence.— But does Mr. B. think it must be so in

every matrimony?

'Tis true, he improves every hour, as I fee in your kind papers, in his fine speeches to you. But it could not be Mr. B. if he did not: your merit exterts it from him: and what an ingrateful, as well as absurd churl, would he be, who should feek to obscure a meridian lustre, that dazzles the eyes of every one else?

But let me observe, moreover, that you had so few of these sine speeches before band, that you have all the reason in the world to expect them mow: and this lessens his merit a good deal, as the most he can say, is but common justice, on full proof; for, can the like generosity be attributed to him, as might to a gentleman who praises on trust?

You promife, if I will come to you, you will join with me against Mr. B. on this subject. 'Tis very kindly offered: but when Mr. B. is in the question, I expect very little affistance from you, be

the argument what it will.

But 'tis not my fault,' I don't come, I am quite tired with the perverse folly of this Nancy of ours. She every day behaves more like a fool to Mr. Murray, and less like a fister to me, and takes delight to teize and vex me, by all the little ways in her power. And then surliness

and ill-temper are so natural to her, that I, who can but throw out a spiteful word, by way of slourish, as I may say, and 'tis over, and I am forry for it as soon as spoken, am no match forher:—forshe perseveres so intolerably, and comes back to the attack, though never so often repulsed, rising like Antæus, with fresh vigour for every fall, or like the Lernæan hydra, which had a new head sprouting up, as fast as any one of the seven was lopt off, that there is no bearing her. Wedlock, in sine, must be her Hercules, and will furnish me, I doubt, with a revenge I wish not for.

But let me thank you for your delightful narratives, and beg you to continue them. I told you how your Saturday's converfation with Lady Davers, and your Sunday employments, charm us all: fo regular, and fo eafy to be performed. That's the delightful thing. — What every body may do!—And yet fo beautiful, fo laudable, fo uncommon in the practice; especially among people in gen-

teel life !

Your conversation and decision in relation to the two parsons (more than charm) transport us. Mr. B. let me tell you, judges right, and acts a charming part, to throw such a fine game to your hands. And so excellently do you play it, that you do as much credit to your partner's judgment as to your own.— Never, furely, was so happy a couple.

He has a prodigious ment with me, I can tell him, though he thinks not fo well of me as I would have him. To fee, to praife, and to reward a virtue, is next to having it one's felf: and, in time, he will make as good a man (these fine appearances encourage one to hope so) as he is a bustand.

Your notions of dispensations, and double livings, are admirably just. Mr. Williams is more my favourite than ever!—And the amply-rewarded Mr. Adams, how did that scene affect us!

Again, and again, I say, (for what can I say else, or more—since I can't find words to speak all I think?) you're a charming lady! Yet, methinks, poorMr. H. makes but a forry figure among you.

We are delighted with Lady Davers; but still more, if possible, with the counters: she is a fine lady, as you have drawn her: but your characters, though truth and nature, are the most shocking, or the most amiable, that I ever read.

We are full of impatience to hear of

the arrival of Sir Jacob Swynford. We know his character pretty well: but when he has fat for it to your pencil, it

must be an original indeed.

I will have another trial with my papa, to move him to let me attend you. am rallying my forces for that purpose: I have got my mamma on my fide again; who is concerned to fee her girl vexed and infulted by her younger fifter; and who yet minds no more what the fays to her, than what I fay; and Sir Simon loves at his heart to make mischief between us, instead of interposing to silence either: and truly, I am afraid, the delight of this kind, which he takes, will make him deny his Polly what she so ardently wishes for.

I had a good mind to be fick, to be with you. I could fast two or three days, to give it the better appearance: but then my mamma, who loves not deceit, would blame me, if she knew my stratagem; and be grieved, if she thought I was really ill .- I know, fasting, when one has a flomach to eat, gives one a very gloomy and mortified air.

What would I not do, in short, to procure to myself the inexpressible pleasure that I should have in your company and conversation? But continue to write to me till then, however, and that will be next best. I am your most obliged and obe-

POLLY DARNFORD.

LETTER XXXVI.

FROM THE SAME.

MY DEAREST-MRS. B.

Am all over joy and rapture. My good papa has given me leave to tell you, that he will put his Polly under your protection, when you go to Lon-If you have but a tenth part of the pleafure I have on this occasion, I am fure, I shall be as welcome as I wish. But he will infift upon it, he fays, that Mr. B. figns fome acknowledgment, which I am to carry along with me, that I am intrusted to his honour and yours, and to be returned to him beart-whole and dutiful, and with a reputation as unfullied as he receives me.

But do, dearest Mrs. B. continue your journals till then; for I have promifed to take them up where you leave off, to divert our friends in these parts. There will be presumption! But yet I will write nothing but what I will shew you, and have your confent to fend! For I was taught early not to tell tales out of school; and a school, the best I ever went to, will be your charming conversation.

We have been greatly diverted with the trick put upon that barbarian Sir Jacob. His obitinacy, repentance, and amendment, followed fo irrefiftibly in one half hour, from the happy thought of the excellent lady counters, that I think no plot was ever more fortunate. It was like springing a lucky mine in a siege, that blew up twenty times more than was expected from it, and answered all the

besiegers ends at once.

Mr. B.'s defence of his own conduct towards you is quite noble; and he judges with his usual generolity and good sense, when, by adding to your honour, he knows he inhances his own. Mr. Pitt's fine diamond met with a world of admirers; but all turned upon this reflec-tion—' What a happy man is Mr. Pitt, ' who can call fuch a jewel his own! How greatly do you excel this diamond; and how much does Mr. B. outdo Mr. Pitt !- Who has contributed to give fo rich a jewel a polish so admirable; and then has fet it in so noble a light, as makes it's beauty conspicuous to every

You bid me skim over your writings lightly; but 'tis impossible. I will not flatter you, my dear Mrs. B. nor will I be suspected to do so; and yet I cannot find words to praise, so much as I think you deserve: so I will only say, that your good parents, for whose pleasure you write, as well as for mine, cannot receive or read them with more delight than I do .- Even my fifter Nancy (judge of their effect by this!) will at any time leave Murray, and forget to frown or be ill-natured, while she can hear read what you write. - And, angry as she makes me sometimes, I cannot deny her this pleafure, because possibly, among the innumerable improving reflections they abound with, some one may possibly dart in upon her, and illuminate her, as your conversation and behaviour did Sir Jacob.

But your application in P. S. to my papa, pleased him, and confirmed his refolution to let me go-He matched the sheet that contained this - That's to me, faid he: 'I must read this myself.' He did, and faid- I faith the's a fweet one!

" Do, dear good Sir Simon," repeated he aloud, " let Miss Polly add to our de-" lights!"-So she shall then ;-if that ' will do it !- And yet this same Mrs. B. has fo many delights already, that I should think she might be contented. But, Dame Darnford, I think I'll let her go. These sisters then, you'll see, how they'll love at a distance, though always quarrelling when together.' He read on-" The new affair will divert

" you-Lady Darnford bas consented-" Miss is willing; and her sister can " Spare her-" Very prettily put, faith -" And don't you be so cross-" Very fweet!-" to deny me !"

Why, dear Mrs. B. I won't be fo cross, then; indeed I won't !- And fo, ' Polly, let 'em fend word when they fet out for London, and you shall join 'em there with all my heart : but I'll

have a letter every post, remember that,

' girl.'
' Any thing, any thing, dear papa,' faid I; ' fo I can but go!' He called for a kiss, for his compliance. I gave it most willingly, you may believe.

Nancy looked envious, although Mr. Murray came in just then-She looked almost like a great glutton, whom I remember; one Sir Jonathan Smith, who killed himself with eating : he used, while he was heaping up his plate from one dish, to watch the others, and follow the knife of every body elfe, with fuch a greedy eye, as if he could swear a robbery against any one who presumed to eat as well as he. This is a gross simile: but all greedy and envious folks look alike about the eyes; and, thinking of Nancy on this occasion, (who envied a happiness she knew I preferred to that the has in prospect) I could not but call to mind Sir Jonathan at the same time.

Well, let's know when you fet out, and you shan't have been a week in London, if I can help it, but you shall be told by my tongue, as now by my pen, how much I am your obliged admirer

and friend,

POLLY DARNFORD.

LETTER XXXVII,

MY DEAR FRIEND,

Now proceed with my journal, which I had brought down to Thursday night,

FRIDAY.

The two ladies refolving, as they faid, to inspect all my proceedings, insisted upon it, that I would take them with me in my bene-volent round, (as they, after we returned, would call it) which I generally take once a week, among my poor and fick neighbours; and finding I could not get off, I fet out with them, my lady counters proposing Mrs. Worden to fill up the fourth place in the coach.

We talked all the way of charity, and the excellency of that duty; and my Lady Davers took notice of the text, that it would hide a multitude of faults. ' And if,' she was pleased to say, ' there was to be any truth in the popish doctrine of supererogation, what abundance of fuch merits would arise from the life ' and actions of our dear friend here!"

kindly looking at me.

I said, that when we had the pleasure to reflect that we ferved a Master, who exacted no hard terms from us, but in every case almost that could be thought of, only required of us to do justice, and fhew mercy, to one another, and gave us reason to think He would judge us by those rules, it must be a mighty inducement to acts of charity and benevolence. But indeed,' added I, ' were there not that inducement, the pleasure that at-

tends fuch acts is a high reward; and I am fure the ladies I have the honour to fpeak to, must have found it in an

hundred instances.

The counters faid, the had once a much better opinion of herfelf, than the found she had reason for, within these few days past: ' And indeed, Mrs. B. faid she, 'when I get home, I shall make a good many people the better for your example.' And fo faid Lady Davers; which gave me no small inward pleasure; and I acknowledged, in suitable terms, the honour they both did me.

The coach let us down by the fide of a large common, about five miles distant from our house; and we alighted, and walked a little way, choosing not to have the coach come nearer, that we might be taken as little notice of as possible; and they entered with me into two mean cots with great condescension and goodness; one belonging to a poor widow and five children, who had been all down in agues and fevers; the other to a man and his wife bed-rid with age and infirmities, and two honest daughters, one a widow with two children, the other married to an hufbandman, who had also been ill, but now, by comfortable cordials, and good phyfick, were pretty well, to what they had been.

The two ladies were well pleased with my demeanour to the good folks: to whom I faid, that as I should go soon to London, I was willing to fee them before I went, to wish them better and better, and to tell them, that I should leave orders with Mrs. Jervis concerning them, to whom they must make known their wants; and that Mr. Barrow would take care of them, I was fure; and do all that was in the power of physick for the restoration of their healths.

Now you must know, Miss, that I am not so good as the old ladies of former days, who used to distil cordial waters, and prepare medicines, and dispense them themselves. I knew, if I were so inclined, my dear Mr. B. would not have been pleased with it, because, in the approbation he has kindly given to my present method, he has twice or thrice praised me, that I don't carry my charity to extremes, and make his house a dispensatory. I would not, therefore, by aiming at doing too much, lofe the opportunity of doing any good at all in these respects; and besides, as the vulgar saying is, One must creep before one goes. But this is my method:

I am upon an agreement with this Mr. Barrow, who is deemed a very skilful and honest apothecary, and one Mr. Simmonds, a furgeon of like character, to attendall fuch cases and persons as I shall recommend; Mr. Barrow to administer physick and cordials, as he shall judge proper, and even, in necessary cases, to call in a physician. And now-andthen, by looking in upon them one's felf, or fending a fervant to ask questions, all

is kept right.

Besides one can take this method without the oftentation, as some would deem it, which would attend the having one's dear friend's gate always crouded with unhappy objects, and with fome who deferve no countenance, perhaps, and yet would possibly be the most clamorous; and then one does not subject the poor neither to the insolence of servants, who fometimes in one's absence, might, were they fome fervants, flew, that they were far from being influenced by the same

motives as their principals: besides the advantage the poor have from the skill and experience which constant practice gives to the gentlemen I employ; and with whom I agree but by the quarter, because, if there were a just foundation of complaint, for negligence, or hardness of heart, I would not be tied down from changing; for, in fuch cases, in a crifis, the poor people depending on the affiftance of those gentlemen, might look no farther, and fo my good intentions might not only be frustrated, but do harm.

My Lady Davers observed a Bible, a Common Prayer Book, and a Whole Duty of Man, in each cot, in leathern outfide cases, to keep them clean, and a Church Catechisin or two for the children; and was pleased to say, it was right: and her ladythip asked one of the children, a pretty girl, who learnt her her catechism? And the curt'fy'd, and looked at me; for I do ask the children questions, when I come, to know how they improve: 'Tis as I ' thought,' faid my lady; ' my fifter pro-' vides for both parts .- God bless you, ' my dear!' faid she, and tapped my

My ladies left tokens of their bounty behind them to both families, and all the good folks bleffed and prayed for us at parting: and as we went out, my Lady Davers, with a ferious air, was pleafed to fay to me- ' Take care of your health, my dear fifter; and God give you, when it comes, a happy hour; for how many real mourners would you have, if you were to be called early to reap

the fruits of your piety!'
God's will must be done, my lady,' ' The fame Providence that has ' fo wonderfully put it in my power to do a little good, will raife up new friends to the honest hearts that rely upon

Him.

This I faid, because some of the good people heard my lady, and feemed troubled, and began to redouble their prayers for my fafety and prefervation.

We walked thence to our coach, and stretched a little farther, to visit two farmers families, about a mile distant from each other. One had the mother of the family, with two fons, just recovering, the former from a fever, the latter from tertian agues; and I asked, when they saw Mr. Barrow? They told me, with great commendations of him, that he had but just left them. So having congratulated their hopeful way, and wished them to

take care of themselves, and not go too early to business, I said I should desire Mr. Barrow to watch over them, for fear of a relapse, and should hardly see 'em again for some time; and so under the notion of my foy, I slid a couple of guineas into the good woman's hand: for I had had an hint given me by Mrs. Jervis, that their illness had made it low with them.

We proceeded then to the other farm, where the case was a married daughter, who had had a very dangerous lying-in, and a wicked hufband, who had abufed her, and run away from her: but she was mending apace, by good comfortable things, which from time to time I had caused to be fent her. Her old father had been a little unkind to her, before I took notice of her; for she married against his consent; and indeed the world went hard with the poor man, and he could not do much; and, besides, he had a younger daughter, who had loft all her limbs, and was forced to be tied in a wicker chair, to keep her up in it; which (having expended much to relieve her) was a great pull-back, as the good old woman called it. And having been a year in arrear to a harth landlord, who finding a good flock upon the ground, threatened to dittress the poor family, and turn them out of all. I advanced the money upon the stock; and the poor man has already paid me half of it, (for, Miss, I must keep within compass too) which was fifty pounds at first, and is in a fair way to pay me the other half, and make as much more for himself.

Here I found Mr. Barrow, and he gave ane an account of the fuccess of two other cases I had recommended to him; and told me, that John Smith, a poor man, who, in thatching a barn, had tumbled down, and broken his leg, and bruited himself all over, was in a fair way of re-

covery.

This poor creature had like to have perished by the cruelty of the parish officers, who would have passed him away to Estex, where his settlement was, though in a burning sever, occasioned by his missortune: but hearing of the case, I directed Mr. Simmonds to attend him, and provide for him, at my expence, and gave my word, if he died, to bury him.

I was glad to hear he was in so good a way, and told Mr. Barrow, I hoped to see him and Mr. Simmonds together at Mr. B.'s, before I set out for London,

that we might advise about the cases under their direction, and that I might acquit myself of some of my obligations to them.

'You are a good man, Mr. Barrow,' added I: 'God will bless you for your 'care and kindness to these poor detti'tute creatures. They all praise you, 'and do nothing but talk of your hu-

manity to them.

O my good lady,' faid he, 'who can forbear following fuch an example as you fet? Mr. Simmonds can teftify, as well as I, (for now-and-then a cafe requires us to vifit together) that we can hardly hear any complaints from our poor patients, let'em be ever fo ill, for the praifes and bleffings they bestow upon you.'

'It is good Mr. B. that enables and encourages me to do what I do. Tell them, they must bless God, and bless him, and pray for me, and thank you and Mr. Simmonds: we all join together, you know, for their good.'

The countess and Lady Davers asked the poor lying-in woman many questions, and left with her, and for her poor fister, a miserable object indeed!—(God be praised, that I am not such an one!) marks of their bounty in gold, but I saw not how much; and looking upon one another, and then upon me, and lifting up their hands, could not say a word till they were in the coach: and so we were carried home, after we had just looked in upon a country school, where I pay for the learning of eight children.

And here (—I hope I recite not this with pride, though I do with pleasure) is a cursory account of my benevolent weekly round, as my ladies will call it.

I know you will not be displeased with it; but it will highly delight my worth, parents, who, in their way, do a great deal of discreet good in their neighbourhood: for, indeed, Miss, a little matter, prudently bestowed, and on true objects of compassion, (whose cases are soon at a criss, as are those of most labouring people) will go a great way, and especially if laid out properly for 'em, according to the exigencies of their respective cases.—For such poor people, who live generally low, want very seldom any thing but reviving cordials at first, and good wholesome kitchen physick afterwards; and then the wheels of nature being unclogged, new oiled, as it were, and set right, they will go round again

with pleafantness and ease, for a good while together, by virtue of that exercise which their labour gives them; while the rich and voluptuous are forced to undergo great fatigues to keep theirs clean and in order.

This is well remarked in a manuscript poem in Mr. B.'s possession, written in answer to a friend, who recommended a poor man of genius to the favour of the author, in order to induce the benevolent gentleman to lift him into a higher life than that to which he was born: and as I am fore you will be pleased with the lines, I will transcribe them for your entertainment.

- WARMLY, once more, this ruffick's eaufe you prefs,
- Whom genius dignifies, amidft distress:
- All, that you wish, my friendship renderedear,
- And weeping Industry demands a tear.
 Ease we his pangs,—but let the means be weigh'd;
- Let anguish meet him, in the form of zid. . - Where-e'er kind Help can Want's bleak
- waste repair,
 Whate'er touch'd pity owes to chill despair, . That shall be his .- For he who claims your
- " grief, " To mine brings title, that commands relief.
- * Premifing this, permit me to maintain,
- " That, withing happiness, you purpose pain.
- What, tho' he sweatsalong thescorching feil, Till ev'ry aching finew burns, with toil?
- · Health, and contempt of spleen and · fleep's foft call-
- And unobstructed spirits-balance all.
 - Nor let fatigue, like his, presume com-· plaint,
- Where exercise, of choice, out-works conffraint.
- What length'ning furrow, turn'd with tor-" t'ring fall,
- 4 Heats like the racket, when it huntsthe ball?
- Whatlab'ret toils like him, o'er hill or dale,
- Whose triumph is the fox's ear or tail?
 All un-inur'd to bear -- in life sweak down,
- Boy-fportimen tire and shame those sons of brawn.
 - er But shall a fire, like his, want room to
- And what is peace, to one who pants for
 - . Blefs'd in his low-born quiet, wou'd he
- Adopt distinction, to induce despair?
- Wou d he, for envy. give up fafe neglect?
- And hazard calumny, to gain respect?

- Blow up ambition's form, to blaft his race?
- And fcorn obscurity, to court difgrace?
- 'True, he is poor, -and so are kings no less to Tbey want, whate'er they wish, and not posfels:
- While fevaint, who fcorn to feel by others fenfe,
- Are rich in their own right, of competence.
- Bread, and felf-fatisfy'd, is wealth, within ; Nor call that gain-which wisdom shuns to
- win.
 - From what proud root cou'd this vain error grow,
- ' That poverty is want, and rest is wee!
- Weigh-but let reason hold th' impartial
- When peace is purpos'd, what does rank avail?
- Is it, to live in noise, that makes us blefs'd?
- Is it, to hear our flatter'd faults carefs'd?
- Is it, in idle ease, to yawn untaught,
- And, fatt'ning folly, pine the famish'd
- " True happiness, disdaining all extreme,
- Is measur'd continence and reas'ning phlegm.
- This if your rustick knows, confess him
- Beyond the proudest slave, that guides a
- flate. This if he knows not, should he empire.
- e gain, "Twere sharpen'd appetite, for strengthen'd e pain.
- " But wit like his, you fay, by nature grac'd
- "To charm in cities, is in shades mifplac'd." Shines he so bright, within his rural
- fphere? There let him ftill shine out-and ftill shine
- clear!
- Superiorgenius, there, may gain him weight,
 To polish rudeness, civilize debate,
- Warn the too eafy heart, excite the cold
- Impel the backward, and repulse the bold;
- Compote small jars, ere bitternels increase;
- And smile the factious cottage into peace;
 - Wipe out each fpot that fades the flow'ry e plains,
- And reign, pacifick father of the fwains.
 - Remote from cities, peaceful nature dwells;
- There, exil'd Justice fits, in filent cells.
- There, Truth, in naked plainness, dares be
- There, Pride provokes no envy,-Shame no fpleen.
- There, unsupported Worth can rev'rence draw;
- And Probity disdains the help of Law. " I here,

- " There, maids no caution need-for man is juft:
- There, love is tenderness, and friendship truft.
- There, infelt flushes tinge the conscious
- And modest semblance is not, yet, an art.
 - How weak a judge, dear friend, is hu-" man pride!
- "To loath known good, and long for ills un-' try'd!
- " Stretching our greedy eye to diftant height, The blifs, beneath us, lies too low for
- " Impatient thirst of pow'r but little thinks,
- What troubled waters fev rish greatness drinks:
- · Nor dreams distrustless Vanity, what cares,
- What weights, what torments, rath difs tinction bears.
- ' Hence, fears no aukward actor to fustain
- His part of danger in those scenes of pain:
- " Yet, out of character, mistakes his cue,
- And his'd, unheard bawls on-and blunders through.
 - Or, grant him fafe, behind some guardian
- Some patron's transient int'rest, push'd bef tween;
- Grant, that his suppliant soul can sense de-· Aroy,
- Can bear dependence, with unfeeling joy:
- Wet comes a time, when all his props decay,
- And each dishonour'd ruin drops away
- "Then the bleak tott'rer fhakes, in ev'ry blaft;
- " Dreads the dim future; withes for the paft: Finds his first loss: and, with corrected view,
- . Envies the humble cot, from which he flew.
- And yet, perhaps, 'twas Heav'n's commission'd plan,
- That paffion's restiers whirl shou'd actuate
- man; That pride, by envy plagu'd, should pity know;
- And wealth, and joy, take birth, from want,
- and woe, " Were hush'd content to stop the busy swing,
- The stagnant virtues all might lose their fpring:
- One tideless lake of life engulph mankind: And the ftill mass corrupt-for want of " wind.
 - " Th' Almighty, then, -who fees beyond our fenfe,
- Did various parts, forvarious minds, dispense. " The meanest flave, who lives, to hedge and ditch,
- Is ufeful, in his rank, to feed the rich.
- I The rich, in retribution, wastes his store,
- 4 And ftreams refreshful Boods, to float the poor:

- Nor let the peer the peafant's lot disdain; Each link, howe'er remote, connects the
- s chain. Both but two diff'rent marks, in one great
- view,
- Extend God's landscape, and adorn it, too: " And both, without diffinction,-king and
- · flave, At last lie levell'd, in the filent grave.
- " This known, your choice directs my ready will.
- Say,-Shall your ruftick be a ruftick fill?
- With ease augmented, hold his safe degree?
- Live, and grow old, in pangless poverty?
- Or, shall he tread the world's great wild of · bope }
- · Despise his danger and enlarge his scope? -
 - · Choose for his with whate'er his virtues claim:
- " And tax my fortune or reftrain bis aim."

I don't remember ever to have read any thing of this subject placed in these natural, easy, and, I therefore think, uncommon lights, and belive you'll allow them to be right lights: for there are certainly no cases in the world, that require more judgment and diftinction, than charitable ones. And except a cafual diftress among these who make a trade of begging, such persons (especially if I see them often and so much in the same place, as if they were as tenacious of their stand, as others of their freehold,) move not my compassion or notice. cannot be lower in spirit, nor (being frequently brought up to it) do they often wish to be higher in calling, or to change their idle state for a laborious one: but the poor induktions fouls, who are reduced by fickness, or misfortune, or even mistake, not wilful or persisted in, who figh in fecret, and cannot make known what they fuffer; fuch unhappy objects are worthy of one's pains to find out, and relieve.

SATURDAY MORNING.

T is hardly right to trouble either of you, my honoured correspondents, with an affair, that has vexed me a good deal, and, indeed, should affect me more than any other mistress of a family, for reasons which will be obvious to you, when I tell you the case. And this (it is so at present with me) I cannot forbear

A pretty genteel young body, my Polly 3 I 2

Barlow, as I call her, having been well recommended, and indeed behaved with great prudence till this time, is the occation.

My dear Mr. B. and the two ladies, agreed with me to take a little airing in the coach, and to call in upon Mr. Martin, who had a present made him for his menagerie, in which he takes great delight, of a rare and uncommon creature, a native of the East Indies. But just as Sir Jacob was on horfeback to accompamy them, and the ladies were ready to go, I was taken with a fudden disorder and faintiffiness; so that Lady Davers, who is very tender of me, and watches every change of my countenance, would not Jet me go with them, though my disorder was going off; and my dear Mr. B. was pleased to excuse me; and just meeting with Mr. Williams as they went to the coach, they took him with them, to fill up the vacant place. So I retired to my closet, and thut myfelf in.

They had afked Mr. H. to go with them, for company to Sir Jacob; but he (on purpose, as I believe, by what followed) could not be found, when they fet out: so they supposed he was upon some ramble with Mr. Colbrand, his great favourite.

I was writing to you, being pretty well recovered, when I heard Polly, as I supposed, and as it proved, come into my apartment; and down she fat, and sung a little catch and cried—'Hem!' twice; and presently I heard two voices. But suffered in nothing. I wrote on, till I heard a kind of rustling and struggling, and Polly's voice crying—'Fie—How' can you do so!—Pray, Sir.'

This alarmed me much, because we have fuch orderly folks about us; and I looked through the key-hole, and, to my furprise and concern, faw Mr. H .foolish gentleman! - taking liberties with Polly, that neither became him to offer, nor, more foolish girl! her to suffer. And having reason to think, that this was not their first interview and freedom -and the girl fometimes encouragingly laughing as, at other times, inconsistently, ftruggling and complaining, in an accent that was too tender for the occasion, I forced a faint cough. This frighted them both : Mr. H. swore, and faid-. Who can that be?-Your lady's gone with them, i'n't she?'

'I believe fo! I hope fo!' faid the filly girl- yet that was like her voice!

'—Me'm, are you in your closet, Me'm? faid she, coming up to the door, Mr. H. standing like a poor thief, half behind the window-curtains, till he knew whether it was I.

I opened the door; away fneaked Mr. H. and she leaped with surprise, not hoping to find me there, though she asked the question,

thought—Indeed—Me'm—I thought you were gone out.'

' It is plain you did, Polly.—Go and flut the chamber-door, and come to me again.'

She did, but trembled, and was fo full of confusion, that I pitied the poor creature, and hardly knew how to speak to her, or what to say.—For my compassion got the upper-hand of my resentment; and as she stood quaking and trembling, and looking on the ground, with a countenance I cannot describe, I now-and-then cast my eye upon her, and was as often forced to put my handkerchief to it.

At last I said—' How long have these freedoms past, Polly, between you and ' Mr. H.?'

She faid never a word.

I am loth to be censorious, Polly:
but 'tis too plain, that Mr. H. would
not have followed you into my chamber if he had not met you at other
places before.'

Still the poor girl faid never a word.

Little did I expect, Polly, that you would have fhewn so much imprudence.
You have had instances of the vile arts of men against poor maidens: have you any notion, that Mr. H. intends to do honourably by you?

' Me'm-Me'm-I believe-I hope
'-I dare fay, Mr. H. would not do
' otherwise.'

'So much the worse, that you believe
fo, if you have not very good reason
for your belief.—Does he pretend he
will marry you, Polly?'

She was filent.
Tell me, Polly, if he does?

'He fays he will do honourably by

But you know there is but one word necessary to explain that other precious word bonour, in this case. It is matrimony. That word is as soon spoken as any other, and if he means it,

he will not be shy to speak it.'
She was filent.

'Tell me, Polly, (for I am really greatly

greatly concerned for you) what you think yourself: do you hope he will marry you?

She was filent.

Do, good Polly, I hope I may call you good yet!—Answer me.'

'Pray, Madam!' and she wept, and turned from me, to the wainscot-'Pray,

' Madam, excuse me.'

But, indeed, Polly, I cannot excuse
you. You are under my protection.
I was once in as dangerous a fituation
as you can be in. And I did not efcape it, child, by the language and conduct I heard from you.

'Language and conduct, Me'm!'
'Yes, Polly, language and conduct.

For you have heard my story, no doubt:
all the world has. And do you think,
if I had sat me down in my lady's bedchamber, and sung a song, and hem'd
twice, and Mr. B. had come to me,
upon that signal, (for such I doubt it
was) and I had kept my place, and
suffered myself to be rumpled, and only, in a soft voice, and with an encouraging laugh, cried—"How can you
do so?" that I should have been what

I am?
Me'm, I dare fay, my lord (fo all the
fervants call him, and his aunt often,
when she puts Jackey to it) means no

hurt.

'No hurt, Polly! What, and make 'you cry, "Fie!"—or do you intend to trust your honour to his mercy, rather than to your own discretion?

I hope not, Me'm!'

* I hope not too, Polly !—But you know he was free enough with you, to make you fay, "Fie!" And what might have been the cafe, who knows? had I not coughed on purpose; unwilling, for your sake, Polly, to find matters so bad as I feared, and that you would

have been led beyond what was reputable.

* Reputable, Me'm!'

* Yes, Polly, reputable: I am forry

* you oblige me to speak so plain. But

* your good requires it. Instead of sly
ing from him, you not only laughed

all the time you cried out, "Fie!" and

all the time you cried out, "Fie!" and How can you do fo?" but had no other care than to fee if any body heard you; and you observe how he slid away, like a guilty creature, as soon as I opened

my door-Do these things look well,
Polly? Do you think they do?-And

' if you hope to emulate my good fortune, do you think this is the way?'

' I wish, Me'm, I had never seen Mr. H. For nobody will look upon me,

' if I lose your favour!'

' It will ftill, Polly,' (and I took her hand, with a kind look)' be in your own ' power to keep it; and I will not men-' tion this matter, if you make me your ' friend, and tell me all that has passed.' Again she wept, and was filent.

This made me more uneasy. 'Don't think, Polly,' faid I, 'that I would envy any other person's preferment, when I have been so much exalted my-felf. If Mr. H. has talked to you of

marriage, tell me.'

'No, Me'm, I can't fay he has yet.'
'Yet, Polly? Then he never will.
'For when men do talk of it, they don't
'always mean it: but whenever they
'mean it, how can they confirm a doubt'ing maiden, without mentioning ita'
but, alas, alas for you, poor Polly!—
'The freedoms you have permitted to
him, no doubt, previous to those I
'heard, and which would have been
'greater, possibly, had I not furprised
'you with my cough, shew too well, that
'he need not make any promises to you.'
'Indeed, Me'm—Indeed,' said she,
sobbing, 'I might be too little upon my
'guard; but I would not have done any

ill for the world.'
I hope you would not, Polly; but
if you fuffer these freedoms, you can't
tell what you'd have permitted—Tell

me, do you love Mr. H.?'

the is a very good-humoured gentleman, Madam, and is not proud.
No, 'tis not his business to be proud,
when he hopes to humble you—humble
you indeed! Beneath the lowest person of
the fex, that is honest.

· I hope-

'You bope!' interrupted I.—You bope too much; and I fear a great deal for you, because you fear so little for yourself—But tell me, how often have you been in private together?'
'In private, Me'm!—I don't know

what your ladyship calls private! Why that is private, Polly, when, as just now, you neither imagined nor intended any body should see you.

She was filent; and I faw, by this poor girl, how true lovers are to their fecret, though, perhaps, their ruin depends upon keeping it. But it behoved me, on

more accounts than it would any body elfe, as I hinted before, to examine this matter narrowly; because if Mr. H. should marry her, it would have been laid upon Mr. B.'s example .- And if Polly should be ruined, it would be a fad thing; and people would have faid- Ay, she could take care enough of herfelf, but none at all of her fervant: berwaiting-maid had a much more remiss mistress than Pa-" mela found, or the matter would not

have been thus.'

Well, Polly, I fee, continued I, that you will not speak out to me. You may have feveral reasons for it, possibly, though not one good one. But as foon as Lady Davers comes in, who has a great concern in this matter, as well as Lord Davers, and are answerable to Lord H. in a matter of so much importance as this, I will leave it to her ladyship's consideration, and shall po more concern myfelf to afk you

questions about it-For then I must take her ladyship's directions, and part with you, to be fure.' The poor girl, frighted at this, (for

every-body fears Lady Davers) wrung her hands, and begged, for God's fake, I would not acquaint Lady Davers with But how can I help it ?- Must I not

· connive at your proceedings, if I do not? You are no foot, Polly, in other eases. Tell me, how is it possible for me, in my fituation, to avoid it?'

I will tell your ladyship the whole truth; indeed I will—if you will not tell Lady Davers. I am ready to fink at the thoughts of Lady Davers's know-

ing any thing of this.

This looked fadly. I pitied her, but yet was angry in my mind; for I faw too plainly, that her conduct could not bear a scrutiny, not even in her own opinion, poor creature.

I said- Make me acquainted with

" the whole."

Will your ladyship promise-

I'll promise nothing, Polly .- When I have heard all you think proper to * fay, I will do what befits me to do;

but with as much tenderness as I can for you-and that's all you ought to

expect me to promife.'
Why then, Madam,—But how can " I speak it?-I can speak sooner to anybody, than to Lady Davers and you,

" Madam-For her ladyship's passion, and your ladythip's virtue How shall ' I?'-And then the threw herfelf at my feet, and hid her face with her apron.

I was in agonies for her almost; I wept over her; I raised her up, and said Tell me all. You cannot tell me worse than I apprehend, nor, I hope, so bad! O Polly, tell me soon—For you give me great pain.'-

And my back, with grief and compasfion for the poor girl, was ready to open, as it feemed to me-In my former diftreffes, I have been overcome by fainting next to death, and was deprived of fense for some moments-But else I imagine, I must have felt some such affecting senfations, as the unhappy girl's case gave

' Then, Madam, I own,' faid fhe,

· I have been too faulty.

As how ! - As what ! - In what ' way !- How faulty ?' - asked I, as quick as thought: 'you are not ruined, are you ?- Tell me, Polly?"

No, Madam, but-

· But what ?- Say, but what ?"

· I had confented-

" To what?"

· To his proposals, Madam.

What propofals?

Why, Madam, I was to live with Mr. H.

' I understand you too well-But is it too late to break so wretched a bargain;-have you already made a fa-

crifice of your honour?'
No, Madam; but I have given it under my hand.

' Under your band!—Ah! Polly, it is well if you have not given it under your bear! too. But what foolifhness is this! What confideration has he made you?'

' He has given it under his hand, that he will always love me, and when his · lord(hip's father dies, he will own me.

What fooliffness is this on both fides !- But are you willing to be releafed from this bargain?

Indeed I am, Madam, and I told him so yesterday. But he says he will fue me, and ruin me, if I don't stand to it.

' You are ruined, if you do!-And I wish-But tell me, Polly, are you not " ruined as it is?"

' Indeed I am not, Madam.'

I doubt then, you were upon the brink of it, had not this providential indisposition kept me at home. - You met, I suppose, to conclude your shocking bargain .- O poor unhappy girl !-But let me fee what he has given under

He has 'em both, Madam, to be drawn up fair, and in a strong hand,

that shall be like a record.

Could I have thought, Miss, that a girl of nineteen could be fo ignorant in a point fo important, when in every thing else she has shewn no instances like this flupid folly?

Has he given you money?'
Yes, Madam, he gave me—he gave me-a note. Here it is. He fays any-body will give me money for it.

And this was a bank-note of fifty pounds, which she pulled out of her stays.

I instantly thought of those lines of Cowley, which my dear lady feveral times made me read to her; though these supposed an infinitely more excusable case. -Marriage for money.

· Take heed, take heed, thou lovely maid! Nor be by glitt'ring ills betray'd!

Thyfelf for money! O let no man know 'The price of beauty fall'n fo low!
'What dangers ought'ft thou not to dread,

When Love, that's blind, is by blind Forf tune led?"

The refult was, he was to fettle one hundred pounds a year upon her and bers, poor, poor girl-and was to own her, as he calls it, (but as wife or mistress, she stipulated not) when his father died, and he came into the title and estate,

I told her, it was impossible for me to conceal the matter from Lady Davers, if the would not, by her promifes to be governed intirely by me, and to abandon all thoughts of Mr. H. give me room to conclude, that the wicked bargain was at

an end.

And to keep the poor creature in some fpirits, and to enable her to look up, and to be more easy under my direction, I blamed bim more than I did ber: though confidering what virtue requires of a woman, and cultom has made shameless in a man, I think the poor girl inexcusable, and shall not be easy while she is about me. For she is more to blame, because, of the two, the has more wit than the

But what can I do?' thought I. 'If ' I put her away, 'twill be to throw her ' directly into his hands. He won't stay

' here long; and she may see her folly. But yet her eyes were open; the knew what the had to trust to-and by their

wicked beginning, and her encouraging repulses, I doubt she would have been utterly ruined that very day.

I knew the rage Lady Davers would be in with both. So this was another And yet should my good inembarrafs. tentions be frustrated, and they should conclude their vile bargain, and it appeared that I knew of it, but would not acquaint her, then should I have been more blamed than any mistress of a family, circumstanced as I am.

Upon the whole, as to the girl, I refolved to comfort her as well as I could. till I had gained her confidence, that my advice might have the more weight with her, and, by degrees, be the more likely to reclaim her: for, poor foul! there would be an end of her reputation, the most precious of all jewels, the moment the matter was known; and that would be a fad thing.

And as to the man, I thought it best to take courage (and you, that know me, will fay, I must have a good deal more than usual) to talk to Mr. H. on this

Subject.

And the poor body confenting I should. and, with great protestations, declaring her forrow and repentance, begging to get her note of hand again, on which the laid a foolish stress, and desiring me to give him back his note of fifty pounds, I

went down to find him. He shunned me, as a thief would a constable at the head of a hue-and-cry. As I entered one place or room, he went into another, looking with conscious guilt, but yet confidently humming a At last I fixed him speaking to Rachel, bidding her tell Polly he wanted to fend a meffage by her to her lady. By which I doubted not, he was defirous to know what she had owned, in order to govern himfelf accordingly.

His back was towards me; and I faid-Mr. H. here I am myfelf, to take your

commands.

He gave a caper half a yard high-Madam, I wanted-I wanted to speak to-I would have spoken with-

' You wanted to fend Polly to me, perhaps, Mr. H. to ask if I would take a little walk with you in the garden.'
'Very true, Madam!-Very true,

' indeed !- You have guessed the matter.-I thought it was pity, this fine day, as every-body was taking an air-

ing.

Well then, Sir, please to lead the way, and I'll attend you.

' Yet I fancy, Madam, the wind is a flittle too high for you-Won't you catch cold?'

' No, never fear, Mr. H. I am not

afraid of a little air.

'I will attend you presently, Ma-dam: you'll be in the great gravel walk, or on the terrace-I'll wait upon

you in an instant.

I had the courage to take hold of his arm, as if I had like to have flipt; 'For,' thought I, 'thou shalt not see the girl, · worthy friend, till I have talked to thee a little, if thou dost then-Excuse " me, Mr. H .- I hope I have not hurt my foot .- I must lean upon you.

Will you be pleased, Madam, to have a chair? I fear you have sprained your foot.—Shall I help you to a

chair?

No, no, Sir, I shall walk it off, if I

hold by you.

So he had no excuse to leave me, and we proceeded into the garden. But never did any thing look so filly-So like a foolist fellow, as his aunt calls him. He looked, if possible, half a dozen ways at once, hem'd, cough'd, wriggled about, turned his head behind him every nowand-then, and started half a dozen filly subjects, in hopes to hinder me from speaking.

I appeared, I believe, under some concern how to begin with him; for he would have it I was not very well, and begged he might step in one minute to

delire Mrs. Jervis to attend me.

So I resolved to begin with him; left I should lose the opportunity, seeing my eel fo very flippery. And placing myfelf on the feat at the upper end of the gravel walk, I asked him to sit down. He declined it, and would wait upon me prefently, he faid, and feemed going. began- It is easy for me, Mr. H. to penetrate the reason why you are so willing to leave me: but 'tis for your orun fake, that I defire you to hear me, that no mischief may ensue among · friends and relations, on an occasion to which you are no stranger.'

Laud, Madam, what can you mean? -Surely, Madam, you don't think amis of a little innocent liberty, or so !" 'Mr. H.' replied I, 'I want not any

 evidence of your inhospitable designs " upon a poor unwary young creature, whom your birth and quality have found it too easy a task to influence."

' Inhospitable designs! Madam!-A harsh word, by Gad-You very nice ladies cannot admit of the least freedom in the world !- Why, Madam, I have kiffed a lady'swoman before now, in a civil way or fo, and never was called to an account for it, as a breach of hospitality.

'Tis not for me, Mr. H. to proceed to very nice particulars with a gentleman who can act as you have done, by a poor girl, that could not have had the assurance to look up to a man of yourquality, had you not levelled all diftinction between you, in order to level the weak creature to the common dirt of the highway. I must tell you, that the poor girl heartily repents of her folly; and, to shew you, that it signifies nothing to deny it, she begs you will give her back the note of her hand you have extorted from her foolishness; and I hope you'll be so much of a gentleman, as not to keep in your power fuch a testimony of the weakness of any of the sex.

' Has she told you that, Madam !-Why, may-be-indeed-I can't but fay-Truly it may'nt look fo well to you, Madam: but young folks will have frolicks-It was nothing but a frolick-Let me be banged, if it was!"

Be pleased then, Sir, to give up her note to me to return to her-Reputation should not be frolicked with, Sir; especially that of a poor girl, who has nothing else to depend upon.

' I'll give it to her myfelf, if you please, Madam, and laugh at her into the bargain. Why, 'tis comical enough, if the little pug thought I was in ear-' neft. I must have a laugh or two at her, Madam, when I give it her up.

Since 'tis but a frolick, Mr. H. you won't take it amiss, that when we are fet down to supper, we call Polly in, and demand a fight of her note, and that will make every one merry as well

as you.'
Cot fo, Madam, that may'nt be fo well neither !- For, perhaps, they will be apt to think it is in earnest; when, as I hope to live, 'tis but a jest: nothing in the world elfe, upon honour!' I put on then a still more ferious air-As you hope to live, fay you, Mr. H.! -and upon your honour!-How fear

you

you not an infant punishment for this appeal! And what is the honour you fwear by?—Take that, and answer the, Sir: do gentlemen give away banknotes for frolicks, and for mere jests, and nothing in the world else!—I am forry to be obliged to deal thus with you. But I thought I was talking to a gentleman who would not forfeit his veracity; and that in so solemn an instance as this!

He looked like a man thunder-ftruck. His face was distorted, and his head seemed to turn about upon his neck, like a weathercock in a hurricane, to all points of the compass; his hands clenched as in a passion, and yet shame and confusion struggling in every limb and feature.

At last he said—'I am confoundedly betrayed. But if I am exposed to my uncle and aunt,' (for the wretch thought of nobody but himself) 'I am undone,' and shall never be able to look them in the face. 'Tis true, I had a design upon her; and since she has betrayed me, I think I may say, that she was as willing, almost, as I.'

thought I!— But fuch of our fex as can thus give up their virtue, ought to expect no better: for he that sticks not at one bad action, will not scruple another to vindicate himself: and so, devil-like, become the tempter, and the accuser too!

'But if you will be so good,' said he, with hands uplifted, 'as to take no no'tice of this to my uncle, and especially
'to my aunt and Mr. B. I swear to
'you, I never will think of her as long
'as I live.'

And you'll bind this promife, will you, Sir? by your bonour, and as you hope to live!

Dear, good Madam, forgive me, I befeech you; don't be fo fevere upon me. By all that's—'

But as an

Don't swear, Mr. H.

earnest that I may believe you, give me back the girl's foolish note, that, though 'tis of no signification, she may not have that to witness to her folly.' He took out his pocket-book: 'There it is, Madam!—And I beg you'll forgive this attempt. I see I ought not to have made it. I doubt it was a breach of the laws of hospitality, as you say. But to make it known, will only expose me, and it can do no good;

and Mr. B. will perhaps refent it; and my aunt will never let me hear the last of it, nor my uncle neither—And I shall be sent to travel again—And, (added the poor creature) I was once in a storm, and the crossing the sea again would be death to me.

'What a wretch art thou!' thought

'What could such a one as thou
find to say to a poor creature that, if
put in the scale against considerations
of virtue, should make the latter kick
the beam '—Poor, poor Polly Barlow!
thou art sunk indeed! Too low for
excuse, and almost beneath pity!'

I told him, if I could observe, that nothing passed between them, that should lay me under a necessity of revealing the matter, I should not be forward to expose him, nor the maiden either: but that he must, in his own judgment, excuseme, if I made every body acquainted with it, if I were to see the correspondence between them likely to be renewed or carried on: 'For,' added I, 'in that 'case, I should owe it to myself, to Mr. 'B. to Lord and Lady Davers, and to 'you, and the unhappy body too, to do 'sou, and the unhappy body too, to do 'sou, and the unhappy body too, to do

He would needs drop down on one knee to promife this; and with a thoufand acknowledgments, left me, to find Mr. Colbrand, in order to ride to meet the coach on it's return.

I went in, and gave the foolish note to the filly girl, which the received eagerly; and immediately burnt; and I told her, I would not fuffer her to come near me but as little as possible, when I was in company, while Mr. H. staid; but configned her intirely to the care of Mr. ervis, to whom only, I faid, I would hint the matter, as tenderly as I could : and for this, I added, I had more reafons than one; first, to give her the benefit of a good gentlewoman's advice, to which I had myself formerly been beholden, and from whom I concealed nothing: next, to keep out of Mr. H.'s way: and lastly, that I might have an opportunity, from Mrs. Jervis's opinion, to judge of the fincerity of her repentance: 'For, Polly,' faid I, 'you must imagine, so regular and uniform as all our family is, and fo good as I thought all the people about me were, that I could not suspect, that she, the duties of whose place made her nearest to my person, was the farthest from what I wished.'

I have fet this matter fo strongly before her, and Mrs. Jervis has so well seconded me, that I hope the best; for the grief the poor creature carries in her looks, and expresses in her words, cannot be described; frequently accusing herself, with tears, saying often to Mrs. Jervis, the is not worthy to fland in the presence of a mistress, whose example she has made so bad an use of, and whose leffons the had fo ill followed.

I am fadly troubled at this matter, however; but I take great comfort in reflecting, that my fudden indisposition looked like a providential thing, which may fave one poor foul, and be a feafonable warning to her, as long as she lives.

Mean time I must observe, that at fupper last night, Mr. H. looked abject, and mean, and like a poor thief, as I thought; and (conscious of his disappointed folly, though I feldom glanced my eye upon him) had less to say for himself than ever.

And once my Lady Davers laughing, faid- I think in my heart, my nephew · looks more foolish every time I see him,

than the laft.

He stole a look at me, and blushed; and my lord faid- Jackey has fome grace !—He blushes !—Hold up thy head, nephew !—Hast thou nothing at all to fay for thyfelf?

Sir Jacob faid- A blush becomes a young gentleman!—I never faw one before though, in Mr. H.—What's

" the matter, Sir?"

Only,' faid Lady Davers, ' his fkin or his conscience is mended, that's all.'

' Thank you, Madam,' was all he faid, bowing to his aunt, and affecting a careless, yet confused air, as if he whispered a whiftle.

" O wretch!' thought I, ' fee what it is to have a condemning conscience;

while every innocent person looks round, eafy, fmiling, and erect !"-But yet it was not the shame of a bad action, I doubt, but being discovered and disappointed, that gave him this confusion of face.

What a fad thing it is for a person to be guilty of fuch actions, as shall put it into the power of another, even by a look, to mortify him! And if poor fouls can be thus abjectly struck at such a discovery as this, by a fellow creature, how must they appear before an unerring and omniscient Judge, with a conscience standing in the place of a thousand witnesses? and calling in vain upon the mountains to fall upon them, and the bills to cover

How ferious this fubject makes one!

SATURDAY EVENING.

Am just retired from a fatiguing service; for who should come hither to dine with Mr. B. but that fad rake Sir Charles Hargrave, and Mr. Walgrave, Mr. Sedley, and Mr. Floyd, three as bad as himfelf; inseparable companions, whosewhole delight, and that avowedly, is drinking, and hunting, and lewdness; but otherwife, gentlemen of wit and large estates ? Three of them broke in upon us, at the * Hall, on the happiest day of my life, to our great regret; and they had been long threatening to make this visit, in order to fee me, as they told Mr. B.

They whipt out two bottles of Champaign instantly, for a whet, as they called it; and went to view the stud, and the kennel, and then took a walk in the garden till dinner was ready; my Lord Davers, Mr. H. and Sir Jacob, as well as Mr. B. (for they are all acquainted) ac-

companying them.

Sir Charles, it feems, as Lord Davers told me afterwards, faid, he longed to fee Mrs. B. She was the talk wherever he went, and he had conceived a high opinion of her before-hand.

Lord Davers faid- I defy you, gentlemen, to think fo highly of her as fhe deferves, take mind and person to-

gether.

Mr. Floyd faid, he never faw any woman yet, who came up to what he expected, where fame had been lavish in

her praise.

But how, brother baronet,' faid Sir Charles to Sir Jacob, 'came you to be' reconciled to her?—I heard that you

would never own her.

'Oons, man,' faid Sir Jacob, 'I was taken in-I was, by my foul!-They contrived to clap her upon me, as Lady ' Jenny C. and pretended they'd keep ' t'other out of my fight; and I was

plaguily bit, and forced to get off as well as I could.'

'That was a bite indeed,' faid Mr. Walgrave: 'and so you fell a praising 'Lady Jenny, I warrant, to the skies.'

Lady Jenny, I warrant, to the skies. 'Ye—s,—by my foul;' (drawling out the assimative monosyllable) 'I was used most scurvily: 'faith I was. I bear 'em a grudge for't still, I can tell 'em 'that;—for I have hardly been able to hold up my head like a man ever since '—but am forc'd to sneak about, and go and come, and do as they bid me. By my troth, I never was so manage-able in my life.'

'Your Herefordshire neighbours, Sir Jacob, faid Mr. Sedley, with an oath, will rejoice to hear this; for the whole county there cannot manage you.'

I'm quite cow'd now, by my soul, as you will see by-and-by: nay, for that matter, if you can set Mrs. B. a talking, there's ne'er a puppy of you all will care to open your lips, except to say as she says.

Never fear, old boy, faid Sir Charles, we'll bear our parts in conversation. I never saw the woman yet who could give me either awe or love for six minutes together.—Whatthink you, Mr. B.? Have you any notion, that your

lady will have fo much power over us?

'I think, Sir Charles, I have one of the finest women in England; but I neither expect, nor defire, you rakes fhould see her with my eyes.'

You know, if I have a mind to love her, and make court to her too, Mr. B. I will: and I am half in love with her already, although I have not feen her.

They came in when dinner was near ready, and the four gentlemen took each a large bumper of old-hock for another

The countes, Lady Davers, and I, came down together. The gentlemen knew our two noble ladies, and were known to them in person, as well as by character. Mr. B. in his usual kind and encouraging manner, took my hand, and presented the four gentlemen to me, each by his name. Sir Charles said, pretty bluntly, that he hoped he was more welcome to me now, than the last time he was under the same roof with me; for he had been told since, that that was our happy day.

I faid, Mr. B.'s friends were always welcome to me.

'Tis well, Madam,' faid Mr. Sedley, 'we did not know how it was. We 'fhould have quartered ourselves upon 'Mr. B. for a week together, and kept 'him up day and night.'

I thought this speech deserved no answer, especially as they were gentlemen who wanted no countenance, and addressed myself to Lord Davers, who is always kindly making court to me: 'I' hope, my good lord, you find your-felf quite recovered of your head-ach?' (of which he complained at breakfast.)

'I thank you, my dear fister, pretty

' I was telling Sir Charles, and the other gentlemen, niece, 'faid Sir Jaco', how I was cheated here, when I came first, with a Lady Jenny.'

'It was a very lucky cheat for me,
'Sir Jacob; for it gave you a prepof'fession in my favour, under so advantageous a character, that I could never
have expected otherwise.'

'I wish,' said the counters, 'my daughter, for whom Sir Jacob took you, had Mrs. B.'s qualities to boast of.'

'How am I obliged to your lady' thip's goodnes,' returned I, 'when you treat me with even greater indulgence than you use to so beloved a daughter!'

'Nay, now you talk of treating,' faid Sir Charles, 'when, ladies, will you treat our fex with the politeness which you fhew to one another?'

'When your fex deferveit, SirCharles,' answered Lady Davers.

Who is to be judge of that?' faid Mr. Walgrave.

'Not the gentlemen, I hope,' replied

Well then, Mrs. B. 'faid Sir Charles, we bespeak your good opinion of us; for you have ours.'

'I am obliged to you, gentlemen;
but I must be more cautious in declaring mine, lest it should be thought I am
influenced by your kind, and perhaps
too hasty, opinions of me.

Sir Charles fwore they had feen enough of me the moment I entered the parlour, and heard enough the moment I opened my lips, to answer for their opinions of me.

I faid, I made no doubt, when they had as good a subject to expatiate upon, as I had, in the pleasure before me, of 3 K 2 seeing

feeing fo many agreeable friends of Mr. B.'s, they would maintain the title they claimed of every one's good opinion.

This, faid Sir Jacob, 'is binding you over, gentlemen, to your good behaviour.—You must know, my niece never shoots slying, as you do.'

The gentlemen laughed: 'Is it shoot-'ing slying, Sir Jacob,' returned Sir

Charles, ' to praise that lady?'

Ads-bud, I did not think of that.
O Sir Jacob, faid the counters,
you need not be at a fault;—for a
good foortsman always hits his mark,
flying or not: and the gentlemen had
fo fair an one, that they could not well
miss it.
You are fairly helped over the stile,

Sir Jacob, faid Mr. Floyd.

And, indeed, I wanted it; though
I limped like a puppy before I was
lame. One can't think of every thing
as one used to do at your time of life,

gentlemen.

This flippant stuff was all that passed, which I can recite; for the rest, at table, and after dinner, was too polite by half for me: fuch as, the quantity of wine each man could carry off, that was the phrase; dog, horses, hunting, racing, cock-fighting, and all accompanied with fwearing, and curfing, and that in good humour, and out of wantonness (the least excusable and most profligate fort of swearing and curfing of all;) loud laughing, with a little touching now-and-then on the borders of Sir Simon's beloved fubject, to try if they could make a lady flew she understood their hints by her blusbes*; a certain indication, that those who feek a blush in others, are past it themselves, and by their turning it into ridicule when they find it in their friends, that they would not for the world have it imputed to them; talking three or four at once, and as loud as if they were in the field pursuing their game, at a quarter of a mile's distance from one another.

These were the subjects, and this the entertainment, which held the ladies and me for one hour, after a tedious dinner; when we retired, and glad we were to do fo. The gentlemen liked the wine so well, that we had the felicity to drink tea and coffee by ourselves; only Mr. B. (upon our inviting the gentlemen to partake with us,) sliding in for a few mi-

nutes to cell us, they would flick by what they had, and taking a difft of coffee with us.

I should not omit one observation: that Sir Jacob, when they were gone, said, they were pure company: and Mr. H. that he never was so delighted in his born days—While the two ladies put up their prayers, that they might never have such another entertainment. And being encouraged by their declaration, I presumed to join in the same petition.

Yet, it feems, these are men of wit! I believe they must be so—because I could neither like nor understand them.—Yet, if their conversation had much wit in it, I should think my ladies would have

found it out.

However, this they did find out, and agree in, that these gentlemen were of the true modern cast of libertines and fox-hunters, and, indifferently as they liked them, could not be easily outdone by any of the same stamp in England.

God defend my dear Miss Darnford, and every worthy single lady, from such a husband, as a gentleman of this cha-

racter would make!

I wonder really how Mr. B. who chooses not this fort of conversation, and always (whatever faults he had besides) was a *sober* gentleman, can sit for hours so easy and cheerful in it; and yet he never says much, when they are in their high delight.

When all's done, Miss, there are very unpleasant things, which persons in genteel life are forced to put up with, as well as those in lower; and were the one to be balanced with the other, the difference, as to true happiness, would not perhaps be so great as people in the latter imagine;—if it did not turn in their fa-

vour.

The gentlemen, permit me to add, went away very merry, to ride ten miles by owl-light; for they would not accept of beds here. They had two French horns with them, and gave us a blaft, or flourish or two, at going off. Each had a fervant besides: but the way they were in would have given me more concern than it did, had they been related to Mr. B. and less used to it. And, it deed, it is a happiness, that such gentlemen take no more care than they generally do, to interest any body intimately in their healths and preservation; for these are all

fingle men. Nor is the publick, any more than the private, under any neceffity to be much concerned about them; for let fuch perfons go when they will, if they continue fingle, their next heir cannot well be a worse commonwealth'sman; and there is a great chance he may be better.

You know I end my Saturdays ferioufly. And this, to what I have already faid, makes me add, that I cannot express how much I am, my dear Miss Darnford, your faithful and affectionate

P. B.

LETTER XXXVIII.

FROM MRS. B. TO MISS DARNFORD.
IN ANSWER TO LETTERS XXXV.
AND XXXVI.

MY DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

Skip over the little transactions of I skip over the little state who how how feveral days, to let you know how much you rejoice me, in telling me * Sir Simon has been fo kind as to comply with my wishes. Both your most agreeable letters came to my hand together, and I thank you a hundred times for them; and I thank your dear mamma, and Sir Simon too, for the pleasure they have given me in this obliging permission. How happy shall we be together !- But how long will you be permitted to stay, though? All the winter, I hope:—And then, when that is over, let us fet out together, if God shall spare us, directly for Lincolnshire; and so pass most of the fummer likewise in each other's company. What a fweet thought is this !- Let me indulge it a little while.

Mr. B. read your letters, and fays, you are a charming young lady, and furpass yourself in every letter. I told him, that he was more interested in the pleafure I took in this favour of Sir Simon's than he imagined. 'As how, my dear?' faid he. 'A plain case, Sir,' replied I: for endeavouring to improve myself by Miss Darnford's conversation and behaviour, I shall every day be more worthy of your favour.' He kindly would have it, that nobody, no, not Miss Darnford herself, excelled me.

'Tis right, you know, Miss, that Mr. B. should think so, though I must know

nothing at all, if I was not fensible how inferior I am to my dear Miss Darnford; and yet, when I look abroad now-andthen, I could be a proud flut, if I would, and not yield the palm to many others.—But don't let every body know how vain I am. Yet they may too, if they take in, at the same time, the grounds of my vanity, for they must then allow, that I have no small reason to be proud, in having so happily won the tavour of two such judges, as Mr. B. and Miss Darnford, and have the good fortune, likewise, to rejoice in that of Lady Davers, and the Counters of C.

Well, my dear Miss,

SUNDAY

S past and gone, as happily as the last; the two ladies, and, at their earnest request, Sir Jacob, bearing us company, in the evening part. My Polly was there morning and evening, with her heart broken almost, poor girl!—I put her in a corner of my closet, because her concern should not be minded. Mrs. Jervis gives me great hopes of her: -and fhe feems to abhor the thoughts of Mr. H.—But as there proves to be so little of real love in her heart, (though even, if there had, she would have been without excuse) is she not the wickeder by half for that, Miss? To consent, and take earnest, as I may say, to live with a man, who did not pretend to marry her!—How inexcusable this!—What a frailty!— Yet so honestly descended, so modest in appearance, and an example fo much better-forgive me to fay-before her-Dear, dear, how could it be!

Dear, dear, how could at be!

Sir Jacob was much pleased with our family order, and said, 'twas no wonder I kept so good myself, that was his word, and made others so; and he was of opinion that the four rakes (for he run on how much they admired me) would be converted, if they saw how well I passed my time, and how cheerful and easy every one; as well as myself, was under it. He said, when he came home, he thought he must take such a method himself in his family; for, he believed, it would make not only better masters and mistresses, but better children, and better fervants too. But, poor gentleman! he has, I doubt, a great deal to mend in

bimself, before he can begin such a practice with efficacy in his family.

MONDAY.

In the afternoon, Sir Jacob took his leave of us, highly fatisfied with us both, and particularly—fo he faid—with me; and promifed that my two coufins, as he called his daughters, and his lifter, an old maiden lady, if they went to town this winter, should vifit me, and be improved by me; that was his word. Mr. B. accompanied him fome miles on his journey, and the two ladies, and Lord Davers, and I, took an airing in the coach.

Mr. B. was so kind as to tell me, when he came home, with a whisper, that Miss Goodwin presented her duty to me.

I have got a multitude of fine things for the dear little creature, and Mr. B. promifes to give me a dairy-house breakfast, when our guests are gone. I inclose the history of this little charm-

I inclose the history of this little charmer, by Mr. B.'s consent, since you are to do us the honour, as he (as well as I) pleases himself, to be one of our family—But keep it to yourself, whatever you do. I am guaranty that you will; and have put it in a separate paper, that you may burn it as soon as you have read it.—For I shall want your advice, it may be, on this subject, having a great desire to get this child into my possession; and yet Lady Davers has given me an † hint, that dwells a little with me. When I have the pleasure I hope for, I will lay all before you, and be determined and proceed, as far as I have power, by you. You, my good father and mother, have seen the story in my former papers.

TUESDAY.

YOU must know, I pass over the days thus swiftly, not that I could not fill them up with writing, as ample as I have done the former: but intending only to give you a general idea of our way of life and conversation; and having gone through a whole week and more, you will be able from what I have recited, to form a judgment how it is with us, one day with another.—As for example, now-and-then neighbourly visits

received and paid. Needle-work between whiles. Mufick. Cards fometimes, though I don't love them-One more benevolentround-Improving conversations with my dear Mr. B. and my two good ladies-A lesson from him, when alone, either in French or Latin; a new pauper case or two-A visit from the good dean-Mr. Williams's departure, in order to put the new-projected alteration in force, which is to deprive me of my chaplain-(By the way, the dean is highly pleafed with this affair, and the motives to it, Mr. Adams being a favourite of his, and a distant relation of his lady) Mr. H.'s and Polly's mutual endeavour to avoid one another-My lessons to the poor girl, and cautions, as if the were my fifter-

These, my dear Miss Darnford, these, my honoured father and mother, are the pleasant employments of our time; so far as we females are concerned; for the gentlemen hunt, ride out, and divert themselves in their way, and bring us home the news and occurrences they meet with abroad, and now-and-then a ftraggling gentleman they pick in their diversions.—And so I shall not enlarge upon these articles, after the tedious specimens I have already given. Yet the particulars of one conversation, possibly, I may give you another time, when I have least to do, because three young ladies, relations of Lady Towers and Mrs. Arthur, were brought to visit me, for the benefit of my instructions; for that was the kind compliment of those ladies to

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY.

OULD you ever have thought, my dear, that husbands have a dispensing power over their wives, which kings are not allowed over the laws? I have this day had a smart debate with Mr. B. and I fear it will not be the only one upon this subject. Can you believe, that if a wife thinks a thing her duty to do, and her husband does not approve of her doing it, he can dispense with her performing it, and no fin shall lie at her door? Mr. B. maintains this point. I have great doubts about it; particularly one; that if a matter be my duty, and he dispenses with my performance of it,

whether, even although that were to clear me of the fin, it will not fall upon him-felf? And, to be fure, Mifs, a good wife would be as much concerned at this, as if it was to remain upon her. Yet he feems fet upon it. What can one do!—Did you ever hear of fuch a notion before, Mifs? Of fuch a prerogative in a hußband? Would you care to fubfcribe to it?

This is one of Mr. B.'s particularities. He has several of them, the effects, as I take it, of his former free life. Polygamy, as I have mentioned heretofore, is another. That is a bad one indeed. Yet he is not so determined on this, as he seems to be on the other, in a certain case, that is too nice for me, at present to explain to you; and so I might as well have taken no notice of it, as yet.—Only the argument was so present to my mind: held within this hour, and I write a journal, you know, of what passes.

But I will, some time hence, submit it, at least to your judgments, my father and mother. You are well read in the Scriptures, and have gone through the occasion often; and both Mr. B. and I build our arguments on Scripture, though we are so different in our opinions. He says, the ladies are of his opinion. I'm afraid they are, and so will not ask them. But, perhaps, I mayn't live, and other things may happen; and so I'll say no more of

FRIDAY.

it at present*.

MR. H. and my Lord and Lady Davers, and the excellent Countess of C—, having left us this day, a good deal to my regret, and, as it seemed, to their own, the former put the following letter into my hands, with an air of respect, and even reverence. You will observe in it, that he says, he spells most lamentably; and this obliges me to give it you literally:

DEARE GOOD MADAM,

I Cannott contente myselfe with com-'mon thankes, on leaving youres and Mr. B.'s hospitabel house, because of thatt there affaire, which I neede not mention; and truly am ashamed to mention, as I have been to looke you

in the face, ever fince it happen'd. I don't knowe how itt came aboute, butt I thought butt att first of joking a littel, or foe; and seeing Polley heard me with more attentiveness then I expected, I was encouraged to proceede; and foe, now I recollecte, itt came aboute.

Gut shee is innosent for me: and I don't knowe how thatt came aboute neither; for wee were oute one moone lighte nighte together, in the gardin, walking aboute, and afterwardes tooke a napp of two houres, as I beliefe, in the summer-house in the littel gardin, being over-powered with sleepe; for I woulde make her lay her head uppon my breste, till, before we were awar, wee felle asleepe together. But before thatt, we hadd agreed on whatt you discovered.

'This is the whole truthe, and all the intimalies were ever hadd, to speake off. But I beleefe we shoulde have been better acquainted, hadd you nott, luckily for mee! prevented itt, by being at home, when we thought you abroad. For I was to come to her when shee hemm'd taun or three times; for having made a contract, you knowe, Madam, it was naturall enough to take

the first occasion to putt itt in force. ' She coulde not keepe her owne fecritt, and may have tolde you more, perhapps, then is true. So what I write is to cleare myselfe; and to tell you, how forry I am, in fuch a good house as youres, and where their is so much true godliness, that I shoulde ever be drawne away to have a thoughte to dishonour itt. But I will take care of being over-famillier for the future with underlings; for, fee how a man may be taken in !- If shee hadd refented itt att first, when I begun to kiffe her, or foe (for, you knowe, we younge fellows will take libertis fometimes where they don't become us, to our owne disparagements chiefly, that's true) I shoulde have hadd an awe uppon me; or iff shee had told you, or butt faid thee woulde, I shoulde have flowne, as foone as had any thoughtes further aboute the matter. -But what had one of oure fexe to do, you knowe, Madam, when they finde ittel refistence, and that shee woulde flande quietly and telle no tales and make no great firuggell, and not keepe out of one's way neither, butt to dilly, dally on, till one broughte itt to more than one at first intended?

Poor Polley! I pity her too. Don't think the worse of her, deare Madam, fo as too turn her away, because it may bee her ruin. I don't defire too fee her. I mought have been drawne in to do strange foolish things, and been ruin'd at the long run; for who knows where this thing mought have ended? My unkell woulde have never feene me. My father too (his lordshipp, you have · hearde, Madam, is a very croffe man, and never loved mee much) mought have cutt off the intaile. My aunte would have dispis'd mee, and scorn'd mee, I should have been her foolishe fellowe in earnesse, nott in jeste, as now. You woulde have refented itt, and Mr. B. who knowes? mought have called me to account, (for he is bloody passionate, . I faw thatt att the Hall, and has foughte * two or three duells, as I have hearde) for abuting the freedome of his house, and breakeing the lawes of hospitallity, as you tolde mee; and fo, it is nott un-· likely, I mighte have dy'd like a dogge . in a ditche; and there would have been an ende of a noble family, that have been peeres of the realme time out of minde. What a fadd thing would this have been! A publicke as well as private loffe: for you knowe, Madam, whatt my lady countefs faid, and nobody fays better thinges, or knowes more of the matter, then her ladyshipp, That every peere of the realme is a jewell in the crowne. A fine faying! God grante, I may keepe itt in minde, when my time comes, and my father shall bappen to die!

Well, butt, good Madam, cann you forgive mee? You see how happy I am in my disappointment. But I must take another sheete of paper.—I did not think too write so much;—for I don't love itt: butt on this ocasion, know not how too leave off .- I hope you cann reade my letter. I knowe I write a clumfy hand, and Spelle mofte lamenta. belly; for I never had a tallent for thefe thinges. I was readier by halfe to admire the orcherd robbing picture in Lillie's grammer, then any other parte of the book : excuse my nonsense, Madam: butt many a time have I help'd to fill a fachil; and always sup-posed that picture was putt there on

' purpose to tell boyes whatt diversions are alowed them, and are propper for them. Several of my schoole-fellows tooke it for granted, as well as I, and wee coulde never reconfile itt to oure reason, why wee shoulde bee punished for practifing a lesion taughte us by our grammers.

Butt, hey, whether am I running! I never writt to you before, and never may againe, unlesse you, or Mr. B. commande itt, for youre servise. So

pray excuse me, Madam.

'I knowe I neede give no advise to Polley, to take care of first encouragements. Poore girl! shee mought have fuffer'd fadly, as welle as I .- For iff my father, and my unkell and aunte, had requir'd mee to turne her off, you knowe itt woulde have been undutifull too have refus'd them, notwithstanding our bargaine. And want of duty to them woulde have been to have added faulte too faulte: as you once observed, I remember, that one faulte never comes alone, but drawes after itt generally five or fix, to hide or vindicate itt, and they every one perhapps as many more eache.

I shall never forgett severall of youre wise sayinges. I have been vex'd, may I be hang'd, if I have not, many a time, thatt I coulde not make fuch obfervations as you make; who am fo much older too, and a man besides, and a peere's fon, and a peere's nephere! but my tallents lie another way; and by that time my father dies, I hope to improve myselfe, in order to cutt such a figgure, as may make me be no difgrafe to my name or countrey; for I shall have one benefitt over many younge lordes; thatt I shall be more fond of makeing observations then Speeches, and so shall improve of course,

you knowe.

Well, butt what is all this to the purpose!—I will keepe close to my texte; and thatt is, to thank you, good Madam, for all the favours I have received in your house; to thank you for disappointing mee, and for convinsing mee, in so kinde, yet so shameing a manner, how wrong I was in the matter of that there Polly; and for not expoling my folly to any boddy but myfelfe (for I should have been ready to hang myfelfe, if you hadd;) and to begg youre pardon for itt, and to affuer you, that I will never offerr the like as long as I

breathe. I am, Madam, with the greatest respecte, youre moste obliged, moste faithfull, and moste obedient humbel fervante,

' J. H.

Pray excuse blotts and blurrs.'

Well, Miss Darnford, what shall we say to this fine letter?—You'll allow it to be an original, I hope. Yet, may-be not. For how does one know, but it may be as well written, and as sensible a letter as this class of people generally write?—But what then shall we be able to say for such poor creatures of our sex as are taken in, as Mr. H. calls it, by such pretty sellows as this: who if they may happen to write better, hardly think better, or design to act better, and are not so soon brought to repentance, and promises of amendment?

Mr. H. dreffes well, is not a contemptible figure of a man, laughs, talks,
where he can be heard, and his aunt is
not prefent;—and cuts, to use his own
word, a considerable figure in a country
town—But see—Yet I will not say what
I might—He is Lord Davers's nephew;
and if he makes his observations, and
forbears his speeches, (I mean, can be
filent, and only laugh when he sees some
body of more sense laugh, and never approve or condemn but in leading-strings)
he may possibly pass in a crowd of gentlemen.—But poor, poor Polly Barlow!
What can I say for Polly Barlow?

I have a time in view, when, possibly, my papers may fall under the inspection of a dear gentleman, to whom, next to God, I am accountable for all my actions and correspondences; so I will either write an account of the matter, and feal it up separately, for Mr. B. or, at a proper opportunity, will break it to him; and let him know, (under fecrecy, if I can engage him to promife it) the steps I took in it; for fear fomething should arise hereaster, when I cannot answer for myself, to render any thing dark or questionable in it, A method I believe very proper to be taken by every married lady; and I prefume the rather to fay fo, having had a good example for it: for I have often thought of a little fealed-up parcel of papers, my lady made me burn in her presence, about a month before she died.— They are, Pamela, faid she, fuch as I have no reason to be concerned about, let who will fee them, could

they know the springs and causes of them: but, for want of a clue, my son might be at a loss what to think of several of those letters, were he to find them, in looking over my other papers, when I am no more.

Let me add, that nothing could be more endearing than our parting with our noble guests. My lady repeated her commands for what she often engaged me to promise, that is to say, to renew the correspondence begun between us, so much (as she was pleased to say) to her satisfaction.

I could not help shewing her ladyship,

I could not help fnewing her ladyship, who was always inquiring after my writing employment, most of what passed between you and me; and she admires you much, and wished Mr. H. had more wit, that was her word: she should in that case, she said, be very glad to set on foot a treaty between you and him.

But that, I fancy, can never be tolerable to you; and I only mention it en pafant.—There's a French woman for you!

The countess was full of her kind wishes for my happiness; and my Lady Davers told me, that if I could give her timely notice, she would be present on a certain occasion.

But, my dear Mifs, what could I fay?
—I know nothing of the matter!—Only,
I am a fad coward, and have a thousand
anxieties, which I cannot mention to any
body.

But, if I have such in the honourable estate of matrimony, what must those poor souls have, who have been seduced, and have all manner of reason to apprehend, that the crime shall be followed by a punishment so natural to it? A punishment in kind, as I may say, which if it only ends in forfeiture of life, following the forfeiture of fame, must be thought merciful and happy beyond expectation: for how shall they lay claim to the hope that is given to persons in their circumstances that they shall be saved in child-bearing, since the condition is, if they CONTINUE in faith and charity, and HOLINESS with SOBRIETY?

Now, my honoured mother, and my dear Miss Darnford, fince I am upon this affecting subject, does not this text seem to give a comfortable hope to a good woman, who shall die in this circumstance, that she shall be happy in the Divine mercies? For the Apostle, in the context, says, that be suffers not a aroman to teach, nor to usurp authority over the

man, but to be in filence-And what is the reason he gives? Why, a reason that is a natural confequence of the curse on the first disobedience, that she shall be in subjection to her husband .- ' For,' says he, 'Adam was NOT deceived; but the " swoman, being deceived, was in the ' transgression.' As much as to fay-Had it not been for the woman, Adam had kept his integrity, and therefore her punishment shall be, as it is said-" I will greatly multiply thy forrow in " thy conception: in forrow shalt thou bring forth children,—and thy bushand fall rule over thee." But neverthe-4 lefs, if thou shalt not survive the sharp-" ness of thy forrow, thy death shall be " deemed to be fuch an alleviation of thy part of the intailed transgression, that thou shalt be faved, if thou hast con-TINUED in faith, and charity, and " HOLINESS with SOBRIETY.

This, my honoured parents, and my dear friend, is my paraphrase; and I reap no small comfort from it, when I medi-

tate upon it.

But I shall make you as serious as myfelf; and, my dear friend, perhaps frighten you from entering into a state, in which our poor fex fuffer so much, from the bridal morning, let it rife as gaily as it will upon a thoughtful mind, to that affecting circumftance, (throughoult it's whole progression) for which nothing but a tender, a generous, and a worshy husband can make them any part of amends.—And when one is so bleffed, one has fo many fears added to one's forrows; and so much apprehension, through human frailty, of being separated from so beloved a partner, that one had need of the greatest fortitude to support one's felf. But it may be, I am the weakest and most apprehensive of my fex-It may be, I am!-And when one fees how common the case is, and yet how few die in it; how unealy many women are, not to be in this circumstance, (my good Lady Davers particularly, at times) and Ra-chel and Hannah in Holy Writ; and then how a childless estate might lessen one in the esteem of one's husband; one ought to bring these considerations in balance, and to banish needless fears. And so I will, if I can.

But a word or two more, as to the parting with our honoured company. I was a little indisposed, and they all would excuse me, against my will, from attending them in the coach fome miles, which their dear brother did. Both ladies most tenderly saluted me, twice or thrice a piece, folding their kind arms about me, and wishing my safety and health, and charging me to think little, and hope much; for they saw me thoughtful at times, though I endeavoured to hide it from them.

My Lord Davers was pleased to say, with a goodness of temper that is peculiar to him—' My dearest, dear sister—' May God preserve you, and multiply 'your comforts! I shall pray for you 'more than ever I did for myself, though 'I have so much more need of it;—I 'must leave you—But I leave one whom 'I love and honour next to Lady Davers, and ever shall.'

Mr. H. looked confcioufly filly.—' I
' can fay nothing, Madam,'—but (faluting me) ' that I shall never forget
' your goodness to me.' Adding, in his
frothy way, and with as foppish an air—
' Now can Isay, I have saluted an angel,
' if ever there was an angel on earth.'

I had, before, in Mrs. Jervis's parlour, taken leave of Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley, my ladies women: they each stole, as it were, at the fame time, a hand of mine, and kissed it, begging pardon, as they said, for the freedom. But I answered, taking each by her hand, and kissing her—'I shall always think of you with pleasure, my good friends; for you have encouraged me constantly by your presence in my private duties, and may God bless you, and the worthly families you so laudably serve, as well for your sakes, as their own!

They turned away with tears, and Mrs. Worden would have faid fomething to me, but could not .- Only both taking Mrs. Jervis by the hand- ' Happy, happy Mrs. Jervis!' faid they, almost in a breath.— And happy, happy I too, repeated I, in my Mrs. Jervis, and in fuch kind and worthy well-wishers as Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley .- Wear this, Mrs. Worden;wear this, Mrs. Lefley, for my fake: and I gave each of them a ring, with a cryftal and brilliants fet about it, which Mr. B. had bought a week before for this very purpole; for he has a great opinion of both the good folks, and often praised their prudence, and their quiet and respectful behaviour to every body, so different from the impertinence, that was

is word, of most ladies women, who are favourites.

Mrs. Jervis faid—'I have enjoyed many happy hours in your converfation, Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley:

I shall miss you very much.'
I must endeavour,' faid I, taking her hand, ' to make it up to you, my good friend, as well as I can. And of late we have not had so many opportunities together as I should have wished, had I not been so agreeably engaged as you know.—So we must each try so comfort the other, when we have lost, I such noble, and you such worthy

companions.

Mrs. Jervis's honest heart, before touched by the parting, shewed itself at her eyes—' Wonder not, my good friends,' said I, to the two gentlewomen, wiping with my handkerchief her venerable cheeks, ' that I always endeavour thus ' to dry up all my good Mrs. Jervis's ' tears;' and then I kissed her, thinking of you, my dear mother; and I was forced to withdraw a little abruptly, lest I should be too much moved myself, because I was going up to our departing company, who, had they inquired into the occasion, would perhaps have thought it derogatory (though I should not) to my present station, and too much retrospecting to my former,

I could not, in conversation between Mr. B. and myself, when I was gratefully expatiating upon the amiable characters of our noble guests, and of their behaviour and kindness to me, help obferving, that I had little expected, from some hints which formerly dropt from Mr. B. to find my good Lord Davers so polite and so sensible a man.

'He is a very good-natured man,' replied Mr. B, 'I believe I might once of twice drop some disrespectful words of him. But it was the effect of passion, 'at the time, and with a view to two or three points of his conduct in publick life; for which I took the liberty to find fault with him, and received very unsatisfactory excuses. One of these, I remember particularly, was in a conference between a committee of each house of parliament, in which he behaved in a way I could not wish from a man so nearly allied to me by marriage;

for all he could talk of, was the dignity of their house, when the reason of the thing was strong with the other; and it fell to my lot to answer what he said; which I did, with some asperity; and this occasioned a coolness between us for some time.

But no man makes a better figure in private life than Lord Davers; especially now, that my fifter's good sense has got the better of her passions, and she can behave with tolerable decency towards him. For, formerly, Pamela, it was not so; the violence of her spirit making him appear in a light too little advantageous either to his quality or merit. But now his lordship improves upon me every time I see him.

You know not, my dear, continued Mr. B. what a difgrace a haughty and paffionate woman brings upon her hufband, and upon herfelf too, in the eye of her own fex, as well as ours. Nay, even those ladies, who would be as glad of dominion as she, if they might be permitted to exercise it, despise others who do, and the man most who suffers

And let me tell you, my Pamela, faid the dear man, with an air that shewed he was satisfied with his own conduct in this particular, that you cannot imagine how much a woman owes to her huse band, as well with regard to her own peace of mind, as to beth their reputations, (however it may go against the grain with her sometimes) if he be a man, who has discretion to keep her incroaching passions under a genteel and reasonable controul!

How do you like this doctrine, Miss!

I'll warrant, you believe, that I could do no lefs, than drop Mr. B. one of my best curt'sies, in acknowledgment of my obligation to him, for so considerately preserving to me my peace of mind, and my reputation, as well as his own, in this

case.

But after all, when one duly weighs the matter, I can't tell but what he fays may be right in the main; for I have not been able to contradict him, partial as I am to my fex, when he has pointed out to me inflances in the behaviour of certain ladies, who, like children, the more they have been humoured, the more humourfome they have grown; which must have occasioned as great uneasiness to themfelves, as to their husbands. Will you excuse me, my dear?—This is between ourselves; for I did not own so much to Mr. B. For one should not give up one's sex, you know, if one can help it; for the men will be as apt to impose, as the women to increach, I doubt.

Well, but here, my honoured father and mother, and my dear Miss Darnford, at last, I end my journal-wise letters, as I may call them; our noble guests being gone and our time and employments rolling on in much the same manner, as in past days, of which I have given an account.

If any thing new or uncommon, or more particularly affecting to me than usual, occurs, I shall not fail to trouble you with it, as I have opportunity. But I have now my correspondence with Lady Davers to resume; and how shall I do about that?—Oh! I can easily tell: it is but trespassing a little on your indulgent allowance for me, my ever-honoured parents-And you, my dear Mifs, will find it a relief, instead of an occasion for regret, to be eased of a great many impertinencies, which I write to you in my heart's confidence, and in the familiarity of friendship .- Besides, I shall have the happinels of changing our paper-correspondence into personal conversation with you, when at London,-And what a sweet change for me will that be !- I will end with the joyful thought; and with the affurance that I am, my dearest father and mother, and hest belowed Miss Darnford, your dutiful and affectionate P. B.

LETTER XXXIX.

MY DEAR MISS DARNFORD,

Hear that Mrs. Jewkes is in no good state of health. I am very forry for it. I pray for her life, that she may be a credit (if it please God) to the penitence she has so lately assumed.—For if she die, it will look discouraging to some thoughtless minds, who penetrate not far into the methods Providence takes with it's poor creatures, that as soon as she had changed her manner of living, and was in a reformed state, she was taken away: though its certain, that a person is fittest to die, when worthiest to live. And what a mercy will it be to her, if

fhe should not live long, that she saw her errors, and repented before 'twas too late?'

Do, my dear good Miss Darnford, vouchfase to the poor soul the honour of a visit: she may be low-spirited—She may be too much sunk with the recollection of past things.—Comfort, with that sweetness which is so natural to Miss Darnford, her drooping heart; and let her know, that I have a true concern for her, and give it her in charge to take care of herself, and spare nothing that will administer either to her health, or peace of mind.

You'll pardon me, my dear, that I put you upon such an office; an office indeed unsuitable from a lady in your station, to a person in her's; but not to your piety and charity, where a duty so eminent as that of visiting the sick, and cheering the doubting mind, is in the question.

I know your condescension will give her great comfort; and if the should be hastening to her account, what a pleasure will it give such a lady as you, to have illuminated a benighted mind, when it was tottering on the verge of death!

But I hope she will get the better of her indisposition, and live many years a thankful monument of God's mercies, and to do more good by her example in the latter part of her life, than she may possibly have done evil in the former.

I know she will want no spiritual help from good Mr. Peters; but then the kind notice of so generally esteemed a young lady, will raise her more than can be imagined; forthere is a tenderness, a sympathy, in the good persons of our fex to one another, that (while the best of the other feem but to act as in office, faying to one those things, which though edifying and convincing, one is not certain proceeds not rather from the fortitude of their minds, than the tenderness of their natures) mingles from one woman to another with one's very fpirits, thins the animal mass, and runs through one's heart, in the same lify current, (I can't clothe my thought fuitably to express what I would express) giving affurance, as well as pleafure, in the most arduous cases, and brightening our mifty profpects till we fee the Sun of Righteoufness rifing on the hills of comfort, and dispelling the heavy fogs of doubt and diffidence.

This it is makes me wish and long as I do, for the company of my dear Miss

Mifs Darnford. O when shall I see you? When shall I ?- To speak to my present cafe, it is all I long for; and, pardon my freedom of expression, as well as thought, when I let you know in this inftance, how early I experience the ardent lengings of

one in the way I am in.

But I ought not to fet my heart upon any-thing that is not in my own power, and which may be subject to accidents, and the controul of others. But let whatever interventions happen, fo I have your will to come, I must be rejoiced in your kind intention, although your power

should not prove answerable.

And now, my dearest, honoured mother, let me tell you, that I build no small consolation in the hope, that I shall, on a certain occasion, have your presence, and be ftrengthened by your advice and comfortings. For this was a proposal of the best and most considerate of men, who is every day, if he fees but the leaft thoughtful cloud upon my brow, studying to fay or to do fomething to difpel it. But I believe it is the grateful sense I have of his goodness to me, that makes me thus over-anxious: for the apprehenfions of a separation from such an excellent husband, from hopes so chearing, prospects so delightful, must, at times, affect one, let one's affiance and desires be ever so strong where they ought to be preferably placed .- Then one would live to do a little more good, if one might !

I am a fad weak, apprehensive creature; to be fure I am! How much better fitted for the contingencies of life, are the gay, frolick minds, that think not of any thing before it comes upon them, than

fuch thoughtful futurity pokers as I am!
But why should I trouble you, my honoured and dear friends, with my idle fears and follies—just as if nobody was ever in my case before?—Yet weak and apprehensive spirits will be gloomily affected sometimes; and how can one help it?-And if I may not hope for the indulgent foothings of the best of parents, and of my Miss Darnford, in whose bosom besides can one disburden one's heart, when oppressed by too great a weight of thought?

You will come, and be in the house with me, my dear mother, for some time, when my best friend sends to you :won't you? And you will spare, my dear mother, my best of fathers: won't you?

-Yes, yes, I am fure you will-And I am fure my Miss Darnford will be with me, if the can; and these are my com-But how I run on !- For I am forts. so much a novice, that-

But I will fay no more, than that I am, my honoured father and mother, your ever-dutiful daughter; and, my dear Miss Darnford, your affectionate and obliged

P. B.

LETTER XL.

FROM MISS DARNFORD TO MRS. B.

MY DEAR MRS. B.

E are greatly obliged to you for every particular article in your entertaining journal, which you have brought, fooner than we wished, to a We cannot express how much we admire you for your judicious charities, so easy to be practised, yet so uncommon in the manner; and for your inimitable conduct in the affair of your frail Polly, and the filly Mr. H.

Your account of the vifit of the four rakes, of your parting with your noble quefts; your veries, and Mr. H.'s letter, (an original indeed!) have all greatly entertained us, as your prerogative hints * have amused us : but we defer our opinion of those hints, till we have the case

more fully explained.

But, my dear friend, are you not in danger of falling into a too thoughtful and gloomy way? By the latter part of your last letter, we are awaid you are; and my mamma, and Mrs. Jones, and Mrs. Peters, injoin me to write, to cau-tion you on that head. But there is the less need of it, because your prudence will always fuggest to your reasons, as it does in that very letter, that must out-balance our fears. Think little, and bope much, is a good leffon in your case, and to a lady of your temper; and I hope Lady Davers will not in vain have given you that caution. After all, I dare fay, your thoughtfulness is but symptomatical, and will go off in proper time.

Meantime, permit me to choose you a fubject, that will certainly divert you. You must know, that I have been a di-ligent observer of the conduct of people in the married life to each other; and have often pronounced, that there cannot be any tolerable happiness in it, unless the one or the other makes fuch facrifices of their inclinations and humours as renders it a thate very little defirable to free and generous minds. Of this I fee an inftance in our own family; for though my papa and mamma live very happily, it is all owing to one fide, I need not fay which. And this, I am fure, must be the case between Mr. B. and you: for you must, even through fire, if required, facrifice to Moloch. I know your prudence will oblige you to make the best of it; and like a contented good wife, you will fay, you have your own will in every thing: a good reason why, because you make your own will his. This, long ago, we all agreed, any lady must do, be her quality ever so great, who would be happy with Mr. B.—Yet my fifter once hoped (entre nous) to be the person.— Fine work would there have been between two fuch fpirits, you may believe !

But to wave this: let me alk you, Mrs. B. is your monarch's conduct to you as respectful, I don't mean fond, when you are alone together, as when in company?-Forgive me, Madam-But you have hinted two or three times, in your letters, that he always is most complaifant to you in company; and you obferve, that avifely does he act in this, because he thereby does credit with everybody to his own choice. I make no doubt, that the many charming scenes which your gemus and fine behaviour furnish out to him, must, as often as they happen, inspire him with joy, and even rapture; and must make him love you more for your mind than for your person: -but these rapturous scenes last verylittle longer than the present moment. What I want to know is, Whether in the fleadier parts of life, when you are both nearer the level of us common folks, he gives up any thing of his own will in compliment to yours? Whether he acts the part of a respectful, polite gentleman in his behaviour to you; and breaks not into your retirements, in the drefs, and with the brutal roughness of a fox-hunter?-Making no difference, perhaps, between the field or his stud, I will not say kennel, and your chamber or closet ?-Policy, for his own credit-fake, as I mentioned, accounts to me well, for his complaifance toyou in publick. But his regular and uniform behaviour to you inyour retirements, when the conversation between you turns upon usual and common subjects, and you have not obliged him to rise to admiration of you, by such scenes as those of your two parsons, SirJacob Swynford, and the like; are what would fatisfy my curiosity, if you please to give me an instance or two of it.

Now, my dearest Mrs. B. if you can give me a case, partly or nearly thus circumstanced, you will highly oblige me:

First, Where he has borne with any infirmity of your own; and I know of none where you cangive him such an opportunity, except you get into a vapour-ish habit, by giving way to a temper too thoughtful and apprehensive:

Next, that, in complaisance to your will, he recedes from his own in any one

instance:

Next, whether he breaks not into your retirements unceremoniously, and without apology or concern, as I hinted above.

You know, my dear Mrs. B. all I mean, by what I have faid; and if you have any pretty convertation in memory, by the recital of which, this my bold curiofity may be answered, pray oblige me with it; and we shall be able to judge by it, not only of the inborn generosity which all that know Mr. B. have been willing to attribute to him, but of the likelihood of the continuance of both your felicities, upon terms suitable to the characters of a fine lady and sine gentleman; and of consequence, worthy of the imitation of the most delicate of our own fex.

This is the talk your Polly Darnford prefumes to fet her beloved Mrs. B. And why? For your own diversion, in the first place. For my edification, in the next. And that when I have the pleafure I hope for, of attending you in London, I may fee what there is in the conduct of you both, to admire, or remon-frate against, in the third. For, where there is so little wanting to perfection between you, I shall be very free with you both, in my censures, if he imposes, through prerogative, or you permit, through an undue compliance, what I shall imagine ought not to be in either case. I know you will excuse me for what I have faid; and well you may, fince I am fure, I shall have nothing to do, when I am with you, but to admire and to imitate you; and to wish, if ever I marry, I may have just such a husband (though not quite so haughty perhaps)

man fee this letter, nor your answer, nor the copy of it, till you may conclude I have the latter, if then; that you may not be under any undue influences.

Your obliging longings, my beloved dear lady, for my company, I hope, will be foon, very foon, answered. My papa was fo pleafed with your fweet earnestness on this occasion, that he joined with my mamma; and both, with equal cheerfulness, said, you should not be many days in London before me. Murray and his mittrefs go on fwimmingly, and have not yet had one quarrel. The only person, he, of either sex, that ever knew Nancy so intimately, and so long, with-

This is all I have to fay, at prefent, when I have affured you, my dear Mrs. B. how much I am your obliged and affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

I must add, however, that I expect from you almost as many letters as there are post-days between this and the time I fee you; for I will not part with my correspondent for any body; no,

not for Lady Davers.
But I must insist upon your giving me the conversation with the young ladies related to Lady Towers and Mrs. Ar-

I will observe every-thing you say in relation to Mrs. Jewkes, who is much as she was; but not better.

LETTER XLI.

MY DEAREST MISS DARNFORD,

Was afraid I ended my laft letter in I a gloomy way; and I am obliged to you for the kind and friendly notice you take of it. It was owing to a train of thinking which fometimes I get into, of late; I hope, only fymptomatically, as you fay, and that the cause and effect will foon vanish together.

But what a task, my dear friend, I'll warrant, you think you have fet me! I thought, in the progress of my journal, and in my letters, I had given so many instances of Mr. B.'s polite tenderness to me, that no new ones would be required at my hands; and when I faid he was always most complaifant before company, I little expected; that such an inference would be drawn from my words, as would tend to question the uniformity

as Mr. B. But pray, let not the lordly of his behaviour to me, when there were no witnesses to it. But I am glad you give me an opportunity to clear up all your doubts on this subject. To begin

> You first desire an instance, where Mr. B. has borne with fome infirmity

Next, that in complaifance to my will, he has receded from his own:

And, laftly, Whether he breaks not into my retirements unceremonioufly, and without apology or concern, making no difference between the field or the stud, and my chamber or closet?

I know not, my dear, what the diftance is, at which the polite ladies, and those of rank think it proper to endeayour to keep their husbands : but I will give you by-and-bye the subject of one conversation only, which will answer all you mean, as I apprehend, and at the fame time acquaint you with the notions and behaviour of us both, with respect to this distance, and my retirements; and then leave you to judge as you think fit.

As to the first, his bearing with my infirmities; he is daily giving instances of his goodness to me on this head, and I am ashamed to say, that of late I give him so much occasion for them as I do: but he fees my apprehensiveness, at times, though I endeavour to conceal it; and no husband was ever so soothing and fo indulgent as Mr. B. He gives me the best advice, as to my malady, if I may call it one: treats me with redoubled tenderness; talks to me upon the subjects I most delight to dwell upon; as of my worthy parents; what they are doing at this time, and at that; of our intended journey to London; of the diversions of the town; of Miss Daruford's company; and when he goes abroad, fends up my good Mrs. Jervis to me, because I should not be alone: at other times, takes me abroad with him; brings this neighbour and that neighbour to visit me; and carries me to visit them: talks of our journey to Kent, and into Lincolnshire, and to my Lady Davers's, to Bath, to Tunbridge, and I can't tell whither, when the apprehended time shall be over .- In fine, my dear Miss Darnford, you cannot imagine one half of his tender good-ness and politeness to me! Indeed you cannot !- Then, as to what you call respectful, he watches every motion of my eye, every turn of my countenance; feldom gives his opinion upon fubjects that he kindly imagines within my capacity, till he has heard mine; and I have the less fear of falling into mean compliances, because his generosity is my guardian, and never fails to exalt me more than I can debase myself, or than it is possible I can deserve. Then he hardly ever goes out to any distance, but he brings me fome pretty present, that he thinks will be grateful to me: when at home he is feldom out of my company; delights to teach me French and Italian, and reads me pieces of manufript poetry, in feveral of the modern tengues (for he speaks them all;) explains to me every-thing I understand not; delights to answer all my questions, and to encourage my inquisitiveness and curiofity, tries to give me a notion of pictures and medals, and reads me lectures upon them, for he has a fine collection of both; and every now and then will have it, that he has been improved by my questions and observa-

What fay you to these things, my dear? Do they come up to your first question? or do they not? Or is not what I have faid, a full answer, were I to fay no more, to all your inquiries? Can there be any such thing as undue compliances to such an husband, on my fide, think you? And when I have charm'd to sleep, by my grateful duty, that watchful dragon, Parrogative, as Lady Davers, in one of her letters, calls it*; and am resolved not to awake it, if I can help it, by the least disobliging or wilfully perverse act, what have I to apprehend from it?

O my dear, I am thoroughly convinc'd, that half the mifunder kandings, among married people, are owing to trifles, to petty diffinctions, to mere words, and little captious follies, to over-weenings, or unguarded petulances: and who would forego the folid fatisfaction of life, for the take of triumphing in fuch poor contentions, if one could triumph?

Are such soibles as these to be dignified by the name of inclinations and bumours, which to be given up, would be making such a sacrifies, as shall render the married life little definable to free

and generous minds?

But fay not, my dear, to free and generous minds: for every high spirit deferves not these epithets: nor think what I say, a partiality in behalf of my own conduct, and an argument for tameness

of spirit, and such an one as would lick the dust; for, let me tell you, my dear friend, that, dearly as I love and honour my Mr. B. if he were to require of me any-thing that I thought it was my duty not to comply with, I should be the unhappiest creature in the world; because I am sure I should withstand his will, and desire him to excuse my non-

compliance.

But then I would referve my strength for these greater points, and would never dispute with him the smaller, although they were not entirely to my liking: and this would give both force and merit to the opposition, when I found it necessary: but to contest every little point, where nothing but one's stubborn will was in the question, what an inexcusable perverseness would that be! However the lists against an husband, would it make one appear to him? And where besides, is the merit of obliging, were we only to yield to what will

oblige ourselves?

But you next require of me an instance, where, in complaifance to my will, he has receded from bis oven? I don't know what to fay to this. When Mr. B. is all tenderness and indulgence, as I have faid, and requires of me nothing, that I can have a material objection to; ought I not to oblige him? Can I have a will that is not his? Or would it be excufable if I bad? All little matters, as I have faid, I cheerfully give up; great ones have not yet occurr'd between as, and I hope never will. One point, indeed, I have some apprehension may happen; and that, to be plain with you, is, we have had a debate or two on the Subject (which I maintain) of a mother's duty to nurse her own child; and I am forry to fay it, he feems more determined than I wish he were, against it.

I hope it will not proceed fo far, as to awaken the fleeping dragon I mentioned, Prerogative by name; but I doubt I cannot give up this point very contentedly. But as to before points, had I been a dutcheft born, I think I would not have conteffed them with my husband.

Upon the whole of this question then, I have really had no will of my own to contend for, so generous is Mr. B. and so observant and so grateful have I thought it my duty to be; yet I could give you many respectful instances, too, of his receding, when he has defired to

fee what I have been writing, and I have told him to whom, and begg'd to be excused. One such instance I can give since I began this letter. This is it:

I put it in my bosom, when he came

up: he faw me do fo.

Are you writing, my dear, what I

" must not see?"

I am writing to Miss Darnford, Sir; and she begg'd you might not, at prefent.

This augments my curiofity, Pamela. What can two fuch ladies write,

f that I may not fee ?'

If you won't be displeased, Sir, I had rather you would not, because she desires you may not see her letter, nor this my answer, till the latter is in her hands.

Then I will not,' returned Mr. B.
Will this inftance, my dear, come
up to your demand for one, where he
recedes from his own will, in complai-

fance to mine?

But now, as to what both our notions and our practice are on the article of my retirements, and whether he breaks in upon them unceremoniously, and without apology, let the conversation I promifed inform you, which began on the

following occasion:

Mr. B. rode out early one morning, within a few days past, and did not return till the afternoon; an absonce I had not been used to of late; and breakfasting and dining without him being also a new thing with me, I had such an impatience to see him, having expected him at dinner, that I was forced to retire to my closet, to try to divert it, by writing; and the gloomy conclusion of my last, was then the subject. He returned about four o'clock, and indeed did not tarry to change his riding-dress, as your politeness, my dear friend, would perhaps have expected; but came directly up to me, with an impatience to see me, equal to my own, when he was told, upon inquiry, that I was in my closet.

I heard his welcome step, as he came

up flairs; which generally, after a longer absence than I expect, has such an effect upon my fond heart, that it gives a responsive throb for every step he takes towards me, and beats quicker and faster, as he comes nearer and nearer, till tapping my breast, I say to it sometimes—

Lie full, busy fool as thou art! Canst thou not forbear letting thy discerning hord see thy nonsensical emotions? Hove

to indulge thee in them, myfelf, 'tis true, but then let nobody elie observe them; for, generous as thymaster is, thou mayest not perhaps meet with such favourable interpretations as thou deservest, when thou art always stuttering thus, as he approaches, and playest off all thy little joyful frolicks into the glowing cheek, and brighten'd eye of thy mistress, which makes her look, as if she were conscious of some missemenour; when, all the time, it is nothing in the world but grateful joy, and a love so innocent, that the purest mind might own it.'

This little flutter and chiding of the bufy simpleton, made me meet him but at the closet-door, instead of the entrance of my chamber, as fornetimes I do.—
'So, my dear love, how do you?' folding his kind arms about me, and faluting me with ardour. 'Whenever I have been but a few hours from you, my impatience to see my beloved, will not permit me to stand upon the formality of a message to know how you are engaged; but I break in upon you, even in my riding dress, as you fee.'

Dear Sir, you are very obliging,
But I have no notion of mere formalities of this kind; (How unpolite this,
my dear, in your friend!) in a married
tate, fince 'tis impossible a virtuous
wife can be employed about any thing
that her husband may not know: and

fo need not fear surprizes.

I am glad to hear you say this, my
Pamela; for I have always thought the
extraordinary civilities and distances
of this kind, which I have observed
among several persons of rank, altogether unaccountable. For, if they are
exacted by the lady, I should suspect
she had reserves, which she herself believed I could not approve of. If not
exacted, but practised of choice by the
gentleman, it carries with it, in my
opinion, a false air of politeness, little
less than affrontive to the lady, and dishonourable to himself; for does it not
look, as if he supposed, and allowed,
that, probably, the might be so employed that it was necessary to apprise
her of his wist, less the should make
discoveries not to her credit, or his
own?

'One would not, Sir,' (for I thought his conclusion too fevere)' make such a harsh supposition as this, neither: for 3 M there there are little delicacies and moments of retirement, no doubt, in which a " modest lady would be glad to be in-

" dulged by the tenderest husband." It may be fo, in an early matrimony, before the lady's confidence in the honour and diferetion of the man she has " chosen has disengaged her from her

bridal referves.

Bridal referves! dear Sir; permit " me to give it, as my humble opinion, " that a wife's behaviour ought to be as pure and circumspect, in degree, as that of a bride, or even of a maiden lady, be her confidence in her hulf-band's honour and diferetion ever fo great. For, indeed, I think a groß or a careles demeanour little becomes f that modelty, which is the peculiar excellency and diffinction of our fex.'

' You account very well, my dear, by what you now fay, for your own over-nice behaviour, as I have fometimes thought it. But are we not all apt to argue for a practice we make our own, because we do make it our own, rather than from the reason of

the thing?

I hope, Sir, that is not the present e case with me; for, permit me to say, that an over-free or negligent behaviour of a lady in the married state, must be a mark of disrespect to her confort; and would flew, as if fhe was very little folicitous about what appearance she made in his eye. And must not this beget in him a slight opinion of her, and her fex too, as if, fuppoing the gentleman had been a free liver, the would convince him, there was no other difference in the fex, but as they were within or without the pale; licented by the law, or acting in defiance of it?'

' I understand the force of your argument, Pamela. But you were go-

' Qnly, Sir, permit me to add, that when, in my particular case, you in-join me to appear before you always* dreffed, even in the early part of the day, it would be wrong, if I was less regardful of my behaviour and actions, than of my appearance.'

'I believe you are right, my dear, if a precise or unnecessary scrupulouse ness be avoided, and where all is un' affected, eafy, and natural, as in my Pamela. For I have feen married ladies, both in England and France, who have kept a husband at greater distance than they have exacted from fome of his fex, who have been more ' intitled to his resentment, than to his wife's intimacies.

But to wave a subject, in which, as I can with pleasure say, neither of us have much concern, tell me, my deareft, how you were employed before I came up? Here are pen and ink : here too, is paper; but it is as fpotless as your mind. To whom were you directing your favours now? May I not

know your subject?' Mr. H.'s letter was a part of it; and fo I had put it by, at his approach, and not choosing he should see that- I am writing, replied I, to Miss Darnford : but I think you must not ask me to fee what I have written this time. I put it aside, that you should not, when I heard your welcome step. The fubject is our parting with our noble guefts; and a little of my apprehenfiveness, on an occasion upon which our fex may write to one another; but, for fome of the reasons we have been mentioning, gentlemen should not defire to fee.

' Then I will not, my dearest love.' (So here, my dear, is another instance-I could give you an hundred fuch-of his receding from his own will, in complaifance to mine:) 'Only,' continued he, let me warn you against too much apprehensiveness, for your own sake, as well as mine; for fuch a mind as my Pamela's, I cannot permit to be habitually over-clouded. And yet there now hangs upon your brow an overthoughtfulness, which you must not

indulge. Indeed, Sir, I was a little too thoughtful, from my fubject, before vou came; but your presence, like the fun, has diffipated the milts that hung upon my mind. See you not, and I preffed his hand with my lips, they are all gone already?' fmiling upon him, with a delight unfeigned.

Not quite, my dearest Pamela; and therefore, if you have no objection, I will change my drefs, and attend you ' in the chariot for an hour or two, whi-

Lie allig halfy that arrows a legal

ther you please, that no one shadow may remain visible in this dear face; tenderly saluting me.

Whithersoever you please, Sir. A little airing with you will be highly

agreeable to me.

The dear obliger went and changed his dress in an instant; and he led me to the chariot, with his usual tender politeness, and we had a charming airing of feveral miles; returning quite happy, cheerful, and delighted with each other's conversation, without calling in upon any of our good neighbours: for what need of that, my dear, when we could be the best company in the world to each other?

best company in the world to each other?

Do these instances come up to your questions, my dear? or, do they not?—

If you think not, I could give you our conversation in the chariot; for I wrote it down, at my first lessure, so highly was I delighted with it: for the subject was my dearest parents; a subject started by himself, because he knew it would oblige me. But being tired with writing, I may reserve it, till I have the pleasure of seeing you, if you think it worth asking for. And so I will hasten to a conclu-

Sion of this long letter.

You will perceive, my dear, by what I have written, in what fense it may be jufly said, that Mr. B. is most complainant to me before company, perhaps, politically, as you say, to do credit to his own generous choice:—but that he is more tender, yea, respectfully tender, (for that's the word with you) and not less polite to me, in our retired hours, you will have no doubt, from what I have related; and could further relate, if it were necessary: for every day produces instances equal to what I have given you.

Then, my dear, let me fay to you, what I could not fo freely fay to any other young lady; that I never could have hoped I should be fo happy as I am, in other particulars, from a gentleman who has given himself the liberties Mr. B. has done: for I never hear from him, in company, or when alone, the least shocking expression, or such frothy jests, as tend to convey impure ideas to the most apprehensive mind. There is, indeed, the less wonder in this, and that we can glory in a true conjugal chastity, as I have the vanity to think, his love, as well as my own, is the love of the mind,

rather than that of person; and our tenderest and most affecting moments, are those which lift us up above sense, and all that sense can imagine. But this is a subject too delicate to be dwelt upon, even to you: and you'll better comprehend all I mean, when your pure mind meets with a gentleman of exalted sense, like Mr. B. whom, if you find him not so good as you wish, your example will make so.

Permit me to add, for the fake of you, my dear parents, as well as for the fakes of my much-respected friends, who have joined in the kind caution you so obligingly give me, against getting into too thoughtful and gloomy a way, that there is no great fear I should continue long in it, when I have so kind and so generous a comforter as Mr. B. For, at his presence, all my fearful apprehensions are dissipated, and vanish like a morning dream. And depend upon it, that so sure will my mind, while capable of the least sense of gratitude, be illuminated the moment he shines out upon me, let it be ever so overcast in his absence, through imaginary doubts, and apprehended evils.

I have only farther to add, for my comfort, that next Thursday se ennight, if nothing hinders, we are to set out for London. And why do you think I say for my comfort? Only that I shall then soon have the opportunity, to assure you personally, as you give me hope, how much I am, my dear Miss Darnford, your

truly affectionate

PR

I will flew you, when I fee you, the conversation you require about the young ladies.

LETTER XLII.

ONE more letter, and I have done for a great while; because I hope your presence will put an end to the occasion. I shall now tell you of my second visit to the Dairy-house, where we went to breakfast, in the chariot and four, because of the distance, which is

ten pretty long miles.

I transcribed for you, from letters written formerly to my dear parents, an *ac-

count of my former dairy-house visit, and what the people were, and whom I faw there; and although I belought you to keep that affair to yourfelf, as too much affecting the reputation of my Mr. B. to be known any farther, and even to destroy that account, when you had perused it; yet, I make no doubt, you remember the story, and so I need not repeat any part of it.

When we arrived there, we found at the door, expecting us, (for they heard the chariot-wheels at a diffance) my pretty Mis Goodwin, and two other Misses, who had earned their ride, attended by the governes's daughter, a discreet young gentlewoman. As foon as I stepped out, the child rat into my arms with great eagerness, and I as tenderly embraced. her, and leading her into the parlour, asked her abundance of questions about her work, and her lessons; and among the reft, if the had merited this diffinction of the chaife and dairy-house breakfast, or if it was owing to her uncle's fa-vour, and to that of her governes? the young gentlewoman affured me it was to both, and shewed me her needleworks,

and penmanship; and the child was highly pleased with my commendations. I took a good deal of notice of the other two Misses, for their school-fellow's fike, and made each of them a present of some little toys; and my Miss, of a number of pretty trinkets, with which fhe was highly delighted; and I told her, that I would wait upon her governess, when I came from London into the country again, and fee in what order the kept her little matters; for, above all things, I loved pretty housewifely Miffes; and then, I would bring her more.

Mr. B. observed, with no small satisfaction, the child's behaviour, which is very pretty; and appeared as fond of her, as if he had been more than her uncle, and yet feemed under some re-straint, lest it should be taken, that he was more. Such power has fecret guilt, poor gentleman! to lessen and restrain a pleasure, that would, in a happier light, have been fo laudable to have manifested! But how commendable is this his love to the dear child, compared to that of most wicked libertines, who have no delight, but in deftroying innocence; and care not what becomes of the unhappy infants, or of the still more unhappy mo-

I am going to let you into a charm-

ing scene, resulting from this perplexity of the dear gentleman. A scene that has afforded me high delight ever since; and always will, when I think of it; but I will lead to it as gradually as it happened.

The child was very fond of her uncle, and told him, she loved him dearly, and always would love and honour him, for giving her slich a good aunt. You talked, Madam, faid she, when I saw you before, that I should come and live with you—Will you let me, Madam? Indeed I will be very good, and do every thing you bid me, and mind my book, and my needle; indeed I will.

' Alk your uncle, my dear,' faid I; ' I should like your pretty company of

all things.

She went to Mr. B. and faid- Shall I, Sir, go and live with my aunt ?-Pray let me, when you come from London again.

'You have a very good governess, child,' faid he; and the can't part

with you.

'Yes, but the can, Sir; the has a great many Misses, and can spare me well enough; and if you please to let me ride in your coach fometimes, I can go and visit my governess, and beg a holiday for the Misses, now-and-then, when I am almost a woman, and then all the Miffes will love me.

'Don't the Milles love you now, Mils Goodwin?' faid he. 'Yes, they love me well enough, for matter of that; but they'll love me better, when I can beg them a holiday. Do, dear Sir, let me go home to my new aunt, next time

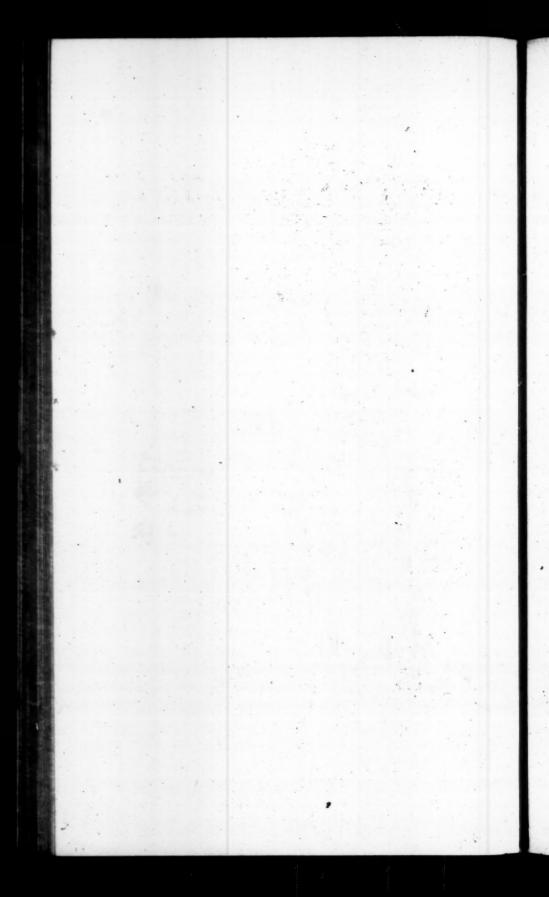
you come into the country. I was much pleafed with the dear child's earnestness; and permitted her to have her full argument with her beloved uncle; but was much moved, and he himfelf was under some concern, when she said-" But you should, in pity, let melive with you, Sir, for I have no papa, nor mamma neither: they are so far off!-But I will love you both as if you were my own papa and mamma; fo, dear

girl that has never a papa nor mamma!" withdrew to the door: 'It will rain, I believe, faid I, and looked up. And, indeed, I had almost a shower in my eye; and had I kept my place, could not have refrained shewing how much I

now, my good uncle, promise the poor

was affected.





Mr. B. as I faid, was a little moved; but for fear the young gentlewoman should take notice of it—'How! mydear,' faid he, 'no papa and mamma!—Did, 'they not fend you a pretty black boy to wait upon you, a while ago? Have 'you forgot that?'—'That's true,' replied she; 'but what's a black boy to 'living with my new aunt?—That's better a great deal than a black boy!'

Well, your aunt and I will confider of it, when we come from London. Be a good girl, mean time, and do as your governess would have you, and then you don't know what we may do for you.'—' Well then, Mis Bett,' faid the to her young governess, 'let me be set two tasks instead of one, and I will learn all I can to deserve to go to my aunt.'

In this manner the little prattler diverted herfelf, And as we returned from them, the scene I hinted at, opened

as follows:

Mr. B. was pleased to fay—'What a poor figure does the proudest man make, my dear Pamela, under the sense of a concealed guilt, in company of the innocent who know it, and even of those who do not!—Since the casual expression of a baby shall overwhelm him with shame, and make him unable to look up without confusion. I blushed for myself, continued he, 'to see how you were affected for me, and yet withdrew, to avoid reproaching me so much as with a look. Surely, Pamela, I must then make a most contemptible appearance in your eye! Did you not diddain me at that moment?'

Dearest Sir! how can you speak such a word? A word I cannot repeat after you! For at that very time, I beheld you with the more reverence, for seeing your noble heart touched with a sense of your error; and it was such an earnest to me of the happiest change I could ever wish for, and in so young a gentleman, that it was one half joy for that, and the other half concern at the little charmer's accidental plea, to her best and nearest sriend, for coming home to her new aunt, that affected me so sensible as you saw.

You must not talk to me of the child's coming home, after this visit,
Pamela, for how, at this rate, shall I shand the reproaches of my own mind,
when I see the little prater every day

before me, and think of what her poor mamma has suffered on my account?

"Tis enough, that in you, my dear, I have an hourly reproach before me, for my attempts on your virtue; and I have nothing to boaft of, but that I gave way to the triumphs of your innocence: and what then is my boaft?

What is your boaft, dearest Sir? You have every thing to boaft, that is worthy of being boafted of:—Brought up to an affluent fortune, uncontrouled in your will, your passions uncurbed; you have nevertheles permitted the Divine grace to operate upon your truly noble heart, and have seen your error, at a time of life, when others are rushing into vices, in the midst of which, perhaps, they are cut off.

You act generously, and with a laudable affection, to a deserving baby, which some would have left friendless to the wide world, and have made more miserable, perhaps, than they had made the very miserable mother: and you have the comfort to think, that, through God's goodness, this mother is not unhappy; and that there is not a lost foul, any more than a lost body, to lay to your charge.

You have inspirited, by your genefrous example, and enabled, by your splendidfortune, another person, whom you have made the happiest creature in the world, to do good to the poor and destitute all around her; besides making every one who approaches you, easy and happy, with the bounty of your own hands.

You are the best of husbands, the best of landlords, the best of masters, the best of friends; and, with all these excellencies, and a mind, as I hope, continually improving, and more and more affected with the sense of it's past mistakes, will you ask, dear Sir, what

is your boaft?
O my deareft, dear Mr. B.' and then I pressed his hand with my lips, whatever you are to yourself, when you are the glory and the boast of your grateful Pamela! And permit me to add, tears standing in my eyes, and holding his hand between mine, 'that I never beheld you in my life, in a more amiable light, than when I saw that noble consciousness which you speak of, manisest itself in your eyes, and

your countenance—O Sir! this was a, inght of joy, of true joy! to one who loves you for your dear foul's fake, as well as for that of your person; and who looks forward to a companiouship, with you, beyond the term of this transitory life!

The dear gentleman looked down fometimes, and fometimes upon me, without offering to interrupt me; and when I had done speaking, I began to fear, by his silence, that I had offended him, remembering just then, one of his former cautions to me, not to throw a gloom upon his mind by my over-seriousness; and I said, putting my arms round his arm, as I sat, my fearful eye watching his—'I fear, Sir, I have been too serious! I have, perhaps, broken one of your injunctions! Have cast a gloominess over your mind! And if I have, dear Sir, forgive me!

He classed his arms around me: 'O'
my beloved Pamela,' faidhe; 'thou
dear confirmer of all my better pur;
poses! How shall I acknowledge your
inexpressible goodness to me? I see
every day more and more, my dear
love, what confidence I may repose in
your generosity and discretion! You
want no forgiveness; and my filence
was owing to much better motives than
to those you were apprehensive of.'

Judge ye, my honoured parents, what pleasure must overspread my heart, encouraged in a manner so agreeable to all my wishes, and at the hopeful prospect of a thorough reformation, which so had so often prayed for, and which so happily began to open to my delighted mind, on this occasion.

Indeed I could not find words to express my joy, and so was obliged to filence in my turn, being only able to raise my swimming eyes to his encouraging ones, and to press his hand between both mine, to my lips, which, by their quivering motion, shewed their readiness to perform their part of speech, could my backwarder tongue have given utterance to my meanings.

He faw my grateful transport, and kindly faid— Strugglenot, my beloved Pamela, forwords to express sentiments which your eyes and your countenance

much more fignificantly express than any words can do. Every day produces

new instances of your affectionate concern for my future as well as present happiness: and I will endeavour to confirm to you all the hopes which the present occasion has given you of me, and which I see by these transporting effects, are so desirable to you.

If, my dear Miss Darnford, you are not at present able to account for this speechless rapture, as I may call it, I am confident you will, if it should be your lot to marry such a gentleman as Mr. B. one who is capable of generous and noble sentiments, and yet has not been so good as you could wish, whenever it shall happen, that the Divine grace, and your unaffected piety, shall touch his heart, and he shall give hopes like those I have the pleasure to rejoice in.—Hopes so charming, that they must, if confirmed, irradiate many a gloomy appearance, which, at times, will cast a shadow over the brightest and happiest prospects.

The chariot brought us home fooner than I wished, and Mr. B. handed me into the parlour. 'Here, Mrs. Jervis,' said he, meeting her in the passage, 're-ceive your angelick lady.—I must take a little tour without you, Pamela; for I have had too much of your dear company, and must leave you, to descend again into myself; for you have raised me to such a height, that it is with pain I look down from it.'

He kiffed my hand, and went into his chariot again; for it was but half an hour after twelve; and faid he would be back by two at dinner. He left Mrs. Jervis wondering at his words, and at the folemn air with which he uttered them. But when I told that good friend the occasion, I had a new joy in the pleafure and gratulations of the dear good woman, on what had passed.

Were I, my dear friends, to recount to you every conversation that gives me delight, when we are alone, (my Miss Darnford) as well as when we are in company, I should do nothing but write. Imagine the rest from what I have (but as so many specimens of my felicity) informed you of, and then think, if there can possibly be a happier creature on earth, than I am at present.

My next letter will be from London, and to you, my honoured parents; for to you, my dear, I shall not write again, expecting to see you soon. But I must

now write feldomer, because I am to renew my correspondence with Lady Danow write leidomer, because I am to remay alture your leves, that be taid not one way correspondence with Lady Davers; with whom I cannot be so free, as I have been with Miss Darnford; and so I doubt, my dear father and mother, you cannot have the particulars of that correspondence; for I shall never find time the source of the source o to transcribe.

But every opportunity that offers, you

may affure yourselves, shall be laid hold

P. B.

END OF THE THIRD VOLUME,

alling by a sign and the deal.